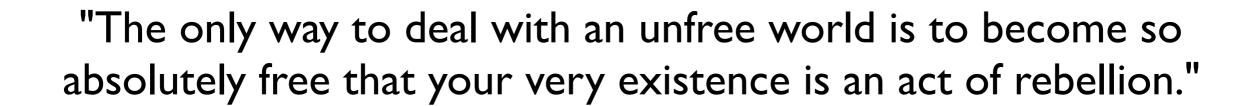
Anonymity in Cryptocurrencies

ECON23040

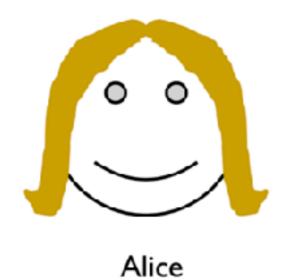
Emily Willson January 16, 2019



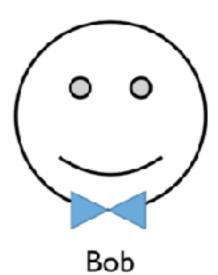
- Albert Camus

Does the hype of cryptocurrencies match the anonymity and privacy they provide in practice?

How Bitcoin Works



Alice wants to pay Bob 5 BTC.



How Bitcoin Works



How Bitcoin Works



Bitcoin: "Anonymity"

Islkj53ce58ck1359 = Base58(Alice's Public Key)

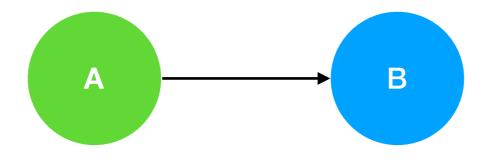
This is the only anonymity provided in Bitcoin.

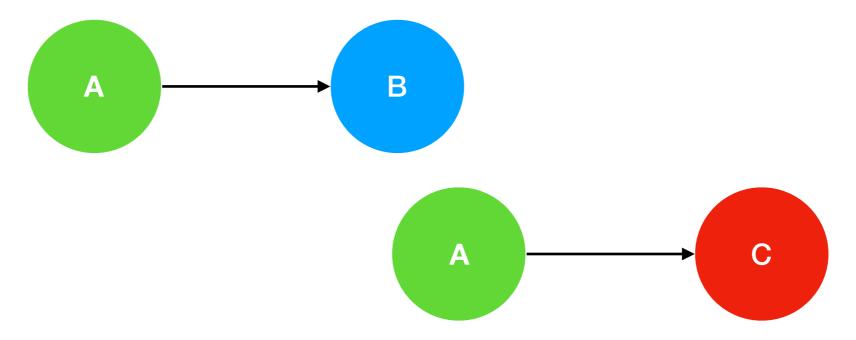
Bitcoin: "Anonymity"

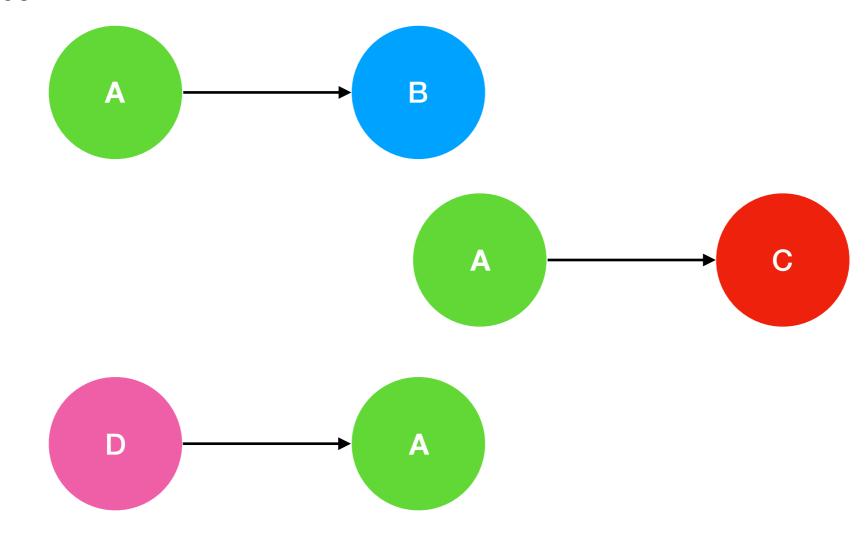
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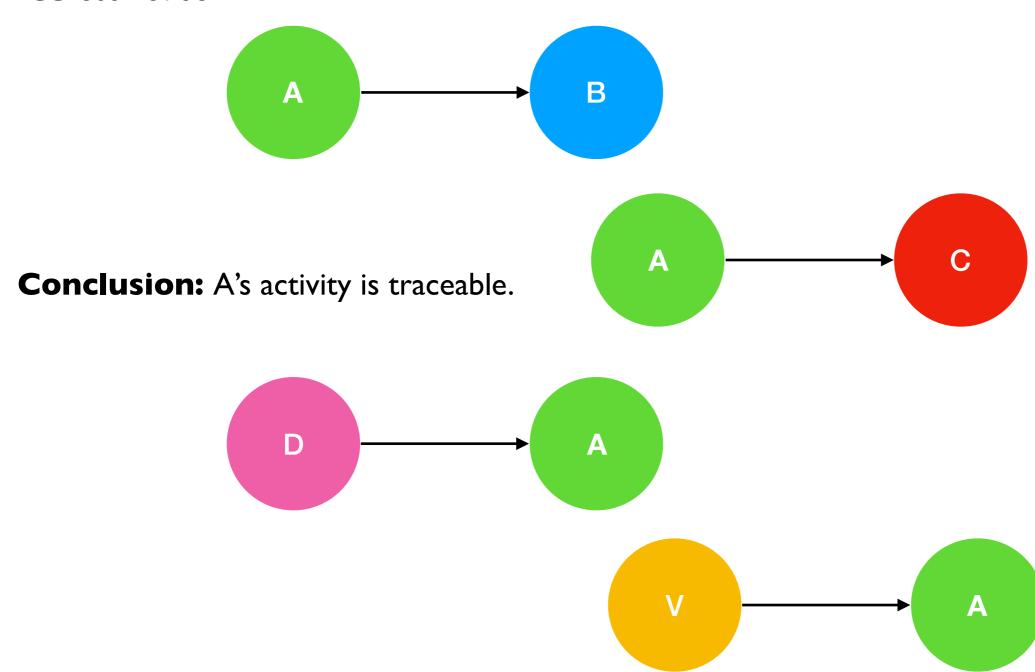
This is the only anonymity provided in Bitcoin.

