PVS by Example¹

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The Prototype Verification System (PVS)

PVS consists of a specification language to write formal models of

- system requirements (internal and external),
- ▶ functional algorithms

and a (highly automated) interactive theorem prover to verify that these models are *correct*.

To have in mind:

All models are wrong; the practical question is how wrong they have to be to not be useful²

²G. Box and N. Draper, Empirical Model Building and Response Surfaces, 1987.

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PVS in a Nutshell

- ► PVS³ is developed by SRI International with the support of the Formal Methods Team at NASA's Langley Research Center
- Strongly typed specification language based on classical higher-order logic
- ► Extensible theorem prover with built-in decision procedures and soundness-preserving strategy language
- Modern graphical development interface⁴ based on Microsoft Visual Studio Code
- ▶ De-facto library⁵ consisting of 53 libraries and about 30K formally proven lemmas
- ▶ Batch proving and animation capabilities

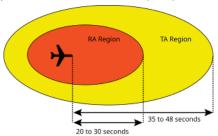
³http://pvs.csl.sri.com

⁴https://shemesh.larc.nasa.gov/fm/VSCode-PVS

⁵https://shemesh.larc.nasa.gov/fm/pvs/PVS-library

Traffic Alert and Collision Avoidance System (TCAS)

- ► Family of of airborne systems designed to reduce the risk of mid-air collisions between *cooperative* aircraft.
- Mandated in the US for aircraft with greater than 30 seats or a maximum takeoff weight greater than 33,000 pounds.
- ► Current version, TCAS II V7.1, provides⁶:
 - ► Traffic Alerts (TAs).
 - (Vertical) Resolution Advisories (RAs).



⁶Graphics released under Creative Commons License (https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Traffic_collision_avoidance_system)

TCAS Alerting Logic

- ► TCAS alerting logic is pairwise, i.e., it provides alerting information for one aircraft (the ownship) against a traffic aircraft (the intruder).
- ► TCAS logic uses 3-dimensional tracking of aircraft position and velocity.
- TCAS logic predicts aircraft trajectories using a linear projection of current aircraft position and velocity.
- Predicted trajectories are checked against time and distance thresholds, whose values depend on sensitivity level.

TCAS 2D Core Alerting Logic

(Simplified 2D version of the logic!)

A Traffic Alert (TA) is issued in the ownship aircraft, with respect to an intruder aircraft, when

- ► The range between the two aircraft is below DMOD threshold for ownship sensitivity level **or**
- Aircraft are converging and time Tau between the two aircraft is below TAU threshold for ownship sensitivity level.⁷

Henceforth, it will be assumed that both aircraft have the same sensitivity level.

⁷Tau is related to the time to closest point approach (TCPA).

Range, Closure Rate, and au

- ▶ Range (r): Horizontal distance between 2 aircraft.
- ▶ Closure rate $(-\dot{r})$: Negative of range rate.
- ▶ Tau (τ) : Range over closure rate

$$\tau \equiv -\frac{r}{\dot{r}}$$

Aircraft State Information

2D Euclidean Airspace

- $ightharpoonup {f s}_o, {f v}_o$: Ownship's current position and velocity (2D Vectors).
- $ightharpoonup \mathbf{s}_i, \mathbf{v}_i$: Intruder's current position and velocity (2D Vectors).
- ▶ It is convenient to express aircraft states in a relative coordinate system where the intruder is fixed at the center:

$$s = s_o - s_i$$

$$v = v_o - v_i$$

$$\begin{split} r(\mathbf{s}) &\equiv \|\mathbf{s}\|, \\ \dot{r}(\mathbf{s}, \mathbf{v}) &\equiv \frac{\mathbf{s} \cdot \mathbf{v}}{\|\mathbf{s}\|} \\ \text{converging?}(\mathbf{s}, \mathbf{v}) &\equiv \mathbf{s} \cdot \mathbf{v} < 0 \\ \tau(\mathbf{s}, \mathbf{v}) &\equiv -\frac{\mathbf{s}^2}{\mathbf{s} \cdot \mathbf{v}} \end{split}$$

