

# Test Readiness Review

## Containerized, Intelligent Network Functions on Hosts

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# Agenda

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# Project Objectives

## Objective

- Create a low-cost solution for the deployment of SDN based network services such as routers, firewalls, VoIP, etc. on the host devices through NFV:
  - NFV based services will be deployed through container based VNFs
  - Enhanced performance by bringing SDN based intelligence closer to the end hosts
  - Rapid deployment of network services

## Stretch Goal

- Detection of network failovers and implementation of redundant solutions:
  - Reduces the risk of packet losses
  - Seamless end user experience



# Levels of Success

## Level 1: Configuration Tests

- Test the deployment of VNFs
- Test the service chain creation
- Test the reachability between network devices

## Level 2: Performance Tests

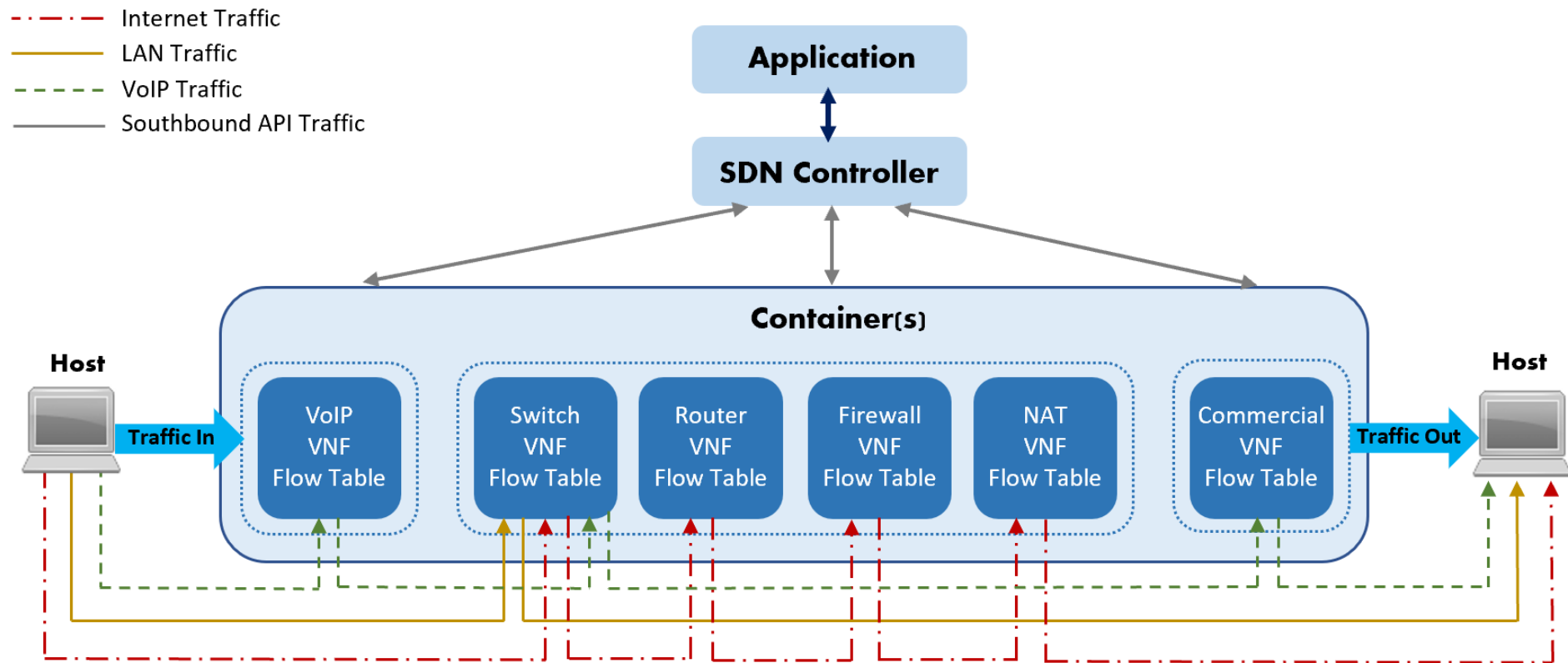
- Test network performance for different traffic types
- Distinct service types, transmission rates and packet sizes
- Evaluate QoS and throughput

## Level 3: Failover Tests

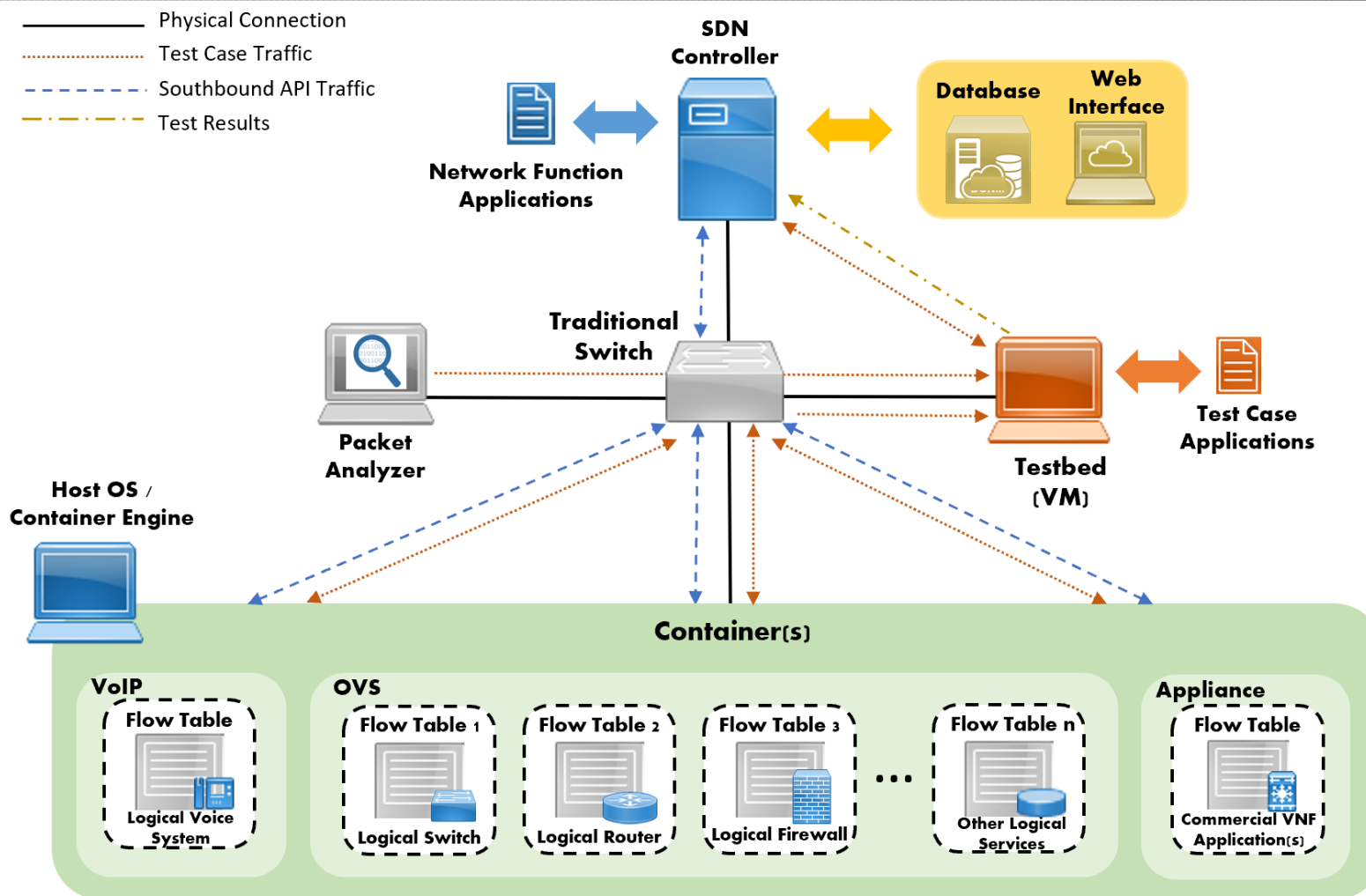
- Test the network redundancy
- Device failure, link failures, network congestion, security breach
- Test the network's ability to detect and allocate redundant resources



