

```

import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import tensorflow as tf
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
from tensorflow.keras.models import Sequential
from tensorflow.keras.layers import Dense, Dropout, Conv1D, LSTM, Flatten, BatchNormalization
from tensorflow.keras.optimizers import Adam
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler, OneHotEncoder
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix, classification_report

# Load the dataset
def load_data():
    X_train = pd.read_csv("/content/drive/MyDrive/UCI HAR Dataset/train/X_train.txt", delim_whitespace=True, header=None)
    X_test = pd.read_csv("/content/drive/MyDrive/UCI HAR Dataset/test/X_test.txt", delim_whitespace=True, header=None)
    y_train = pd.read_csv("/content/drive/MyDrive/UCI HAR Dataset/train/y_train.txt", delim_whitespace=True, header=None)
    y_test = pd.read_csv("/content/drive/MyDrive/UCI HAR Dataset/test/y_test.txt", delim_whitespace=True, header=None)
    return X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test

# Preprocessing the data
def preprocess_data(X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test):
    scaler = StandardScaler()
    X_train = scaler.fit_transform(X_train)
    X_test = scaler.transform(X_test)

    encoder = OneHotEncoder(sparse_output=False)
    y_train = encoder.fit_transform(y_train)
    y_test = encoder.transform(y_test)

    return X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test

# Create different model architectures
def create_dense_model(input_shape, num_classes):
    model = Sequential([
        Dense(512, activation='relu', input_shape=input_shape),
        Dropout(0.5),
        Dense(256, activation='relu'),
        Dropout(0.5),
        Dense(128, activation='relu'),
        Dense(num_classes, activation='softmax')
    ])
    model.compile(loss='categorical_crossentropy', optimizer=Adam(),
metrics=['accuracy'])
    return model

```

```

def create_cnn_model(input_shape, num_classes):
    model = Sequential([
        Conv1D(64, kernel_size=3, activation='relu',
input_shape=input_shape),
        BatchNormalization(),
        Dropout(0.5),
        Conv1D(128, kernel_size=3, activation='relu'),
        Flatten(),
        Dense(128, activation='relu'),
        Dense(num_classes, activation='softmax')
    ])
    model.compile(loss='categorical_crossentropy', optimizer=Adam(),
metrics=['accuracy'])
    return model

def create_lstm_model(input_shape, num_classes):
    model = Sequential([
        LSTM(64, return_sequences=True, input_shape=input_shape),
        LSTM(128),
        Dropout(0.5),
        Dense(128, activation='relu'),
        Dense(num_classes, activation='softmax')
    ])
    model.compile(loss='categorical_crossentropy', optimizer=Adam(),
metrics=['accuracy'])
    return model

# Load and preprocess data
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = load_data()
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = preprocess_data(X_train, X_test,
y_train, y_test)

# Reshape data for LSTM and CNN (assuming time-steps of 1)
X_train_r = X_train.reshape((X_train.shape[0], X_train.shape[1], 1))
X_test_r = X_test.reshape((X_test.shape[0], X_test.shape[1], 1))

# Select a model
model_type = 'dense' # Change to 'cnn' or 'lstm'

if model_type == 'dense':
    model = create_dense_model((X_train.shape[1],), y_train.shape[1])
elif model_type == 'cnn':
    model = create_cnn_model((X_train_r.shape[1], 1),
y_train.shape[1])
elif model_type == 'lstm':
    model = create_lstm_model((X_train_r.shape[1], 1),
y_train.shape[1])

# Train the model