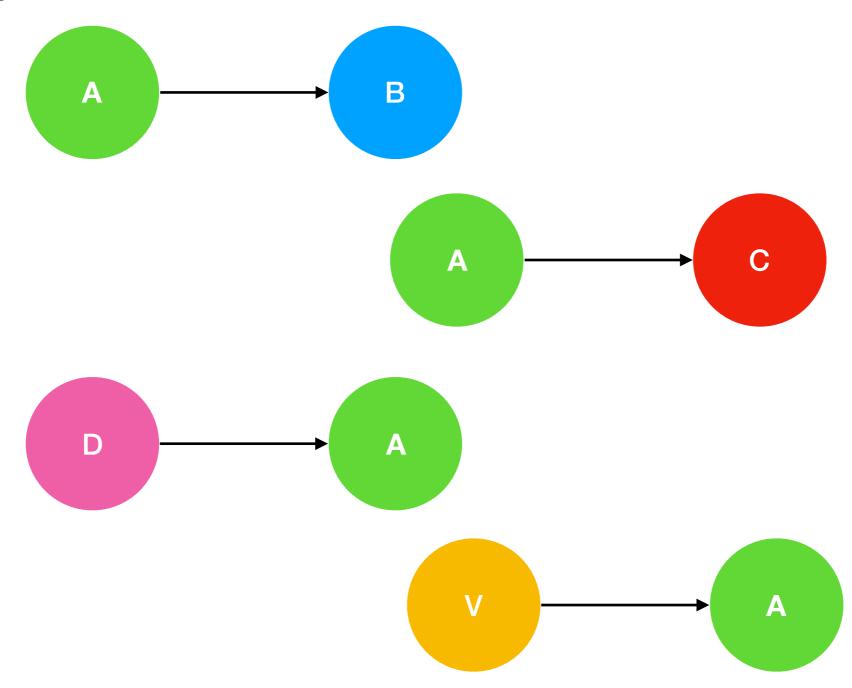
Is this sufficient?









