eBay Search Service

Preliminary Draft

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Overview

Problem Statement

In the last few months, eBay users have reported increasingly slow response times from eBay's website when searching for auctions. Application log analysis for the eBay Master Service has confirmed that our FindAuctions API for the eBay Master service takes significantly longer to return a response when we search for auctions using keywords. It also takes longer to search for a large number of auctions. This is negatively impacting

eBay's user experience for existing users and is hindering the website's chances of being adopted by new users.

Performing further analysis on the eBay Master service schema shows that the FindAuctions API must scan the entire table to first find active auctions. Then it must scan those active auctions to find auctions that have titles with the keywords we are looking for.

Temporary Solution

As a bandaid solution to temporarily address this problem, we have added an Auction-Status index to the Auction table of the eBay Master Service database. This allows us to immediately access all active auctions instead of being forced to scan the entire Auction table to find active auctions before querying with keywords.

This speeds up the FindAuctions API enough to fix the poor user experience temporarily, but this will not be enough as the company grows. The number of records in the Auction table, and subsequently, the number of active auctions will increase at an exponential rate.

Next Steps

To solve this more permanently, we want to create a separate search service that will handle searching for auctions by keyword and/or category. We will call this new service the eBay Search Service.

This document will explain the following:

- the API designs for each eBay Search Service API
- details needed for implementation and to assess if this solution is technically viable
- changes that must be made to the eBay Master Service to use the eBay Search Service

The search service will have its own database that can only be changed by external users via its API. Whenever a new FindAuction API request is made, this service will perform the required business logic and databases accesses instead of the eBay Master service. The eBay Search Service will support searching in the following ways:

- Searching for all auctions
- Searching for auctions based on auction status (closed, open, pending, cancelled)
- Searching for auctions based on keywords
- Searching for auctions based on category
- Searching for auctions based on keywords and category

Each search operation will only allow "AND" operations between search terms. For example, searching for auctions that have "red" AND "yellow" in their titles.

"OR" operations must be done by forming a union of the results from multiple calls. For example, to get the results for auctions that have "red" OR "yellow" in their titles, you must combine the results of searching for auctions that have "red" in their titles, and the results of searching for auctions that have "yellow" in their titles.

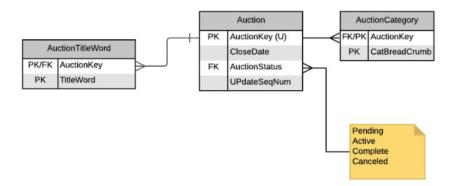
eBay Search Service API Specification

API List

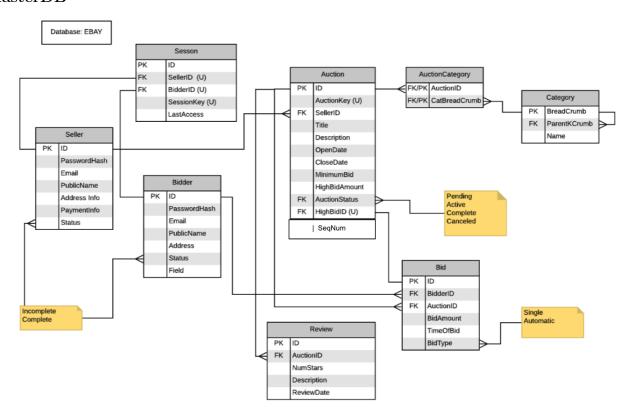
API Name	Description
saveSearchableAuction	Updates or creates a searchable auction
removeSearchableAuction	Removes an auction.
findAuctions	Finds auctions based on the given keywords and/or category.

Schemas

SearchDB



MasterDB



API Descriptions

saveSearchableAuction

Updates an existing auction or creates one if no auction with the auction key exists.

Input

- auctionKey Public key that uniquely identifies an auction from the eBay Master Service.
- title Title of the auction
- closeDate Closing date of the auction (ISO-8601 timestamp)
- category Category breadcrumb
- status Status of the auction (closed, open, pending, cancelled)
- seqNum Sequence number of the auctions table. Each time there is an update, it is incremented by one. Requests made with smaller sequence numbers than the one in the database are ignored.

```
{
   "auctionKey": <string>,
   "title": <string>,
   "closeDate": <string>,
   "categories": [ <string>, ...],
   "status": <string>,
   "seqNum": <int>
}
```

Output

Scenario	Response
Successfully saved an auction	<pre>{ "success": true, "seqNum": <int> // current seq num in</int></pre>

findAuctions

findAuctions will return a number of results based on the user's query. The parameters search by "anding" the results together (e.g. if you ask for a keyword "red", "LG" with the category "ELE:PHO" signifying phones in electronics, red LG phones will be returned, but not red Nokia phones, or red LG refrigerators). To perform searches that "or" search terms, multiple searches must be made. lastAuctionKey and numResults are to be used for pagination. findAuctions will return numResults number of entries ordered from oldest to newest, starting from the lastAuctionKey. If no lastAuctionKey is provided, findAuctions will return numResults number of results starting from the first result.