...in PVS

```
TCAS_tau : THEORY
BEGIN
  IMPORTING vectors@vectors_2D
  % s is a 2D relative position
  % v is a 2D relative velocity
  s.v: VAR Vect2
  range(s) : nnreal = norm(s)
  closure_rate(nzs:Nz_vect2,v): real =
    -(nzs*v)/norm(nzs)
END TCAS_tau
```

...in PVS

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    -(nzs*v)/norm(nzs)
END TCAS_tau
```

```
converging?(s)(v) :bool =
  s*v < 0
% nzv is a non-zero 2D vector
nzs : VAR Nz_vect2
converging_closure_rate : LEMMA
  closure_rate(nzs,v) > 0 IFF converging?(nzs)(v)
```

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    closure_rate(nzs,v) > 0 IFF converging?(nzs)(v)
% - converging_closure_rate : PROOF
%|- (then (skeep)
% - (spread (grind) ((grind-reals) (grind-reals))))
% |- QED converging_closure_rate
```

```
% Time tau is only defined when aircraft are converging
tau(s:Vect2,v:(converging?(s))) : nnreal =
   -sqv(s)/(s*v)
```

► Type Correctness Conditions:

```
tau_TCC1: OBLIGATION
  FORALL (s: Vect2, v: (converging?(s))):
        (s*v) /= 0;

tau_TCC2: OBLIGATION
  FORALL (s: Vect2, v: (converging?(s))):
        -sqv(s)/(s*v) >= 0;
```

TCAS Tau is range over closure rate

```
tau_def : LEMMA
  converging?(s)(v) IMPLIES
  tau(s,v) = range(s)/closure_rate(s,v)
```

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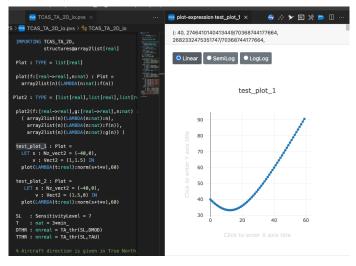
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TCAS Tau is range over closure rate
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Range as a Function of Time

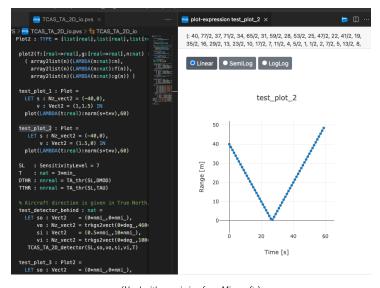
Let \mathbf{s} and \mathbf{v} be initial position and constant velocity:

$$t\mapsto \|\mathbf{s}+t*\mathbf{v}\|.$$



(Used with permission from Microsoft.)

Derivative of Range May Not Exist!



(Used with permission from Microsoft.)

```
RangeDomain(nzs,v) : TYPE =
  \{t:real \mid det(nzs,v) = 0 \mid MPLIES \mid t*sqv(v) /= -nzs*v\}
range_deriv_domain : LEMMA
  deriv_domain?[RangeDomain(nzs,v)]
AUTO_REWRITE+ range_deriv_domain
range_at(nzs,v)(t:RangeDomain(nzs, v)) : nnreal =
  range(nzs+t*v)
derivable_range_at : JUDGEMENT
  range_at(nzs,v) HAS_TYPE
    (differentiable?[RangeDomain(nzs, v)])
```

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  range_at(nzs,v) HAS_TYPE
    (differentiable?[RangeDomain(nzs, v)])
```

Derivatives

