

1 Model Dynamics Summary

Summarizing Buy Low Sell High, we model

$$d\lambda^+ = \beta(\theta - \lambda^+)dt + nd\overline{M}_t^+ + vd\overline{M}_t^- \quad (1)$$

$$d\lambda^- = \beta(\theta - \lambda^-)dt + vd\overline{M}_t^+ + nd\overline{M}_t^- \quad (2)$$

$$d\alpha_t = -\zeta\alpha_t dt + \sigma_\alpha dB_t + \varepsilon^+ d\overline{M}_t^+ + \varepsilon^- d\overline{M}_t^- \quad (3)$$

$$dk^+ = \beta_k(\theta_k - k^+)dt + n_k d\overline{M}_t^+ + v_k d\overline{M}_t^- \quad (4)$$

$$dk^- = \beta_k(\theta_k - k^-)dt + v_k d\overline{M}_t^+ + n_k d\overline{M}_t^- \quad (5)$$

$$dX_t = (S_t + \delta_t^+)dN_t^+ - (S_t - \delta_t^-)dN_t^- \quad (6)$$

$$dq_t = dN_t^- - dN_t^+ \quad (7)$$

2 Hamilton-Jacobi-Bellman Derivation

Market making is a stochastic optimal control problem where we aim to maximize a functional of the form

$$V(x, t) = \max_{\delta_a, \delta_b} \mathbb{E} \left[\int_t^T L(t, x, \delta_a, \delta_b) dt + V(T, \cdot) \right] \quad (8)$$

. Many market-making papers have no running-cost, but the paper we are considering has a value function of the form

$$\Phi(t, X_t, S_t, q_t, \alpha_t, \boldsymbol{\lambda}_t, \mathbf{k}_t) = \sup_{\delta_u^+, \delta_u^- : t \leq u \leq T \in \mathcal{A}} \mathbb{E} [X_T + q_T S_T - \phi \int_t^T q_s^2 ds | \mathcal{F}_t] \quad (9)$$

Since market making has optimal substructure, we can write

$$\Phi(t, X_t, S_t, q_t, \alpha_t, \boldsymbol{\lambda}_t, \mathbf{k}_t) = \sup_{\delta_u^+, \delta_u^- : t \leq u \leq T \in \mathcal{A}} \mathbb{E} \left[\int_t^{t+\Delta t} -\phi q_s^2 ds + \Phi(t + \Delta t, X_{t+\Delta t}, S_{t+\Delta t}, q_{t+\Delta t}, \alpha_{t+\Delta t}, \boldsymbol{\lambda}_{t+\Delta t}, \mathbf{k}_{t+\Delta t}) \right] \quad (10)$$

Subtracting Φ from both sides, dividing by Δt , and taking the limit as Δt goes to zero / computing the stochastic derivative / using Ito's Lemma and then doing tedious algebraic manipulations, we are left with the Hamilton-Jacobi-Bellman PIDE presented in Buy Low Sell High.

2.1 Resources

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