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Practical 06

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1.
Ι.
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
  int arr[10]; // Declare an array with 10 elements
  int min; // Variable to store the minimum value
  int i;
  // Input values to the array
  printf("Enter 10 integer values:\n");
  for (i = 0; i < 10; i++) {
    printf("Enter value %d: ", i + 1);
    scanf("%d", &arr[i]);
  }
  // Assume the first element as the minimum initially
  min = arr[0];
  // Find the minimum value in the array
  for (i = 1; i < 10; i++) {
    if (arr[i] < min) {
       min = arr[i];
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}
  // Output the minimum value
  printf("The minimum value is: %d\n", min);
  return 0;
}
II.
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
  int arr[10]; // Declare an array with 10 elements
  int max; // Variable to store the maximum value
  int i;
  // Input values to the array
  printf("Enter 10 integer values:\n");
  for (i = 0; i < 10; i++) {
    printf("Enter value %d: ", i + 1);
    scanf("%d", &arr[i]);
  // Assume the first element as the maximum initially
  max = arr[0];
  // Find the maximum value in the array
  for (i = 1; i < 10; i++) {
    if (arr[i] > max) {
       max = arr[i];
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}
  // Output the maximum value
  printf("The maximum value is: %d\n", max);
  return 0;
}
III.
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
  int arr[10]; // Declare an array with 10 elements
  int sum = 0; // Variable to store the sum of elements
  int i;
  // Input values to the array
  printf("Enter 10 integer values:\n");
  for (i = 0; i < 10; i++) {
    printf("Enter value %d: ", i + 1);
    scanf("%d", &arr[i]);
    sum += arr[i]; // Add each element to the sum
  }
  // Calculate the average value
  float average = (float)sum / 10;
  // Output the average value
  printf("The average value is: %.2f\n", average);
  return 0;
```

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}
IV.
int main() {
  int arr[10]; // Declare an array with 10 elements
  int i;
  // Input values to the array
  printf("Enter 10 integer values:\n");
  for (i = 0; i < 10; i++) {
    printf("Enter value %d: ", i + 1);
    scanf("%d", &arr[i]);
  }
  // Display the array in reverse order
  printf("The array in reverse order is: ");
  for (i = 9; i >= 0; i--) {
    printf("%d ", arr[i]);
  }
  return 0;
}
2.
• Scalar Sum
#include <stdio.h>
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int main() {
  int size1, size2;
  // Input size for the first array
  printf("Enter the size of the first array: ");
  scanf("%d", &size1);
  // Input size for the second array
  printf("Enter the size of the second array: ");
  scanf("%d", &size2);
  // Declare two arrays with the specified sizes
  int arr1[size1], arr2[size2];
  int scalarSum1 = 0, scalarSum2 = 0;
  int i;
  // Input values to the first array
  printf("Enter %d integer values for the first array:\n", size1);
  for (i = 0; i < size1; i++) {
    printf("Enter value %d: ", i + 1);
    scanf("%d", &arr1[i]);
    scalarSum1 += arr1[i]; // Add each element to the scalar sum of
the first array
  }
  // Input values to the second array
  printf("Enter %d integer values for the second array:\n", size2);
  for (i = 0; i < size2; i++) {
    printf("Enter value %d: ", i + 1);
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scanf("%d", &arr2[i]);
    scalarSum2 += arr2[i]; // Add each element to the scalar sum of
the second array
  }
  // Display the scalar sums of both arrays
  printf("Scalar Sum of the first array: %d\n", scalarSum1);
  printf("Scalar Sum of the second array: %d\n", scalarSum2);
  return 0;

    Vector Sum

#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
  int size;
  // Input size for the arrays
  printf("Enter the size of the arrays: ");
  scanf("%d", &size);
  // Declare three arrays with the specified size
  int arr1[size], arr2[size], vectorSum[size];
  int i;
  // Input values to the first array
  printf("Enter %d integer values for the first array:\n", size);
  for (i = 0; i < size; i++) {
    printf("Enter value %d: ", i + 1);
    scanf("%d", &arr1[i]);
```

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}
// Input values to the second array
printf("Enter %d integer values for the second array:\n", size);
for (i = 0; i < size; i++) {
  printf("Enter value %d: ", i + 1);
  scanf("%d", &arr2[i]);
}
// Calculate the vector sum and store in the third array
for (i = 0; i < size; i++) {
  vectorSum[i] = arr1[i] + arr2[i];
}
// Display the vector sum array
printf("Vector Sum of the arrays:\n");
for (i = 0; i < size; i++) {
  printf("%d ", vectorSum[i]);
}
return 0;
```