## **Linear Optimization Sample 1**

- A store has requested a manufacturer to produce Pants and Sports Jackets
- For Materials, the manufacturer has
  - Cotton 750  $m^2$
  - lacktriangle Polyester 1000  $m^2$
- Every pair of Pants needs
  - Cotton 1 *m*<sup>2</sup>
  - lacksquare Polyster 2  $m^2$
- Every pair of Jacket needs
  - lacksquare Cotton 1.5  $m^2$
  - Polyster 1  $m^2$
- Price of Pant is \$50
- Price of Jacket is \$40

What is the number of pants and jackets that the manufacturer must give to the stores so that these obtain a maximum sale?

## **Objective Function**

Maximize the Revenue of the Store

$$J = 50 * n_p + 40 * n_j$$

- where J is the revenue of the store
- ullet  $n_p$  is the number of Pants sold
- $n_i$  is the number of Jackets sold

## **Decision Variables**

- Number of Jackets  $n_i$
- ullet Number of Pants  $n_p$

## **Constraints**

• Total Amount of Cotton is 750  $m^2$ 

$$1 * n_p + 1.5 * n_j <= 750$$

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ullet Total Amount of Polyester is 1000  $m^2$ 

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2 * n_p + 1 * n_i \le 1000
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Number of Pants and Jackets is greater than equal to 0

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n_p >= 0
            n_i >= 0
In [79]:
          from ortools.linear_solver import pywraplp
In [80]:
          def DisplaySolution():
              if status == pywraplp.Solver.OPTIMAL:
                  print('Objective value =', solver.Objective().Value())
                  for j in range(data['num_vars']):
                      print(x[j].name(), ' = ', x[j].solution_value())
                  print()
                  print('Problem solved in %f milliseconds' % solver.wall_time())
                  print('Problem solved in %d iterations' % solver.iterations())
                  print('Problem solved in %d branch-and-bound nodes' % solver.nodes())
              else:
                  print('The problem does not have an optimal solution.')
In [81]:
          def create_data_model():
              data = \{\}
              data['constraint_coeffs'] = [
                  [1, 1.5],
                  [2, 1],
                   [-1, 0],
                   [0, -1],
              ]
              data['bounds'] = [750, 1000, 0, 0]
              data['obj_coeffs'] = [50, 40]
              data['num_vars'] = 2
              data['num constraints'] = 4
              return data
In [82]:
          # Get the data and Create the Solver
          data = create_data_model()
          solver = pywraplp.Solver.CreateSolver('SCIP')
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In [83]:
          # Define the decision variables
          infinity = solver.infinity()
          x = \{\}
          for j in range(data['num_vars']):
              x[j] = solver.IntVar(0, infinity, 'x[%i]' % j)
          print('Number of Variables = ', solver.NumVariables())
         Number of Variables = 2
In [84]:
          # Define the Constraints
          for i in range(data['num_constraints']):
              constraint_expr = [data['constraint_coeffs'][i][j] * x[j] for j in range(
              solver.Add(sum(constraint_expr) <= data['bounds'][i])</pre>
          print('Number of Constraints = ', solver.NumConstraints())
         Number of Constraints = 4
In [85]:
          # Define the Objective
          objective = solver.Objective()
          obj_expr = [data['obj_coeffs'][j] * x[j] for j in range(data['num_vars'])]
          solver.Maximize(solver.Sum(obj_expr))
In [86]:
          status = solver.Solve()
In [87]:
          DisplaySolution()
         Objective value = 28750.000000000004
         x[0] = 375.0
         x[1] = 250.0
         Problem solved in 240.000000 milliseconds
         Problem solved in 2 iterations
         Problem solved in 1 branch-and-bound nodes
```

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