

# Assignment 4

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## Set Up & Introduction

### The Data

- For this assignment, I will be analyzing data from the barroso2021 data set. This data set is from the psymetadata package, and it observes the relationship between math achievement and math anxiety (<https://psycnet.apa.org/record/2020-80018-001>)
- These Variables Will Be The Focus of This Assignment:
  - Grade: participants included were in grades 1 through 6
  - Math Ability: categorized by low or not low
  - Effect Size: where the absolute value was calculated, so values range from 0 (no effect) to 1 (strongest possible effect)

### Sample Size By Grade

Grade 5 has the biggest sample, as well as students for both high and low math ability conditions. Grade 6 has the lowest sample size, which likely explains the lack of samples for students with low math abilities. The absence/presence of low math ability students in the other grades is not well understood at this time. This will likely play a role in observations of effect size.

```
## # A tibble: 6 x 2
##   grade     n
##   <int> <int>
## 1     1     68
## 2     2     89
## 3     3    116
## 4     4     99
```

```
## 5      5    355
## 6      6     20
```

Note: only groups 2 and 5 have students in the low math ability condition

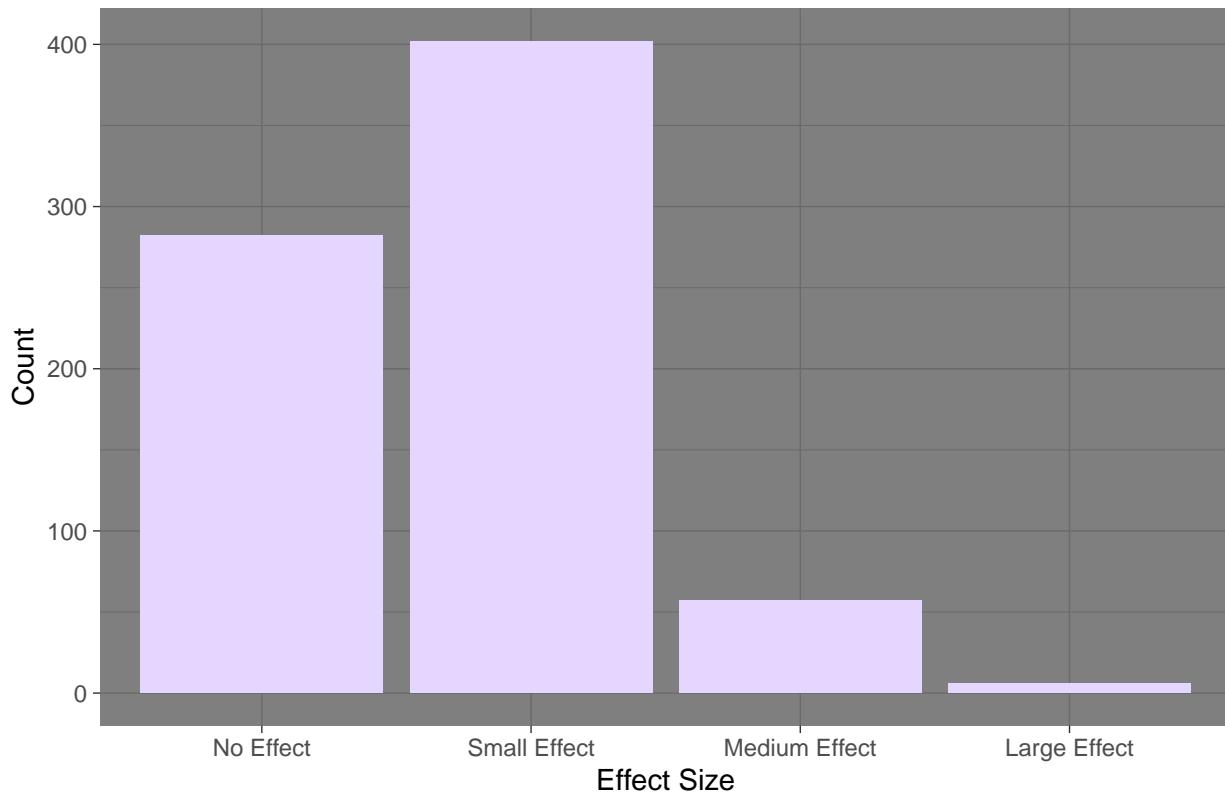
## Range of Effect Size Values

Effect sizes are organized on a scale from “no effect” to “large effect”:

- No effect: 0.0 until 0.2
- Small effect: 0.2 until 0.5
- Medium effect: 0.5 until 0.8
- Large effect: 0.8 and above

