



**Palestine Technical University (Kadoorie)**  
**Faculty of Engineering and Technology**  
**Department of Computer Systems Engineering**

# **BULIDING BLOCKCHAIN USING PYTHON**



**Special Topics in Computer Systems Engineering**

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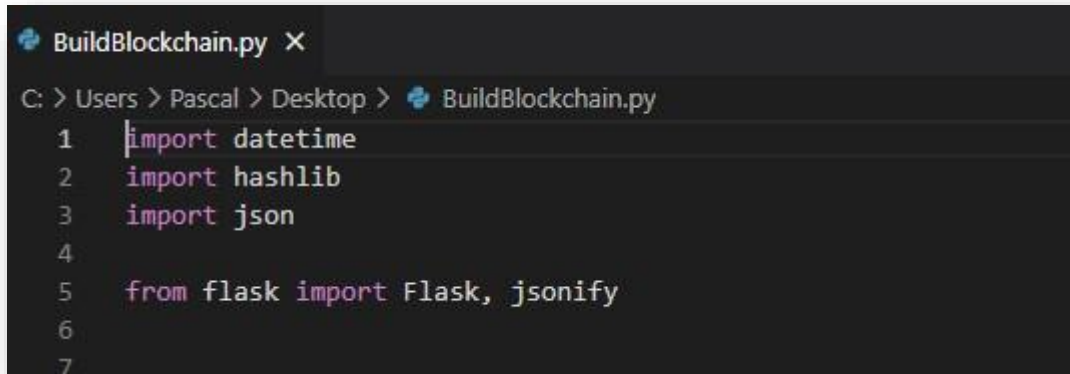
**Year: 2022-2023**

## Objective

I want to build an application that generates and simulates the operation of blockchain.

In this project I use python language to build this application.

The libraries that we need are:



```
BuildBlockchain.py X
C: > Users > Pascal > Desktop > BuildBlockchain.py
1  import datetime
2  import hashlib
3  import json
4
5  from flask import Flask, jsonify
6
7
```

Datetime --> to get the time stamp.

Hashlib --> to calculate the hash function.

Json --> saving different type of data each other.

Flask --> to make this app run by using API of flask.

## Blockchain class:-

```
8 class Blockchain:
9 > def __init__(self): #constructuor of the object ...
12
13 > def create_blockchain(self, proof, previous_hash): ...
23
24 > def get_previous_block(self): ...
27
28 > def proof_of_work(self, previous_proof): ...
44
45 > def hash(self, block): # generate a hash of block...
48
49 > def is_chain_valid(self, chain): # checking if the chain is valid...
76
77
```

The functions we have:-

1. `__init__(self)`: create list of chain object.

```
def __init__(self): #constructuor of the object
    self.chain = []
    self.create_blockchain(proof=1, previous_hash='0') #first block proof=1 & hash=0
```

2. `create_blockchain(self, proof, previous_hash)`:

In this function we will create the blockchain,

First, we build a block with index, timestamp, proof, previous\_hash.  
Then we add this block to the chain list.

```
13 def create_blockchain(self, proof, previous_hash):
14     block = {
15         'index': len(self.chain) + 1,
16         'timestamp': str(datetime.datetime.now()),
17         'proof': proof,
18         'previous_hash': previous_hash
19     }
20     self.chain.append(block) #Add an element to the block list:
21
```

3. `get_previous_block(self)`:

```
def get_previous_block(self):
    last_block = self.chain[-1]
    return last_block
```

#### 4. proof\_of\_work(self, previous\_proof):

```
def proof_of_work(self, previous_proof):
    # miners proof submitted
    new_proof = 1
    # this is the status of proof of work
    check_proof_of_work = False
    while check_proof_of_work is False:
        # this algorithm depend on the previous proof and new proof
        hash_operation = hashlib.sha256(str(new_proof ** 2 - previous_proof ** 2).encode()).hexdigest()
        # checking the solution to problem, by using proof in cryptographic encryption
        # if proof results in 4 leading zero's in the hash operation, then: it is true
        if hash_operation[:4] == '0000':
            check_proof_of_work = True
        else:
            # if solution is wrong, trying another chance until correct
            new_proof += 1
    return new_proof
```

5. hash(self, block): we can get sha256 by using the library hashlib.

```
def hash(self, block):    # generate a hash of block
    encoded_block = json.dumps(block, sort_keys=True).encode()
    return hashlib.sha256(encoded_block).hexdigest()
```