```
% - derivable_range_at : PROOF
%|- (then (skeep) (rewrite "range_at_eq")
%|= (derivable :use "sq_range_at")
% - (hide 2) (skeep :preds? t) (assert))
% |- QED derivable_range_at
  derivative_range_at : LEMMA
    deriv[RangeDomain(nzs,v)](range_at(nzs,v)) =
    LAMBDA(t:RangeDomain(nzs,v)):(nzs*v+t*sqv(v))/norm(nzs+t*v)
% - derivative_range_at : PROOF
%|- (then (skeep) (rewrite "range_at_eq")
%|- (spread (deriv :use "sq_range_at")
% - ((then (expand "sq_range_at" 1)(expand "norm" 1)(propax))
% - (then (hide -)(skeep)(lemma "range_domain_pos")(inst?)
%|- (expand "norm") (assert)))))
% |- QED derivative_range_at
```

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  derivative_range_at : LEMMA
    deriv[RangeDomain(nzs,v)](range_at(nzs,v)) =
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%|- (expand "norm") (assert)))))
% |- QED derivative_range_at
```

Closure Rate is the Neg. Derivative of Range Over Time

```
closure_rate_def : LEMMA
    (det(nzs,v) /= 0 OR v /= zero) IMPLIES
    closure_rate(nzs,v) =
    -deriv[RangeDomain(nzs,v)](range_at(nzs,v))(0)

%|- closure_rate_def : PROOF
%|- (then (skeep)(rewrite "derivative_range_at")(beta)
%|- (expand "closure_rate")(assert))
%|- QED closure_rate_def
```

TCAS TA 2D Core Logic

```
TCAS_TA_2D_core[DTHR,TTHR:nnreal]: THEORY
BEGIN
  IMPORTING TCAS_tau
  TCAS_TA_2D_core(s,v:Vect2) : bool =
  LET s2 = sqv(s) IN
     s2 < sq(DTHR) OR
     (converging?(s)(v) AND s2 < -TTHR*(s*v))</pre>
  % Requirement: Both aircraft have the same TA status
  TCAS_TA_2D_core_sym : LEMMA
    FORALL (s,v:Vect2):
      TCAS_TA_2D_core(s,v) = TCAS_TA_2D_core(-s,-v)
END TCAS_TA_2D_core
```

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  IMPORTING TCAS_tau
  TCAS_TA_2D_core(s,v:Vect2) : {b : bool | b IFF
          norm(s) < DTHR OR
          (converging?(s)(v) AND tau(s,v) < TTHR)) =</pre>
   LET s2 = sqv(s) IN
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END TCAS_TA_2D_core
```

Types as Specifications

```
% Returns first time when a TA is issued up to T
% or T+1 if TA won't be issued
TCAS_TA_2D_det_rec(s,v:Vect2,T:nat)(t:upto(T+1)) :
  RECURSIVE upto(T+1) =
  IF t > T OR TCAS_TA_2D_core(s+t*v,v) THEN t
  ELSE TCAS_TA_2D_det_rec(s,v,T)(t+1)
  ENDIF
MEASURE T+1-t.
TCAS_TA_2D_detector(s,v:Vect2,T:nat): {k:upto(T+1) |
  (FORALL (i:below(k)) : NOT TCAS_TA_2D_core(s+i*v,v)) AND
               (k <= T IMPLIES TCAS_TA_2D_core(s+k*v,v))} =</pre>
  TCAS TA 2D det rec(s.v.T)(0)
```

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  (FORALL (i:below(k)) : NOT TCAS_TA_2D_core(s+i*v,v)) AND
               (k <= T IMPLIES TCAS_TA_2D_core(s+k*v,v))} =</pre>
  TCAS_TA_2D_det_rec(s,v,T)(0)
```

Sensitivity Levels and Thresholds

Ownship Altitude	SL	TAU	DMOD	ZTHR
(feet)		(sec)	(nmi)	(feet)
Below 1000	2	20	0.30	850
1000 - 2350	3	25	0.33	850
2350 - 5000	4	30	0.48	850
5000 -10000	5	40	0.75	850
10000 - 20000	6	45	1.0	850
20000 - 42000	7	48	1.3	850
Above 42000	8	48	1.3	1200

