```
-- This works well to load .sql from the command line
mysql -u root -p <re_number_mysql_book.sql strings</pre>
load data local infile '/home/tony/Desktop/2013Mini.csv' into table
Reading Table FIELDS TERMINATED BY ',' ENCLOSED BY '"' LINES TERMINATED BY
'\n';
LOAD DATA LOCAL INFILE '/tmp/abc.csv or .txt' INTO TABLE abc
LOAD DATA LOCAL INFILE "text.txt" INTO TABLE mytable;
LOAD DATA INFILE 'data.txt' INTO TABLE db2.my table;
alter table images rename column img to Ordered_Images;
LOAD DATA LOCAL INFILE
'/Users/jasonmayberry/Desktop/MySQL/Tool_for_creating_this_book/Ordered_Image
s.txt' INTO TABLE strings.images;
-- ERROR 1148 (42000): The used command is not allowed with this MySQL
version
-- You can specify that as an additional option when setting up your client
connection:
-- mysql--local-infile=1 -u myuser -p somedatabase
LOAD DATA INFILE
'/Users/jasonmayberry/Desktop/MySQL/Tool_for_creating_this_book/Ordered_Image
s.txt' INTO TABLE images;
-- mysql> LOAD DATA INFILE
'/Users/jasonmayberry/Desktop/MySQL/Tool_for_creating_this_book/Ordered_Image
s.txt' INTO TABLE images;
-- ERROR 1290 (HY000): The MySQL server is running with the
--secure-file-priv option so it cannot execute this statement
SHOW VARIABLES LIKE "secure_file_priv";
and:
SELECT @@GLOBAL.secure_file_priv;
-- Ubuntu 16.04 (EASY): Find out where you are allowed to write
-- mysql> SELECT @@GLOBAL.secure_file_priv;
-- +-----+
-- | @@GLOBAL.secure_file_priv |
-- +-----+
-- | /var/lib/mysql-files/
-- +-----+
-- 1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

```
-- Then, just write there
-- mysql> SELECT * FROM train INTO OUTFILE '/var/lib/mysql-files/test.csv'
FIELDS TERMINATED BY ',';
-- Query OK, 992931 rows affected (1.65 sec)
I finally got this to work:
-- MacBook-Pro:~ jasonmayberry$ mysql --local-infile=1 -u root -p
-- Enter password:
-- Welcome to the MySQL monitor. Commands end with ; or \g.
-- Your MySQL connection id is 12
-- Server version: 8.0.12 MySQL Community Server - GPL
-- Copyright (c) 2000, 2018, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights
reserved.
-- Oracle is a registered trademark of Oracle Corporation and/or its
-- affiliates. Other names may be trademarks of their respective
-- owners.
-- Type 'help;' or '\h' for help. Type '\c' to clear the current input
statement.
-- mysql> LOAD DATA LOCAL INFILE
'/Users/jasonmayberry/Desktop/MySQL/Tool_for_creating_this_book/Ordered_Image
s.txt' INTO TABLE strings.images;
-- ERROR 1148 (42000): The used command is not allowed with this MySQL
version
-- mysql> show global variables like "local_infile";
-- +-----+
-- | Variable_name | Value |
-- +-----+
-- | local_infile | OFF
-- +-----+
-- 1 row in set (0.00 sec)
-- mysql> set global local_infile=ON ;
-- Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)
```

```
-- mysql> show global variables like "local infile";
-- +-----+
-- | Variable_name | Value |
-- +-----+
-- | local infile | ON
-- +-----+
-- 1 row in set (0.00 sec)
-- mysql> LOAD DATA LOCAL INFILE
'/Users/jasonmayberry/Desktop/MySQL/Tool_for_creating_this_book/Ordered_Image
s.txt' INTO TABLE strings.images;
-- Query OK, 1540 rows affected (0.18 sec)
-- Records: 1540 Deleted: 0 Skipped: 0 Warnings: 0
-- mysql>
Moving ON
SELECT * FROM images LIMIT 10 INTO OUTFILE
'/Users/jasonmayberry/Desktop/foobar.txt';
-- ERROR 1290 (HY000): The MySQL server is running with the
--secure-file-priv option so it cannot execute this statement
-- mysql> SELECT @@GLOBAL.secure_file_priv;
-- +-----+
-- | @@GLOBAL.secure_file_priv
-- +-----+
-- | NULL
-- +-----+
-- 1 row in set (0.00 sec)
## I HAD TO COPY THE .cnf FILE THAT I CREATED IN MY HOME DIR TO /etc/ ##
The contents of ~/.my.cnf is as follows:
[mysqld_safe]
[mysqld]
| secure_file_priv="/Users/jasonmayberry/Desktop/"
-- mac OS X would not let me write to /etc/ any other way than the cp command
in terminal.
```

sudo cp ~/.my.cnf /etc/my.cnf

```
-- mysql> SELECT @@GLOBAL.secure_file_priv;
-- +-----+
-- | @@GLOBAL.secure_file_priv
-- +-----+
-- | /Users/jasonmayberry/Desktop/ |
-- +-----+
-- 1 row in set (0.00 sec)
-- mysql> select * from images limit 10 into local outfile
'/Users/jasonmayberry/Desktop/foobar.txt';
-- ERROR 1064 (42000): You have an error in your SQL syntax; check the manual
that corresponds to your MySQL server version for the right syntax to use
near 'outfile '/Users/jasonmayberry/Desktop/foobar.txt'' at line 1
-- mysql> select * from images limit 10 into outfile
'/Users/jasonmayberry/Desktop/foobar.txt';
-- ERROR 1046 (3D000): No database selected
-- mysql> use strings
-- Reading table information for completion of table and column names
-- You can turn off this feature to get a quicker startup with -A
-- Database changed
-- mysql> select * from images limit 10 into outfile
'/Users/jasonmayberry/Desktop/foobar.txt';
-- ERROR 1 (HY000): Can't create/write to file
'/Users/jasonmayberry/Desktop/foobar.txt' (OS errno 13 - Permission denied)
-- mysql>
I am not going to give my Desktop folder full Read-Write Permission!
-- at this point I added a new folder to my ~ home_folder named homework with
finder.
-- I used right click and choose "Get Info", at the bottom of the get info
dialog
-- I gave the folder full Read-Write Permission for all three categories.
-- Then I Stopped the MySQL Server!
-- I opened Terminal and ran:
MacBook-Pro:~ jasonmayberry$ open -t .my.cnf
```

```
-- My file opened in the default text editor. Then I changed it as follows:
Contents of ~/.my.cnf was changed to:
[mysqld_safe]
[mysqld]
| secure_file_priv="/Users/jasonmayberry/homework/" |
-- mac OSX would not let me write to /etc/ any other way than the cp command
in terminal.
-- I then ran this copy command again overwriting the original:
sudo cp ~/.my.cnf /etc/my.cnf
-- after starting mysql I entered this:
-- mysql> SELECT @@GLOBAL.secure_file_priv;
-- +-----+
-- | @@GLOBAL.secure_file_priv
-- +-----+
-- | /Users/jasonmayberry/homework/ |
-- +-----+
-- 1 row in set (0.00 sec)
-- I ran my SELECT again and wala!
mysql> SELECT * FROM images LIMIT 10 INTO OUTFILE
'/Users/jasonmayberry/homework/foobar.txt';
-- Query OK, 10 rows affected (0.00 sec)
You may need to Clear Screen like this:
```

mysql> [option command L] keyboard Shortcut