```

```
history = model.fit(X_train_r if model_type != 'dense' else X_train,
y_train, epochs=20, batch_size=32, validation_split=0.2)
```

```
# Evaluate the model
```

```
y_pred = np.argmax(model.predict(X_test_r if model_type != 'dense'
else X_test), axis=1)
```

```
y_true = np.argmax(y_test, axis=1)
```

```
print("Classification Report:\n", classification_report(y_true,
y_pred))
```

```
# Plot accuracy and loss
```

```
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 4))
```

```
plt.subplot(1, 2, 1)
```

```
plt.plot(history.history['accuracy'], label='Train Accuracy')
```

```
plt.plot(history.history['val_accuracy'], label='Val Accuracy')
```

```
plt.legend()
```

```
plt.title("Model Accuracy")
```

```
plt.subplot(1, 2, 2)
```

```
plt.plot(history.history['loss'], label='Train Loss')
```

```
plt.plot(history.history['val_loss'], label='Val Loss')
```

```
plt.legend()
```

```
plt.title("Model Loss")
```

```
plt.show()
```

```
# Confusion matrix
```

```
cm = confusion_matrix(y_true, y_pred)
```

```
sns.heatmap(cm, annot=True, fmt='d', cmap='Blues')
```

```
plt.title("Confusion Matrix")
```

```
plt.xlabel("Predicted")
```

```
plt.ylabel("True")
```

```
plt.show()
```

```
<ipython-input-1-6d097f47539c>:15: FutureWarning: The
'delim_whitespace' keyword in pd.read_csv is deprecated and will be
removed in a future version. Use ``sep='\s+'`` instead
```

```
X_train = pd.read_csv("/content/drive/MyDrive/UCI HAR
Dataset/train/X_train.txt", delim_whitespace=True, header=None)
```

```
<ipython-input-1-6d097f47539c>:16: FutureWarning: The
'delim_whitespace' keyword in pd.read_csv is deprecated and will be
removed in a future version. Use ``sep='\s+'`` instead
```

```
X_test = pd.read_csv("/content/drive/MyDrive/UCI HAR
Dataset/test/X_test.txt", delim_whitespace=True, header=None)
```

```
<ipython-input-1-6d097f47539c>:17: FutureWarning: The
'delim_whitespace' keyword in pd.read_csv is deprecated and will be
removed in a future version. Use ``sep='\s+'`` instead
```

```
y_train = pd.read_csv("/content/drive/MyDrive/UCI HAR
Dataset/train/y_train.txt", delim_whitespace=True, header=None)
```

```
<ipython-input-1-6d097f47539c>:18: FutureWarning: The
```

```
'delim_whitespace' keyword in pd.read_csv is deprecated and will be
removed in a future version. Use ``sep='\s+'`` instead
y_test = pd.read_csv("/content/drive/MyDrive/UCI HAR
Dataset/test/y_test.txt", delim_whitespace=True, header=None)
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages/keras/src/layers/core/dense.py
:87: UserWarning: Do not pass an `input_shape`/`input_dim` argument to
a layer. When using Sequential models, prefer using an `Input(shape)`
object as the first layer in the model instead.
super().__init__(activity_regularizer=activity_regularizer,
**kwargs)
```

Epoch 1/20

184/184 \_\_\_\_\_ 4s 9ms/step - accuracy: 0.6425 - loss: 0.9304 - val\_accuracy: 0.9164 - val\_loss: 0.2325

Epoch 2/20

184/184 \_\_\_\_\_ 2s 8ms/step - accuracy: 0.8944 - loss: 0.2869 - val\_accuracy: 0.9286 - val\_loss: 0.2175

Epoch 3/20

184/184 \_\_\_\_\_ 2s 8ms/step - accuracy: 0.9289 - loss: 0.2012 - val\_accuracy: 0.9361 - val\_loss: 0.2349

Epoch 4/20

184/184 \_\_\_\_\_ 3s 9ms/step - accuracy: 0.9430 - loss: 0.1609 - val\_accuracy: 0.9381 - val\_loss: 0.1940

Epoch 5/20

184/184 \_\_\_\_\_ 3s 15ms/step - accuracy: 0.9505 - loss: 0.1382 - val\_accuracy: 0.9300 - val\_loss: 0.2604

Epoch 6/20

184/184 \_\_\_\_\_ 4s 8ms/step - accuracy: 0.9499 - loss: 0.1557 - val\_accuracy: 0.9327 - val\_loss: 0.3201

Epoch 7/20

184/184 \_\_\_\_\_ 1s 7ms/step - accuracy: 0.9692 - loss: 0.0810 - val\_accuracy: 0.9429 - val\_loss: 0.1795