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20000 - 42000	7	48	1.3	850
Above 42000	8	48	1.3	1200

```
Units: THEORY
BEGIN
 km_ : posreal = 1000 % 1 kilometer in meters
 ft_ : posreal = 0.3048  % 1 foot in meters
 nmi_ : posreal = 1852  % 1 nautical mile in meters
 hour_ : posreal = 60*min_ % 1 hour in seconds
 knt_ : posreal = nmi_/hour_ % 1 knot in m/s
 fpm_ : posreal = ft_/min_ % 1 foot per minute in m/s
 kph_ : posreal = km_/hour_ % 1 km per hour in m/s
 . . .
 to_units(val:real,unit:posreal) : real = val/unit
 . . .
END Units
```

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 ft_ : posreal = 0.3048  % 1 foot in meters
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 ft_ : MACRO posreal = 0.3048 % 1 foot in meters
 nmi_ : MACRO posreal = 1852  % 1 nautical mile in meters
 s_ : MACRO posreal = 1 % 1 second
 hour_ : MACRO posreal = 60*min_ % 1 hour in seconds
 knt_ : MACRO posreal = nmi_/hour_ % 1 knot in m/s
 fpm_ : MACRO posreal = ft_/min_ % 1 foot per minute in m/s
 kph_ : MACRO posreal = km_/hour_ % 1 km per hour in m/s
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END Units
```

```
TCAS tables : THEORY
BEGIN
  IMPORTING Units
  SensitivityLevel : TYPE = subrange(2,8)
  sensitivity_level(alt:nnreal) : SensitivityLevel =
   TABLE
          0*ft_ <= alt AND alt < 1000*ft_ | 2 ||</pre>
       1000*ft_ <= alt AND alt < 2350*ft_ | 3 ||
       2350*ft <= alt AND alt < 5000*ft | 4 ||
       5000*ft_ <= alt AND alt < 10000*ft_ | 5 ||
     | 10000*ft_ <= alt AND alt < 20000*ft_ | 6 ||
     | 20000*ft <= alt AND alt < 42000*ft | 7 ||
     ELSE
                                            1811
```

ENDTABLE

```
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     | 0*ft_ <= alt AND alt < 1000*ft_ | 2 ||
      1000*ft_ <= alt AND alt < 2350*ft_ | 3 ||
     | 2350*ft <= alt AND alt < 5000*ft | 4 ||
       5000*ft_ <= alt AND alt < 10000*ft_ | 5 ||
     | 10000*ft_ <= alt AND alt < 20000*ft_ | 6 ||
     | 20000*ft <= alt AND alt < 42000*ft | 7 ||
     LELSE
    ENDTABLE
```

```
TCAS tables : THEORY
BEGIN
 IMPORTING Units
 SensitivityLevel : TYPE = subrange(2,8)
 sensitivity_level(alt:nnreal) : SensitivityLevel =
  TABLE
  %+----++
      0*ft_ <= alt AND alt < 1000*ft_ | 2 ||</pre>
  V+----++
   | 1000*ft <= alt AND alt < 2350*ft | 3 ||
  %+----++
   | 2350*ft <= alt AND alt < 5000*ft | 4 ||
  %+----++
    5000*ft_ <= alt AND alt < 10000*ft_ | 5 ||
  %+----++
   | 10000*ft_ <= alt AND alt < 20000*ft_ | 6 ||
  %+----++
   | 20000*ft <= alt AND alt < 42000*ft | 7 ||
  V+----++
   I ELSE
  %+----++
  ENDTABLE
```

TCAS Tables: TAU, DMOD, and ZTHR

ENDTABLE

```
ThresholdSymbol : TYPE = { TAU, DMOD, ZTHR }
TA_thr(sl:SensitivityLevel,thr:ThresholdSymbol) : nnreal =
  TABLE sl . thr
           | [ TAU | DMOD | ZTHR ] | | |
       | 2 | 20 | 0.30*nmi_ | 850*ft_ ||
       | 3 | 25 | 0.33*nmi_ | 850*ft_ ||
       | 4 | 30 | 0.48*nmi_ | 850*ft_ ||
       | 5 | 40 | 0.75*nmi_ | 850*ft_ ||
       | 6 | 45 | 1.0*nmi_ | 850*ft_ ||
       | 7 | 48 | 1.3*nmi_ | 850*ft_ ||
       | 8 | 48 | 1.3*nmi_ | 1200*ft_ ||
```

TCAS Tables: TAU, DMOD, and ZTHR

