## CS 3530: Assignment 5b

Fall 2022

Max Stetter

## Problem 5.24

Let  $J = \{w | \text{ either } w = 0x \text{ for some } x \in A_{\text{TM}}, \text{ or } w = 1y \text{ for some } y \in \overline{A_{\text{TM}}} \}$ . Show that neither J nor  $\overline{J}$  is Turing-recognizable.

You must use reductions to get credit on this problem. This means you should not assume J is decidable, nor should you construct a decider for  $A_{\rm TM}$ , etc. You may not use Rice's theorem.

Note that like Theorem 5.30 there will be two parts to this proof. In this assignment, you will solve the first part.

## Problem (part 1) (20 points)

Show that J is not Turing-recognizable by providing a reduction from  $A_{\text{TM}}$  to  $\overline{J}$ . To complete your proof, you'll want to use the Definition 5.20 and Corollary 5.29.

## Solution (part 1)

Reduce  $\overline{A_{TM}}$  to  $\overline{J}$ :

let  $\overline{A_{TM}}$  take  $\langle M, w \rangle$ 

output is  $1\langle M, w \rangle$ 

if  $\langle M, w \rangle \in \overline{A_{TM}}$  then  $1\langle M, w \rangle \in \overline{J}$ 

Which shows  $\overline{A_{TM}}$  is reducible to  $\overline{J}$ .

By corollary 5.29 if  $\overline{A_{TM}}$  is non-turing recognizable,  $\overline{J}$  is non-turing recognizable.