Lab 3 – Functions and Control Structures

Reference: Chapter 2 of the "PHP Programming with MySQL" textbook.

PHP Control Structures: http://www.php.net/manual/en/language.control-structures.php
http://www.php.net/manual/en/functions.user-defined.php

Aims:

• To be able to use various control structures and develop your own functions.

Getting Started:

Create a new folder 'lab03' under the unit folder on the mercury server ~/cos30020/www/htdocs folder on mercury.

Save today's work in this lab03 folder.

You could also create and link an external stylesheet, to the pages, and this should be valid CSS3.

Task 1: Using if and while statements (9 marks)

Step 1:

Create a file **mathfunctions.php** to contain a function called factorial that accepts a positive integer and returns its factorial value. A factorial of a non-negative integer n, denoted by n!, is the product of all positive integers less than or equal to n. For example,

Step 2:

Create a file **factorial.php** that will include the file **mathfunctions.php** in order to access the defined functions in the file. It should also receive an input from **factorialform.php** from Step 3 via GET method, and check if the input is a positive integer then output its factorial value. Otherwise, it should generate an appropriate error message.

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<head>
<meta http-equiv="content-type" content="text/html; charset=utf-8" />
<meta name="description" content="Web Application Development :: Lab 1" />
<meta name="keywords" content="Web, programming" />
<title>Using if and while statements</title>
</head>
<body>
<?php
  include ("mathfunctions.php");
<h1>Web Programming - Lab 3</h1>
  if (isset ($ GET["
                            "])) { // check if form data exists
                          <u>"]</u>;
    num = GET["
                                     // obtain the form data
```

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```
if (_________) { // check if $num is a positive number
    if ($num == round ($num)) { // check if $num is an integer
        echo "", $num, "! is ", factorial ($num), ".";
    } else { // number is not an integer
        echo "Please enter an integer.";
    }
} else { // number is not positive
    echo "Please enter a positive integer. ";
}
else { // no input
    echo "Please enter a positive integer.";
}
?>
</body>
</html>
```

Step 3:

Create a file **factorialform.php** that contains a form with a single text box that allows a user to enter a number, and submit it to **factorial.php**.

Test in the browser.

Task 2: Using if statement (3 marks)

Step 1:

Create a file **leapyear.php** with a script that tests if a variable value is a number, and if it is a leap year, and prints a message stating whether the year is a *standard year* or a *leap year*.

If the numerical value for a year is divisible by 4, it is a leap year. However, if the year is also divisible by 100 it is not a leap year, unless the year is also divisible by 400, in which case it is a leap year.

Test in the browser.

Step 2:

Create a file **leapyearform.php** that contains a form with a single text box that allows a user to enter a year, and submit it to **leapyear.php**.

Change **leapyear.php** to receive the year entered and determine if it is a leap year.

Test in the browser, and check that the pages are valid.

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Step 3:

Modify the script in **leapyear.php** to contain a function **is_leapyear** that accepts a single parameter representing the year. The function returns true if the year is a leap year otherwise false.

Test in the browser.

Task 3: Implementing loop statements (3 marks)

Step 1:

Create another file **primenumber.php** with a script that determines whether a number between 1 and 999, is a prime number and displays the result with an echo statement.

A prime number is a number that can only be divided by itself or by one. Examples of prime numbers include 1, 3, 5, 7, 13, and 17. You need to use a looping statement to test all division possibilities.

View in the browser.



Step 2:

Create a file **primenumberform.php** that contains a form with a single text box in which users can enter a number, and submit it to **primenumber.php**.

Change **primenumber**. php to receive the number entered and determine if it is a prime number.

Test in the browser.

Step 3:

Modify the script in **primenumber.php** to contain a function **is_prime** that accepts a single integer parameter and returns **true** it is a prime number otherwise **false**.

Test in the browser.

Extra Challenge:

Save a copy of leapyear.php as leapyear selfcall.php.

Copy the form from leapyearform.php into leapyear_selfcall.php and change the form action to leapyear_selfcall.php and test.

To improve the user interface, check **if** no form input has been entered, using **isset** function, so that a check and display is only made when a value is submitted. http://php.net/manual/en/function.isset.php



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