## **Practical No.6**

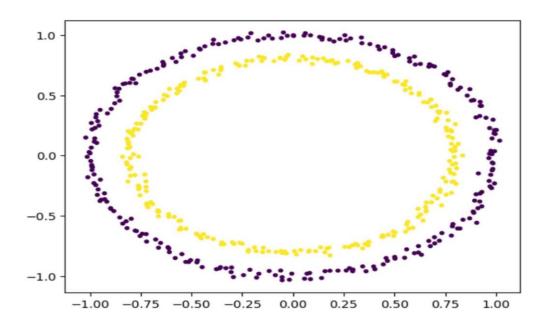
Aim: Design and implement SVM for classification with the proper data set of your choice. Comment on Design and Implementation for Linearly non separable Dataset.

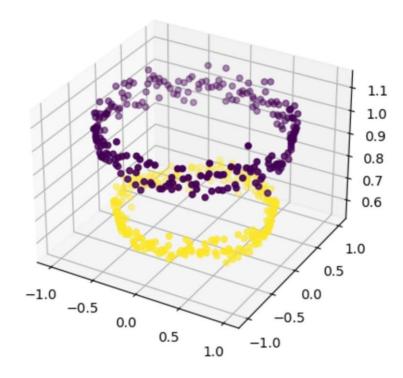
## **Code:**

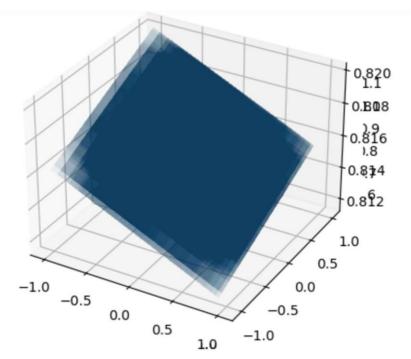
```
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.datasets import make_circles
from mpl_toolkits.mplot3d import Axes3D
X, Y = make\_circles(n\_samples = 500, noise = 0.02)
plt.scatter(X[:, 0], X[:, 1], c = Y, marker = '.')
plt.show()
X1 = X[:, 0].reshape((-1, 1))
X2 = X[:, 1].reshape((-1, 1))
X3 = (X1**2 + X2**2)
X = np.hstack((X, X3))
fig = plt.figure()
axes = fig.add_subplot(111, projection = '3d')
axes.scatter(X1, X2, X1**2 + X2**2, c = Y, depthshade =
True)
plt.show()
from sklearn import svm
svc = svm.SVC(kernel = 'linear')
svc.fit(X, Y)
w = svc.coef_
b = svc.intercept_
x1 = X[:, 0].reshape((-1, 1))
x2 = X[:, 1].reshape((-1, 1))
```

```
x1, x2 = np.meshgrid(x1, x2)
x3 = -(w[0][0]*x1 + w[0][1]*x2 + b) / w[0][2]
fig = plt.figure()
axes2 = fig.add_subplot(111, projection = '3d')
axes2.scatter(X1, X2, X1**2 + X2**2, c = Y, depthshade = True)
axes1 = fig.add_subplot(111, projection = '3d')
axes1.plot_surface(x1, x2, x3, alpha = 0.01)
plt.show()
```

# **Output:**







## **Practical No.7**

Aim: Implement a basic not gate using perceptron.

```
Code:
import numpy as np
def unitStep(v):
  if v >= 0:
    return 1
  else:
   return 0
def perceptronModel(x, w, b):
  v = np.dot(w, x) + b
  y = unitStep(v)
  return y
def NOT_logicFunction(x):
  w = -1
  b = 0.5
return perceptronModel(x, w, b)
test1 = np.array(1)
```

print("NOT({}) = {}".format(1, NOT\_logicFunction(test1)))

print("NOT({}) = {}".format(0, NOT\_logicFunction(test2)))

## **Output:**

```
NOT(1) = 0
NOT(0) = 1
```

test2 = np.array(0)