

Karnaugh map

x_1	x_2	x_3	
0	1	0	$\Rightarrow \neg x_1 x_2$
0	1	1	

\neg compliment
 this one

it changes so
 it is not needed

2 vars:

x_1	x_2	$f(x_1, x_2)$
0	0	m_0
0	1	m_1
1	0	m_2
1	1	m_3

x_1	0	1
x_2		
0	m_0	m_2
1	m_1	m_3

$x_1 \quad x_2 \quad f$

0 0

0

1

1

0 1

0

1

f

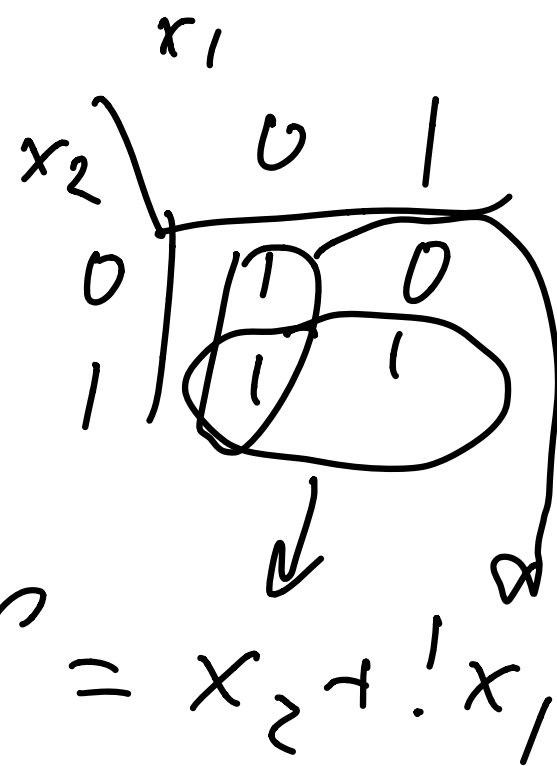
1

1

0

1

\Rightarrow



$x_1 \quad x_2 \quad x_3$

0 0 0

0 0 1

0 1 0

0 1 1

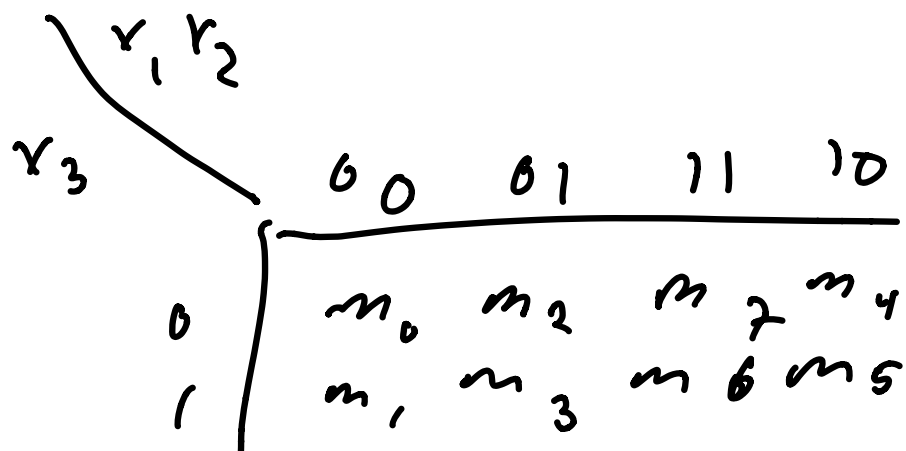
1 0 0

1 0 1

1 1 0

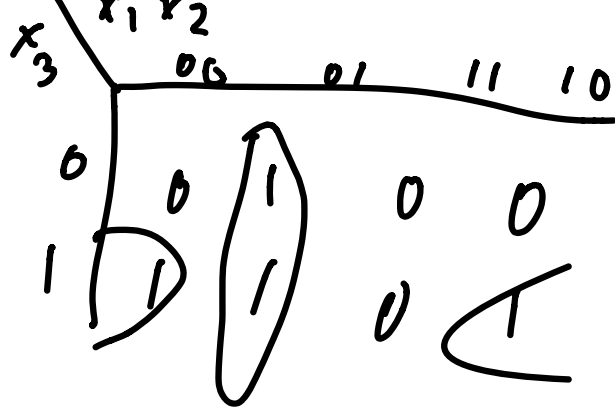
1 1 1

3 vars:



