

Minimal Manuals

Manual

Simple and sober manuals inspired by the OG Linux manpages.

min-manual

0.1.0

MIT

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QUICK START

```
#import "@preview/min-manual:0.1.0": manual
#show: manual.with(
  title: "Package Name",
  description: "Short description, no longer than two lines.",
  authors: "Author <mailto:author@email.com>",
  cmd: "pkg-name",
  version: "0.4.2",
  license: "MIT",
  logo: image("assets/logo.png")
)
```

DESCRIPTION

Generate modern manuals, without loosing the simplicity and looks of old manuals. This package draws inspiration from the Linux manpages, as they look in terminal emulators until today, and adapts it to the contemporary formatting possibilities.

The package is designed to universally document any type of program or code, including Typst packages and templates. It allows to create documentation separated in dedicated files or extract it from the source code itself through doc-comments.

This manual will be updated only when new versions break or modify something; otherwise, it will be valid to all newer versions starting by the one documented here.

OPTIONS

Those are the full list of options available and its default values:

```
#import "@preview/min-manual:0.1.0": manual
#show: manual.with(
  title: none,
  description: none,
  authors: none,
  package: none,
  cmd: none,
  version: none,
  license: none,
  logo: none,
  manual-author: none,
  from-comments: none,
  toc: false,
  paper: "a4",
  lang: "en",
  justify: true,
```

```
line-space: 0.65em,
par-margin: 1.2em,
margin: 1in,
font: "Arial",
font-size: 12pt
)
```

Seems like an awful lot to start with, but let's just break down all this to understand it better, shall we?

title: string content

(required)

The longer, descriptive and more readable name of what is been documented.

description: string content

A short description of what is being documented; generally two lines long or less.

authors: string array

The author or authors of what is being documented — not the manual. When more than one author, is an array of strings, in format ("NAME <URL>", "NAME <URL>"), where <URL> is optional.

package: string

Set cmd and version using Typst package notation: CMD: VERSION. Takes precedence over the cmd and version arguments, and shadows them if they are set too.

cmd: string

The command or code name used to invoke what is being documented. Set only if package argument is not used.

version: string

The version of what is being documented. Useful when different versions have different behaviors. Set only if package is not used.

license: string content

The license of what is being documented — not the manual.

logo: image

The logo image of what is being documented.

manual-author: string

The author of the manual — not what is being documented. If not set, fallback to the first (or only) one of authors.

from-comments: string

The source code from which the doc-comments will be extracted; when set, activates the doc-comments gathering and ignores the content of the current file. To obtain a external source code as string, just #read it.

toc: boolean

Defines whether the manual will have a table of contents or not.

paper: string

Defines the page paper type — and its size therefore.

lang: string

Defines the language of the text.

justify: boolean

Defines if the text will have justified aliment.

line-space: length

Defines the space between lines in the document.

par-margin: length

Defines the margin space after each paragraph. Set it the same as line-space to remove get paragraphs without additional space in between.

margin: length

Defines the document margins.

font: string array

Defines the font families used for the text: a principal font and its fallback.

font-size: length

Defines the size of the text in the document.

ARGUMENT COMMAND

```
#import "@preview/min-manual:0.1.0": arg
#arg(
   name,
   body
)
```

This command offers a convenient way to document the arguments — or parameters, or options, or whatever they are called; and even structures can be easily explained.

```
title string (required)
```

Defines the argument NAME, TYPES, and if it is REQUIRED using the following syntaxes:

```
"NAME <- TYPE | TYPE | TYPE <REQUIRED>"

"NAME -> TYPE | TYPE | TYPE"
```

The name can be ```LANG NAME``` to get syntax highlight. The <- arrow indicates that NAME receives any of the value TYPEs, and -> indicates that NAME returns one of the value TYPEs. A special nothing type is used when nothing is received and/ or returned. For optional arguments, just don't write the <REQUIRED>.

body content

A brief description of what the argument does.