Input

- keywords Keywords that auction results will be matched to
- category Category breadcrumb
- status Status of the auction (closed, open, pending, cancelled)
- lastAuctionKey The last auction key will be last auction not included in the results that are numResults long. If given, results will be returned starting from this page.
- numResults Number of auctions returned per page

```
{
    "keywords": [ <string>, ...], // optional
    "status": <string>, // optional
    "categories": [<string>, ...], // optional
    "lastAuctionKey": <number>, // optional
    "numResults": <number>
}
```

Output

scenario	response
Successfully search with found results.	<pre>{ "success": true, "results": [auctionKey: <string>,], "pageIndex": <int> }</int></string></pre>
Successfully search with no results.	<pre>{ "success": true, "results": [] }</pre>

eBay Search Service Internals

saveSearchableAuction

saveSearchableAuction will update fields, keywords, and categories of an existing auction in the search table.

New keywords will be generated if a new title is provided. The new keywords will be added to the database, and keywords associated with they auction key but were not again generated from the updated title will be removed from the database. The fields will be based on the auction key, therefore the auction key may not be updated. Any optional fields not included in the message to the service will not be changed. To remove a title, an empty string must be provided (""). If an empty string is provided, all keywords will be deleted as before, but no new ones will be generated.

removeSearchableAuction

Remove searchable auction does simply that. It will delete the keywords and category entries from each table matching the auction key that was requested to be deleted. In general, its not good practice to delete things out of the database, but in the case, its okay because this the search database is treated more like a cache than a datastore. The original data will still exist in the main database.

findAuctions

Find auctions builds a query based on the provided information. It generates this query as an "and" operation, so results passed back are only those that fit all the criteria you passed to findAuction. It handles pagination by having the user keep track of the last auction it saw, and request a certain number after that. So from our ordered query, we will pull numResults of results back, starting from one after the last auction key. If the last auction key was deleted/does not exist at the time of the call, it will return numResults number of results starting from the first value again. This helps get around the issue of missed auctions that were added during the search session.

Changes to eBay Master Service

MasterDB Schema Changes

The SeqNum field has been added to the Auction table to count and uniquely identify the order of new transactions and the number of new auctions that have been added to the table.

eBay Master API Definition Changes

createAuction

After creating a new entry in the MasterDB's Auction table as part of a transaction, the createAuction API must call the eBay Search Service's saveSearchableAuction API to trigger a transaction to create a new auction in the SearchDB, sending a SeqNum. SeqNum begins at 0, and increments by 1 each time an auction is added.

The eBay Master Service will then receive a response from the eBay Search Service. If the response does not return "success": "true", with a seqNum larger than or equal to the seqNum originally sent by the ebay Master Service, the eBay Master Service will fail the transaction, roll back the creation of the new Auction record, and send an response back to the user of the createAuction API indicating an error has occurred.

Aside from updating SeqNum each time a new auction is created, the impact on the MasterDB from performing createAuction is the same as documented in the eBay Master Service API specification.

updateAuction

After successfully updating an auction in the MasterDB Auction table as part of a transaction, updateAuction will call saveSearchableAuction and increment SeqNum in the MasterDB Auction table by one.

The eBay Master Service will then receive a response from the eBay Search Service. If the response does not return "success": "true", with a seqNum larger than or equal to the seqNum originally sent by the ebay Master Service, the eBay Master Service will fail the transaction, roll back the creation of the new Auction record, and send an response back to the user of the updateAuction API indicating an error has occurred.

Aside from updating SeqNum each time an auction is updated, the impact on the MasterDB from performing createAuction is the same as documented in the eBay Master Service API specification.

findOpenAuctions

This service in the master DB now simply calls the findAuctions service from the search service, passing through the keywords and category it was passed, but only looking for auctions with a status of open.

Logging

This section describes a suggested format for this service's application logs.

```
1
       "start": <string>,
2
       "duration": <string>,
3
       "api": <string>,
4
       "params":
5
6
                "original": {
7
                     "auctionkey": <string>,
8
                     "title": <string>,
9
                     "closeDate": <string>,
10
                     "status": <string>,
11
                     "category": [<string>, ...],
12
                     "seqNum": <int>
13
14
                "updated": {
15
                     "auctionkey": <string>,
16
                     "title": <string>,
17
                     "closeDate": <string>,
18
                     "status": <string>,
19
                     "category": [<string>, ...],
20
                     "seqNum": <int>
21
22
23
24
```

- start The time the service first receives the call.
- duration The amount of time it takes from when the service receives the call to when the service responds.
- api The name of the API that is called.
- params The original and updated data that the API changed. Optional data that was not changed is not included in either the updated or original logs.