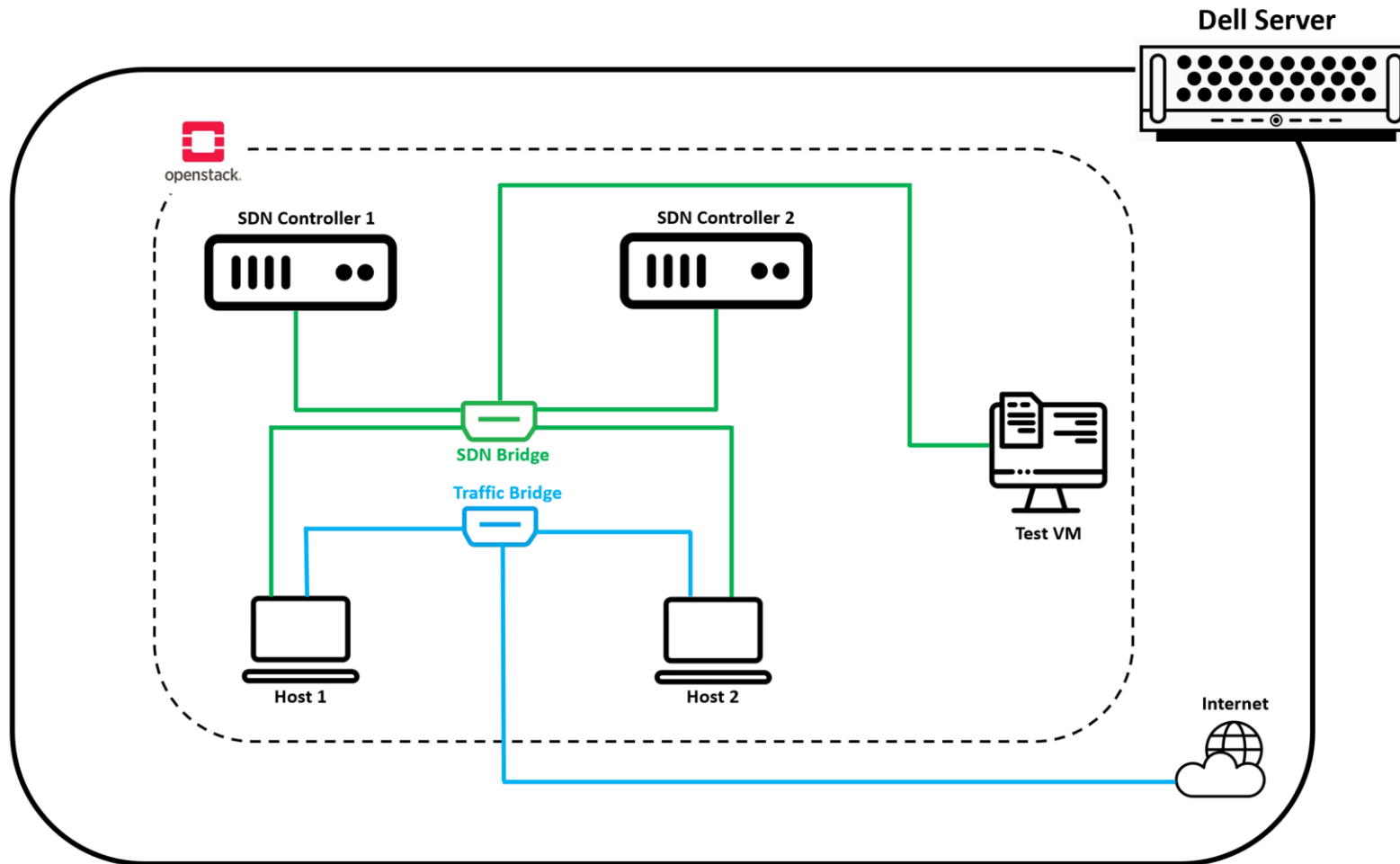
# Functional Block Diagram (FBD)



# Concept of Operations (CONOPS)

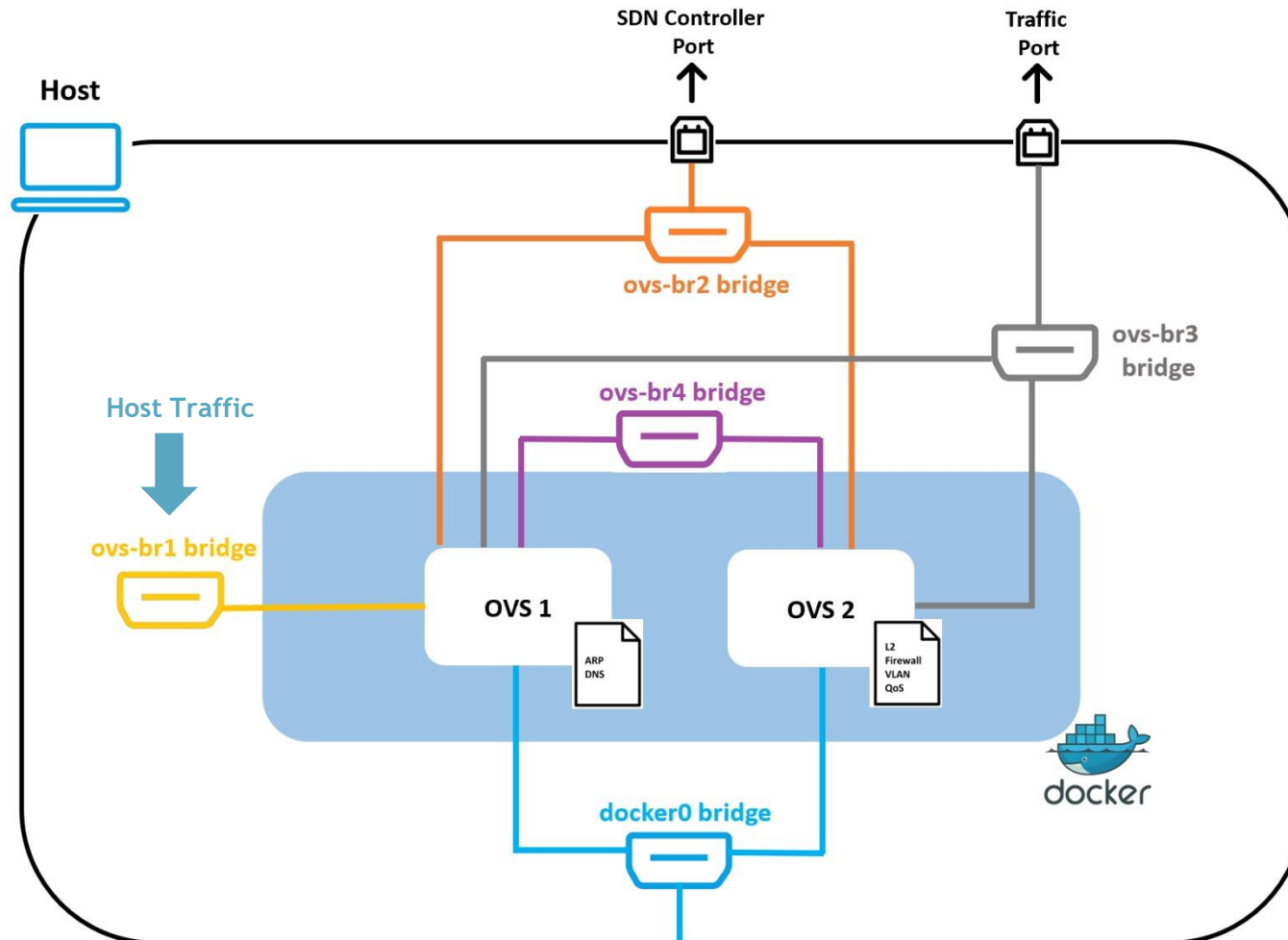


# Project Implementation - Network



- Multiple VMs are initialized using Openstack which represents different network elements such as hosts, controllers and test environment
- Virtual network bridges are used to establish connectivity between network elements and the Internet

# Project Implementation - Host



- Host networking consists of two OVS switches spun up using docker containers
- Multiple Linux bridges are used to establish network connectivity between host and network functions and elements through OVS switches
- All host traffic is directed to ovs-br1 bridge using the *default ip routes*



# Critical Project Elements - Technical

## CPE 1.1: VNF Creation

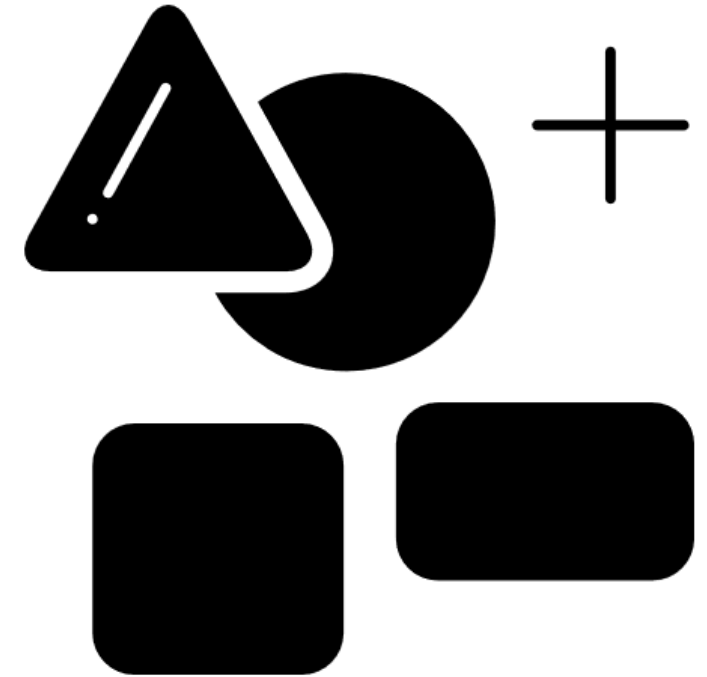
- Deploy OVS Switch using containers
- Create VNFs corresponding to network services on OVS Switches

## CPE 1.2: Configure SDN Infrastructure

- Deploy SDN Controller to configure and manage flows in VNFs
- Deploy overlay network for connectivity
- Deploy packet analyzer for analysis

## CPE 1.3: Test VM Creation

- Deploy Linux based Test VM
- Emulate test environment on Test VM
- Perform operational, performance and configuration tests



