Practice Assignment: SAT Example Beam Search

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State Space

The start state is "11111".

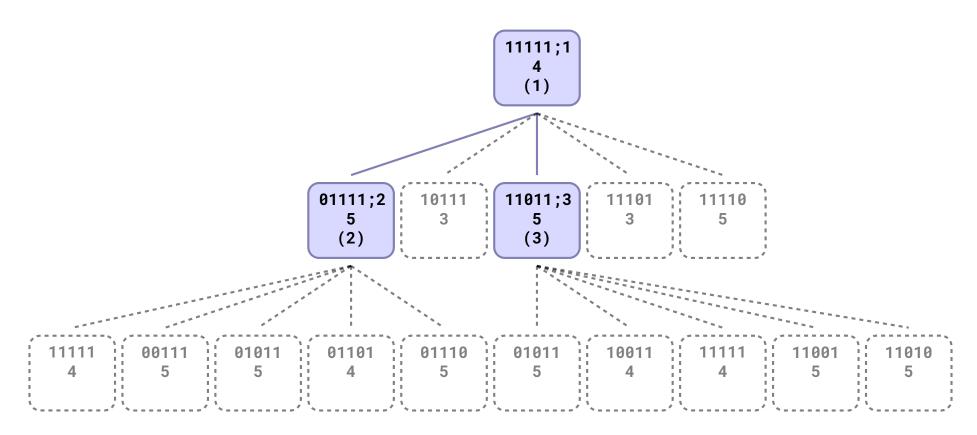
MoveGen is a one bit flip function.

It flips the bits from left to right, one bit at a time, and accordingly returns the neighbours.

 $F(abcde) = (a \lor \neg b) \land (\neg a \lor \neg c) \land (\neg a \lor \neg e) \land (b \lor \neg e) \land (\neg c \lor d) \land (c \lor e)$

				eval					
S.No.	abcde	h(F)	eval(F)	(a ∨ ¬b)	(¬a∨¬c)	(¬a∨¬e)	(b∨¬e)	$(\neg c \lor d)$	(c v e)
1	00000	5	0	1	1	1	1	1	0
2	00001	5	0	1	1	1	0	1	1
3	00010	5	0	1	1	1	1	1	0
4	00011	5	0	1	1	1	0	1	1
5	00100	5	0	1	1	1	1	0	1
6	00101	4	0	1	1	1	0	0	1
7	00110	6	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
8	00111	5	0	1	1	1	0	1	1
9	01000	4	0	0	1	1	1	1	0
10	01001	5	0	0	1	1	1	1	1
11	01010	4	0	0	1	1	1	1	0
12	01011	5	0	0	1	1	1	1	1
13	01100	4	0	0	1	1	1	0	1
14	01101	4	0	0	1	1	1	0	1
15	01110	5	0	0	1	1	1	1	1
16	01111	5	0	0	1	1	1	1	1
17	10000	5	0	1	1	1	1	1	0
18	10001	4	0	1	1	0	0	1	1
19	10010	5	0	1	1	1	1	1	0
20	10011	4	0	1	1	0	0	1	1
21	10100	4	0	1	0	1	1	0	1
22	10101	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
23	10110	5	0	1	0	1	1	1	1
24	10111	3	0	1	0	0	0	1	1
25	11000	5	0	1	1	1	1	1	0
26	11001	5	0	1	1	0	1	1	1
27	11010	5	0	1	1	1	1	1	0
28	11011	5	0	1	1	0	1	1	1
29	11100	4	0	1	0	1	1	0	1
30	11101	3	0	1	0	0	1	0	1
31	11110	5	0	1	0	1	1	1	1
32	11111	4	0	1	0	0	1	1	1

Search Tree



Solution (w=2)

Break ties by selecting the smallest bit-string in numerical order.

```
Tuple: (NODE, H-VALUE)
1.
OPEN
           (11111,4):[]
           01111:10111:11011:11101:11110:[]
moveGen
neighbours (01111,5):(11011,5):(11110,5):(10111,3):(11101,3):[]
           (01111,5):(11011,5):[]
OPEN
2.
OPEN
           (01111,5):(11011,5):[]
moveGen
           11111:00111:01011:01101:01110:[]
moveGen
           01011:10011:11111:11001:11010:[]
neighbours (00111,5):(01011,5):(01011,5):(01110,5):(11001,5):
           (11010, 5): (01101, 4): (10011, 4): (11111, 4): (11111, 4): []
OPEN
```