

# Functions Continued...

Def. of a fn. {

```
def fn ( parameter x ↗ ) :  
    return x * x  
           return value
```

Prog

calling the fn {

```
SomeVariable(s) = fn(arguments)  
y = fn(10)
```

Maths

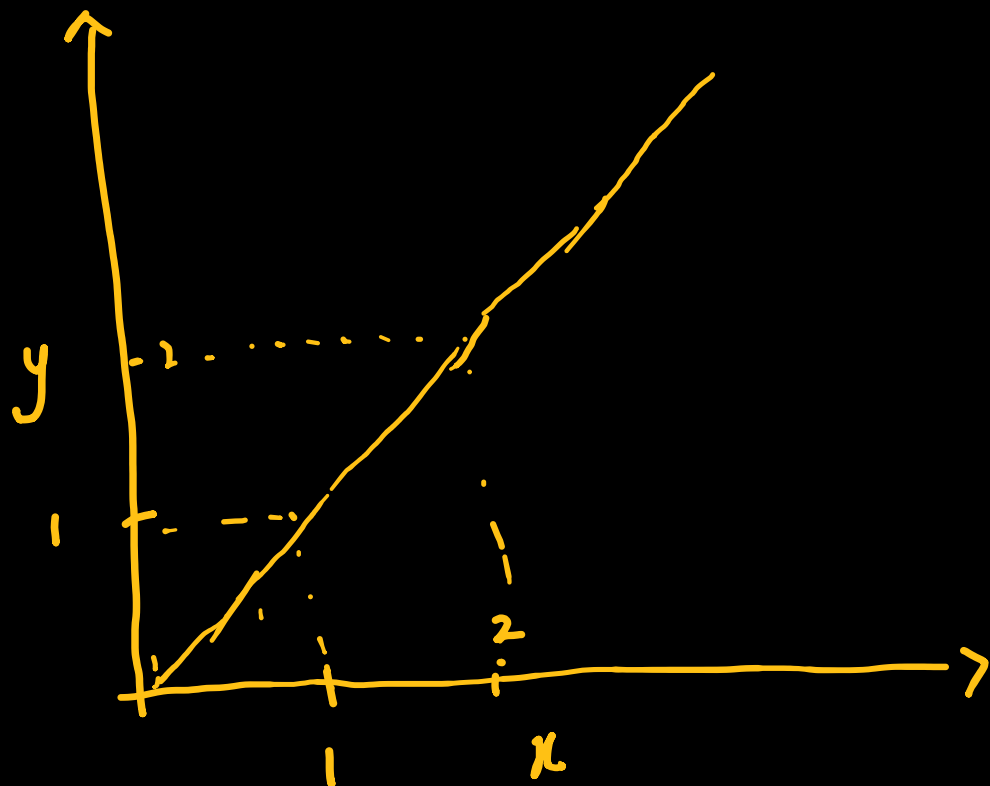
$$f(x) = x^2 / \underline{x * x}$$

Definition

$$y = f(10)$$

← y becomes 100  
calling.