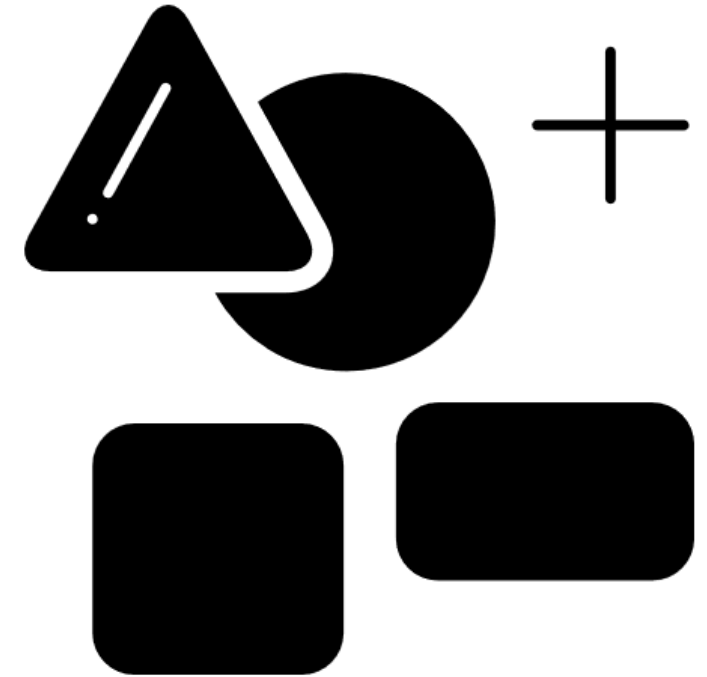
# Critical Project Elements - Technical (continued)

## CPE 1.4: Service Chain Creation

- Create multiple service chains
- Simulate and test different traffic scenarios

## CPE 1.5: Test results (Storage and display)

- Database to store and parse the output of test results
- Web-interface to display the output of test results



# Critical Project Elements - Logistical

## CPE 2.1: Hardware Devices

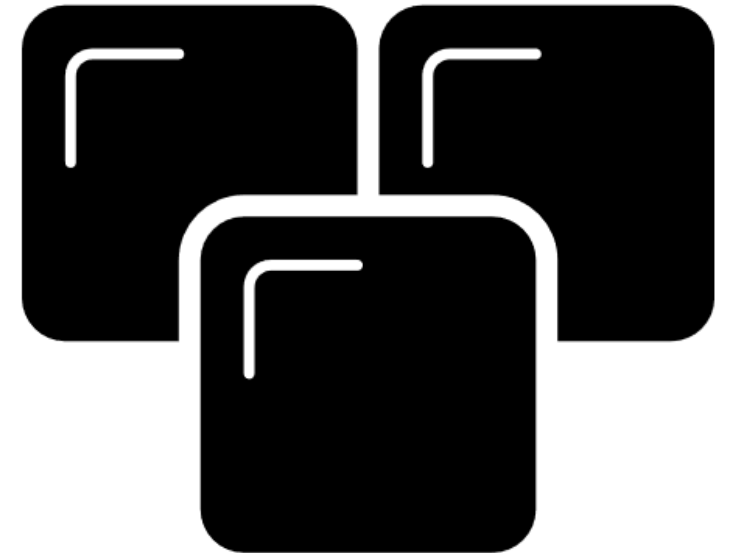
- Using servers and traditional switches available in Telecommunications lab
- Laptops with Windows, Linux and MacOS as host devices

## CPE 2.2: Containers/ Controllers

- Using open-source software for topology creation
- Dockers as containers, ONOS as SDN Controller

## CPE 2.3: Knowledge and concepts

- Understand the functionality of containers
- Determine web GUI framework and learn the functionality



# Project Updates

- Instead of configuring 2 Dell Servers, we now have implemented all the network elements on a single server using virtualization with KVM/Qemu2 managed by OpenStack.
- For code management of test cases, we now would use GitHub and Jenkins
- After having discussed with our academic advisor, RYU is now configured as our SDN controller, due to python programmability.