Epoch 8/20

184/184 \_\_\_\_\_ 3s 8ms/step - accuracy: 0.9695 - loss: 0.0899 - val\_accuracy: 0.9388 - val\_loss: 0.2453

Epoch 9/20

184/184 \_\_\_\_\_ 3s 8ms/step - accuracy: 0.9695 - loss: 0.0839 - val\_accuracy: 0.9395 - val\_loss: 0.1941

Epoch 10/20

184/184 \_\_\_\_\_ 3s 13ms/step - accuracy: 0.9698 - loss: 0.0773 - val\_accuracy: 0.9429 - val\_loss: 0.1934

Epoch 11/20

184/184 \_\_\_\_\_ 1s 8ms/step - accuracy: 0.9677 - loss: 0.0993 - val\_accuracy: 0.9409 - val\_loss: 0.1938

Epoch 12/20

184/184 \_\_\_\_\_ 3s 8ms/step - accuracy: 0.9667 - loss: 0.1011 - val\_accuracy: 0.9443 - val\_loss: 0.1864

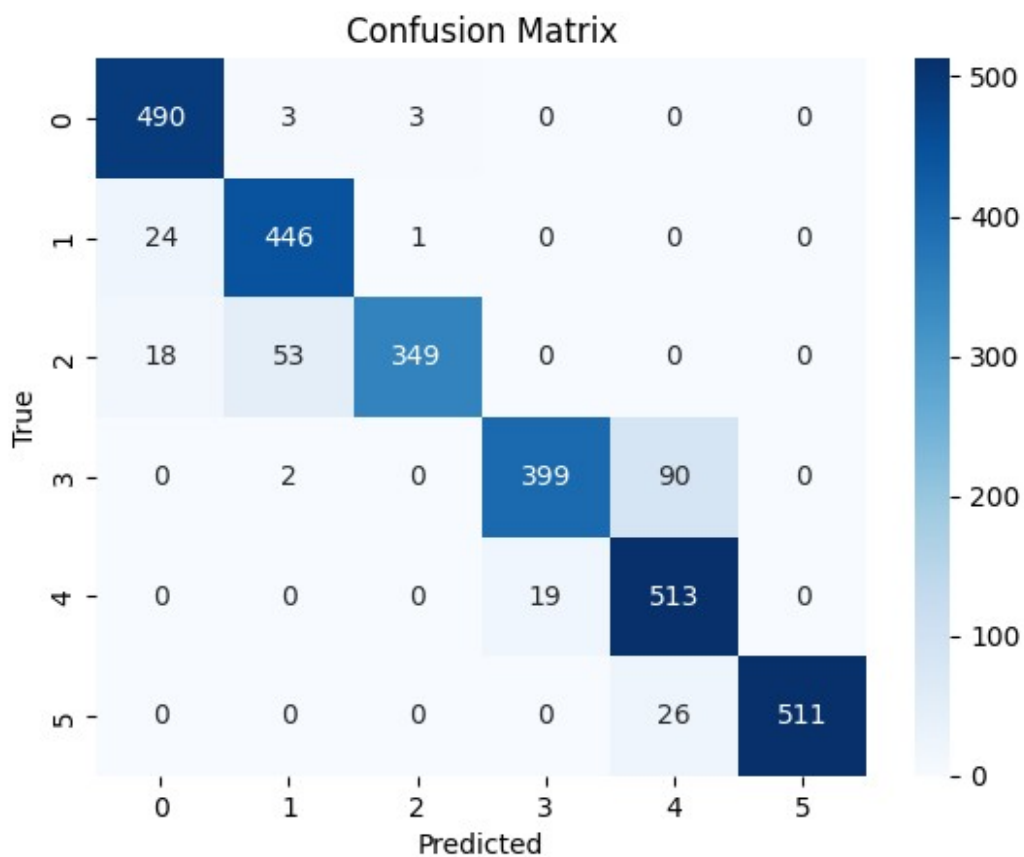
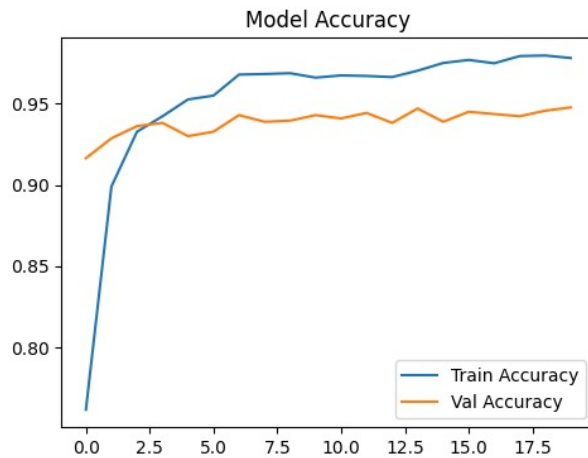
Epoch 13/20