$$y = f(x)$$

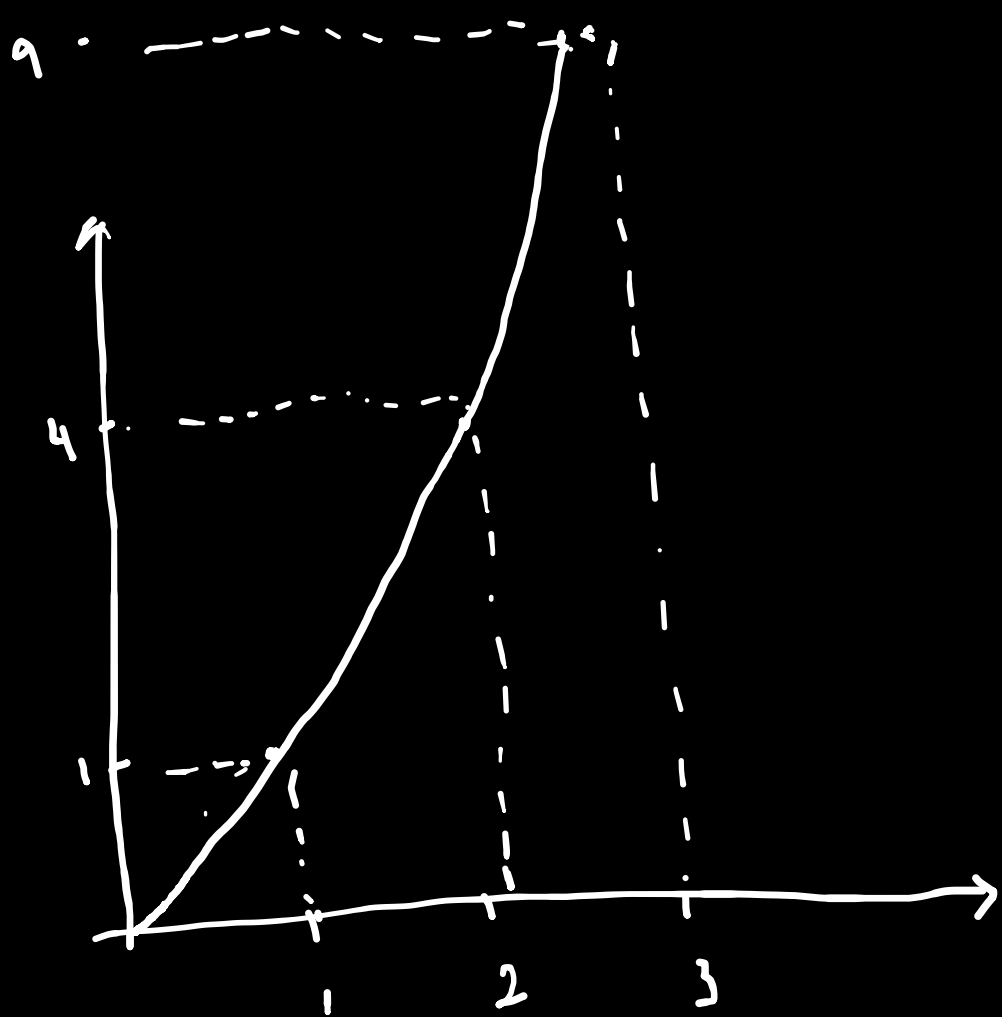


```
def f(x):  
    return x
```

$$y = f(\underline{1}) \leftarrow 1$$

$$\underline{y} = f(\underline{2}) \leftarrow 2$$

$$y = f(3) \leftarrow 3$$

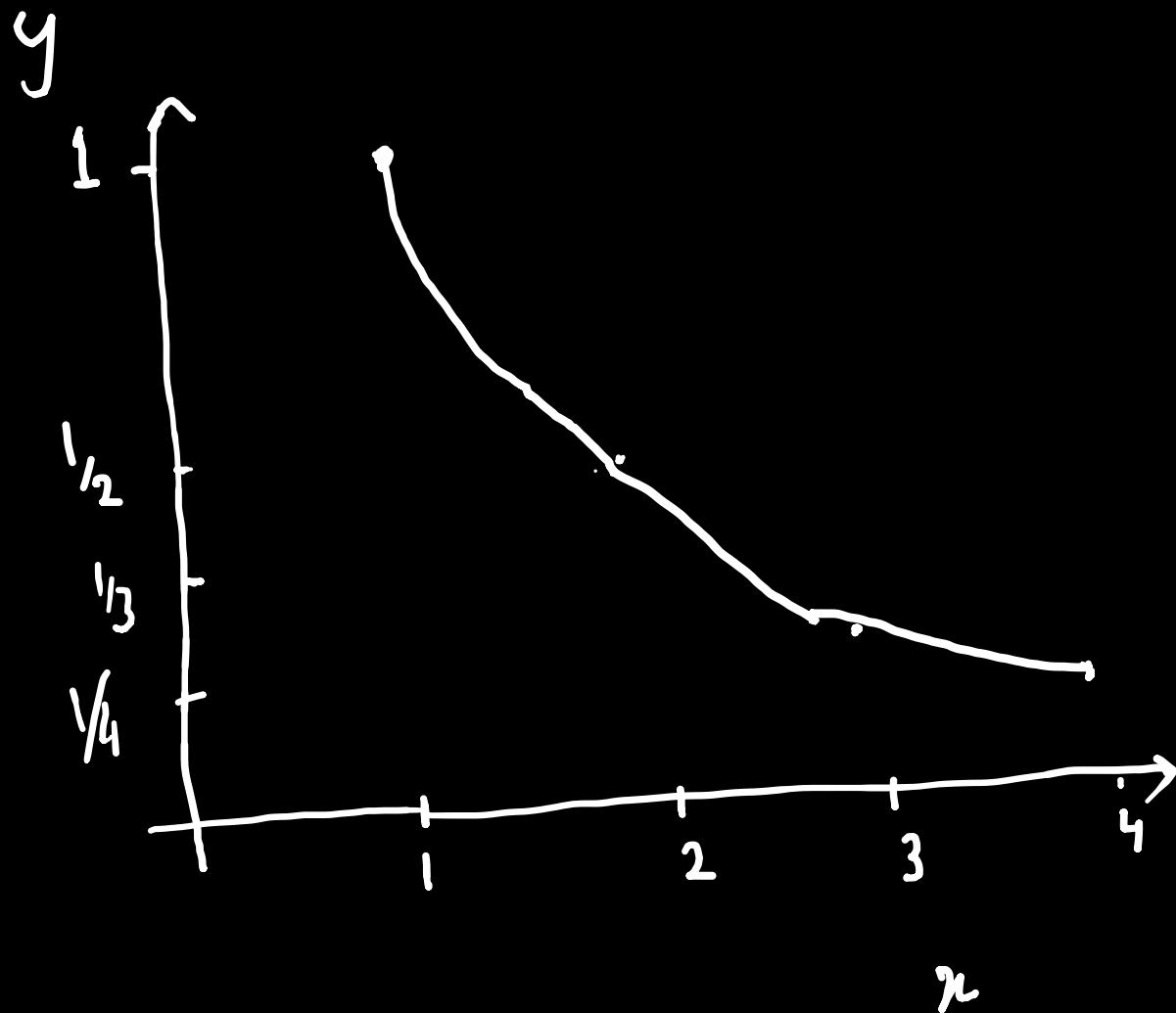