```
ThresholdSymbol : TYPE = { TAU, DMOD, ZTHR }
TA_thr(sl:SensitivityLevel,thr:ThresholdSymbol) : nnreal =
  TABLE sl . thr
           |[ TAU | DMOD | ZTHR ]| | |
       | 2 | 20 | 0.30*nmi_ | 850*ft_ ||
      | 3 | 25 | 0.33*nmi_ | 850*ft_ ||
      | 4 | 30 | 0.48*nmi_ | 850*ft_ ||
       | 5 | 40 | 0.75*nmi_ | 850*ft_ ||
       | 6 | 45 | 1.0*nmi_ | 850*ft_ ||
       | 7 | 48 | 1.3*nmi | 850*ft ||
       | 8 | 48 | 1.3*nmi_ | 1200*ft_ ||
  ENDTABLE
```

TCAS Tables: TAU, DMOD, and ZTHR

```
ThresholdSymbol : TYPE = { TAU, DMOD, ZTHR }
TA_thr(sl:SensitivityLevel,thr:ThresholdSymbol) : nnreal =
 TABLE sl .
           thr
    %--- +----++
        IF TAU | DMOD | ZTHR ]|
    %--- +----++
     | 2 | 20 | 0.30*nmi | 850*ft ||
    %--- +----++
     | 3 | 25 | 0.33*nmi_ | 850*ft_ ||
    %--- +----++
     | 4 | 30 | 0.48*nmi_ | 850*ft_ ||
    %--- +----++
     | 5 | 40 | 0.75*nmi_ | 850*ft_ ||
    %--- +----++
     | 6 | 45 | 1.0*nmi | 850*ft ||
    %--- +----++
     | 7 | 48 | 1.3*nmi | 850*ft ||
    %--- +----++
     | 8 | 48 | 1.3*nmi | 1200*ft ||
    %--- +----++
  ENDTABLE
```

TCAS Tables: Type Correctness Conditions

```
% Disjointness TCC generated (at line 10, column 4) for
   % TABLE
   % %-----++
   \% | 0 * 0.3048 <= alt AND alt < 1000 * 0.3048 | 2 ||
   % ENDTABLE
 % proved - complete
sensitivity_level_TCC1: OBLIGATION
 FORALL (alt: nnreal):
       NOT ((0*0.3048 \le alt AND alt < 1000*0.3048) AND
            1000*0.3048 <= alt AND alt < 2350*0.3048) ...
% Coverage TCC generated (at line 34, column 5) for
   % TABLE sl, thr
   % %+----++
   % | TAU | DMOD | ZTHR ] |
   % ENDTABLE
 % proved - complete
TA thr TCC1: OBLIGATION
 FORALL (sl: SensitivityLevel):
      sl=2 OR sl=3 OR sl=4 OR sl=5 OR sl=6 OR sl=7 OR sl=8:
```

A Maneuver Guidance Algorithm

```
TCAS_TA_2D: THEORY
REGIN
 IMPORTING TCAS TA 2D core, TCAS tables, aviation@track
 sl
     : VAR SensitivitvLevel
 so,si : VAR Vect2 % 2D ownship's and intruder's position
 vo,vi : VAR Nz_vect2 % 2D ownship's and intruder's velocity
 T · VAR nat
 gso : VAR posreal
 TCAS TA 2D detector(sl.so.vo.si.vi.T) : upto(T+1) =
   LET DTHR = TA thr(sl,DMOD).
        TTHR = TA_thr(s1,TAU) IN
   TCAS TA 2D detector[DTHR.TTHR](so-si,vo-vi,T)
 % Returns a list of degrees that issues a TA alert
 TCAS TA bands rec(sl.so.gso.si.vi.T)(trk:upto(360)) : RECURSIVE list[below(360)] =
   LET vo = trkgs2vect(trk*deg_,gso) IN
     IF trk = 360 THEN null
     ELSIF TCAS_TA_2D_detector(sl,so,vo,si,vi,T) <= T THEN
       cons(trk,TCAS_TA_bands_rec(sl,so,gso,si,vi,T)(trk+1))
     ELSE TCAS_TA_bands_rec(sl,so,gso,si,vi,T)(trk+1)
     ENDIF
 MEASURE 360-trk
 TCAS TA 2D bands(sl.so.vo.si.vi.T) : list[below(360)] =
   TCAS_TA_bands_rec(sl,so,norm(vo),si,vi,T)(0)
END TCAS TA 2D
```

Animation of Functional Specifications . . .