#### 6. is\_chain\_valid(self, chain): Checking in two stages:

```
def is_chain_valid(self, chain):    # checking if the chain is valid or not
    # Stage one we need to check if the current block has the same hash of the previous one
    # make the first block in the chain as the previous block
    previous_block = chain[0]
    # an index of the blocks in the chain for iteration
    block_index = 1
    while block_index < len(chain):
        # get the current block
        block = chain[block_index]
        # checking the hashes if they are equal
        if block["previous_hash"] != self.hash(previous_block):
            return False
        # Stage two checking the proof
        # get the previous proof from the previous block
        previous_proof = previous_block['proof']

        # get the current proof from the current block
        current_proof = block['proof']

        # run the proof data through the algorithm
        hash_operation = hashlib.sha256(str(current_proof ** 2 - previous_proof ** 2).encode()).hexdigest()
        # check if hash operation is invalid
        if hash_operation[:4] != '0000':
            return False
        # set the previous block to the current block after running validation on current block
        previous_block = block
        block_index += 1
    return True
```

## Flask API

Now after we build a blockchain class with the its function, we want to run it as an app on flask API:-

- First install the flask library from cmd [ pip install flask ].
- Then we want to build this app like this

```
84 @app.route('/block_mays', methods=['GET'])
85 def block_mays():
86     # get the data we need to create a block
87     previous_block = blockchain.get_previous_block()
88     previous_proof = previous_block['proof']
89     proof = blockchain.proof_of_work(previous_proof)
90     previous_hash = blockchain.hash(previous_block)
91     block = blockchain.create_blockchain(proof, previous_hash)
92     response = [
93         {'Message': 'Mays_Block!'}, {'Index' : block['index']},
94         {'Timestamp': block['timestamp']}, {'Proof': block['proof']}, {'Previous_hash': block['previous_hash']}
95     ]
96     return jsonify(response), 200
97
```

If we want to create a new block we just call method block\_mays.

Then the output will be a josnify file to show the content of block.

- To show the chain that we build, call method get\_chain, and this the implement of it

```
98 @app.route('/get_chain', methods=['GET'])
99 def get_chain():
100     response = {
101         'MaysChain': blockchain.chain,
102         'Length': len(blockchain.chain)
103     }
104     return jsonify(response), 200
```

- To run the app on free port.

```
105
106 app.run(host='0.0.0.0', port=5000)
107
```

## Run The App

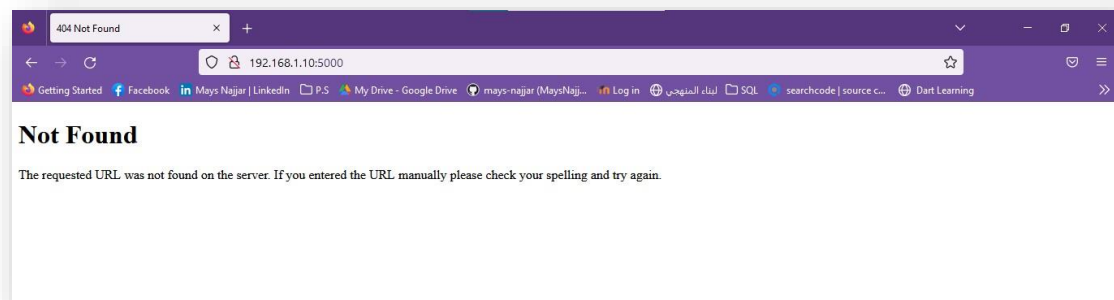
After click the run button this is the output:-

```
[Running] python -u "c:\Users\Pascal\Desktop\BuildBlockchain.py"
* Serving Flask app 'BuildBlockchain'
* Debug mode: off
WARNING: This is a development server. Do not use it in a production deployment. Use a production WSGI server instead.
* Running on all addresses (0.0.0.0)
* Running on http://127.0.0.1:5000
* Running on http://192.168.1.10:5000
Press CTRL+C to quit
```