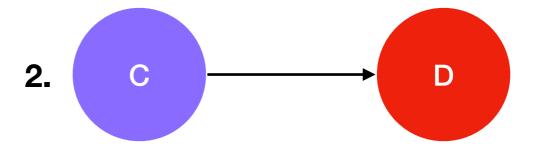


Multi-input heuristic

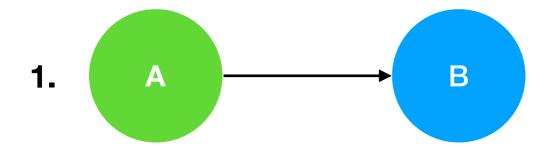


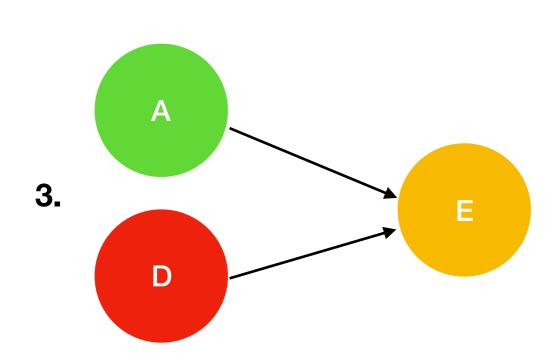
Multi-input heuristic

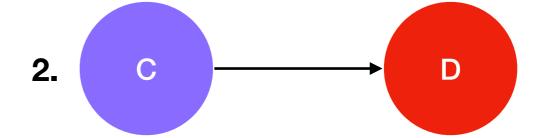




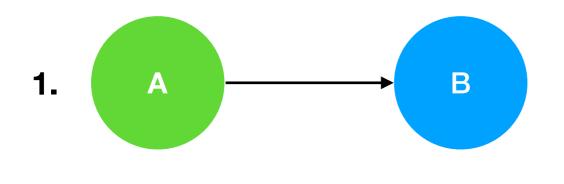
Multi-input heuristic

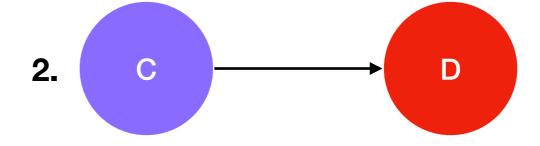


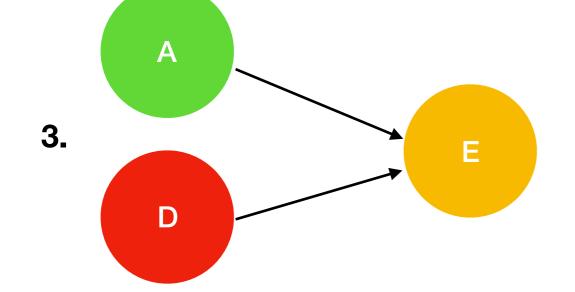




Multi-input heuristic



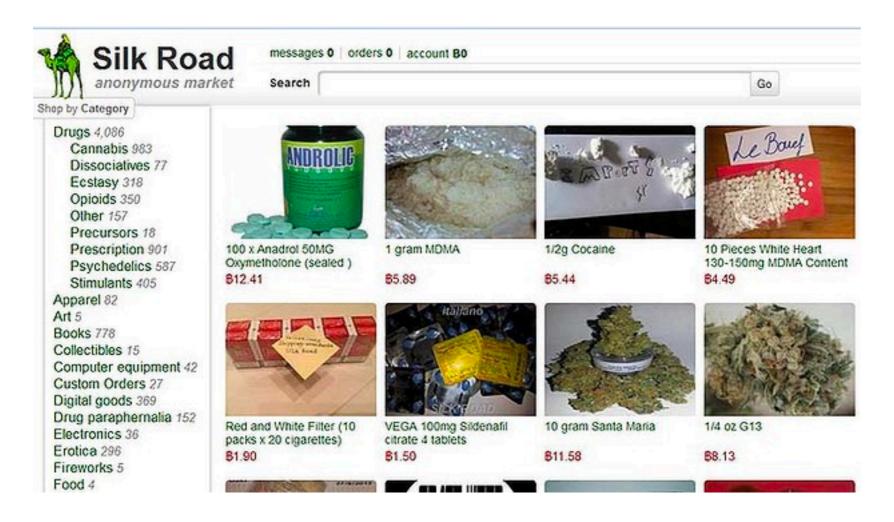




Conclusion: A and D are the same person!

Bitcoin Anonymity in Practice

The Silk Road*



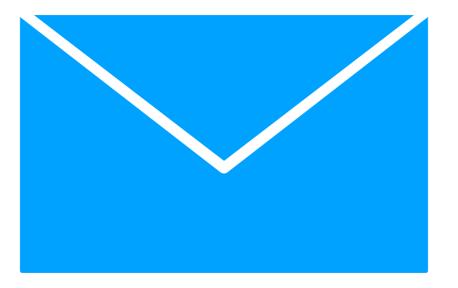
Silk Road Address: I DkyBEKt5S2GDtv7aQw6rQepAvnsRyHoYM

"Just the place for a snark!"

- Lewis Carroll, "The Hunting of the Snark"

ZCash: Angel Model





ZCash: Angel Model

Shielded Transaction



Zcash:The Basics

Designed to have better scalability, efficiency, democracy, and secrecy than Bitcoin.

- Scalability: larger block sizes and more frequent block mining.
- Efficiency: less compute-intensive proof of work saves electricity.
- Democracy: memory-intensive proof of work avoids "elite mining."
- Secrecy: shielded transactions designed to provide true blockchain anonymity.

zk-SNARKs: Definitions

Snark: fictional animal species featured in Lewis Carroll's poetry.

zk-SNARK: zero-knowledge succinct non-interactive argument of knowledge.

zk-SNARKs: Definitions

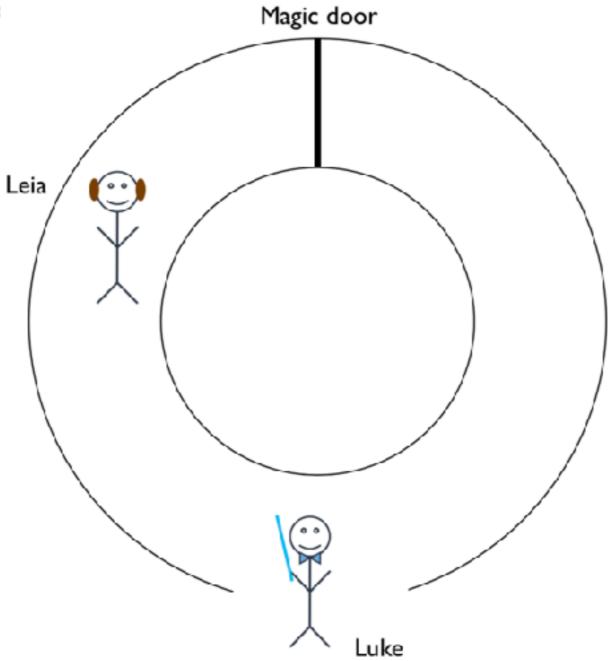
zk-SNARKs are used to verify shielded transactions in Zcash.

shielded transactions: fully encrypted transactions stored on the Zcash blockchain.

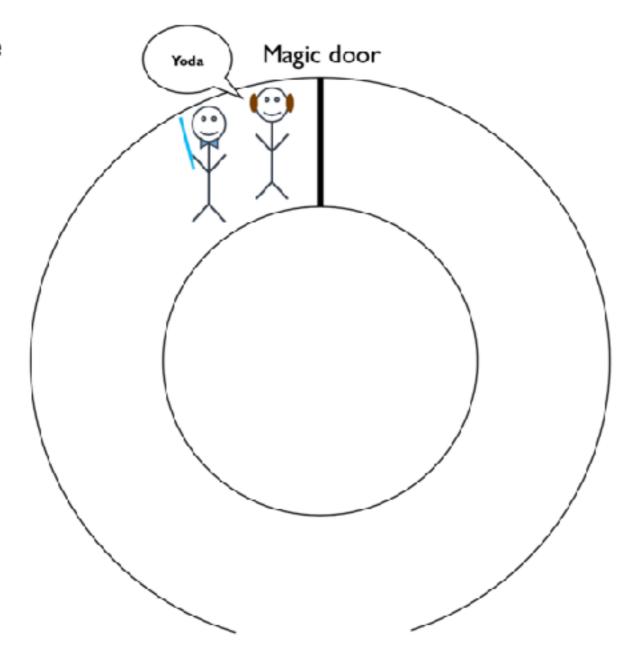
zk-SNARKs: Definitions

zk-SNARK: zero-knowledge succinct non-interactive argument of knowledge.

