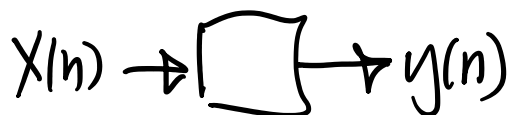


Difference Equations. (first-order.)

$$a_0 y(n) + a_1 y(n-1) = b_0 x(n) + b_1 x(n-1)$$

$n \in \mathbb{Z}$



WLOG  $a_0 = 1$

$$y(n) = b_0 x(n) + b_1 x(n-1) - a_1 y(n-1)$$

If  $x(-1) = y(-1) = 0$ , Then we can proceed.

$$H(z) = \frac{b_0 + b_1 z^{-1}}{1 + a_1 z^{-1}} \quad \text{Transfer function}$$

$$H^f(\omega) = \sum_n h(n) e^{-jn\omega} = \text{DTFT}\{h\}$$

where  $h$  is the impulse response.

$$= H(e^{j\omega}) \quad \text{uses } b_i \text{ \& } a_i.$$

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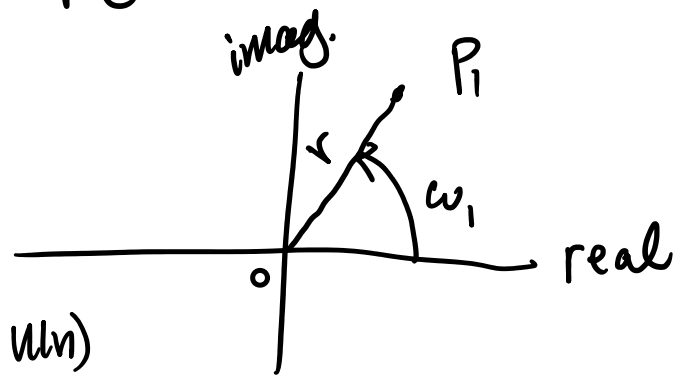
Second-order system.

$$y(n) = b_0 x(n) + b_1 x(n-1) + b_2 x(n-2) - a_1 y(n-1) - a_2 y(n-2).$$

$$H(z) = \frac{b_0 + b_1 z^{-1} + b_2 z^{-2}}{1 + a_1 z^{-1} + a_2 z^{-2}} = \frac{B(z)}{A(z)}$$

$$= \frac{b_0 z^2 + b_1 z + b_2}{z^2 + a_1 z + a_2} = \frac{b_0 (z - z_1)(z - z_2)}{(z - p_1)(z - p_2)}$$

$$p_1 = r e^{j\omega_1}, \quad p_2 = r e^{-j\omega_1}$$



$$h(n) = A_0 \delta(n) + C_1 p_1^n u(n) + C_1^* (p_1^*)^n u(n)$$

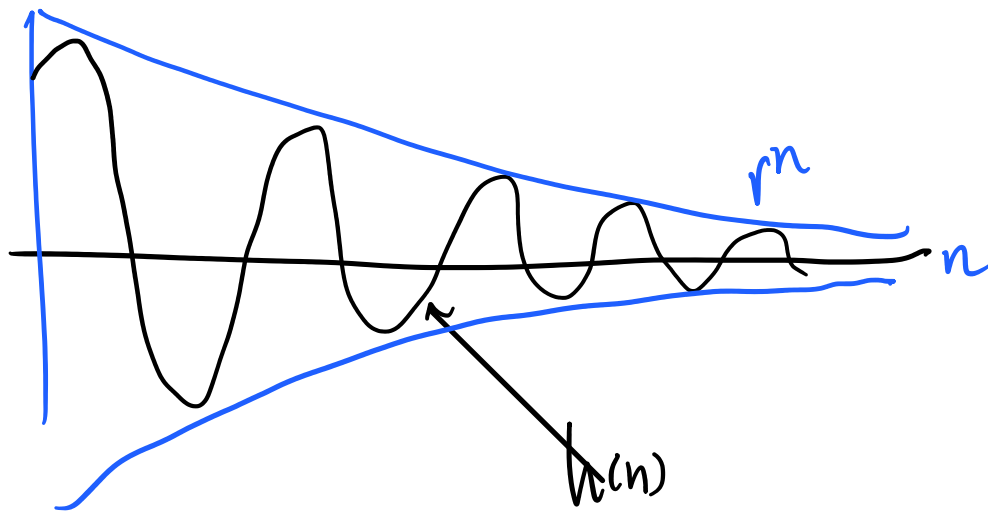
$u$  : step fun.