## Effect Size Distribution

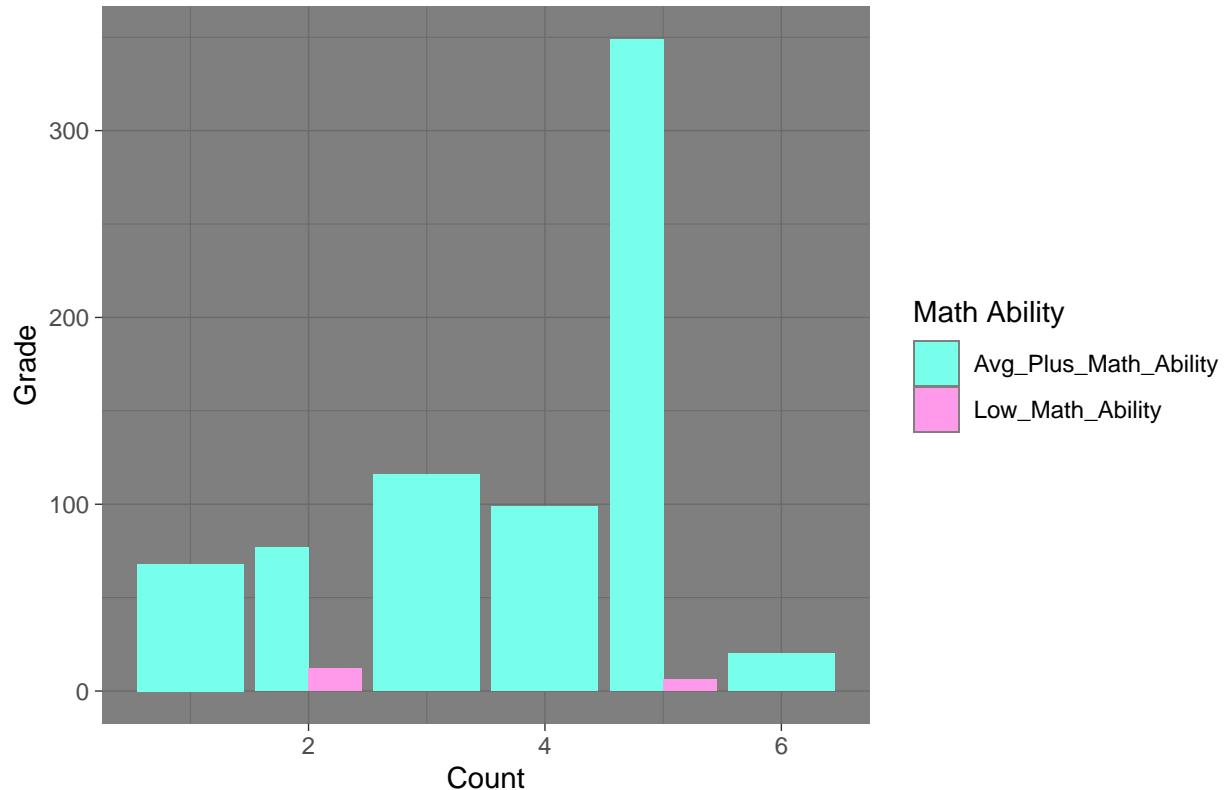
Range of Effect Sizes



## Visualizations & Analysis

### Sample Size - Grouped by Grade and Math Ability

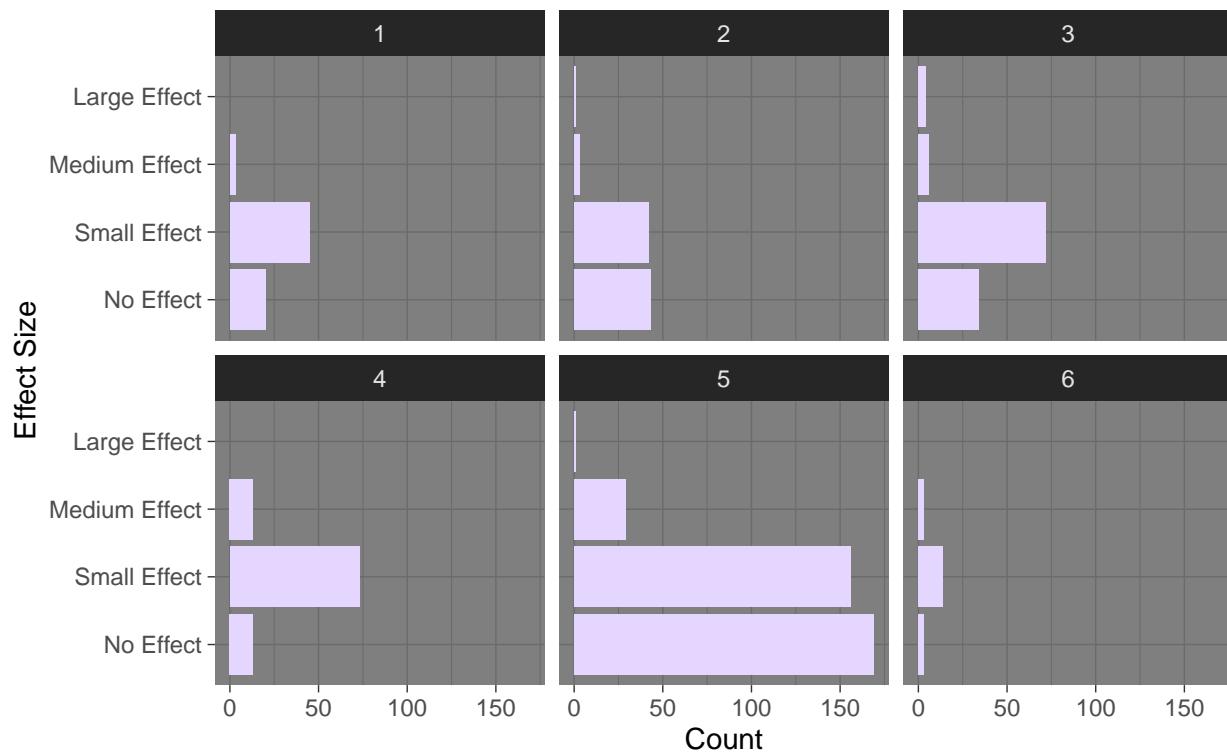
Distribution of Sample Sizes Per Grade and Math Ability Level



