

Course Overview M1: Credit Risk and Financing M2: Return and Volatility M3: Correlation

25/01 560 FINANCIAL MARKETS

M4: Leverage and Nonlinearity

M5: Liquidity and Regulation

M6: Model Failure and Crises

LESSON 1: THE BALANCE SHEET: LEVERAGE AND DEFAULT O Required Readings O Lesson Notes

LESSON 2: DEBT AND EQUITY FINANCING: HOUSING DEVELOPMENT EXAMPLE

FM Forum M6

O Required Readings O Lesson Notes

O Required Readings O Lesson Notes MODULE 6 SUMMARY O Model Failure and Crises Screencast

O FM Practice Quiz M6

O FM Graded Quiz M6

LESSON 3: THE HOUSING FINANCE PROBLEM AND ITS SOLUTIONS O Required Readings O Lesson Notes

LESSON 4: MORE THAN ONE WAY TO PICK A STOCK

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My Courses 🗸

Grades Calendar

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QUESTIONS

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FM Graded Quiz M6

Question 1	What factor might contribute to the increasing time needed to afford an
	apartment in many countries?
	Increased government subsidies for housing
	Declining interest in homeownership
	Rising property values outpacing wage growth
	O Decreasing population growth
Question 2	What is the equity multiplier for a company with total assets of €1,000,000 and liability of €800,000?
	⑤ 5x
	① 1.2x
	800x
	○ 0.2x
Question 3	According "Mortgage-Default Research and the Recent Foreclosure Crisis. how do two-period models address the limitations of both the FOM and the double-trigger model?
	They assume all borrowers have the same discount rate
	They limit unsecured borrowing opportunities and show how liquidity constraints affect the valuation of future house-price gains
	They allow for unlimited borrowing at the riskless rate
	They ignore the impact of negative equity on default decisions
Question 4	According to "What Is Statistical Arbitrage?", what is the primary advantage of the authors' proposed classification system for statistical
	arbitrage strategies?
	It allows for flexibility in measuring risk and return while maintaining a common framework for comparing different strategies
	It eliminates the need for further research into statistical arbitrage methods
	It provides a definitive list of all possible statistical arbitrage strategies
	It guarantees the profitability of strategies that fit within the classification
Question 5	How does traditional mortgage underwriting potentially fail to assess credit risk for those with informal employment?
	It may not accurately capture irregular income patterns It overestimates the stability of informal employment.
	It accuracy informal amplement always leads to default
	It apply considers formal employment always leads to default
	It only considers formal employment as valid

If a stock's current price is \$60 its price 30 days ago was \$55 and its price $60\ davs$ ago was \$50 what is the difference between its 30-dav and 60-dav

	○ \$10
	○ \$0
	© \$15
	♦ \$5
Question 7	According to "Landlords Are Not Developers (and Vice Versa).", what complex relationship does the article reveal between housing scarcity and
	different real estate market participants?
	O Developers always benefit the most from housing scarcity
	O Housing scarcity has no impact on real estate market dynamics
	O Scarcity uniformly benefits all real estate market participants
	While scarcity benefits property owners and landlords, it can be detrimental to developers, especially small-scale ones
Question 8	If a bank has total assets of €1 billion, deposits of €700 million, and borrowings of €200 million, what is its equity?
	○ €300 million
	○ €0
	○ €900 million
	● €100 million
	It does not consider credit scores in default predictions
	It implies equal likelihood of default for borrowers with vastly different levels of negative equity or income loss It fails to account for positive equity scenarios It overestimates the impact of idioeynoratic shocks on default
	levels of negative equity or income loss
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Question 12	If a company's market price per share is \$80 and its book value per share is \$40 what is its P/B ratio?		
	O 0.5		
	O 120		
	O 1.5		
Question 13	How does selling equity in a real estate development company affect profit distribution?		
	It increases profits for existing shareholders		
	It eliminates the need for profit distribution		
	It has no effect on profit distribution		
	It means sharing profits with additional parties		
Question 14	Calculate the home equity for a house worth €300,000 with a mortgage balance of €250,000 and a home equity loan of €30,000.		
	● €20,000		
	○ -€ 30,000		
	○ € 50,000		
	○ €0		
Question 15	According to "Finance, Banking, and Money", why did banks in the early 19th century United States typically maintain higher reserve ratios than modern banks?		
	To maximize profits from lending		
	Limited borrowing options higher risk of runs and competitive		
	pressures from rival banks		
	Due to a surplus of gold and silver coins		
	Government regulations mandated higher reserve ratios		
Question 16	How does the concept of market efficiency challenge the effectiveness of technical analysis?		
	It shows that maybate are completely and distribute		
	It shows that markets are completely predictable		
	It proves that technical analysis is always superior to fundamental analysis		
	It suggests that past price information is already reflected in current prices making pattern recognition less useful		
	It demonstrates that only insider information can provide an edge in trading		

SUBMIT



