

# Project Report

**Title:** Personal Firewall using Python

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# 1. Introduction

In today's interconnected digital environment, securing systems from unauthorized access and malicious traffic is critical.

A firewall acts as the first line of defense by monitoring and controlling incoming and outgoing network traffic based on predefined rules.

This project focuses on developing a lightweight personal firewall in Python. The firewall is capable of monitoring packets, applying custom rules for blocking/allowing traffic, logging suspicious activity, and optionally enforcing system-level blocking using iptables.

Additionally, a graphical user interface (GUI) has been implemented using Tkinter for live monitoring.

## 2. Objectives

- To design and implement a personal firewall using Python.
- To sniff incoming and outgoing packets using Scapy.
- To define customizable rule sets for filtering traffic based on IPs, Ports, and Protocols.
- To log suspicious or blocked packets for auditing.
- To optionally integrate with iptables for real system-level enforcement (Linux).
- To provide a Tkinter-based GUI for live monitoring and rule management.

## 3. Tools and Technologies

- Python 3.x
- Scapy (Packet Sniffing)
- Tkinter (GUI)
- iptables (Linux firewall)
- Logging module (for auditing)
- Operating System: Linux (Ubuntu/Kali/Debian recommended)

## 4. Methodology

Step 1: Captured live packets using Scapy.

Step 2: Defined firewall rules in JSON (block IPs, ports, protocols).

Step 3: Applied rules to allow/block packets.

Step 4: Logged allowed/blocked packets into firewall.log.

Step 5: Used iptables for real packet blocking (optional).

Step 6: Developed Tkinter GUI for live monitoring and rule management.

## 5. System Architecture

Packets → Scapy Sniffer → Rule Engine → (Allowed / Blocked)

Allowed packets are logged, while blocked packets are logged and optionally dropped using iptables.

## 6. Implementation

- Config File (rules.json) defines blocked IPs, ports, protocols.
- Python script (firewall.py) processes packets.
- Logging to firewall.log for auditing.
- Optional GUI with Tkinter for live monitoring and rule addition.

## **7. Results**

- Successfully captured packets using Scapy.
- Applied custom rules for filtering.
- Logged allowed/blocked packets.
- Integrated iptables for real packet blocking.
- Developed Tkinter GUI for monitoring.

## **8. Conclusion**

The project successfully demonstrates how a personal firewall can be built in Python. It provides monitoring and enforcement features with an easy-to-use GUI. The firewall is lightweight, customizable, and extensible for future improvements.

## **9. Future Enhancements**

- Add allow-list rules.
- Web-based dashboard for remote monitoring.
- Signature-based intrusion detection.
- Real-time alerts (Email/Telegram).
- Cross-platform support (Windows firewall integration).

## **10. Reflection**

This project enhanced my understanding of:

- Network packet structure (IP, TCP, UDP, ICMP).
- Firewall concepts (rules, filtering, logging).
- Practical use of Scapy and iptables.
- GUI design using Tkinter.
- Importance of logging and auditing in security tools.