$C_1$  is determined via partial frac. expansion.

$$C_1 = R e^{j\theta}$$

$$\begin{aligned} h(n) &= [R e^{j\theta} (e^{j\omega_1})^n + R e^{-j\theta} (e^{-j\omega_1})^n] u(n) \\ &= R r^n [e^{j(\theta + \omega_1 n)} + e^{-j(\theta + \omega_1 n)}] u(n) \end{aligned}$$

$$= 2R r^n \cos(\omega_1 n + \theta) u(n)$$



pole radius and angle ( $\omega_1$ ) determines  
the behavior of the  
imp resp

$$H(z) = \frac{1}{1 + a_1 z^{-1} + a_2 z^{-2}} = \frac{z^2}{z^2 + a_1 z + a_2}$$

$$= \frac{z^2}{(z - re^{j\omega_1})(z - re^{-j\omega_1})} =$$

$$\rightarrow z^2 - z(re^{j\omega_1} + re^{-j\omega_1}) + r^2 e^{-j\omega_1} e^{j\omega_1}$$

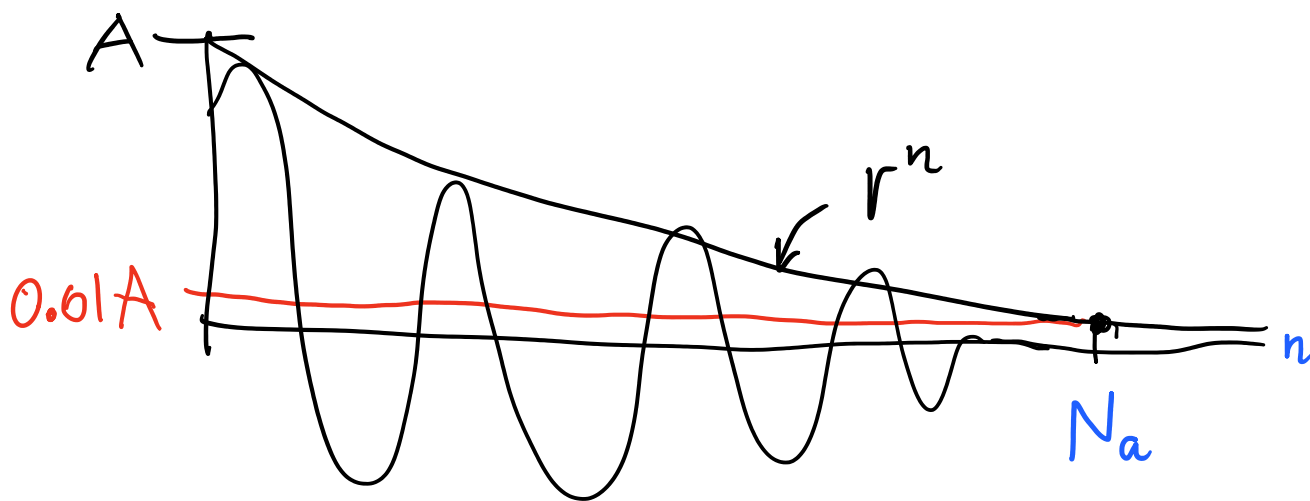
$$\rightarrow z^2 - z 2r \cos(\omega_1) + r^2$$

$$= z^2 + a_1 z + a_2$$

$$a_1 = -2r \cos(\omega_1) \quad a_2 = r^2$$

$$a = [a_0 \ a_1 \ a_2]$$

$$a = [1 \ -2r \cos(\omega_1) \ r^2]$$



Q: How to set  $r$  so that  $N_a$  has a prescribed value?

"Given  $N_a$ , how should we set  $r$ ?"

$$r^{N_a} = 0.01 \quad r = (0.01)^{1/N_a}$$

$$\log r^{N_a} = \log 0.01$$

$$N_a \log r = \log 0.01$$

$$N_a = \frac{\log 0.01}{\log r}$$