

## Communication Complexity

Jake Kinsella  
and Max von Hippel

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Jake Kinsella and Max von Hippel

Northeastern University

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*If Alice knows  $x$ , and Bob knows  $y$ , how many bits of information must they communicate, in order for both Alice and Bob to know  $f(x, y)$ ?*

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Consider a two-party communication problem, in which the participants



(a) Alice

and



(b) Bob

*participate* to compute a function:

$$f : \underbrace{\mathbb{B}^n}_{\text{Alice's input}} \times \underbrace{\mathbb{B}^n}_{\text{Bob's input}} \rightarrow \underbrace{\mathbb{B}}_{\text{global output}}$$

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The players can come up with a *protocol*  $\Pi = (p_1, \dots, p_t)$ , namely, for some natural  $t \in \mathbb{N}$ , a sequence of  $t$ -many functions  $p_i : \mathbb{B}^* \rightarrow \mathbb{B}^*$  such that the communication between the players looks like this ...

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Alice is given input  $x$ .

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Alice is given input  $x$ .

Hello Bob. I can't reveal  $x$ , but  $p_1(x)$  is  $p_1$ .

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Bob is given input  $y$ .



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Bob is given input  $y$ .

Thanks Alice. I can't reveal  $y$ , but  $p_2(y, p_1)$  is  $p_2$ .

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... yada yada yada ...

Pleasure doing business with you Bob. My final clue for you is that  $p_{n-1}(x, p_1, \dots, p_{n-2})$  is  $p_{n-1}$ .

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Thanks Alice. I can't reveal  $y$ , but  $p_2(y, p_1)$  is  $p_2$ .

... yada yada yada ...

Pleasure doing business with you Bob. My final clue for you is that  $p_{n-1}(x, p_1, \dots, p_{n-2})$  is  $p_{n-1}$ .

Rad. Then  $p_n(y, p_1, \dots, p_{n-1})$  is  $p_n$ . TTFN!

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- The functions  $p_i$  can be *anything* so long as they are well-defined. E.g., could solve the Halting Problem.
- After the final message, *both parties* must know  $f(x, y)$ .

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## Definition (Communication Complexity)

Suppose  $\Pi$  is a protocol for  $f$  in which at most  $t$  bits are communicated between Alice and Bob. Then the *communication complexity* of  $\Pi$ , denoted  $C(\Pi)$ , is  $t$ .

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Suppose  $\Pi$  is a protocol for  $f$  in which at most  $t$  bits are communicated between Alice and Bob. Then the *communication complexity* of  $\Pi$ , denoted  $C(\Pi)$ , is  $t$ .

## Definition ( $C(f)$ )

The communication complexity of  $f$ , denoted  $C(f)$ , is the minimum communication complexity achieved by any protocol for  $f$ .

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