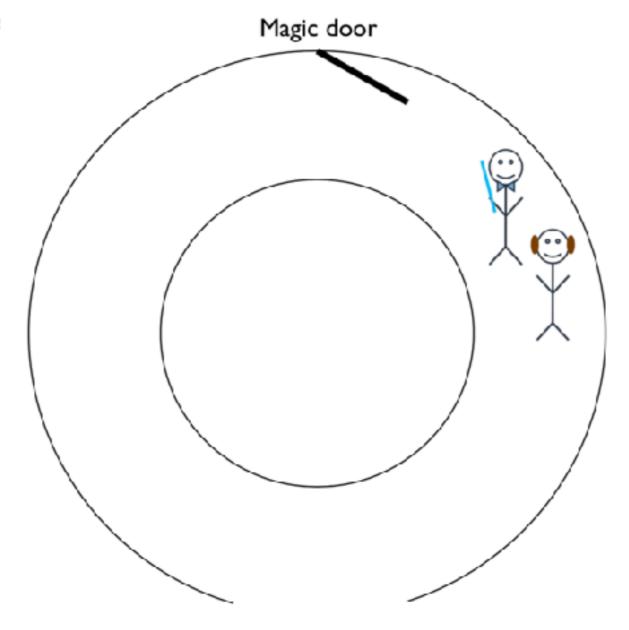
- Zero knowledge: transactions don't reveal information about the participants.
- Succinct: proofs are (relatively) short and cheap to verify.
- Non-interactive: proofs live on blockchain, and anyone can verify them.
- Argument of knowledge: anyone can prove transactions are valid.



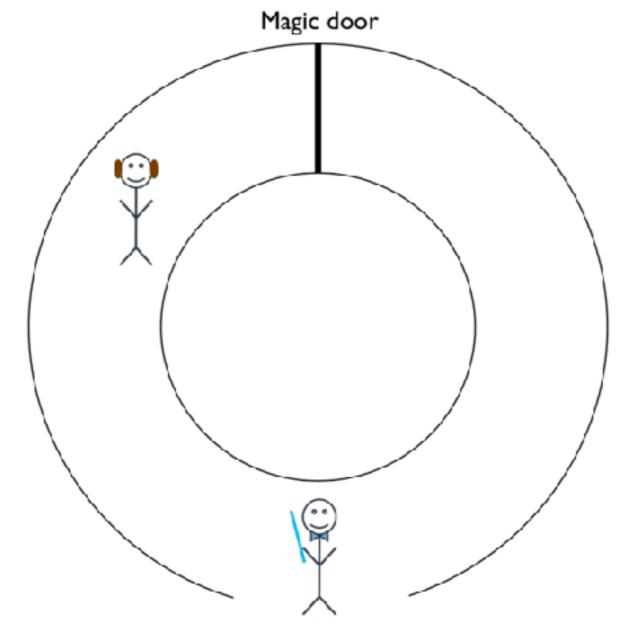
Goal: Leia proves to Luke that she knows the magic word to open the magic door.



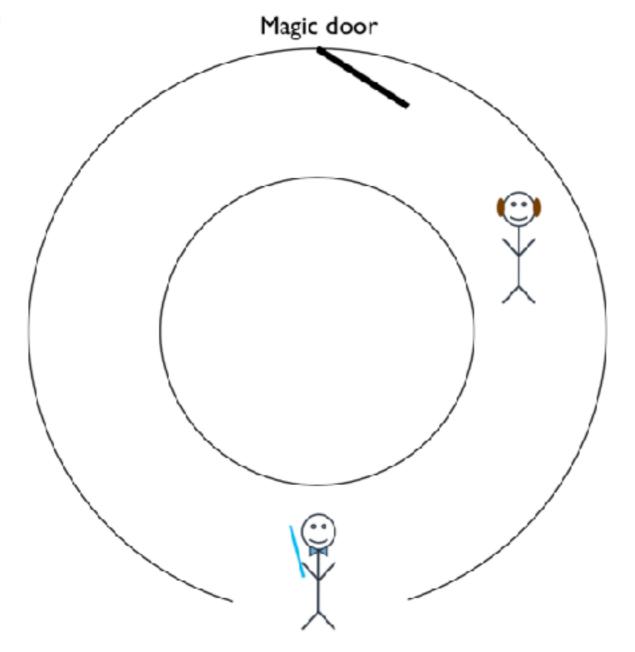
Attempt 1: Leia takes
Luke to the door and
opens it with the magic
word.



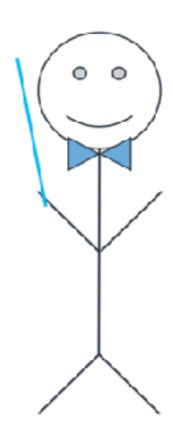
Bad: Luke knows that Leia can get through the door, but now Luke knows the magic word.