EXTRACT COMMAND

Allows the extraction of code structures, usually functions, directly from the source code to illustrate and enrich the documentation examples. It works like this: it reads a source code file and seeks a specific structure within code; and when finding it, prints it in the document. It is important to note that, for this command to work, it must have access to the source code that contains the structure in question as a string, this can be done by #read the source code file.

```
#extract(
  name: none,
  rule: none,
  model: "(?s)#?let\s+<name>\((.*)\)\s*=",
  lang: "typm",
  body
)
```

name: string (required)

The name of the structure that will be extracted from the code. If more than one are found, matches the last one.

rule: string

Used only when extracting Typst functions: Determines the rule used to present the Typst functions extracted. If none, it shows the syntax #let NAME(ARGS); if "show", shows the syntax #show: NAME.with(ARGS); and if "set", shows the syntax #set NAME(ARGS).

model: string

A string containing a regex pattern, used to capture and extract the code structure; by default, captures the Typst function structure. The string can have a special <name> pattern that will be replaced by the #extract(name) argument to get the structure with this name.

lang: string

The programming language used for the syntax highlight.

```
body string (required)
```

The source code from which the structure will be extracted; usually obtained by #read the source code file.

As an example of documentation for files in other languages, to extract a Rust function called main from a file called src/lib.rs just use:

```
#extract(
  name: "main",
  model: "\s*fn\s*<name>\(.*\)",
  lang: "rust",
  read("src/lib.rs")
)
```

The #extract command is in early development and is currently an experimental feature, therefore it may or may not present errors, usability problems, and unexpected behaviors.

PACKAGE CITATION COMMANDS

```
#import "@preview/min-manual:0.1.0": univ, pip, crate, gh, pkg
#univ(name)
#pip(name)
#crate(name)
#gh(name, user)
#pkg(name, url)
```

These are small helper commands that simplifies the citation of any type of external package, crate, or library using its repository URL. The #univ command is used to Typst Universe packages, the #pip to Pip/Pypi Python modules, the #crate to Rust crates, the #gh to GitHub repositories, and #pkg to any other repositories in general.

name string (required)

The name of the package, or library, or crate, or anything else, as it appears in the package repository, e.g.: just the babel of https://ctan.org/pkg/babel.

url string (required)

Used only by #pkg: The package repository URL without package name path, e.g.: just the https://ctan.org/pkg/ of https://ctan.org/pkg/babel.

user string (required)

Used ony by #gh: The GitHub user, as it appears in GitHub repositories, e.g.: just the typst of https://github.com/typst/packages.

DOC-COMMENTS

Doc-comments provide a way to embed documentation within the code itself: they are special comments in the source code that make it possible to generate complete documentation without creating and maintaining another file just for this.

```
/// This is an inline doc-comment!
/**
 * This is a block doc-comment!
 * Use as many lines as you want.
 * The * at the start of each line is optional.
**/
```

For doc-comments to work properly, it is necessary that the programming language of the source code recognize them as mere comments — as is the case with Typst, Rust, and JavaScript, for example. The differences between comments and doccomments are minimal, making them discrete in the code:

Doc-Comments	Comments
	//
/** **/	/* */

Within these doc-comments it is possible to write Typst code, and also to use the *min-manual* commands and features without import them. If you need to perform

advanced tasks and queries from within doc-comments, all the content of the source code itself is available in #from-comments variable inside doc-comments.

The doc-commments are in early development and are currently an experimental feature, therefore it may or may not present errors, usability problems, and unexpected behaviors.

ARGUMENT COMMANDS IN DOC-COMMENTS

To better fit in the code, the #arg command can be invoked on doc-comments by using a special syntax:

```
#let function-name(
   arg-name,
   /** <- string | content | none <required>
     * This argument does something. **/
) = {...}
```

This is a very useful shorhand to write this same doc-comment:

```
/**
  * #arg("arg-name <- string | content | none <required>")[
  * This argument does something
  * ]
**/
```

Much cleaner, isn't it? To use this syntax, just follow a few rules: the doc-comment syntax must be

```
/** <- TYPES \n BODY **\
```

/// <- TYPES

And the arrow <- must always come right after the doc-comment opening, i.e., /** <- or else /// <-.

EXTRACT COMMANDS IN DOC-COMMENTS

or else

The #extract command can also be invoked in doc-comments using a special syntax:

```
/// :function-name: show `typm` "model-regex"
#let function-name(
   arg-name,
) = {...}
```

This short syntax is equivalent to this much more cumbersome doc-comment:

```
/**
  * #extract(
  * name: "function-name",
  * rule: "show",
  * lang: "typm",
  * model: "model-regex",
  * from-comments
  * )
**/
```

In this syntax, only :NAME: is mandatory, while RULE, `LANG`, and "MODEL" will fallback to the defaults when omitted.

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