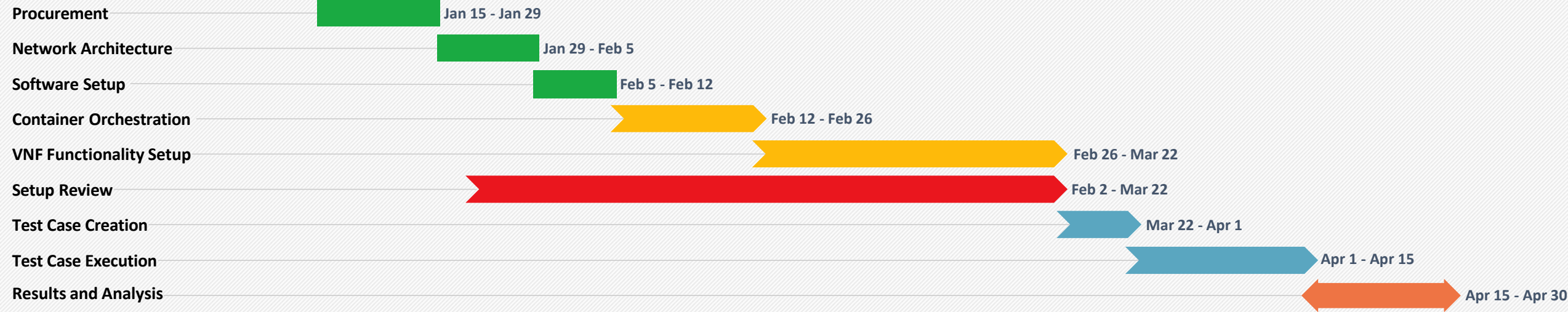
# WORKPLAN

# WORK PLAN - PREVIOUS

2020



2020

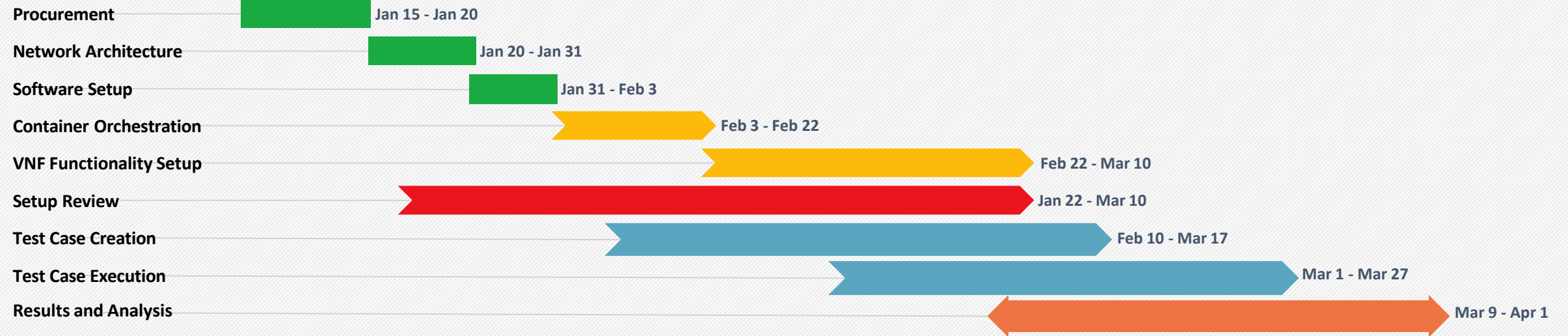


# WORK PLAN - CURRENT

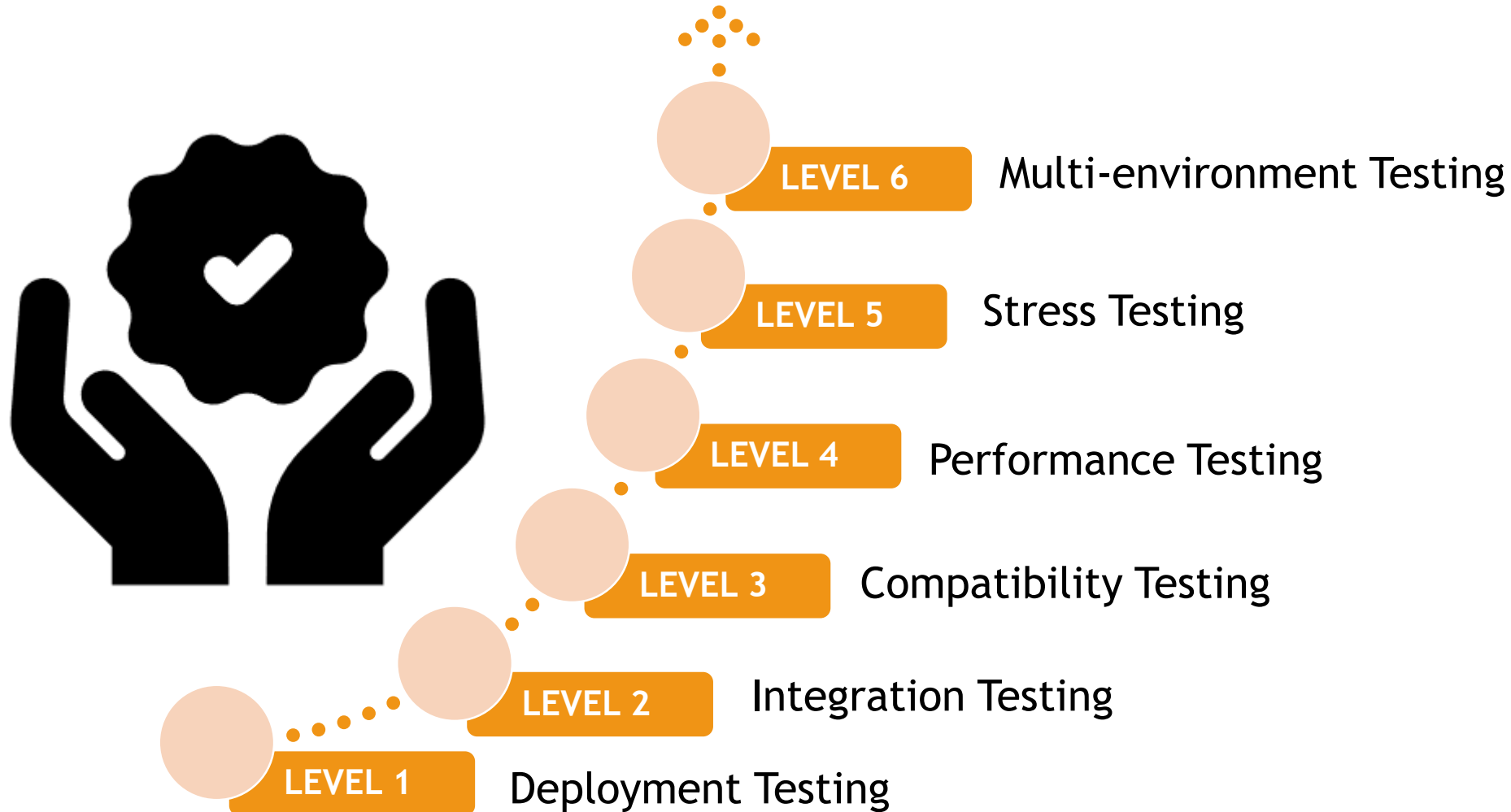
2020



2020



# Test Readiness - Scope





# Level 1: Deployment of Network Infrastructure

Test the deployment of network devices & software tools

## Openstack Orchestration

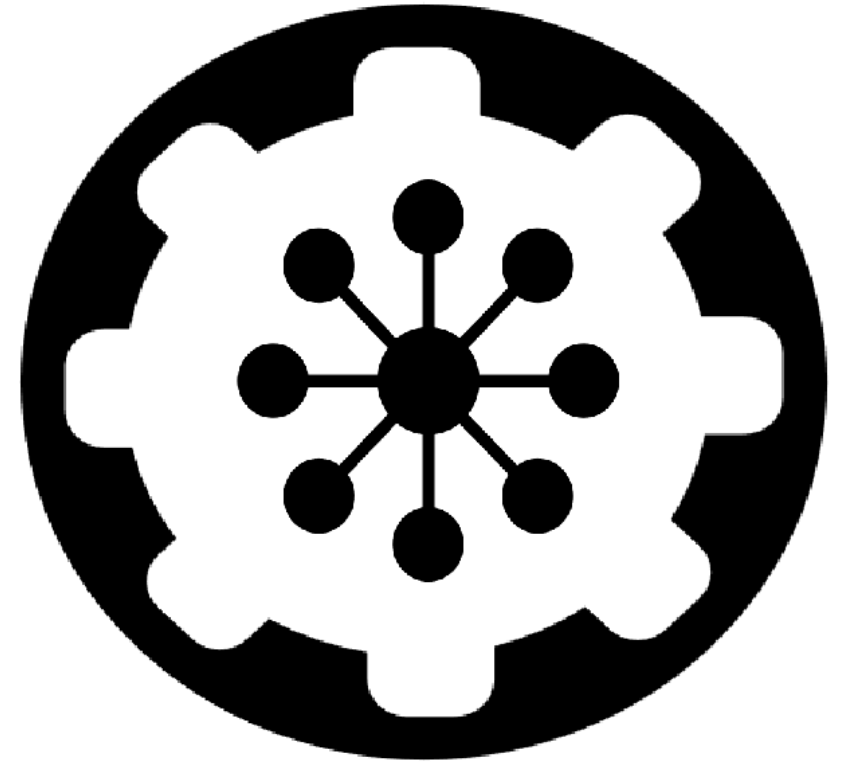
- Verify the creation and connectivity of VMs (Network Elements) through OpenStack

## Containers

- Verify the installation of OVS switches on the host devices using containers. Validate the deployment and configuration of VNFs on OVS switches

## SDN Controller

- Validate the deployment and configuration of containers in the Controller VMs. Verify installation of SDN Controller application in the Controller VMs



# Level 1: Deployment of Network Infrastructure (continued)

## Storage & Output

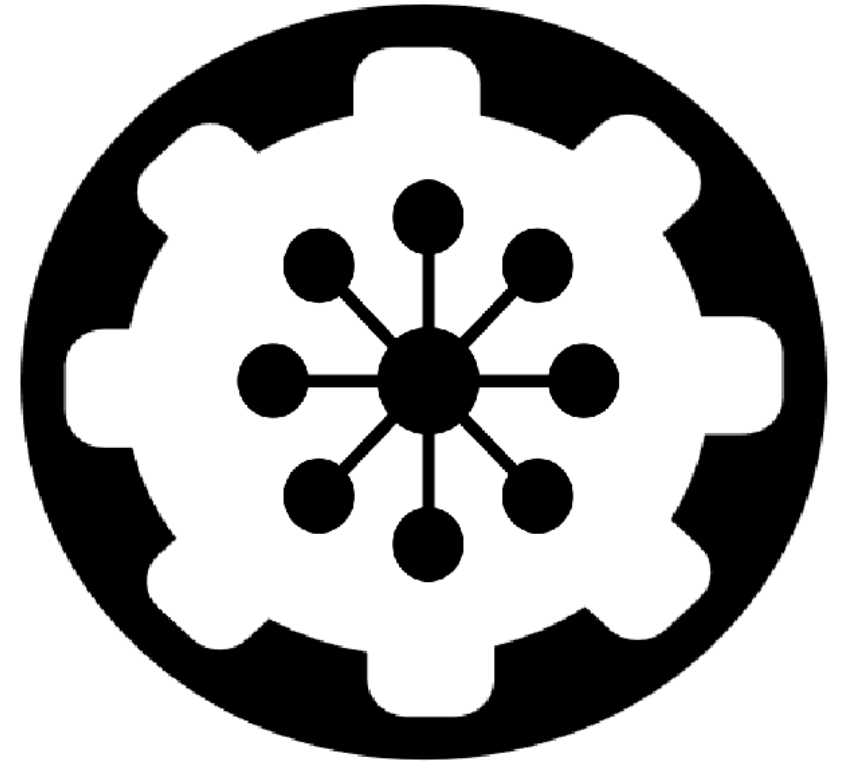
- Validate deployment of storage instances and web interface

## Test VM

- Verify the creation of test environment and installation of traffic generator and packet analyzer in Test VM

## Traditional Devices

- Validate deployment of intermediate network devices using python script



# Level 2: Integration of Network Infrastructure

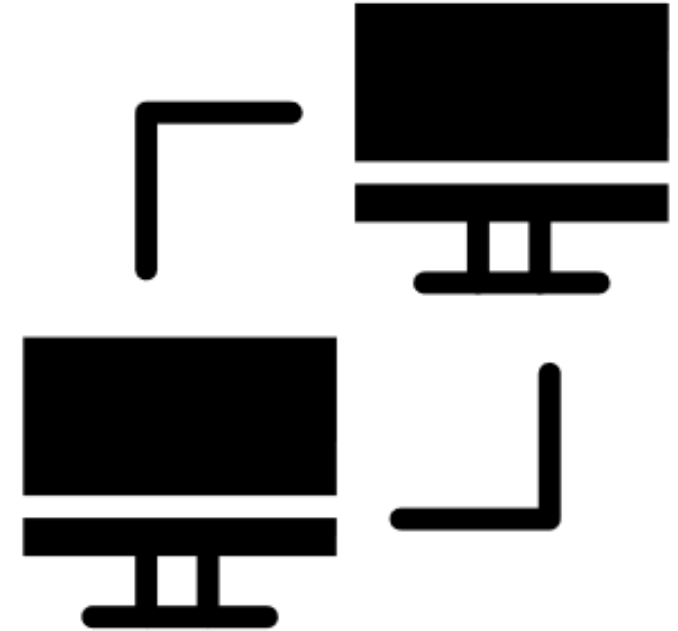
Test the reachability between network devices & VNFs

## Containers

- Verify the configuration, interface status of the OVS switches. Validate the creation of service chaining between different VNFs

## SDN Controller

- Ensure the reachability between the Controller VMs and the intermediate network devices. Verify the connectivity from Controller VMs to SDN Controller application, storage instances and web interfaces