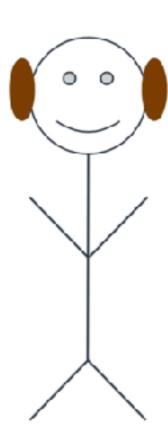
Attempt 2: Leia starts on the left side of the cave, while Luke remains outside.



Good: Leia appears on the right side of the cave, implying to Luke that she must know the magic word to get through the door.



Success! Luke believes that Leia knows how to get through the door, but Leia has not revealed the magic word.



zk-SNARKs: Overview

In a nutshell ...

zk-SNARKs transform the process of proving your transaction is valid into showing you know the solution to a set of algebraic equations without revealing the solution or the equations.

zk-SNARKs: Overview

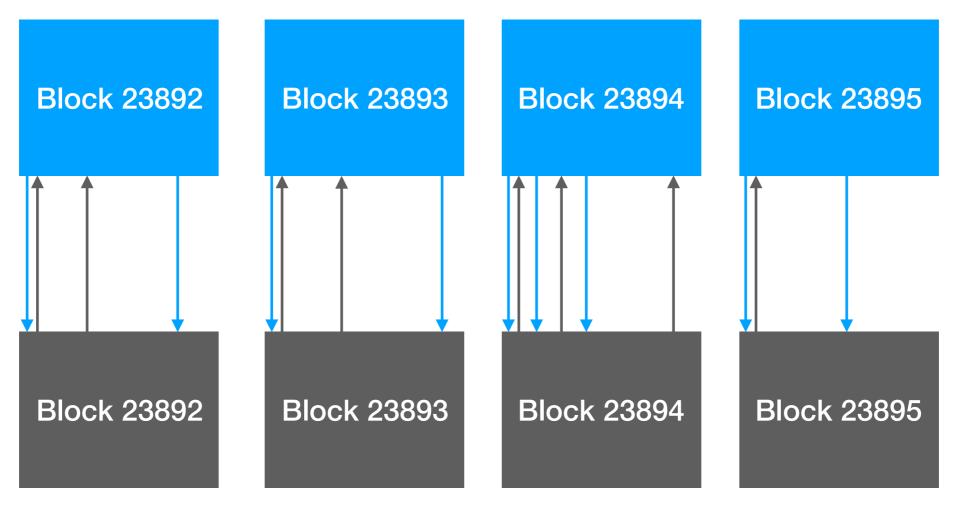
zk-SNARKs show:

- The sum of transaction inputs matches sum of transaction outputs.
- 2) Sender holds private spending keys of input notes.
- Private spending keys can be linked to signature over transaction.
- 4) For each input note, a revealed commitment* exists.

^{*} Commitment = shows unspent transaction output = HASH(recipient address, amount, p, nonce)

ZCash: How it works

Transparent (t) Transactions - just like Bitcoin



Shielded (z) Transactions - employ zk-SNARKs

ZCash: How it works

Types of transactions

- **t-to-t**: completely transparent.
- t-to-z: transparent to shielded.
- **z-to-t**: shielded to transparent.
- **z-to-z:** shielded to shielded.

ZCash: How it works

Types of transactions

- t-to-t: completely transparent. Everybody sees!
- t-to-z: transparent to shielded. Everybody sees!
- z-to-t: shielded to transparent. Everybody sees!
- z-to-z: shielded to shielded. Everybody sees but nobody understands!

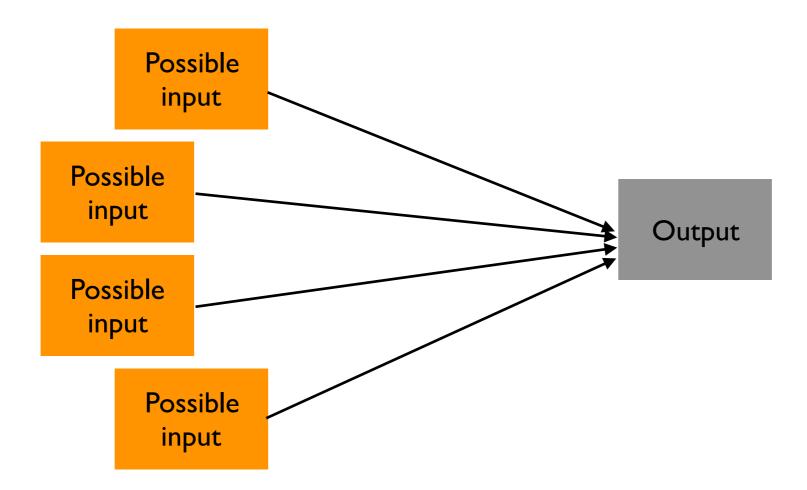
ZCash: Potential Vulnerabilities

- 1. Only 15% of ZCash transactions involve the shielded pool.
- 2. Miners and founders are a huge percentage of shielded pool participants.
- 3. Putting money into shielded pool and taking it right back out is not anonymous.