```
def g(x):  
    return x * x
```

$$y = g(1) \leftarrow 1$$

$$y = g(2) \leftarrow 4$$

$$y = g(3) \leftarrow 9$$



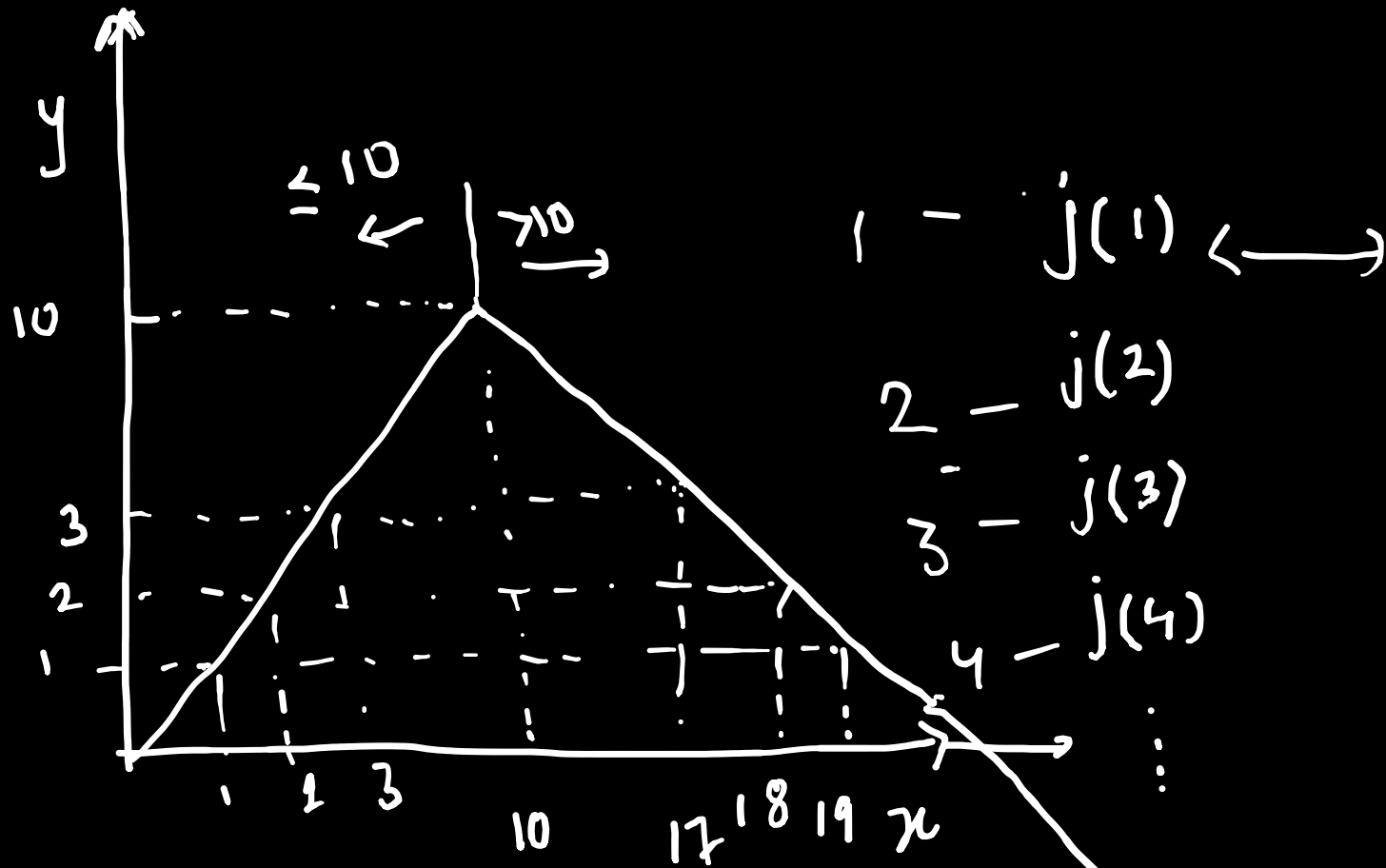
```
def h(x):
    return (1/x)
```