## Level 2: Integration of Network Infrastructure (continued)

### Storage & Output

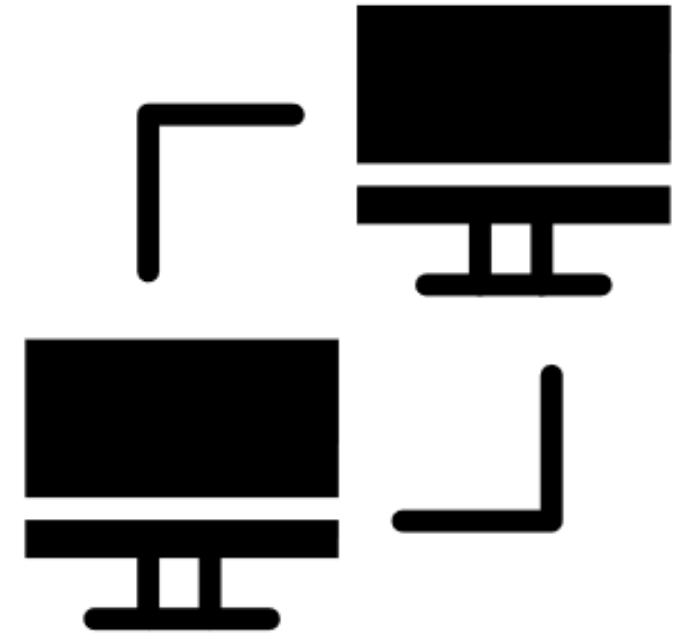
- Validate the connectivity between storage devices and the web interfaces

### Test VM

- Perform the health check of the Test VM interfaces and ensure the connectivity of the TEST VM to the intermediate devices

### Traditional Devices

- Verify the status of interfaces connected to the SDN infrastructure devices



# Level 3: Compatibility between Network Devices

Verify the seamless functionality of network protocols between network devices

## Containers

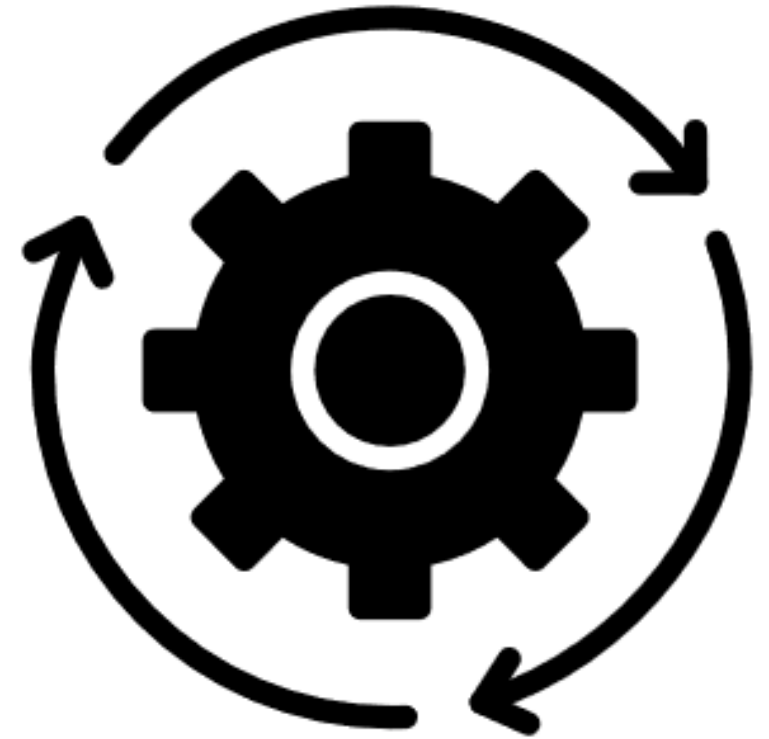
- Verify installation of flow entries in multiple flow tables in the OVS switches

## SDN Controller

- Validate the NBI operation between Controller VM and application layer, the SBI operation between Controller VM and network devices

## Storage & Output

- Verify the storage and display of results using mock input values. HTTP Test Automation Hooks to check the web interface functionality



# Level 4: Performance Test for VNFs

Test the functionality of VNFs on host devices

## Containers

- Verify the functionality of VNFs with respect to expected output
- Evaluate the performance based on latency, throughput, utilization
- Multiple traffic scenarios generated through traffic generator will be used for testing



# Level 5: Stress Test for Network Devices

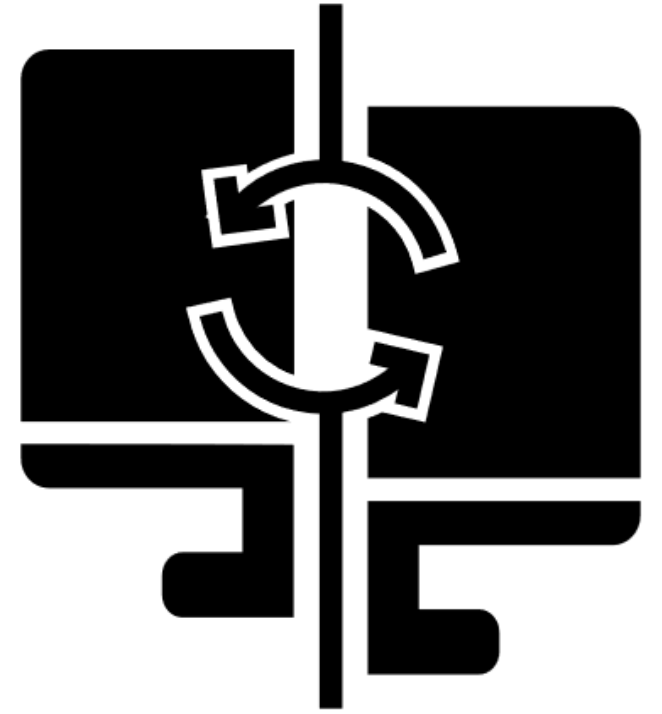
Test the backup scenarios in case of failovers

## SDN Controllers

- Verify the seamless functionality provided by the secondary SDN Controller in case the primary controller fails

## Traditional Devices

- Verify the reachability of the host devices and Test VM with the SDN Controller through the traffic link in case the virtual bridge goes down



# Level 6: Multi-environment Network Deployment

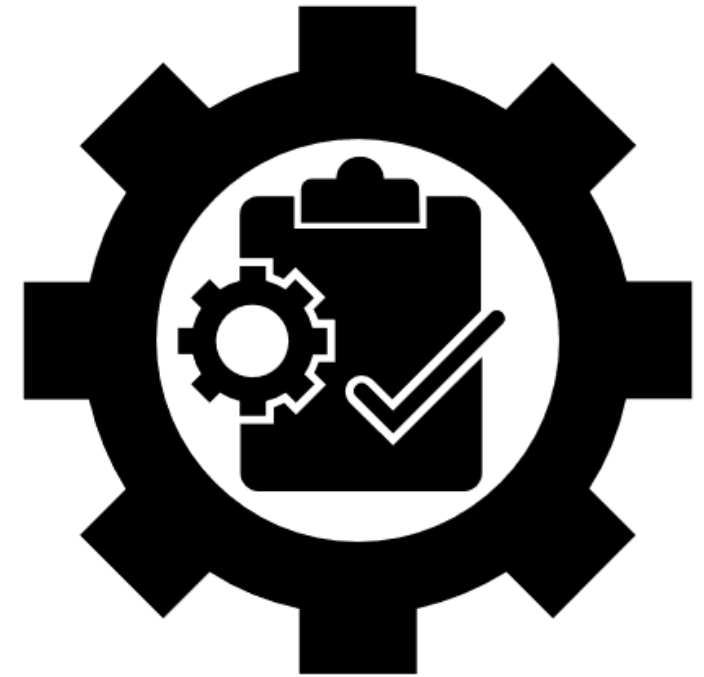
Test the deployment of network services and functionality on different Operating Systems

## Containers

- Deploy network services using containers on different OS (Windows, Linux, MacOS) and test the functionality on different environment