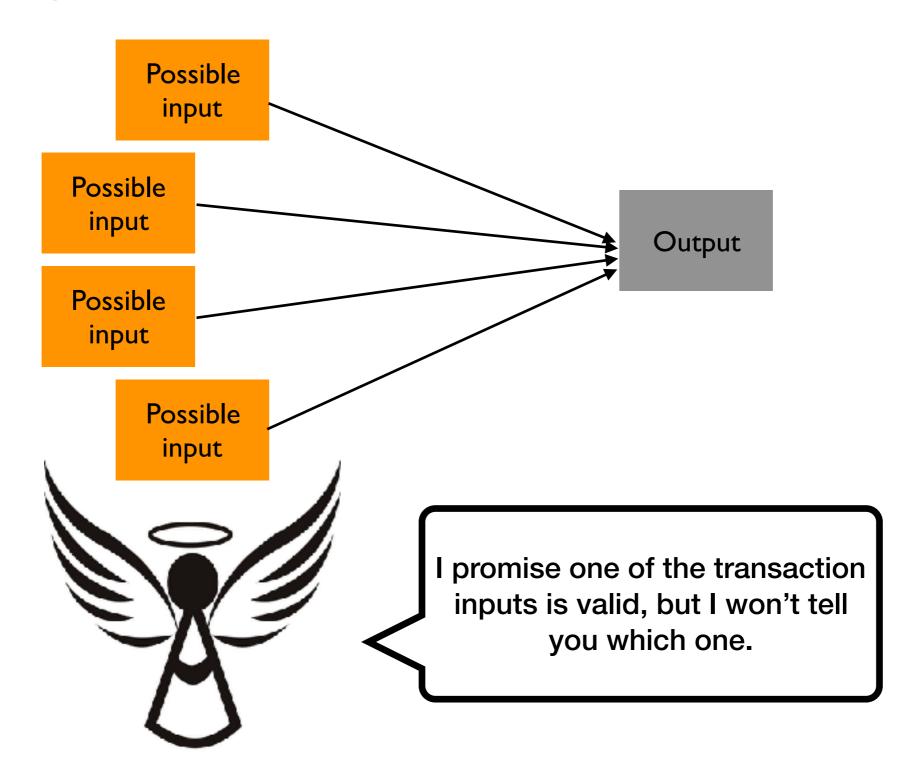
"TRUST NO ONE."

- User fjbaz on r/monero, 1/13/19

Monero: Angel Model



Monero: Angel Model

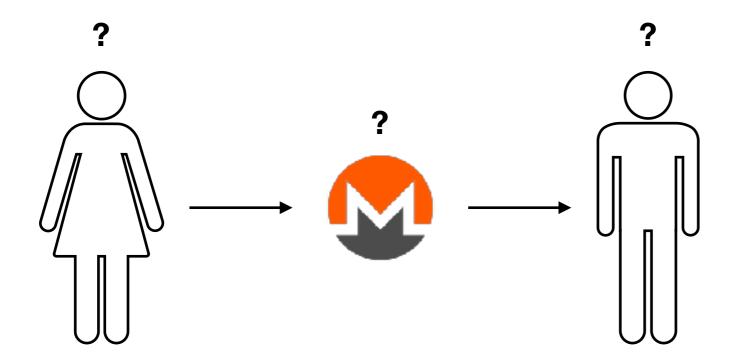


Monero: The Basics

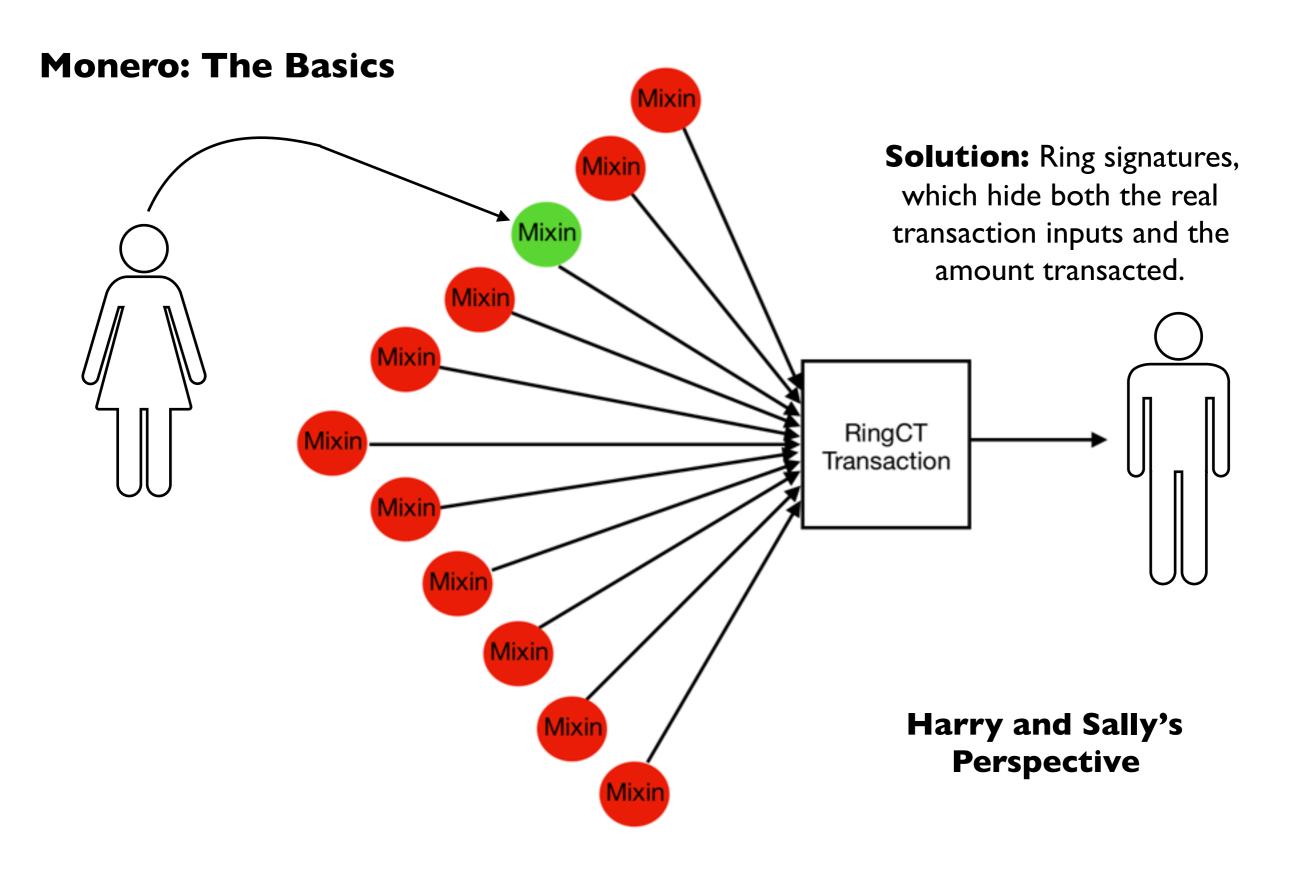
Designed to have stronger anonymity guarantees than ZCash and Bitcoin.