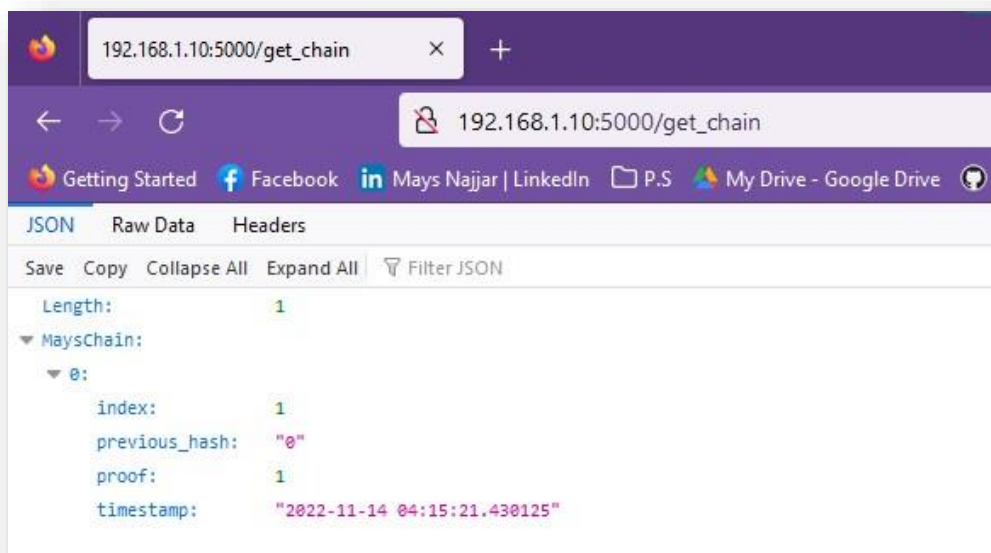
So we want to go in <http://192.168.1.10:5000>

Or <http://192.168.1.10:5000> to run our app

[hint to get better format of josnify use firefox browser

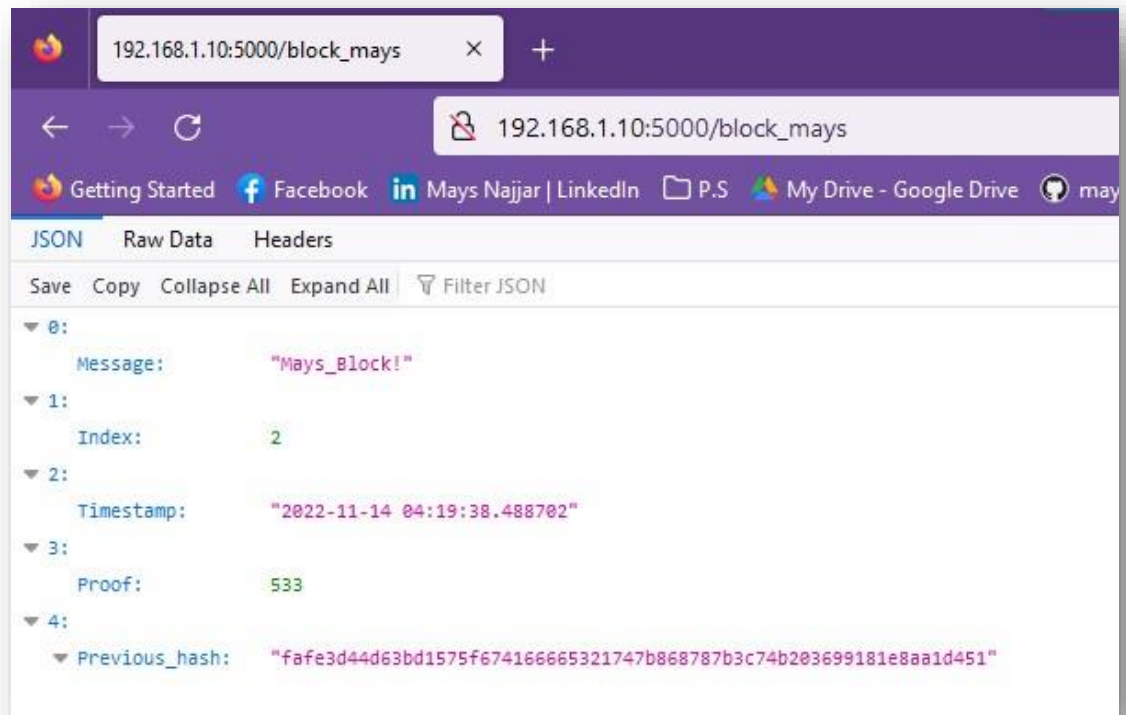


This is what we get, so we want to call method `get_chain` to show our blockchain

