## Problem Set 6

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Modifications:

• Clarify Problem 2 part 2.

Submit your solutions to this homework on Canvas in a group of 2 or 3. Your solutions must be submitted in pdf produced using LaTeX.

**Definition 1.** Let C be a cartesian category. A natural numbers object (NNO) in C consists of

- An object  $N \in \mathcal{C}$
- Morphisms zero:  $1 \rightarrow N$  and  $succ: N \rightarrow N$
- such that for any  $z:1 \to V$  and  $s:V \to V$  there exists a unique morphism  $rec(z,s):N \to V$  that satisfies
  - $rec(z, s) \circ zero = z$
  - $\ rec(z,s) \circ succ = s \circ rec(z,s)$

Diagrammatically,

## Problem 1 Programming with Peano

Let  $\mathcal{C}$  be a bicartesian closed category with a natural numbers object (N, zero, succ).

• Define a morphism add :  $N \times N \to N$  that when  $\mathcal{C}$  is the category of sets is the usual addition operation on natural numbers.

Problem 2

• Prove that zero is a left and right unit of add. That is

$$add \circ (zero \circ !, id_N) = id_N : N \to N$$

and

$$\operatorname{add} \circ (\operatorname{id}_N, \operatorname{zero} \circ !) = \operatorname{id}_N : N \to N$$

HINT: depending on how you define add, one of these two will be easy and one will require the uniqueness property of an NNO.

• Prove that addition is commutative:

$$add \circ (\pi_2, \pi_1) = add$$

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**Definition 2.** Let C be a cartesian category and  $X \in C_0$  an object of C. An X-list object consists of

- An object  $L_X \in \mathcal{C}_0$
- Morphisms  $nil: X \to L_X$  and  $cons: X \times L_X \to L_X$
- such that for any  $n: X \to V$  and  $c: X \times V \to V$  there exists a unique  $fold(n,c): L_X \to V$  satisfying

$$fold(n,c) \circ nil = n: 1 \to V$$

and

$$fold(n,c) \circ cons = c \circ (\pi_1, fold(n,c)) : X \times L_X \to V$$

## Problem 2 Functoriality of Lists

Assume that C is a cartesian category, and for each  $X \in C_0$  we have an X-list object  $(L_X, \operatorname{nil}_X, \operatorname{cons}_X)$ .

- Extend the list operation to a functor  $L_-: \mathcal{C} \to \mathcal{C}$ .
- Show that if C is a cartesian *closed* category, the action of the functor can be *internalized* as a family of morphisms

$$\mathrm{map}: \mathcal{C}((X \Rightarrow Y), (L_X \Rightarrow L_Y))$$

where  $A \Rightarrow B$  is the exponential  $B^A$ .

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