184/184 \_\_\_\_\_ 1s 8ms/step - accuracy: 0.9690 - loss: 0.0871 - val\_accuracy: 0.9381 - val\_loss: 0.1565

Epoch 14/20  
 184/184 ————— 2s 9ms/step - accuracy: 0.9682 - loss: 0.0920 - val\_accuracy: 0.9470 - val\_loss: 0.1792  
 Epoch 15/20  
 184/184 ————— 1s 8ms/step - accuracy: 0.9786 - loss: 0.0617 - val\_accuracy: 0.9388 - val\_loss: 0.2231  
 Epoch 16/20  
 184/184 ————— 3s 12ms/step - accuracy: 0.9783 - loss: 0.0595 - val\_accuracy: 0.9449 - val\_loss: 0.1872  
 Epoch 17/20  
 184/184 ————— 2s 11ms/step - accuracy: 0.9758 - loss: 0.0657 - val\_accuracy: 0.9436 - val\_loss: 0.1931  
 Epoch 18/20  
 184/184 ————— 1s 8ms/step - accuracy: 0.9803 - loss: 0.0599 - val\_accuracy: 0.9422 - val\_loss: 0.2670  
 Epoch 19/20  
 184/184 ————— 1s 8ms/step - accuracy: 0.9805 - loss: 0.0487 - val\_accuracy: 0.9456 - val\_loss: 0.1596  
 Epoch 20/20  
 184/184 ————— 3s 8ms/step - accuracy: 0.9766 - loss: 0.0669 - val\_accuracy: 0.9477 - val\_loss: 0.1809  
 93/93 ————— 0s 3ms/step

Classification Report:

|              | precision | recall | f1-score | support |
|--------------|-----------|--------|----------|---------|
| 0            | 0.92      | 0.99   | 0.95     | 496     |
| 1            | 0.88      | 0.95   | 0.91     | 471     |
| 2            | 0.99      | 0.83   | 0.90     | 420     |
| 3            | 0.95      | 0.81   | 0.88     | 491     |
| 4            | 0.82      | 0.96   | 0.88     | 532     |
| 5            | 1.00      | 0.95   | 0.98     | 537     |
| accuracy     |           |        | 0.92     | 2947    |
| macro avg    | 0.93      | 0.92   | 0.92     | 2947    |
| weighted avg | 0.93      | 0.92   | 0.92     | 2947    |



```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import tensorflow as tf
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
from tensorflow.keras.models import Sequential
from tensorflow.keras.layers import Dense, Dropout, Conv1D, LSTM,
Flatten, BatchNormalization
```

```

from tensorflow.keras.optimizers import Adam
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler, OneHotEncoder
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix, classification_report

# Load the dataset
def load_data():
    X_train = pd.read_csv("/content/drive/MyDrive/UCI HAR
Dataset/train/X_train.txt", delim_whitespace=True, header=None)
    X_test = pd.read_csv("/content/drive/MyDrive/UCI HAR
Dataset/test/X_test.txt", delim_whitespace=True, header=None)
    y_train = pd.read_csv("/content/drive/MyDrive/UCI HAR
Dataset/train/y_train.txt", delim_whitespace=True, header=None)
    y_test = pd.read_csv("/content/drive/MyDrive/UCI HAR
Dataset/test/y_test.txt", delim_whitespace=True, header=None)
    return X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test

# Preprocessing the data
def preprocess_data(X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test):
    scaler = StandardScaler()
    X_train = scaler.fit_transform(X_train)
    X_test = scaler.transform(X_test)

    encoder = OneHotEncoder(sparse_output=False)
    y_train = encoder.fit_transform(y_train)
    y_test = encoder.transform(y_test)

    return X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test

# Create different model architectures
def create_dense_model(input_shape, num_classes):
    model = Sequential([
        Dense(512, activation='relu', input_shape=input_shape),
        Dropout(0.5),
        Dense(256, activation='relu'),
        Dropout(0.5),
        Dense(128, activation='relu'),
        Dense(num_classes, activation='softmax')
    ])
    model.compile(loss='categorical_crossentropy', optimizer=Adam(),
metrics=['accuracy'])
    return model

def create_cnn_model(input_shape, num_classes):
    model = Sequential([
        Conv1D(64, kernel_size=3, activation='relu',
input_shape=input_shape),
        BatchNormalization(),
        Dropout(0.5),
        Conv1D(128, kernel_size=3, activation='relu'),

