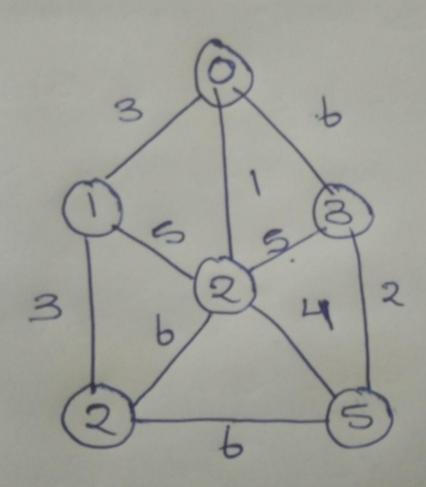
MAYURI.M ROLLNO:MCA 222 REG NO:TKM20MCA-2022

DATA STRUCTURE LAB

GITHUB LINK:https://github.com/mayurim20/DSLab.git

1.DEVELOP A PROGRAM TO GENERATE MINIMUM SPANNING TREE USING KRUSKAL'S ALGORITHM OF THE GIVEN GRAPH AND COMPUTE THE TOTAL COST



ALGORITHM:

```
KRUSKAL(G): A = \emptyset For each vertex v \in G. V: MAKE-SET(v) For each edge (u, v) \in G. E \text{ ordered by increasing order by weight}(u, v): \text{ if } FIND-SET(u) \neq FIND-SET(v): } A = A \cup \{(u, v)\}  UNION(u, v)  return A
```

- & KRUSKAL (G):
-) A= p
- 2) Fox each vextex V G G.
- 3) V: MAKE-SET (V)
- 4) for each edge (u,v) EG
- 5) E ordered by increasing order by weight (4,v);
- 6) IF FIND SET (U) \$ FIND-SET (W):
- E(u, u) } OA = A (
- 8) UNION (U,V)
- 3) serrise H.

PROGRAM CODE:

```
#include<stdio.h>
  #include<stdlib.h>
  int i,j,k,a,b,u,v,n,ne=1;
  int min,mincost=0,cost[9][9],parent[9];
  int find(int);
  int uni(int,int);
  void main()
printf("\n\t Implementation of Kruskal's algorithm\n");
     printf("\nEnter the no. of vertices:");
     scanf("%d",&n);
     printf("\nEnter the cost adjacency matrix:\n");
     for(i=1;i \le n;i++)
        for(j=1;j<=n;j++)
          scanf("%d",& cost[i][j]);
          if(cost[i][j]==0)
             cost[i][j]=999;
        }
     printf("The edges of Minimum Cost Spanning Tree are\n");
     while(ne < n)
        for(i=1,min=999;i<=n;i++)
          for(j=1;j \le n;j++)
             if(cost[i][j] < min)
                min=cost[i][j];
                a=u=i;
                b=v=j;
             }
          }
        }
        u=find(u);
        v=find(v);
        if(uni(u,v))
          printf("%d edge (%d,%d) =%d\n",ne++,a,b,min);
          mincost +=min;
```

```
}
        cost[a][b]=cost[b][a]=999;
     printf("\n\tMinimum cost = %d\n",mincost);
  }
int find(int i)
  {
     while(parent[i])
     i=parent[i];
     return i;
  }
  int uni(int i,int j)
     if(i!=j)
        parent[j]=i;
        return 1;
     }
     return 0;
  }
```

OUTPUT:

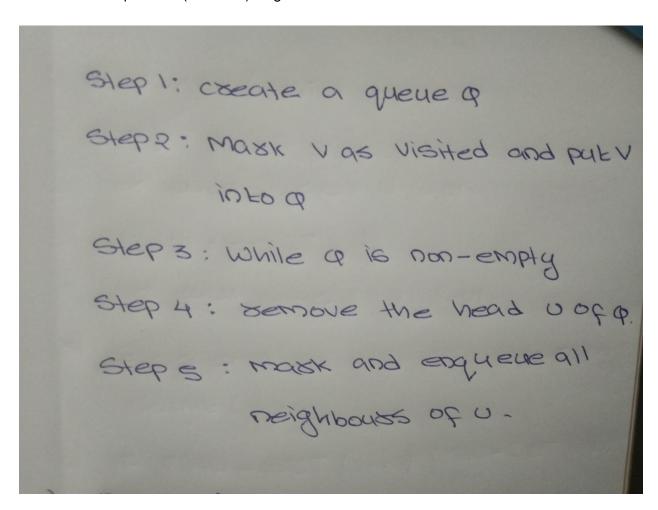
```
mayurim@mayurim-VirtualBox:~/Desktop/Dslab/Dslab/lab$ gcc -o kru kru.c
mayurim@mayurim-VirtualBox:~/Desktop/Dslab/Dslab/lab$ ./kru
        Implementation of Kruskal's algorithm
Enter the no. of vertices:6
Enter the cost adjacency matrix:
0 3 1 6 0 0
3 0 5 0 3 0
150564
6 0 5 0 0 2
0 3 6 0 0 6
0 0 4 2 6 0
The edges of Minimum Cost Spanning Tree are
1 edge (1,3) =1
2 edge (4,6) =2
3 edge (1,2) =3
4 edge (2,5) =3
5 edge (3,6) =4
       Minimum cost = 13
```