```
TCAS TA 2D io : THEORY
BEGIN
   SL : SensitivityLevel = 7
   T : nat = 3*min_
   DTHR : nnreal = TA_thr(SL,DMOD)
   TTHR : nnreal = TA thr(SL.TAU)
   % Aircraft direction is given in True North, clockwise convention
   test_detector_behind : nat =
     LET so : Vect2 = (0*nmi .0*nmi).
         vo : Nz_vect2 = trkgs2vect(0*deg_,460*knt_),
         si : Vect2 = (0.5*nmi_,10*nmi_),
         vi : Nz_vect2 = trkgs2vect(0*deg_,100*knt_) IN
      TCAS TA 2D detector(SL.so.vo.si.vi.T)
   test detector headon : nat =
     LET so : Vect2 = (0*nmi_,0*nmi_),
         vo : Nz_vect2 = trkgs2vect(0*deg_,460*knt_),
         si : Vect2 = (0*nmi_,10*nmi_),
         vi : Nz_vect2 = trkgs2vect(180*deg_,100*knt_) IN
       TCAS_TA_2D_detector(SL,so,vo,si,vi,T)
END TCAS TA 2D io
```

...in PVSio

```
<PVSio> test_detector_behind;
==>
53
<PVSio> test_detector_headon;
==>
17
```

Programming in PVSio with I/O

```
main : void =
 LET sox = query_real("Enter ownship's WE position [nmi]:"),
      soy = query_real("Enter ownship's SN position [nmi]:"),
      trko = query_real("Enter ownship's ground track [deg]:"),
      gso = query_real("Enter ownship's ground speed [knt]:"),
      six = query_real("Enter intruder's WE position [nmi]:"),
       siy = query_real("Enter intruder's SN position [nmi]:"),
      trki = query_real("Enter intruder's ground track [deg]:"),
      gsi = query_real("Enter intruder's ground speed [knot]:") IN
  IF gso <= 0 OR gsi <= 0 THEN
   printf("Ground speeds must be strictly positive!")
  ELSE
   LET so : Vect2 = (sox*nmi_,soy*nmi_),
       vo : Nz_vect2 = trkgs2vect(trko*deg_,gso*knt_),
        si : Vect2 = (six*nmi_,siy*nmi_),
       vi : Nz_vect2 = trkgs2vect(trki*deg_,gsi*knt_) IN
   printf("TCAS TAs: ~{~a [deg]~^, ~}",
          {|TCAS_TA_2D_bands(SL,so,vo,si,vi,T)|})
  ENDIF
```

```
$ pvsio @TCAS_TA_2D_io:
```

```
$ pvsio @TCAS_TA_2D_io:
Enter ownship's WE position [nmi]:
```

```
$ pvsio @TCAS_TA_2D_io:
Enter ownship's WE position [nmi]:
Enter ownship's SN position [nmi]:
```

```
$ pvsio @TCAS_TA_2D_io:
Enter ownship's WE position [nmi]:
Enter ownship's SN position [nmi]:
0
Enter ownship's ground track [deg]:
```

```
$ pvsio @TCAS_TA_2D_io:
Enter ownship's WE position [nmi]:
Enter ownship's SN position [nmi]:
0
Enter ownship's ground track [deg]:
Enter ownship's ground speed [knt]:
```

```
$ pvsio @TCAS_TA_2D_io:
Enter ownship's WE position [nmi]:
Enter ownship's SN position [nmi]:
0
Enter ownship's ground track [deg]:
Enter ownship's ground speed [knt]:
300
Enter intruder's WE position [nmi]:
```