Group rect area: 2^x

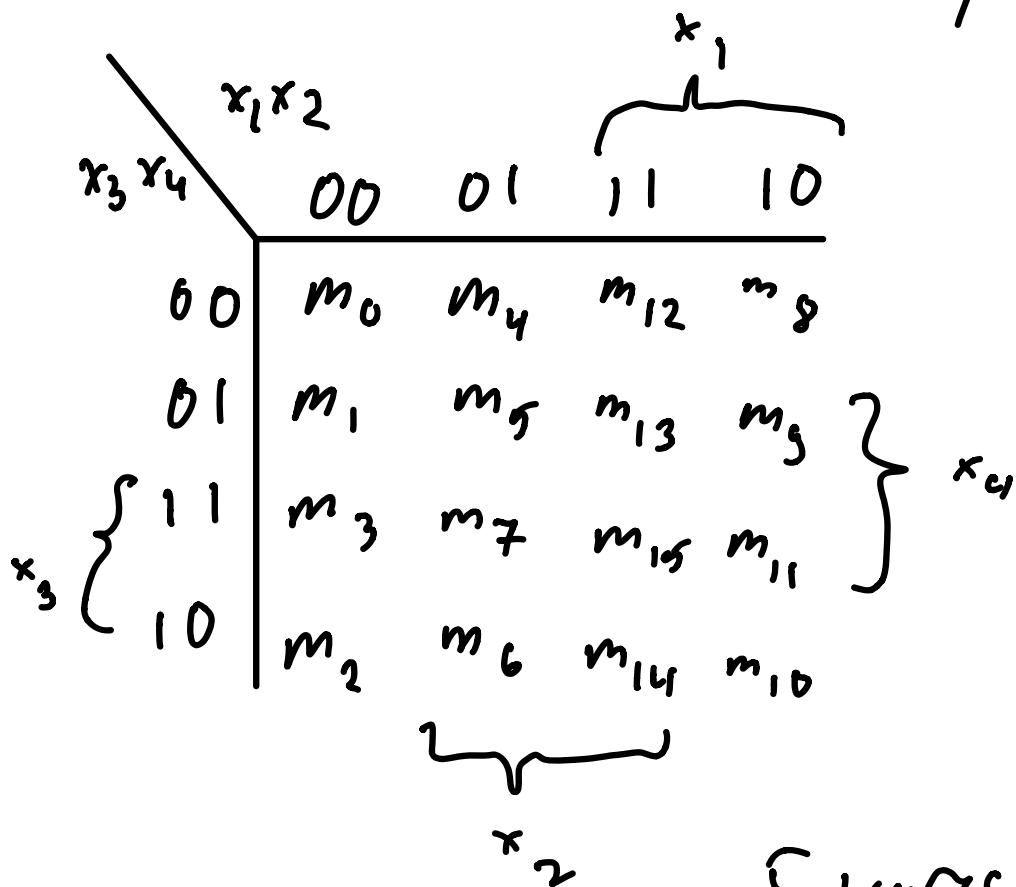
1 - 2
2 - 1
2 - 2



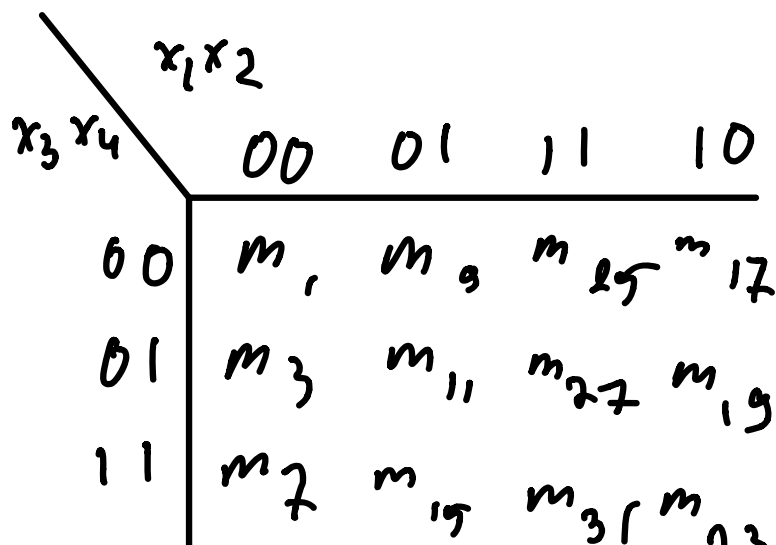
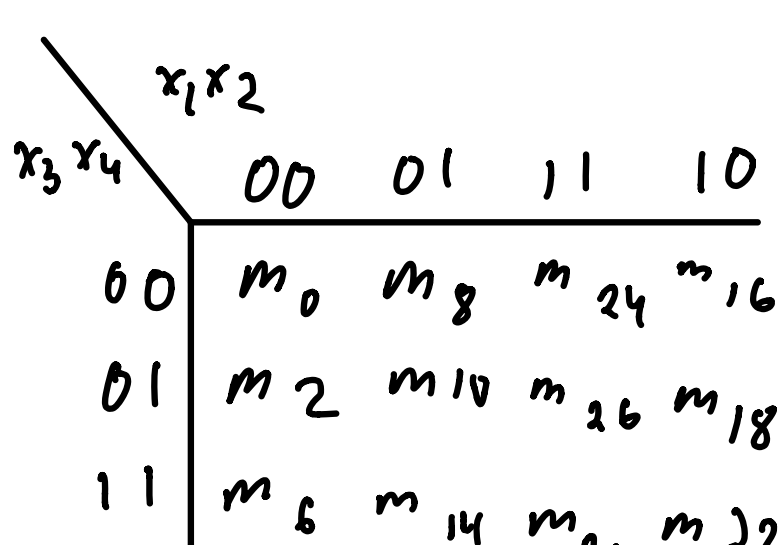
1 - 4
4 - 1
...

$$f = !x_1 x_2 + !x_2 x_3$$

4 vars:



5 vars:



$$10 \mid m_4 \quad m_{12} \quad m_{28} \quad m_{20}$$

$$x_5 = 0$$

$$10 \mid m_5 \quad m_{13} \quad m_{29} \quad m_{21}$$

$$x_5 = 1$$

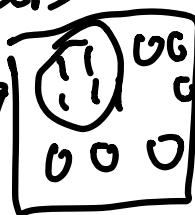
Literal - unique variable

Implicant - possible sets of 1s:

- minterms (for $\sum m(1, 2, 5) = 3$)

- all possible k-map sets

- for maps: 1×4



Prime Implicant - the largest rectangles on k-map:

- $\neg x_1$ (if k-map has x vars, all exp with $x-1$ or less are prime implicants)

- $x_2 x_3$

Cover - collection of all possible implicants that create a logically equivalent exp

- each 1 individually

- $\neg x_1 x_2 + \neg x_1 x_2 x_3 + x_2 x_3$ (2x1 groups)

- $\neg x_1 x_2 x_3$

- ...

(2x2 < 2x1 groups)

Minimum cost circuit is the cover of a given function that consists of the prime implicants

Essential prime implicants - p.i. that includes a minterm not included in any other p.i.

Min SOP or POS:

find essential p.i.

choose one non essential p.i.

finish the cover

choose a different n.e. p.i.

finish the cover

compare the cost