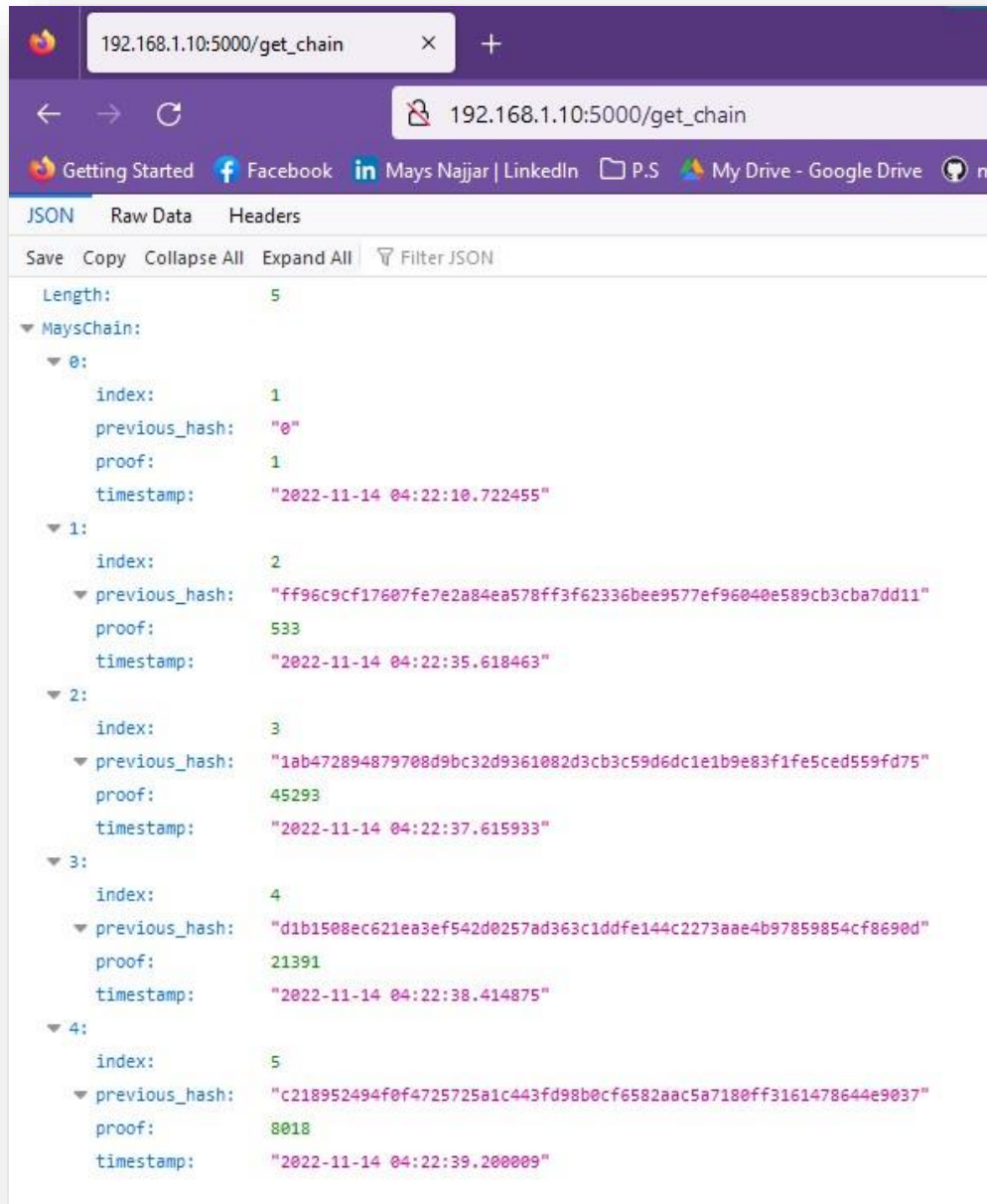




Now add a new block by calling method block\_mays.



Add another blocks to get 5 blocks, then call method get\_chain



The source code:

[https://drive.google.com/file/d/1l5HTdE\\_8NrVFKzz41VSarFOIfgRN\\_NNH5/view?usp=sharing](https://drive.google.com/file/d/1l5HTdE_8NrVFKzz41VSarFOIfgRN_NNH5/view?usp=sharing)