$$y = h(1) \leftarrow 1 \quad (1/1)$$

$$y = h(2) \leftarrow 0.5 \quad (1/2)$$

$$y = h(3) \leftarrow 0.3333 \quad (1/3)$$

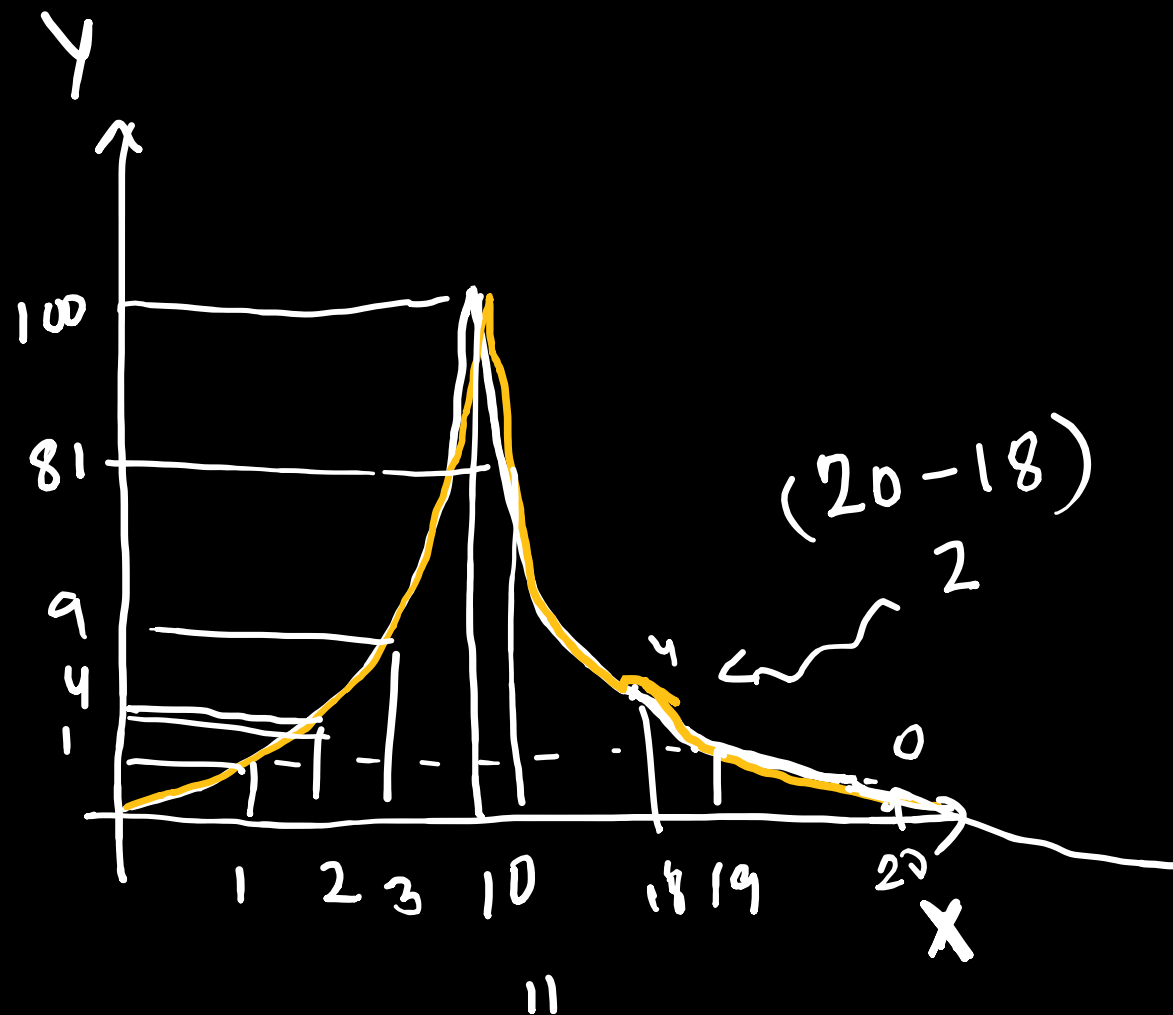
$$y = h(4) \leftarrow 0.25 \quad (1/4)$$



piece-wise function.

```
def j(x):
    if x <= 10:
        return x
    else:
        return (20 - x)
```





```
def k(x):
```

```
    - if  $x \leq 10$ :
```

```
        return  $x * x$ 
```

```
    - else:
```

```
        return  $(20 - x) * (20 - x)$ 
```

