Shiping Yang

Actively seeking a PhD position for the 2024 fall

EDUCATION

Beijing University of Posts and Telecommunications

Master of Engineering in Computer technology, GPA:3.81/4.0

09/2022 - Present

Beijing, China

Beijing Language and Culture University

Beijing, China

 $Bachelor\ of\ Engineering\ in\ Computer\ Science,\ GPA: 3.36/4.0$

09/2018 - 06/2022

• Awards:

The 1st Prize winner (provincial level) in "Contemporary Undergraduate Mathematical Contest in Modeling" The Second Prize winner (national level) in "Chinese Undergraduate Computer Design Contest"

PUBLICATION

A New Benchmark and Reverse Validation Method for Passage-level Hallucination Detection EMNLP2023

Shiping Yang, Renliang Sun, Xiaojun Wan

Findings

Multi-level Contrastive Learning for Scripts-based Character Understanding EMNLP2023

A New Dataset and Empirical Study for Sentence Simplification in Chinese

ACL2023

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Fine-grained Contrastive Learning for Definition Generation

 $Hengyuan\ Zhang,\ Dawei\ Li,\ \underline{\textbf{Shiping}\ \textbf{Yang}},\ Yanran\ Li$

Dawei Li, Hengyuan Zhang, Yanran Li, Shiping Yang

AACL2022
Oral

Main

EXPERIENCE

Peking University Beijing

Research Intern 10/2022 - 08/2023

• Conducted research on **Text Simplification**

• Conducted research on Hallucination of Large Language Models

Algorithm R&D Department of Tomorrow Advancing Life

Beijing 06/2022 - 10/2022

Natural Language Processing Engineering Intern

• Worked on Reverse Dictionary in Chinese and deployed it online to serve customers

- Worked on teverse Dictionary in Chinics and deployed it chinic to serve customers
- Participated in the "The fourth NiuTrans Cup humor computing" competition and won the First Prize

Beijing Advanced Innovation Center for Language Resources

 ${f Beijing}$

Research Intern

11/2021 - 05/2022

- Conducted research on Hard-Constrained Text Generation
- Developed a website using **Vue** and **Tornado** to demonstrate the effect of models

RESEARCH

A New Benchmark and Reverse Validation Method for Passage-level Hallucination Detection

♣ PDF

- We design a two-stage annotation process and **entity select strategy** to create a high-quality and **challenging benchmark** named PHD for the evaluation of **passage-level hallucination detection**.
- We propose a **self-check method** based on reverse validation to detect passage-level hallucinations, which can be used in **black-box models** and **zero-resource fashion**.
- We implement **two variants** of our method on ChatGPT and **Llama-2-7b-chat-hf**, evaluating them on two datasets. The experimental results demonstrate that the proposed method outperforms existing methods by **a large margin**.

Multi-level Contrastive Learning for Scripts-based Character Understanding

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- We highlight the challenge of script-based character understanding from the perspective of text length and text type and propose a multi-level contrastive learning framework to address them.
- We introduce summary-conversation contrastive learning to help models understand the fine-grained information at the in-sample level, and design cross-sample contrastive learning to capture the global dependency at the cross-sample level.

• We empirically evaluate the proposed method on three character understanding sub-tasks. The experimental results demonstrate that our method is **effective** and **compatible** with previous SOTA models.

A New Dataset and Empirical Study for Sentence Simplification in Chinese

♣ PDF

- We create a high-quality dataset named CSS for the evaluation of Chinese SS models to facilitate research on Chinese sentence simplification.
- We conduct **data analysis** to compare the characteristics of CSS with English datasets, pointing out the difference between Chinese and English sentence simplification tasks.
- We exploit **transfer learning** and **unsupervised learning** to train Chinese SS models in low-resource scenarios and explore whether **LLMs** can serve as high-quality Chinese sentence simplification systems by evaluating them on CSS.

Fine-grained Contrastive Learning for Definition Generation

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- We point out the **under-specific problem** in the definitions generated by the current SOTA pre-trained encoder-decoder models and analyzed the reasons for that phenomenon.
- We propose a novel **fine-grained contrastive learning method** to align the representation of the word and definitions, encouraging the model to capture more detailed semantic components of the target word.
- We apply our method to a **T5 backbone** and conduct experiments on three popular datasets. The results demonstrate that the proposed method could generate more specific and high-quality definitions compared with several SOTA models.

PROJECTS

Reverse Dictionary in Chinese

07/2022 - 10/2022

- We explore both **classification and generation methods** for the reverse dictionary task. Furthermore, we construct a private validation dataset using company data to choose models.
- We replicate the method proposed by «BERT for Monolingual and Cross-Lingual Reverse Dictionary» and improve its performance by **injecting external knowledge**.
- We **retrieve similar samples** from training data to augment user input, **bridging the gap** between user input and training data.

CCL2022 Evaluation Task — The fourth NiuTrans Cup humor computing

07/2022 - 09/2022

- This evaluation task is divided into two tracks: **humor recognition** and **humor response generation** in dialogue scenarios. We rank top at both tracks and win the **First Prize** finally.
- For humor recognition, we explore sentence-based text classification, **dialogue modeling**, and **prompt-based** text classification. We conduct experiments using various **BERT variants** and apply a range of **tricks**. Then, we ensemble heterogeneous models through a **stacking** approach to further improve the performance.
- For humor response generation, we design a **sliding window strategy** to perform **data augmentation** and conduct experiments on GPT2 and T5. Furthermore, we utilize the humor recognition model to **select humorous response** from sampled results.

Hard-Constrained Text Generation with Controllable Word Complexity (Thesis)

03/2022 - 05/2022

- We introduce hard-constrained text generation and style transfer to the field of international Chinese language education, generating example sentences based on user-entered keywords with controllable word complexity.
- We employ the T5 model to generate example sentences in a fill-in-the-blank way, ensuring that the generated sentences include all the keywords.
- We propose an **unsupervised method** to mine training data automatically from corpus. And we train the model using **prompt tuning** instead of standard fine-tuning to achieve style transfer at a **lower cost**.

SERVICES

Reviewer: Serve as a Reviewer for ACL ARR

Secondary Reviewer: Serve as a Secondary Reviewer for ACL2023 and EMNLP2023

PRESENTATION

EMNLP2023: Attend EMNLP2023 to present my work A New Benchmark and Reverse Validation Method for Passage-level Hallucination Detection in person as a poster format