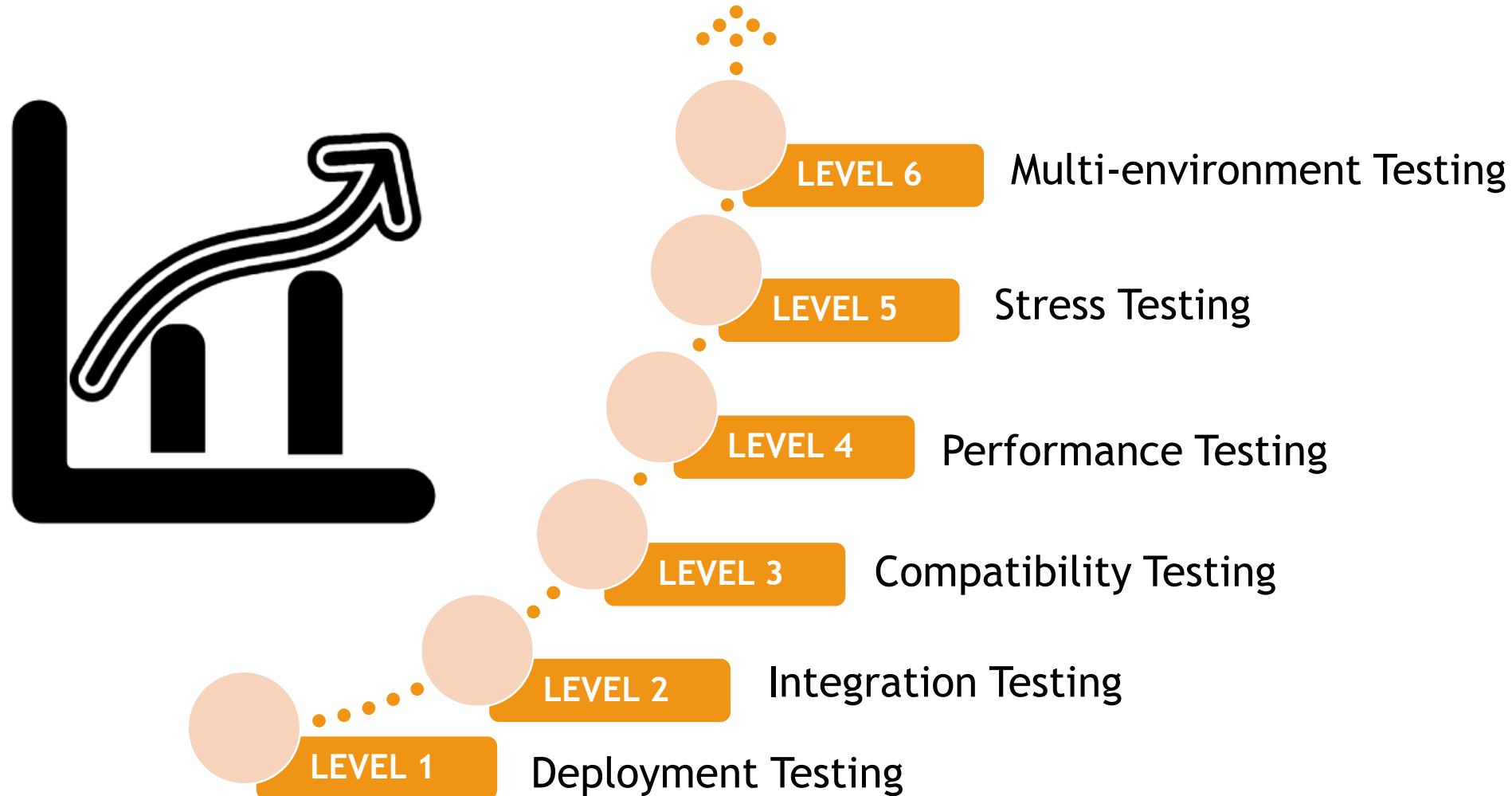
## SDN Controller

- Deploy SDN Controller using VMs and bare metal servers and test the functionality on different environment





# Test Readiness - Procedure & Status



# Level 1: Deployment of Network Infrastructure

## Verify setup & functionality of hardware devices & underlying software elements

1. Check if OpenStack is deployed successfully by SSH/VPN login into the Dell Server
2. In OpenStack check if VMs are successfully created and running either using OpenStack GUI or CLI
3. Check if created VMs have IP address allocated on ports
4. Check if Docker and Wireshark are successfully installed on all VMs by SSH/VPN login into the VMs
5. Check for successful installation and run status of RYU controller, OVS switches and traffic generator on Docker containers using Docker CLI
6. Check creation of virtual network bridges for management and data communication
7. Verify successful creation and deployment of flowtables corresponding to respective VNFs on OVS switches

Status: **PASS**

# Level 2: Integration of Network Infrastructure

## Verifying connectivity between network elements

1. Ping VMs to check successful intra domain and internet connectivity
2. Verify successful bridging between container ports, VM interfaces and Linux bridges to support multiple service chaining
3. Use ping to check connectivity between OVS switches and SDN controller
4. Monitor continuous Up-status of container and VM interfaces using CLI

Status: **PASS**

# Level 3: Compatibility between Network Devices

## Verifying protocol level connectivity between network elements

1. Using OVS CLI, verify OpenFlow connection between OVS switches and SDN controllers
2. Verify REST API connectivity for deployment of proactive flows between SDN controllers and application software by checking count of flow-entries
3. Use pull and push from GitHub and Jenkins to check connectivity between local repo and our testing framework and source-code management application

Status: ONGOING

# Level 4: Performance Test for VNFs

## Network performance testing of hosts

1. Use ping to verify intra and inter domain connectivity between host devices
2. Use SSH & HTTP services to check successful functionality of Firewall VNF
3. Check creation of QoS services on OVS2 switch interfaces
4. Check for implementation of QoS service on OVS2 switch for dedicated IP address
5. Verify successful domain division of IP addresses according to VLANs on OVS2 switch
6. Verify DNS VNF functionality using ping and HTTP services for checking reachability to good URLs and blocking reachability for bad URLs
7. Verify successful dynamic mapping of IP and MAC addressing in the SDN controller using Scapy

Status: **PASS**

# Level 5: Stress Test for Network Devices

## Verifying redundancy mechanism in case of failovers

1. Check for SDN controller container redundancy status using Docker Swarm
2. Verify redundant deployment of all VNF services on one OVS switch in case other OVS goes down.  
This is done by checking port status of OVS switches and *docker running* status

Status: **PASS**

# Level 6: Multi-environment Network Deployment

## Verifying multi-environment VNF deployment

1. Verify creation of OVS switches on different OS devices and check interpretability between these devices and network elements by following test levels 1-5

Status: **ONGOING**

# PARTS & PROCUREMENT



# LAPTOP

<b>PROCESSOR</b>	2.2 GHz Intel Core i7
Operating System	Mac-OS
Storage	500GB
Memory	8GB
Availability	<b>Procured - CU Surplus</b>



# SERVER - FEATURES AND SPECIFICATIONS

PROCESSOR	Intel® Xeon® processor E5-2600 v4 product family
Operating System	Windows, Linux and Vmware ESX
Storage	500GB
Memory	64GB
Availability	Telecommunications Lab



# SOFTWARE & IMAGES

Entity	DESCRIPTION	PRICE
OpenStack	Cloud Orchestrator/ VM Manager	Opensource
Docker Swarm	Container Manager	Opensource
Jenkins	Automation Server	Opensource
Ubuntu 16.04	Operating System	Opensource
Centos7	Operating System	Opensource
OvS	OF enabled Virtual MLS	Opensource



# Q&A

# Backup Slides

# TEST RESULTS

# Level 1: Deployment of Network Infrastructure

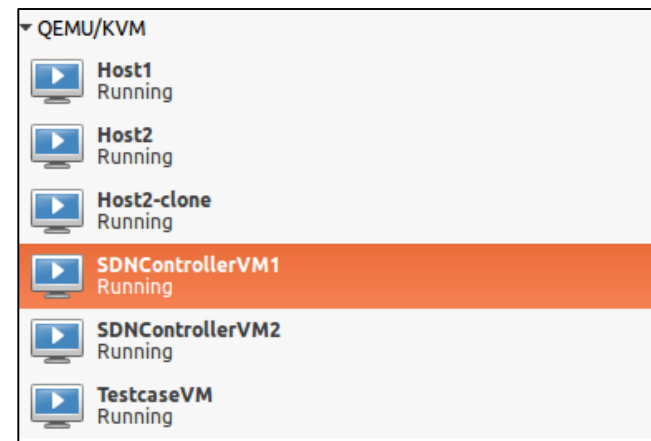
## 1. VM creation and configuration

```
root@openstack ~(keystone_admin)]# openstack server list
```

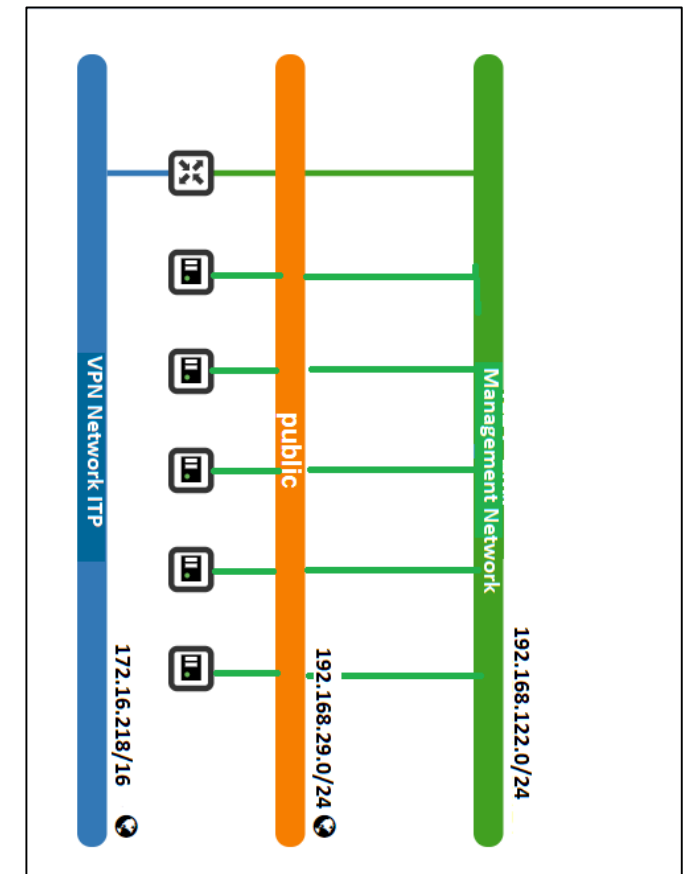
ID	Name	Status	Task State	Power State	Networks	Image Name
8b67821b-4571...	SDNController1	ACTIVE	None	Running	private=192.168.122.244	centos
94b5783e-8278...	SDNController2	ACTIVE	None	Running	private=192.168.122.117	centos
7a1234d5-7385...	Host1	ACTIVE	None	Running	private=192.168.122.38	centos
8a99547e-0145...	Host2	ACTIVE	None	Running	private=192.168.122.54	centos
1a45c78e-7612...	Test VM	ACTIVE	None	Running	private=192.168.122.142	centos