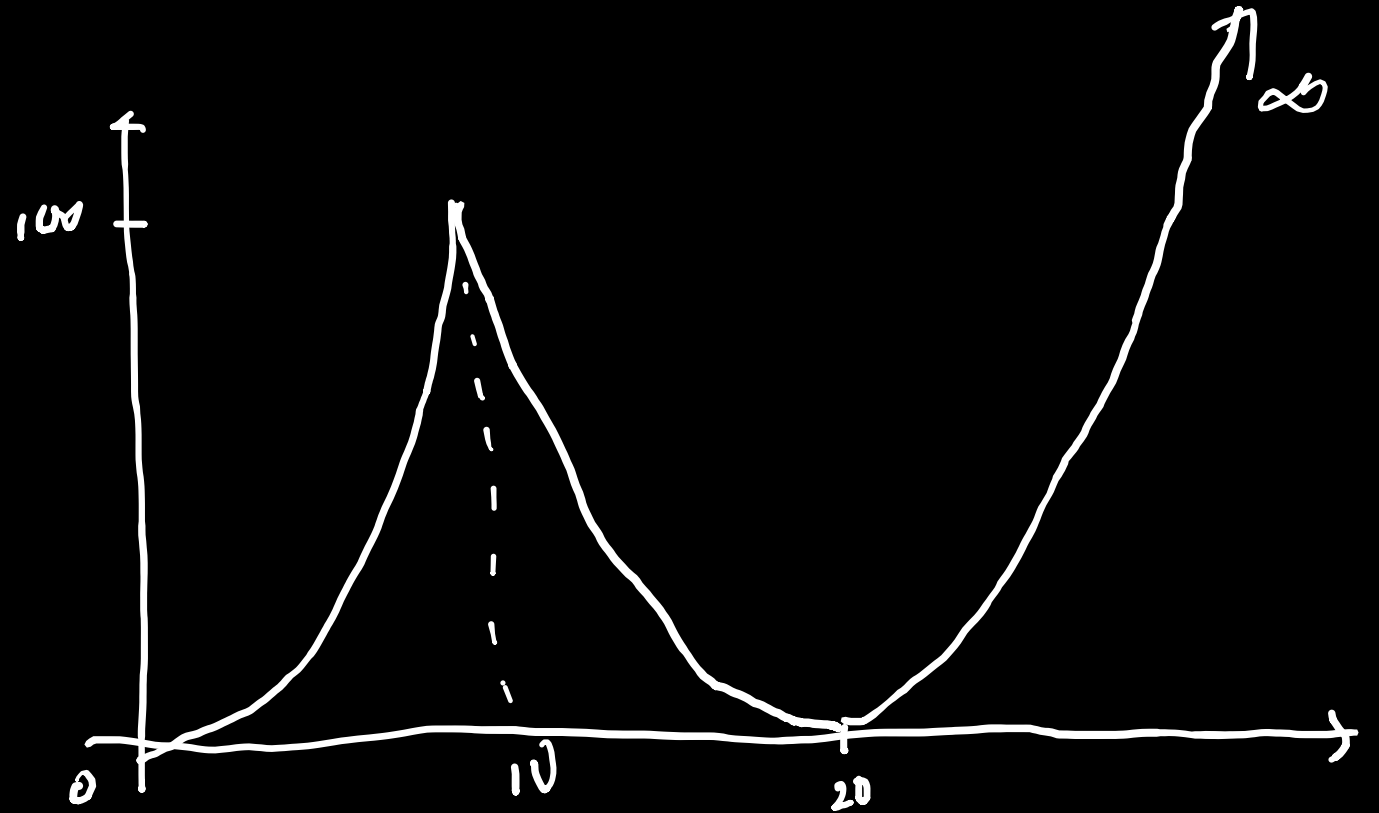
```
def k(x):
```

```
    if  $x \leq 10$ :
```

```
        return  $x^2$ 
```

```
    else
```

```
        return  $(20-x) * (20-x)$ 
```



$$k(21) \rightarrow 1$$

$$k(22) \rightarrow 4$$

$$k(23) \rightarrow 9$$

$$k(30) \rightarrow 100$$

$$k(31) \rightarrow$$

## Functions of one variable.

More than one

```
def g(x, y):  
    return x + y
```

$g(20, 30) \rightarrow 50$

$g(-10, 20) \rightarrow 10$

$g(\text{"hello"}, \text{"world"}) \rightarrow \text{'helloworld'}$



A B C

$$3 \times 2 \times 1$$
$$A \text{ — } \frac{B}{C} \quad \text{—} \quad \left| \begin{array}{cc} AB & C \\ AC & B \end{array} \right.$$