```
$ pvsio @TCAS_TA_2D_io:
Enter ownship's WE position [nmi]:
Enter ownship's SN position [nmi]:
0
Enter ownship's ground track [deg]:
Enter ownship's ground speed [knt]:
300
Enter intruder's WE position [nmi]:
10
Enter intruder's SN position [nmi]:
```

```
$ pvsio @TCAS_TA_2D_io:
Enter ownship's WE position [nmi]:
Enter ownship's SN position [nmi]:
0
Enter ownship's ground track [deg]:
Enter ownship's ground speed [knt]:
300
Enter intruder's WE position [nmi]:
10
Enter intruder's SN position [nmi]:
10
Enter intruder's ground track [deg]:
```

```
$ pvsio @TCAS TA 2D io:
Enter ownship's WE position [nmi]:
Enter ownship's SN position [nmi]:
0
Enter ownship's ground track [deg]:
Enter ownship's ground speed [knt]:
300
Enter intruder's WE position [nmi]:
10
Enter intruder's SN position [nmi]:
10
Enter intruder's ground track [deg]:
180
Enter intruder's ground speed [knot]:
```

```
$ pvsio @TCAS TA 2D io:
Enter ownship's WE position [nmi]:
Enter ownship's SN position [nmi]:
0
Enter ownship's ground track [deg]:
Enter ownship's ground speed [knt]:
300
Enter intruder's WE position [nmi]:
10
Enter intruder's SN position [nmi]:
10
Enter intruder's ground track [deg]:
180
Enter intruder's ground speed [knot]:
300
TCAS TAs: 62 [deg], 63 [deg], 64 [deg], 65 [deg], 66 [deg], 67 [deg],
68 [deg], 69 [deg], 70 [deg], 71 [deg], 72 [deg], 73 [deg], 74 [deg],
75 [deg], 76 [deg], 77 [deg], 78 [deg], 79 [deg], 80 [deg], 81 [deg],
82 [deg], 83 [deg], 84 [deg], 85 [deg], 86 [deg], 87 [deg], 88 [deg],
89 [deg], 90 [deg], 91 [deg], 92 [deg], 93 [deg], 94 [deg], 95 [deg],
96 [deg], 97 [deg], 98 [deg], 99 [deg], 100 [deg], 101 [deg], 102 [deg],
103 [deg], 104 [deg], 105 [deg], 106 [deg], 107 [deg], 108 [deg]
```

Finally

END top

```
$ proveit -a
Processing TutorialPVS.
Writing output to file ./TutorialPVS.summary
Grand Totals: 45 proofs, 45 attempted, 45 succeeded (46.75 s)
```

Finally

END top

```
$ proveit -a
Processing TutorialPVS.
Writing output to file ./TutorialPVS.summary
Grand Totals: 45 proofs, 45 attempted, 45 succeeded (46.75 s)
```

Finally

top: THEORY

```
BEGIN
  IMPORTING TCAS_tau,
                         % Definition of tau and TCPA
           TCAS_TA_2D_core, % 2-D core traffic alerting logic
                     % Unit conversion functions
           Units,
           TCAS_tables, % TCAS threshold tables
           TCAS_TA_2D, % TCAS TA 2-D logic
           TCAS TA 2D io
END top
$ proveit -a
Processing TutorialPVS.
Writing output to file ./TutorialPVS.summary
Grand Totals: 45 proofs, 45 attempted, 45 succeeded (46.75 s)
```

To Know More

- ► PVS: https://pvs.csl.sri.com
- VSCode-PVS: https://shemesh.larc.nasa.gov/fm/VSCode-PVS
- ▶ PVS @ NASA: https://shemesh.larc.nasa.gov/fm/pvs
- ► NASALib: https://shemesh.larc.nasa.gov/fm/pvs/PVS-library
- Formalization of Detect and Avoid: https://shemesh.larc.nasa.gov/fm/DAIDALUS