# Overview of this Short Course on Statistical Computing

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#### Contents

- 1. Introduction; Reproducible Research: GitHub, Jupyter Notebooks
- 2. Classification
- 3. Clustering
- 4. Decision Trees
- 5. Principal Component Analysis

### Contents

- 1. Reproducible Research: GitHub,
- 2. Condition Number, **Jupyter Notebooks**
- 3. Linear Regression
- 4. Logistic Regression
- 5. Clustering
- 6. Support Vector Machines
- 7. Nearest Neighbors
- 8. Decision Trees
- 9. Nerual Networks
- 10. Implementing Deep Learning Models with Pytorch
- 11. Naive Bayes
- 12. Financial Asset Returns
- 13. Capital Asset Pricing Model (CAPM) linear regression, single index model
- 14. Factor Analysis
- **15.** Principal Component Analysis

## Platforms

- Reproducible Research: GitHub,
- Jupyter Notebooks

# Supervised Learning

- 1. Linear Regression
- 2. Logistic Regression
- 3. Support Vector Machines
- 4. Nearest Neighbors
- 5. Decision Trees
- 6. Nerual Networks
- 7. Implementing Deep Learning Models with Pytorch
- 8. Naive Bayes

# Unsupervised Learning

- Clustering
- Factor Analysis
- Principal Component Analysis

# Applications

- Financial Asset Returns
- Capital Asset Pricing Model (CAPM) linear regression, single index model

# Within the Supervised Learning Methods

- Regression
  - 1. Linear Regression
  - 2. Nerual Networks (can be both)

- Both
  - 1. Decision Trees
  - 2. Implementing Deep Learning Models with Pytorch

- Classification
  - 1. Logistic Regression
  - 2. Nearest Neighbors
  - 3. Support Vector Machines
  - 4. Naive Bayes

#### What could be covered?

- Exploratory data analysis
- More statistics (seeing next few slides)
- Time series (seeing on the next few slides)

#### Summary

#### 6783 What could be covered - 2

- Exploratory data analysis: Histograms and Kernel Density Estimation, Order Statistics, the Sample CDF, and Sample Quantiles, The Central Limit Theorem for Sample Quantiles, Normal Probability Plots, Half-Normal Plots, Quantile-Quantile Plots, Tests of Normality, Boxplots, Data Transformation, and Transformation Kernel Density Estimation
- Univariate distributions: Parametric Models and Parsimony, Skewness, Kurtosis, and Moments, Heavy-Tailed Distributions, Exponential and Polynomial Tails, t-Distributions, Mixture Models, Generalized Error Distributions, Likelihood Ratio Tests, AIC and BIC, Validation Data and Cross-Validation, Fitting Distributions by Maximum Likelihood, Profile Likelihood, and Robust Estimation

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#### 6783 What could be covered - 3

- Multivariate statistical distributions: Covariance and Correlation Matrices, Linear Functions of Random Variables, Two or More Linear Combinations of Random Variables, Independence and Variances of Sums, Scatterplot Matrices, The Multivariate Normal Distribution, The Multivariate t-Distribution, Elliptically Contoured Densities, The Multivariate Skewed t-Distributions, and The Fisher Information Matrix
- Copulas: definitions, special copulas, Gaussian and t-copulas, Archimedian copulas, Rank correlation

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#### Summary

#### 6783 What could be covered - 4

- **Time Series**: Time Series Data, Stationarity, White Noise, Estimation, AR(1) Processes, AR(1) Model Revisit with R, AR(p) Process (p > 1), MA(q) Process, ARMA(p, q), ARIMA(p, d, q), Forecasting, and Nonstationary Time Series
- GARCH Models and Time-Varying Volatility: Some issues in Time Series, Volatility, Modeling the Volatility, Integrated GARCH Model, Exponential GARCH Model, Forecasting Future Volatilities in EGARCH(1, 1), Likelihood Inference and Implementation, and ARMA-GARCH and ARMA-EGARCH models

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## Main messages

- Statistical computing can be reproducible
- New paradigm in data science technologies

# Thank you!

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