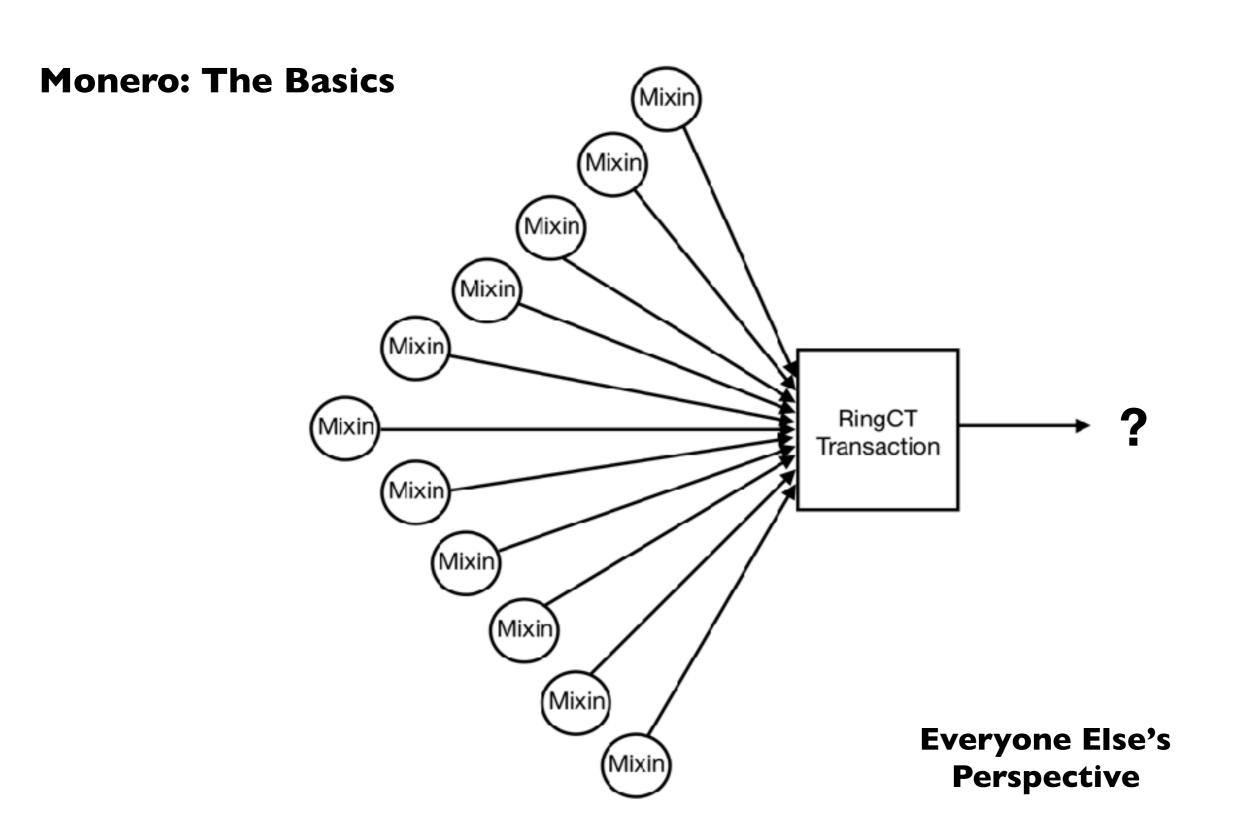
- Ring Signatures: guarantee larger anonymity set and provably stronger privacy.
- Bulletproofs: short, verifiable proofs enable faster verification.
- Obscured transaction amounts: amount transacted hidden from observers.

Monero: The Basics

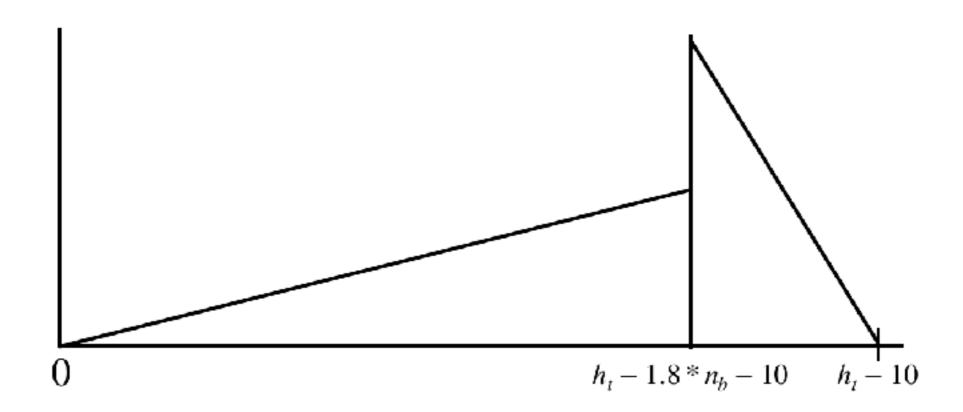


Goal: Sally pays Harry, but no one knows which address is associate with Sally and how much money was exchanged.





