Given sequence $k = k_1 < k_2 < ... < k_n$ of n sorted keys, with a search probability p_i for each key k_i . Build the Binary Search Tree that has the least search cost given the access probability for each key.

```
#include <iostream>
#include <vector>
#include <climits>
using namespace std;
// Function to compute the sum of probabilities for a subarray from i to j
int sum(const vector<int>& prob, int i, int j) {
  int s = 0;
  for (int k = i; k <= j; k++) {
    s += prob[k];
  }
  return s;
}
// Function to find the minimum search cost and build the optimal BST
int optimalBST(const vector<int>& keys, const vector<int>& prob, int n) {
  // dp[i][j] will store the minimum cost for the subtree from i to j
  vector<vector<int>> dp(n, vector<int>(n, 0));
  // w[i][j] will store the sum of probabilities from i to j
  vector<vector<int>> w(n, vector<int>(n, 0));
  // Calculate the sum of probabilities for each subarray
  for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
    w[i][i] = prob[i];
    for (int j = i + 1; j < n; j++) {
       w[i][j] = w[i][j - 1] + prob[j];
    }
  }
```

```
// Fill the dp table using bottom-up dynamic programming
  for (int len = 1; len <= n; len++) {
     for (int i = 0; i \le n - len; i++) {
       int j = i + len - 1;
       if (len == 1) {
         dp[i][j] = prob[i];
       } else {
         dp[i][j] = INT_MAX;
         for (int r = i; r \le j; r++) {
            int cost = (r > i ? dp[i][r - 1] : 0) + (r < j ? dp[r + 1][j] : 0) + w[i][j];
            dp[i][j] = min(dp[i][j], cost);
         }
       }
    }
  }
  return dp[0][n - 1];
int main() {
  int n;
  // Take input for number of keys
  cout << "Enter the number of keys: ";
  cin >> n;
  vector<int> keys(n), prob(n);
  // Take input for the keys
  cout << "Enter the keys (in sorted order): ";</pre>
```

}

```
for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
     cin >> keys[i];
  }
  // Take input for the probabilities
  cout << "Enter the frequency for each key: ";</pre>
  for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
     cin >> prob[i];
  }
  // Call the optimalBST function to get the minimum cost
  int minCost = optimalBST(keys, prob, n);
  cout << "The minimum search cost is: " << minCost << endl;</pre>
  return 0;
}
//OUTPUT
         pllab0112@pllab0112-ThinkCentre-M70s: ~/Documents/nmie...
pllab0112@pllab0112-ThinkCentre-M70s:~/Documents/nmiet/8$ g++ DSL8.cpp
^[[Apllab0112@pllab0112-ThinkCentre-M70s:~/Documents/nmiet/8$ ./a.out
Enter the number of keys: 5
Enter the keys (in sorted order): 10 20 30 40 50
Enter the frequency for each key: 2 5 9 6 7
The minimum search cost is: 57
pllab0112@pllab0112-ThinkCentre-M70s:~/Documents/nmiet/8$
```