```
import numpy as np
Declaring matrices
mx1 = np.array([[5, 10], [15, 20]])
mx2 = np.array([[25, 30], [35, 40]])
print("Matrix1 =\n",mx1)
print("\nMatrix2 =\n",mx2)
     Matrix1 =
      [[ 5 10]
[15 20]]
     Matrix2 =
      [[25 30]
      [35 40]]
Addition using Numpy methods
                                                             + Code -
                                                                        + Text
print ("\nAddition of two matrices: ")
print (np.add(mx1,mx2))
     Addition of two matrices:
     [[30 40]
      [50 60]]
Subtraction using Numpy methods
print ("\nSubtraction of two matrices: ")
print (np.subtract(mx1,mx2))
     Subtraction of two matrices:
     [[-20 -20]
      [-20 -20]]
Division using Numpy methods
print ("\nMatrix Division: ")
print (np.divide(mx1,mx2))
     Matrix Division:
     [[0.2
                0.33333333]
      [0.42857143 0.5
Multiplication using Numpy methods
print ("\nMultiplication of two matrices: ")
print (np.multiply(mx1,mx2))
     Multiplication of two matrices:
     [[125 300]
      [525 800]]
Optimized methods of multiplication
mx1 @ mx2
     array([[ 475, 550],
[1075, 1250]])
np.matmul (mx1, mx2)
     array([[ 475, 550],
[1075, 1250]])
np.dot (mx1, mx2)
```

```
array([[ 475, 550],
[1075, 1250]])
```

## Summation of Matrix

```
mx = np.array([[5, 10], [15, 20]])
print("Matrix =\n",mx)
print ("\nThe summation of elements=")
print (np.sum(mx))
print ("\nThe column wise summation=")
print (np.sum(mx,axis=0))
print ("\nThe row wise summation=")
print (np.sum(mx,axis=1))
     Matrix =
     [[ 5 10]
      [15 20]]
     The summation of elements=
     The column wise summation=
     [20 30]
     The row wise summation=
     [15 35]
```

## Transpose of Matrix

```
mx = np.array([[5, 10], [15, 20]])
print("Matrix =\n",mx)

print ("\nThe Transpose =")
print (mx.T)

   Matrix =
      [[ 5 10]
      [15 20]]

   The Transpose =
      [[ 5 15]
      [10 20]]
```

## Numpy method is also available

## ✓ Inverse of a matrix