```

```

        Flatten(),
        Dense(128, activation='relu'),
        Dense(num_classes, activation='softmax')
    ])
    model.compile(loss='categorical_crossentropy', optimizer=Adam(),
metrics=['accuracy'])
    return model

def create_lstm_model(input_shape, num_classes):
    model = Sequential([
        LSTM(64, return_sequences=True, input_shape=input_shape),
        LSTM(128),
        Dropout(0.5),
        Dense(128, activation='relu'),
        Dense(num_classes, activation='softmax')
    ])
    model.compile(loss='categorical_crossentropy', optimizer=Adam(),
metrics=['accuracy'])
    return model

# Load and preprocess data
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = load_data()
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = preprocess_data(X_train, X_test,
y_train, y_test)

# Reshape data for LSTM and CNN (assuming time-steps of 1)
X_train_r = X_train.reshape((X_train.shape[0], X_train.shape[1], 1))
X_test_r = X_test.reshape((X_test.shape[0], X_test.shape[1], 1))

# Select a model
model_type = 'cnn' # Change to 'cnn' or 'lstm'

if model_type == 'dense':
    model = create_dense_model((X_train.shape[1],), y_train.shape[1])
elif model_type == 'cnn':
    model = create_cnn_model((X_train_r.shape[1], 1),
y_train.shape[1])
elif model_type == 'lstm':
    model = create_lstm_model((X_train_r.shape[1], 1),
y_train.shape[1])

# Train the model
history = model.fit(X_train_r if model_type != 'dense' else X_train,
y_train, epochs=5, batch_size=32, validation_split=0.2)

# Evaluate the model
y_pred = np.argmax(model.predict(X_test_r if model_type != 'dense'
else X_test), axis=1)
y_true = np.argmax(y_test, axis=1)