## 2. Connectivity between VMs

```
[khir@host1 ~]$ ping 192.168.122.244
PING 192.168.122.244 (192.168.122.244) 56(84) bytes of data.
64 bytes from 192.168.122.244: icmp_seq=1 ttl=64 time=0.606 ms
^C
--- 192.168.122.244 ping statistics ---
1 packets transmitted, 1 received, 0% packet loss, time 0ms
rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 0.606/0.606/0.606/0.000 ms
[khir@host1 ~]$ ping 192.168.122.117
PING 192.168.122.117 (192.168.122.117) 56(84) bytes of data.
64 bytes from 192.168.122.117: icmp_seq=1 ttl=64 time=0.855 ms
^C
--- 192.168.122.117 ping statistics ---
1 packets transmitted, 1 received, 0% packet loss, time 0ms
rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 0.855/0.855/0.855/0.000 ms
```



## 3. Connectivity to internet



# Level 1: Deployment of Network Infrastructure

## 1. Docker installation

```
MINOW64\Program Files\Docker Toolbox
Creating CA: C:\Users\manis\.docker\machine\certs\ca.pem
Creating client certificate: C:\Users\manis\.docker\machine\certs\cert.pem
Running pre-create checks...
(default) Image cache directory does not exist, creating it at C:\Users\manis\.docker\machine\cache...
(default) No default Boot2Docker ISO found locally, downloading the latest release...
(default) Latest release for github.com/boot2docker/boot2docker is v19.03.5
(default) Downloading C:\Users\manis\.docker\machine\cache\boot2docker.iso from https://github.com/boot2docker/releases/download/v19.03.5/boot2docker.iso...
(default) 0%...10%...20%...30%...40%...50%...60%...70%...80%...90%...100%
Creating machine...
(default) Copying C:\Users\manis\.docker\machine\cache\boot2docker.iso to C:\Users\manis\.docker\machine\machines\default\boot2docker.iso...
(default) Creating VirtualBox VM...
(default) Creating SSH key...
(default) Starting the VM...
(default) Check network to re-create if needed...
(default) Windows might ask for the permission to create a network adapter. Sometimes, such confirmation window is minimized in the taskbar.
(default) Found a new host-only adapter: "VirtualBox Host-Only Ethernet Adapter #2"
(default) Windows might ask for the permission to configure a network adapter. Sometimes, such confirmation window is minimized in the taskbar.
(default) Windows might ask for the permission to configure a dhcp server. Sometimes, such confirmation window is minimized in the taskbar.
(default) Waiting for an IP...
Waiting for machine to be running, this may take a few minutes...
Detecting operating system of created instance...
Waiting for SSH to be available...
Provisioning with boot2docker...
Copying certs to the local machine directory...
Copying certs to the remote machine...
Setting Docker configuration on the remote daemon...
Checking connection to Docker...
Docker is up and running!
To see how to connect your Docker Client to the Docker Engine running on this virtual machine, run: C:\Program Files\Docker Toolbox\docker-machine.exe env default
```

## 2. SDN Controller installation- Docker

```
[root@localhost khir]# docker images
```

REPOSITORY	TAG	IMAGE ID	CREATED	SIZE
ryu312	latest	dc4d90f61d81	3 weeks ago	293MB
ubuntu	latest	ccc6e87d482b	7 weeks ago	64.2MB
ubuntu	14.04	6e4f1fe62ff1	2 months ago	197MB
osrg/ryu	latest	ab10e91ba3b6	11 months ago	294MB

```
[root@localhost khir]# docker ps -a
```

CONTAINER ID	IMAGE	COMMAND	CREATED	STATUS	PORTS
37f12bc59c69	ryu312:latest	"sleep infinity"	3 weeks ago	Up 3 weeks	6633/tcp, 6653/tcp

```
[root@localhost khir]#
```

## 3. Docker version

```
[root@host1 khir]# docker --version
Docker version 19.03.7, build 7141c199a2
[root@host1 khir]#
```

## 4. OVS Switch installation- Docker

```
[root@host1 khir]# docker images
```

REPOSITORY	TAG	IMAGE ID	CREATED	SIZE
globocom/openvswitch	latest	58215e48af7c	24 months ago	73.4MB

```
[root@host1 khir]# docker ps -a
```

CONTAINER ID	IMAGE	COMMAND	CREATED	STATUS	PORTS	NAMES
cda756561278	globocom/openvswitch	"/bin/sh -c /usr/bin..."	25 hours ago	Up 25 hours	22/tcp	vswitch2
dd1119acc593	globocom/openvswitch	"/bin/sh -c /usr/bin..."	25 hours ago	Up 25 hours	22/tcp	vswitch1



# Level 2: Integration of Network Infrastructure

## 1. Virtual Network bridge creation

```
khir@eneto-compute-PowerEdge-R430:~$ virsh net-list
```

Name	State	Autostart	Persistent
default	active	yes	yes
virbr1	active	yes	yes
virbr2	active	yes	yes

## 3. OVS related bridges

```
[root@host1 khir]# ovs-vsctl show
8bf09e78-f3c6-4b58-9026-5aa431549303
    Bridge "br0"
        Port "br0"
            Interface "br0"
                type: internal
        Port "a6662c07e6944_1"
            Interface "a6662c07e6944_1"
    Bridge br-sdn
        Port "63dad137f5f4_1"
            Interface "63dad137f5f4_1"
        Port "c6c6beffeebf4_1"
            Interface "c6c6beffeebf4_1"
    Port br-sdn
        Interface br-sdn
            type: internal
```

```
Bridge br-traffic
    Port "ens10"
        Interface "ens10"
    Port br-traffic
        Interface br-traffic
            type: internal
    Port "2662d94ab5384_1"
        Interface "2662d94ab5384_1"
    Port "ab1a8567f6c14_1"
        Interface "ab1a8567f6c14_1"
    Bridge br-conn
        Port br-conn
            Interface br-conn
                type: internal
        Port "90abef82e90e4_1"
            Interface "90abef82e90e4_1"
        Port "2f4b82f11c6e4_1"
            Interface "2f4b82f11c6e4_1"
    ovs_version: "2.3.1"
```

## 2. Bridge configurations

```
khir@eneto-compute-PowerEdge-R430:~$ virsh net-dumpxml virbr1
<network connections='3'>
  <name>virbr1</name>
  <uuid>7ccc2ac5-56c5-460c-9aab-60127c34b67b</uuid>
  <bridge name='virbr1' stp='on' delay='0' />
  <mac address='44:34:00:34:34:34' />
  <ip address='192.168.29.7' netmask='255.255.255.0'>
    <dhcp>
      <range start='192.168.29.8' end='192.168.29.254' />
    </dhcp>
  </ip>
</network>
```

```
khir@eneto-compute-PowerEdge-R430:~$ virsh net-dumpxml virbr2
<network connections='3'>
  <name>virbr2</name>
  <uuid>7aaa2ac5-56a5-460a-9aab-60127c34b67b</uuid>
  <bridge name='virbr2' stp='on' delay='0' />
  <mac address='54:34:10:35:44:34' />
</network>
```

# Level 3: VNF Creation OVS Switch - Docker

## 1. Connectivity between SDN Controller and OVS

```
96b7266c-a535-41a1-8c45-98491245bdc6
Bridge br-data
    Controller "tcp:192.168:122.244:6653"
    Controller "tcp:192.168:122.117:6653"
    fail_mode: secure
    Port "eth2"
        Interface "eth2"
    Port "eth1"
        Interface "eth1"
    Port br-data
        Interface br-data
        type: internal
```