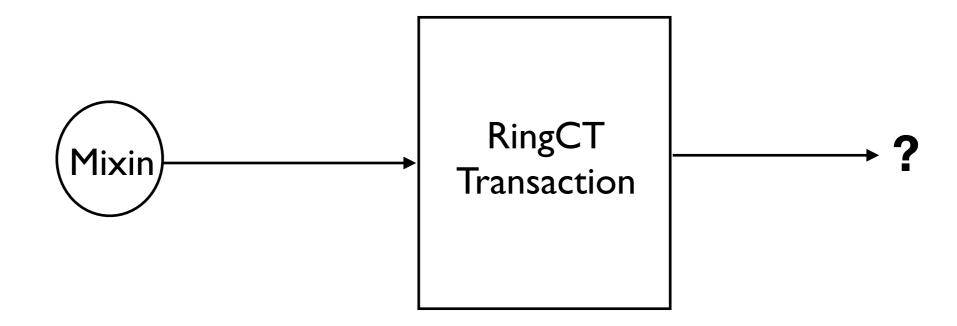
Monero: The Basics



Mixin distribution: half of the mixins are chosen from transactions in the last 1.8 days, half from the rest of the blockchain.

Monero: Potential Vulnerabilities

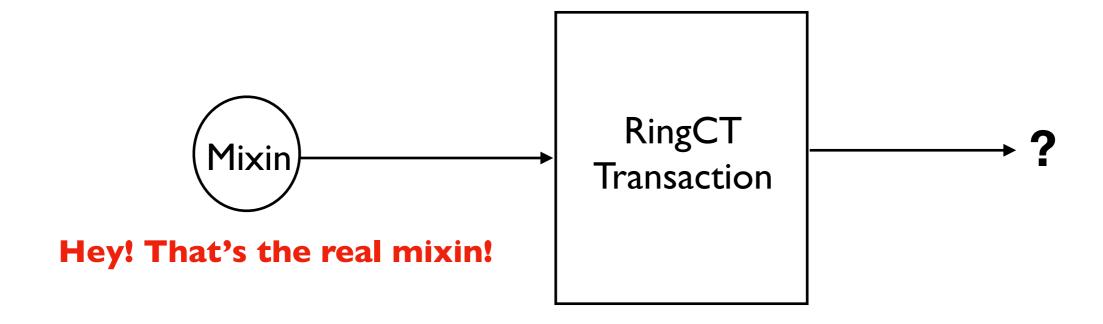
Single Mixin Deducibility



^{*} Source: "An Empirical Analysis of Traceability in the Monero Blockchain" Miller et al (2018)

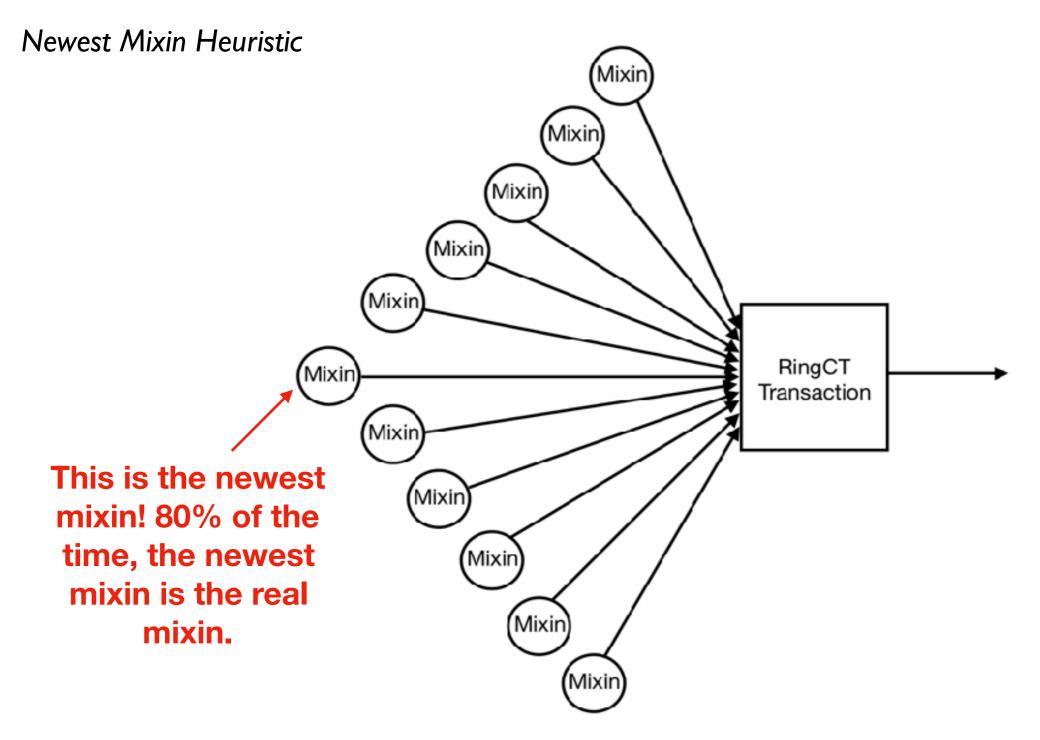
Monero: Potential Vulnerabilities

Single Mixin Deducibility



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Questions?