## Effect Size Distributed By Grade

### Effect Size Distributions

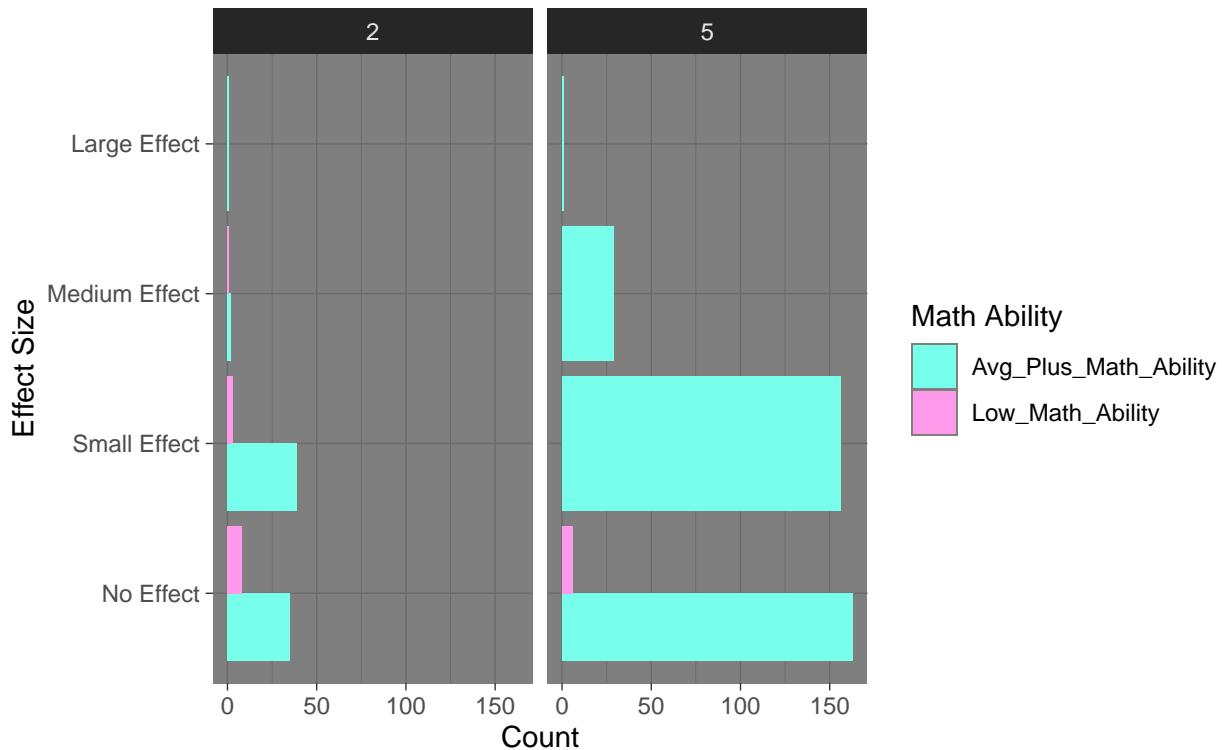
For Each Grade (1 – 6)



## Low vs Other Math Ability - Grades 2 and 5

### Effect Size Distributions

For low vs average math abilities, grades 2 and 6



## Conclusion

There is a significantly smaller effect size for low math ability participants compared to average-above average students. This is likely impacted by the small sample sizes in these conditions. There is a less obvious (but still important) difference in effect sizes for each grade. Grade 5 has the highest number of scores for each effect size condition except "large effect". This is likely due to its significantly higher sample size than that of the other grades.