## 2. VNF Creation Firewall

```
/ # ovs-ofctl dump-flows -O OpenFlow13 br-data | grep table=1,
cookie=0x110, duration=61107.962s, table=1, n_packets=0, n_bytes=0, priority=151,ip,in_port=1,nw_src=192.168.29.55 actions=goto_table:2
cookie=0xd0, duration=61107.907s, table=1, n_packets=0, n_bytes=0, priority=109,arp,in_port=1,arp_spa=192.168.29.99 actions=drop
cookie=0xd1, duration=61107.899s, table=1, n_packets=0, n_bytes=0, priority=110,ip,in_port=1,nw_src=192.168.29.99 actions=drop
cookie=0x115, duration=61107.868s, table=1, n_packets=0, n_bytes=0, priority=10,ip,in_port=1,nw_src=192.168.29.68 actions=goto_table:2
cookie=0x116, duration=61107.861s, table=1, n_packets=0, n_bytes=0, priority=10,ip,in_port=1,nw_src=192.168.122.38 actions=goto_table:2
cookie=0x11a, duration=60560.695s, table=1, n_packets=0, n_bytes=0, priority=153,arp,in_port=1,arp_spa=192.168.29.55 actions=goto_table:2
cookie=0xcd, duration=61107.982s, table=1, n_packets=3, n_bytes=306, priority=114,ip,in_port=2,nw_dst=192.168.29.68 actions=goto_table:5
cookie=0xd6, duration=61107.975s, table=1, n_packets=4, n_bytes=240, priority=115,arp,in_port=2,arp_tpa=192.168.29.68 actions=goto_table:5
cookie=0x10f, duration=61107.969s, table=1, n_packets=0, n_bytes=0, priority=150,ip,in_port=1,nw_dst=192.168.29.55 actions=goto_table:2
cookie=0xf5, duration=61107.937s, table=1, n_packets=0, n_bytes=0, priority=144,ip,in_port=2,nw_dst=192.168.122.38 actions=output:1
cookie=0xf4, duration=61107.930s, table=1, n_packets=0, n_bytes=0, priority=145,arp,in_port=2,arp_tpa=192.168.122.38 actions=output:1
cookie=0xce, duration=61107.922s, table=1, n_packets=0, n_bytes=0, priority=107,arp,in_port=1,arp_tpa=192.168.29.99 actions=drop
cookie=0xcf, duration=61107.914s, table=1, n_packets=0, n_bytes=0, priority=108,ip,in_port=1,nw_dst=192.168.29.99 actions=drop
cookie=0xce, duration=61107.876s, table=1, n_packets=0, n_bytes=0, priority=130,ip,in_port=1,nw_dst=4.4.4.4 actions=drop
cookie=0x119, duration=60561.357s, table=1, n_packets=6, n_bytes=252, priority=152,arp,in_port=1,arp_tpa=192.168.29.55 actions=goto_table:2
cookie=0xcc, duration=61107.999s, table=1, n_packets=7, n_bytes=294, priority=113,arp,in_port=1,arp_tpa=192.168.29.0/24 actions=goto_table:5
cookie=0xd7, duration=61107.991s, table=1, n_packets=3, n_bytes=294, priority=116,ip,in_port=1,nw_dst=192.168.29.0/24 actions=goto_table:5
cookie=0xf4, duration=61107.950s, table=1, n_packets=0, n_bytes=0, priority=143,arp,in_port=1,arp_tpa=192.168.122.0/24 actions=output:2
cookie=0xf5, duration=61107.943s, table=1, n_packets=0, n_bytes=0, priority=146,ip,in_port=1,nw_dst=192.168.122.0/24 actions=output:2
cookie=0xde, duration=61107.891s, table=1, n_packets=0, n_bytes=0, priority=112,tcp,in_port=1,nw_dst=192.168.29.176,tp_dst=22 actions=drop
cookie=0xdf, duration=61107.884s, table=1, n_packets=0, n_bytes=0, priority=113,tcp,in_port=1,nw_dst=192.168.112.99,tp_dst=80 actions=drop
cookie=0x111, duration=61107.957s, table=1, n_packets=5397, n_bytes=1121566, priority=21 actions=goto_table:2
```

## 3. VNF Creation QoS

```
/ # ovs-ofctl dump-flows -O OpenFlow13 br-data | grep table=2,
cookie=0x174, duration=61526.234s, table=2, n_packets=0, n_bytes=0, priority=251,ip,in_port=1,nw_src=192.168.29.55 actions=set_queue:3,output:1
cookie=0x179, duration=61526.226s, table=2, n_packets=0, n_bytes=0, priority=200,ip,in_port=1,nw_src=192.168.29.68 actions=set_queue:2,output:2
cookie=0x17a, duration=61526.218s, table=2, n_packets=0, n_bytes=0, priority=200,ip,in_port=1,nw_src=192.168.122.38 actions=set_queue:2,output:2
cookie=0x17e, duration=60958.910s, table=2, n_packets=0, n_bytes=0, priority=251,arp,in_port=1,arp_spa=192.168.29.55 actions=set_queue:3,output:1
cookie=0x173, duration=61526.241s, table=2, n_packets=0, n_bytes=0, priority=250,ip,in_port=1,nw_dst=192.168.29.55 actions=set_queue:3,output:2
cookie=0x17d, duration=60945.626s, table=2, n_packets=6, n_bytes=252, priority=250,arp,in_port=1,arp_tpa=192.168.29.55 actions=set_queue:3,output:2
/ #
```

# Level 3: VNF Creation OVS Switch - Docker

## 4. VNF Creation VLAN

```
/ # ovs-ofctl dump-flows -O OpenFlow13 br-data | grep table=5,  
cookie=0x21d, duration=61628.199s, table=5, n_packets=10, n_bytes=588, priority=501,in_port=1,vlan_tci=0x0000/0x1fff actions=push_vlan:0x8100,set_field:4116->vlan_vid,output:2  
cookie=0x21f, duration=61627.251s, table=5, n_packets=7, n_bytes=546, priority=503,in_port=2,d1_vlan=20 actions=pop_vlan,output:1
```

## 5. VNF Creation L2

```
/ # ovs-ofctl dump-flows -O OpenFlow13 br-data  
cookie=0xcc, duration=86029.594s, table=0, n_packets=114, n_bytes=6580, priority=103,in_port=eth1 actions=output:eth3  
cookie=0xce, duration=86028.968s, table=0, n_packets=45, n_bytes=3542, priority=105,in_port=eth3 actions=output:eth1
```

## 6. VNF Creation ARP

```
/ # ovs-ofctl dump-flows -O OpenFlow13 br-data | grep arp  
cookie=0xc8, duration=17.905s, table=0, n_packets=0, n_bytes=0, priority=200,arp,in_port=2 actions=CONTROLLER:6653
```

## 7. VNF Creation DNS

```
/ # ovs-ofctl dump-flows -O OpenFlow13 br-data | grep udp  
cookie=0xc9, duration=62.639s, table=0, n_packets=0, n_bytes=0, priority=201,udp,in_port=2,tp_dst=53 actions=CONTROLLER:6653
```

# Level 3: Performance Results- Docker

## 1. Intra-domain reachability

```
[root@host1 ~]# ping -I 192.168.29.68 192.168.29.176
PING 192.168.29.176 (192.168.29.176) from 192.168.29.68 : 56(84) bytes of data.
64 bytes from 192.168.29.176: icmp_seq=1 ttl=64 time=12.6 ms
64 bytes from 192.168.29.176: icmp_seq=2 ttl=64 time=1.45 ms
64 bytes from 192.168.29.176: icmp_seq=3 ttl=64 time=1.17 ms
64 bytes from 192.168.29.176: icmp_seq=4 ttl=64 time=0.961 ms
64 bytes from 192.168.29.176: icmp_seq=5 ttl=64 time=1.17 ms
64 bytes from 192.168.29.176: icmp_seq=6 ttl=64 time=23.4 ms
64 bytes from 192.168.29.176: icmp_seq=7 ttl=64 time=1.14 ms
64 bytes from 192.168.29.176: icmp_seq=8 ttl=64 time=1.19 ms
64 bytes from 192.168.29.176: icmp_seq=9 ttl=64 time=0.953 ms
64 bytes from 192.168.29.176: icmp_seq=10 ttl=64 time=3.84 ms
64 bytes from 192.168.29.176: icmp_seq=11 ttl=64 time=1.13 ms
^C
--- 192.168.29.176 ping statistics ---
11 packets transmitted, 11 received, 0% packet loss, time 10016ms
rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 0.953/4.468/23.468/6.853 ms
```

## 2. SSH blocked by firewall

```
[root@host1 ~]# ssh root@192.168.29.176 -I 192.168.29.68
ssh: connect to host 192.168.29.176 port 22: Connection timed out
```

```
[root@host1 ~]# ssh root@192.168.29.176
ssh: connect to host 192.168.29.176 port 22: Invalid argument
[root@host1 ~]#
```

## 3. Reachability blocked by firewall rule

```
[root@host1 ~]# ping -I 192.168.29.68 192.168.29.99
PING 192.168.29.99 (192.168.29.99) from 192.168.29.68 : 56(84) bytes of data.
From 192.168.29.68 icmp_seq=1 Destination Host Unreachable
From 192.168.29.68 icmp_seq=2 Destination Host Unreachable
From 192.168.29.68 icmp_seq=3 Destination Host Unreachable
From 192.168.29.68 icmp_seq=4 Destination Host Unreachable
From 192.168.29.68 icmp_seq=5 Destination Host Unreachable
From 192.168.29.68 icmp_seq=6 Destination Host Unreachable
From 192.168.29.68 icmp_seq=7 Destination Host Unreachable
From 192.168.29.68 icmp_seq=8 Destination Host Unreachable
^C
--- 192.168.29.99 ping statistics ---
10 packets transmitted, 0 received, +8 errors, 100% packet loss, time 9001ms
ping 4
```

## 4. VLAN creation

```
/ # ovs-ofctl dump-flows br-data -O OpenFlow13 | grep table=5
cookie=0x21d, duration=59.101s, table=5, n_packets=20, n_bytes=1728, priority=501,in_port=1,vlan_tci=0x0000/0x1fff actions=push_vlan:2
cookie=0x21f, duration=58.428s, table=5, n_packets=18, n_bytes=1626, priority=503,in_port=2,d1_vlan=20 actions=pop_vlan,output:1
/ #
```