# STRING FUNCTIONS IN SQL

SQL Series Part 7

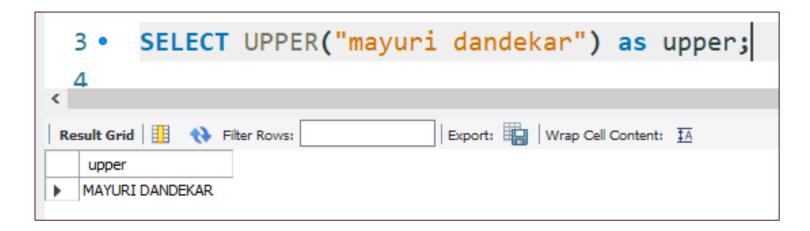
-Mayuri Dandekar

#### STRING FUNCTIONS

String functions are used to perform an operation on input string and return an output string.

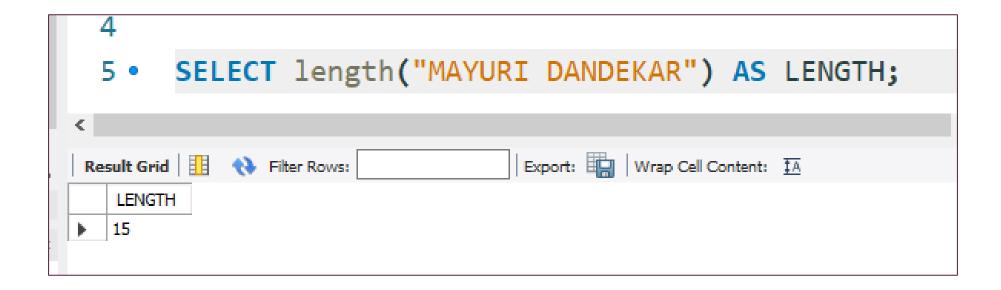
- **UPPER**() converts the value of a field to uppercase
- LOWER() converts the value of a field to lowercase
- LENGTH() returns the length of the value in a text field
- **SUBSTRING**() extracts a substring from a string
- NOW() returns the current system date and time
- FORMAT() used to set the format of a field
- **CONCAT**() adds two or more strings together
- REPLACE() Replaces all occurrences of a substring within a string, with a new substring
- TRIM() removes leading and trailing spaces (or other specified characters) from a string

### STRING FUNCTIONS – UPPER() AND LOWER()



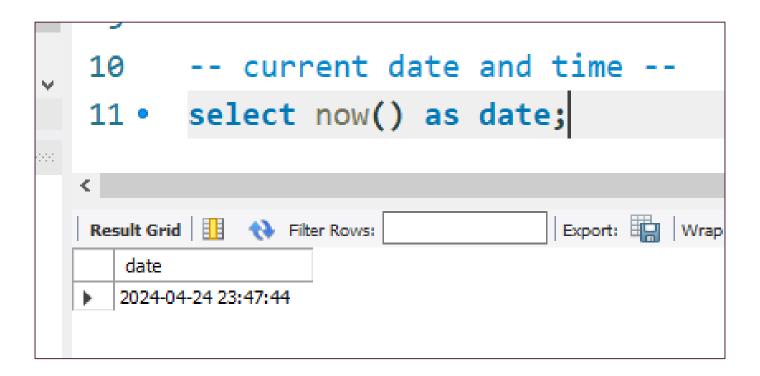


#### STRING FUNCTIONS – LENGTH()

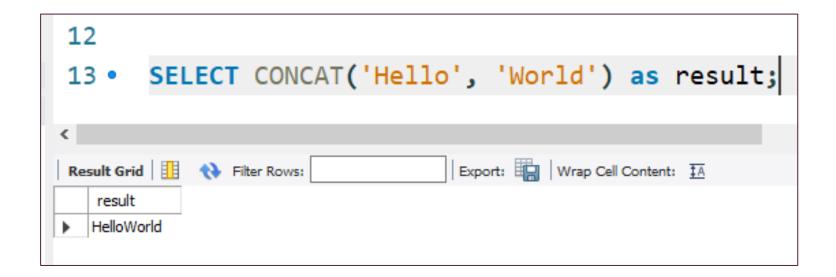


#### STRING FUNCTIONS – SUBSTRING()

### STRING FUNCTIONS – NOW()

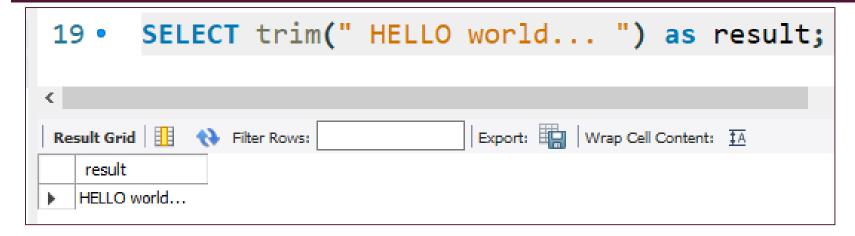


#### STRING FUNCTIONS – CONCAT()



#### STRING FUNCTIONS – REPLACE()

#### STRING FUNCTIONS – TRIM()



## THANK YOU!!!

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-Mayuri Dandekar