2.DEVELOP A PROGRAM TO IMPLEMENT DFS AND BFS

a)BFS

ALGORITHM

- 1. Create a queue Q
- 2. Mark v as visited and put v into Q
- 3. while Q is non-empty
- 4. remove the head u of Q
- 5. mark and enqueue all (unvisited) neighbours of u



PROGRAM CODE

#include<stdio.h>
int a[20][20], q[20], visited[20], n, i, j, f = 0, r = -1;

```
void bfs(int v)
for(i = 1; i <= n; i++)
if(a[v][i] && !visited[i])
q[++r] = i;
if(f \le r) \{
visited[q[f]] = 1;
bfs(q[f++]);
}
}
int main()
{
int v;
printf("\n Enter the number of vertices:");
scanf("%d", &n);
for(i=1; i <= n; i++)
 {
q[i] = 0;
visited[i] = 0;
printf("\n Enter graph data in matrix form:\n");
for(i=1; i<=n; i++)
for(j=1;j<=n;j++)
scanf("%d", &a[i][j]);
}
printf("\n Enter the starting vertex:");
scanf("%d", &v);
bfs(v);
printf("\n The node which are reachable are:\n");
for(i=1; i <= n; i++)
if(visited[i])
printf("%d\t", i);
else
 {
printf("\n Bfs is not possible. Not all nodes are reachable");
break;
}
}
}
```

OUTPUT:

```
mayurim@mayurim-VirtualBox:~/Desktop/Dslab/Dslab/lab$ ./bfs

Enter the number of vertices:3

Enter graph data in matrix form:
1 4 2
5 7 0
6 3 8

Enter the starting vertex:1

The node which are reachable are:
1 2 3 mayurim@mayurim-VirtualBox:~/Desktop/Dslab/Dslab/lab$
```

(b)DFS:

ALGORITHM

```
DFS(G, u) u. visited = true for each v \in G.Adj[u] if v.visited == false DFS(G,v) init() {
For each u \in G u. visited = false For each u \in G DFS(G, u) }
```

```
DFS (GI, U) U.

POS EACH VEGT. Add [U]

POS EACH VEGT.

POS EACH VEGTU.

POS EACH VEGTU.

POS EACH VEGTU.

POS EACH VEGTU.

POS EACH VEGTU.
```

PROGRAM CODE:

```
#include<stdio.h>
int a[20][20],reach[20],n;
int dfs(int v)
{
   int i;
   reach[v]=1;
   for (i=1;i<=n;i++)
      if(a[v][i] && !reach[i])
      {
    printf("\n %d->%d",v,i);
      dfs(i);
    }
}
```

```
int main()
{
  int i,j,count=0;
  printf("\n Enter number of vertices:");
  scanf("%d",&n);
  for (i=1;i<=n;i++)
     reach[i]=0;
     for (j=1;j<=n;j++)
       a[i][j]=0;
  }
  printf("\n Enter the adjacency matrix:\n");
  for (i=1;i<=n;i++)
   for (j=1;j<=n;j++)
    scanf("%d",&a[i][j]);
  dfs(1);
  printf("\n");
  for (i=1;i<=n;i++)
   {
     if(reach[i])
       count++;
  }
  if(count==n)
   printf("\n Graph is connected"); else
   printf("\n Graph is not connected");
  return 0;
```

OUTPUT:

```
Enter the number of vertices:3

Enter graph data in matrix form:

1 0 0
0 1 0
1 1 1

Enter the starting vertex:1

The node which are reachable are:

1 Bfs is not possible. Not all nodes are reachablemayurim@mayurim-VirtualBox:~/Desktop/Dslab/Dslab/lab$ ./bfs

Enter the number of vertices:4

Enter graph data in matrix form:

1 1 1 1
0 1 0 1
1 0 0 1
1 1 0 1
Enter the starting vertex:1

The node which are reachable are:

Activate Windows
Go to Settings to activate Windo
```