

According to the total number of deaths, the top three global causes of mortality are related to three major categories: respiratory, cardiovascular (heart disease, stroke) (chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, lower respiratory infections). Cardiovascular diseases are the leading cause of deaths globally

The second greatest cause of death worldwide is cancer. On the other hand, because to advancements in cancer detection, treatment, and prevention, survival rates are rising for many cancer types. Any of the several illnesses characterised by the growth of aberrant cells that divide out of control and have the capacity to invade and destroy healthy bodily tissue are referred to as cancers. The propensity of cancer to spread throughout your body is common.

The fight against infectious disease is progressing globally. As a result, non-communicable diseases are claiming more lives. % people are dying are almost 70 years and above.

Leading factors for premature deaths are due to high blood pressure, smoking, alcohol consumption etc.

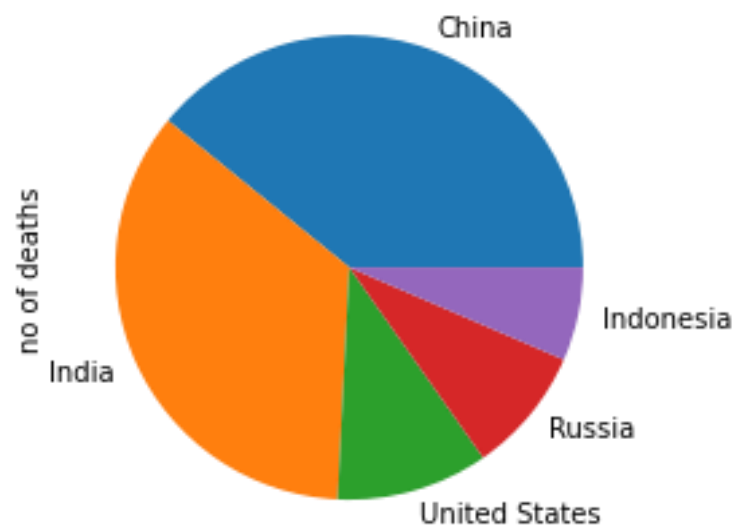
communicable diseases are: Nutritional Deficiencies, Malaria, Maternal Disorders, HIV/AIDS, Drug use disorders, Tuberculosis.

Non communicable are: Meningitis, Alzheimer's Disease and Other Dementias, Parkinson's Disease, Cardiovascular Diseases, Lower Respiratory Infections, Diabetes Mellitus, , Chronic Kidney Disease, Chronic Respiratory Diseases, Cirrhosis and Other Chronic Liver Diseases, *Digestive Diseases*, Acute Hepatitis.

Injuries- Drowning, Interpersonal Violence, , Fire, Heat, and Hot Substances, Road Injuries, Poisonings, Conflict and Terrorism, Self-harm, Exposure to Forces of Nature, Environmental Heat and Cold Exposure, , Protein-Energy Malnutrition.

1. Meningitis is an inflammation of the fluid and membranes (meninges) surrounding your brain and spinal cord.

- 2.** Alzheimer's disease is a degenerative brain disease and the most common form of dementia.
- 3.** Parkinson's disease is a progressive disorder that affects the nervous system and the parts of the body controlled by the nerves
- 4.** Cardiovascular diseases (CVDs) affect your heart and blood vessels.
- 5.** Respiratory tract infections (RTIs) are any infection of the sinuses, throat, airways or lungs
- 6.** Diabetes mellitus refers to a group of diseases that affect how the body uses blood sugar (glucose)
- 7.** Chronic kidney disease, also called chronic kidney failure, involves a gradual loss of kidney function. Your kidneys filter wastes and excess fluids from your blood
- 8.** Chronic respiratory diseases (CRDs) affect the airways and other structures of the lungs.
- 9.** Cirrhosis is when scar tissue replaces healthy liver tissue.
- 10.** Digestive system disease - symptoms may include abdominal pain, diarrhoea, nausea, vomiting, change in bowel habits, weight loss, loss of appetite.
- 11.** Acute Hepatitis – acute inflammation of liver.



India and china has highest records of death. And in year 2020.