

Q1) 1-4-1

$$\sigma(a) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-a}}$$

given $a = w^T x$

$$\therefore \sigma(x) = \sigma(w^T x) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-(w^T x)}}$$

$$\frac{d\sigma(x)}{dx} = \frac{d\sigma(w^T x)}{dx}$$

$$= \frac{d}{dx} \left(\frac{1}{1 + e^{-w^T x}} \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{(1 + e^{-w^T x})^2} \cdot e^{-w^T x}$$

$$= \frac{1}{1 + e^{-w^T x}} \times \frac{(1 + e^{-w^T x}) - 1}{(1 + e^{-w^T x})}$$

$$= \frac{1}{1 + e^{-w^T x}} \times \left(1 - \frac{1}{1 + e^{-w^T x}} \right)$$

$$= \sigma(w^T x) \cdot (1 - \sigma(w^T x))$$

Q1) 1.4.2

$$P(y=1|x, w) = \sigma(w^T x) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-w^T x}} = \frac{e^{w^T x}}{e^{w^T x} + 1} \quad (1)$$

$$P(y=-1|x, w) = 1 - \frac{e^{w^T x}}{e^{w^T x} + 1} = \frac{1}{e^{w^T x} + 1} \quad (2)$$

Combine above eqⁿ (1) and (2)

$$P(y=\pm 1|x, w) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-y w^T x}}$$

Q1) 1.4.3

$$L = \prod_{i=1}^N \sigma(y_i w^T x_i)$$

~~Taking -ve log~~

$$\text{-ve } \log L = - \sum_{i=1}^N \log(\sigma(y_i w^T x_i))$$

$$= - \sum_{i=1}^N \log\left(\frac{1}{1 + e^{-y_i w^T x_i}}\right)$$

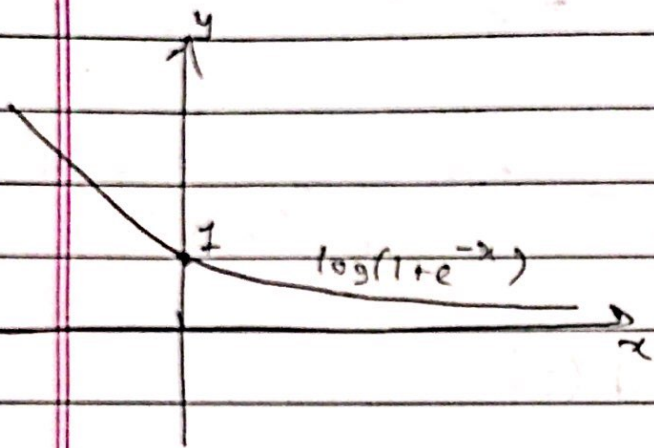
$$= - \sum_{i=1}^N \log(1 + e^{-y_i w^T x_i})^{-1}$$

$$= \sum_{i=1}^N \log(1 + e^{-y_i w^T x_i})$$

$$\therefore \text{-ve LL} = \sum_{i=1}^N \log(1 + e^{-y_i w^T x_i})$$

If training label & dot product have same sign :

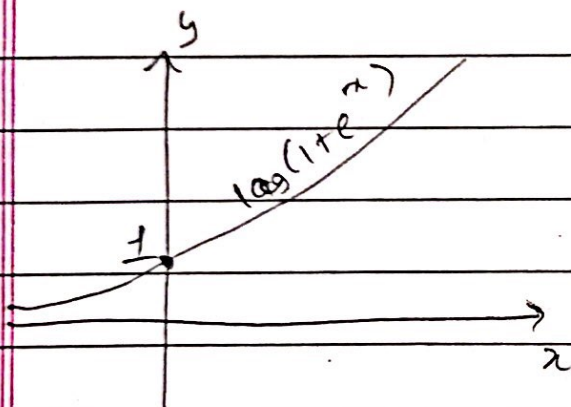
$$L_{\log} = \sum_{i=1}^N \log(1 + e^{-y_i w^T x})$$



As can be seen if training label and dot product have same sign, then loss decreases

If training label & dot product don't have same sign!

$$L_{\log} = \sum_{i=1}^N \log(1 + e^{y_i w^T x})$$



As can be seen, loss increases if sign of dot product and training label is not same.