# Fractal Factorial

A B C D

---

9

24  $\sim$

$$\overline{4} \times \overline{3} \times \overline{2} \times \overline{1}$$
$$100 \times 97 \times 95 \dots \times 1$$

A . . . . N  
-----  
n - letters

$$n \times (n-1) \times (n-2) \times \dots \times 1$$

factorial (n)  
↳  $n \times (n-1) \dots \times 1$

$$n! \rightarrow n \times (n-1) \times (n-2) \times \dots \times 1$$

Number of ways to  
arrange 'n' things

$$n! \rightarrow n \times (n-1)!$$

$$4! \rightarrow 4 \times 3 \times 2 \times 1$$

$$15! \rightarrow 15 \times 14 \times 13 \times 12 \times 11 \times 10 \times 9 \times 8 \times 7 \times 6 \times 5 \times 4 \times 3 \times 2 \times 1$$

$$(1 \times) 1 \times 2 \times 3 \times 4 \times 5 \times 6 \times 7 \times 8 \times 9 \times 10 \times 11 \times 12 \times 13 \times 14 \times 15$$

$$n! \rightarrow 1 \times 2 \times 3 \times 4 \times 5 \dots \times n$$

$$1! \rightarrow 1$$

$$0! \rightarrow 1$$

```
def factorial ( n ) :
    v = 1
    for i in range ( 1 , n + 1 ) :
        v = v * i
    return v
```

$v = 1$      $n = 5$   
 $[1, 2, 3, 4, 5]$

$i = 1$   
 $v = v * i$   
 $= 1 * 1$

$i = 2$   
 $v = v * 2$   
 $= 1 * 1 * 2$

$i = 3$   
 $v = 1 * 1 * 2 * 3$

$i = 4$      $v = 1 * 1 * 2 * 3 * 4$

$i = 5$      $v = 1 * 1 * 2 * 3 * 4 * 5$

$n! \rightarrow 1 * 2 * 3 * 4 * 5 \dots * n$

# Fibonacci Function

$$F(0) = 1$$

$$F(1) = 1$$

$$F(2) = F(1) + F(0) \rightsquigarrow 2$$

$$F(3) = F(2) + F(1) \rightsquigarrow 3$$

$$F(4) = F(3) + F(2) \rightsquigarrow 5$$

$$F(5) = F(4) + F(3) \rightsquigarrow \underline{\underline{8}}$$

⋮

13  
21  
⋮

$$F(n) = F(n-1) + \underline{F(n-2)}$$

F(n) calculate this  $F(20)$

$$F(5) = F(4) + \underline{F(3)}$$

$$F(5) = \underbrace{F(3)} + \underbrace{F(2)} + \underbrace{F(1)} + \underbrace{F(1)}$$

$$\underline{F(5)} = \underbrace{F(2)} + \underbrace{F(1)} + \underbrace{F(1)} + \underbrace{F(0)} + \underbrace{F(1)} + \underbrace{F(1)}$$

$$\underbrace{F(1)} + \underbrace{F(1)} + \underbrace{F(1)} + \underbrace{F(1)} + \underbrace{F(0)} + \underbrace{F(1)} + \underbrace{F(0)} + \underbrace{F(1)}$$

$n=5$   
 $a=0$     $b=\underline{1}$     $c=0$     $\sim$

$i \rightarrow [0 \quad 1 \quad 2 \quad 3 \quad 4]$

$i=0$   
 $a=\underline{1}$     $b=\underline{1}$     $c=1$

$i=1$   
 $a=\underline{1}$     $b=\underline{2}$     $c=\underline{2}$

$i=3$   
 $a=\underline{2}$     $b=\underline{3}$     $c=3$

~~$i=4$~~   
 ~~$a=3$     $b=5$     $c=5$~~

3

$0, 1, 1, 2, \underline{3}, 5$     $n=6$

def fibon( $n$ ):

$a=0$

$b=1$

$c=0$

for  $i$  in range( $n-1$ ):

$c = a + b$

$a = b$

$b = c$

return c