```



```
print("Classification Report:\n", classification_report(y_true,
y_pred))
```

```
# Plot accuracy and loss
```

```
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 4))
plt.subplot(1, 2, 1)
plt.plot(history.history['accuracy'], label='Train Accuracy')
plt.plot(history.history['val_accuracy'], label='Val Accuracy')
plt.legend()
plt.title("Model Accuracy")
```

```
plt.subplot(1, 2, 2)
plt.plot(history.history['loss'], label='Train Loss')
plt.plot(history.history['val_loss'], label='Val Loss')
plt.legend()
plt.title("Model Loss")
plt.show()
```

```
# Confusion matrix
```

```
cm = confusion_matrix(y_true, y_pred)
sns.heatmap(cm, annot=True, fmt='d', cmap='Blues')
plt.title("Confusion Matrix")
plt.xlabel("Predicted")
plt.ylabel("True")
plt.show()
```

```
<ipython-input-3-c23c702bfe22>:15: FutureWarning: The
'delim_whitespace' keyword in pd.read_csv is deprecated and will be
removed in a future version. Use ``sep='\s+`` instead
```

```
X_train = pd.read_csv("/content/drive/MyDrive/UCI HAR
Dataset/train/X_train.txt", delim_whitespace=True, header=None)
```

```
<ipython-input-3-c23c702bfe22>:16: FutureWarning: The
'delim_whitespace' keyword in pd.read_csv is deprecated and will be
removed in a future version. Use ``sep='\s+`` instead
```

```
X_test = pd.read_csv("/content/drive/MyDrive/UCI HAR
Dataset/test/X_test.txt", delim_whitespace=True, header=None)
```

```
<ipython-input-3-c23c702bfe22>:17: FutureWarning: The
'delim_whitespace' keyword in pd.read_csv is deprecated and will be
removed in a future version. Use ``sep='\s+`` instead
```

```
y_train = pd.read_csv("/content/drive/MyDrive/UCI HAR
Dataset/train/y_train.txt", delim_whitespace=True, header=None)
```

```
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'delim_whitespace' keyword in pd.read_csv is deprecated and will be
removed in a future version. Use ``sep='\s+`` instead
```

```
y_test = pd.read_csv("/content/drive/MyDrive/UCI HAR
Dataset/test/y_test.txt", delim_whitespace=True, header=None)
```

```
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages/keras/src/layers/convolutional
/base_conv.py:107: UserWarning: Do not pass an
`input_shape`/`input_dim` argument to a layer. When using Sequential
models, prefer using an `Input(shape)` object as the first layer in
```

the model instead.

```
super().__init__(activity_regularizer=activity_regularizer,  
**kwargs)
```

Epoch 1/5

184/184 ————— 51s 266ms/step - accuracy: 0.7426 - loss: 2.9753 - val\_accuracy: 0.9293 - val\_loss: 0.3186

Epoch 2/5

184/184 ————— 81s 262ms/step - accuracy: 0.9519 - loss: 0.1507 - val\_accuracy: 0.9429 - val\_loss: 0.1449

Epoch 3/5

184/184 ————— 46s 251ms/step - accuracy: 0.9776 - loss: 0.0645 - val\_accuracy: 0.9517 - val\_loss: 0.1265

Epoch 4/5

184/184 ————— 83s 256ms/step - accuracy: 0.9735 - loss: 0.0841 - val\_accuracy: 0.9422 - val\_loss: 0.1901

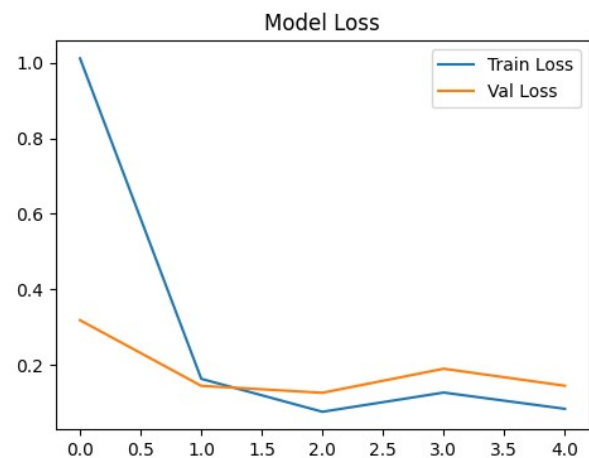
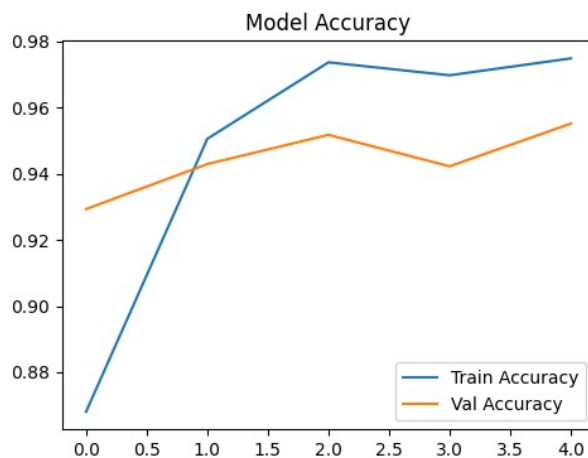
Epoch 5/5

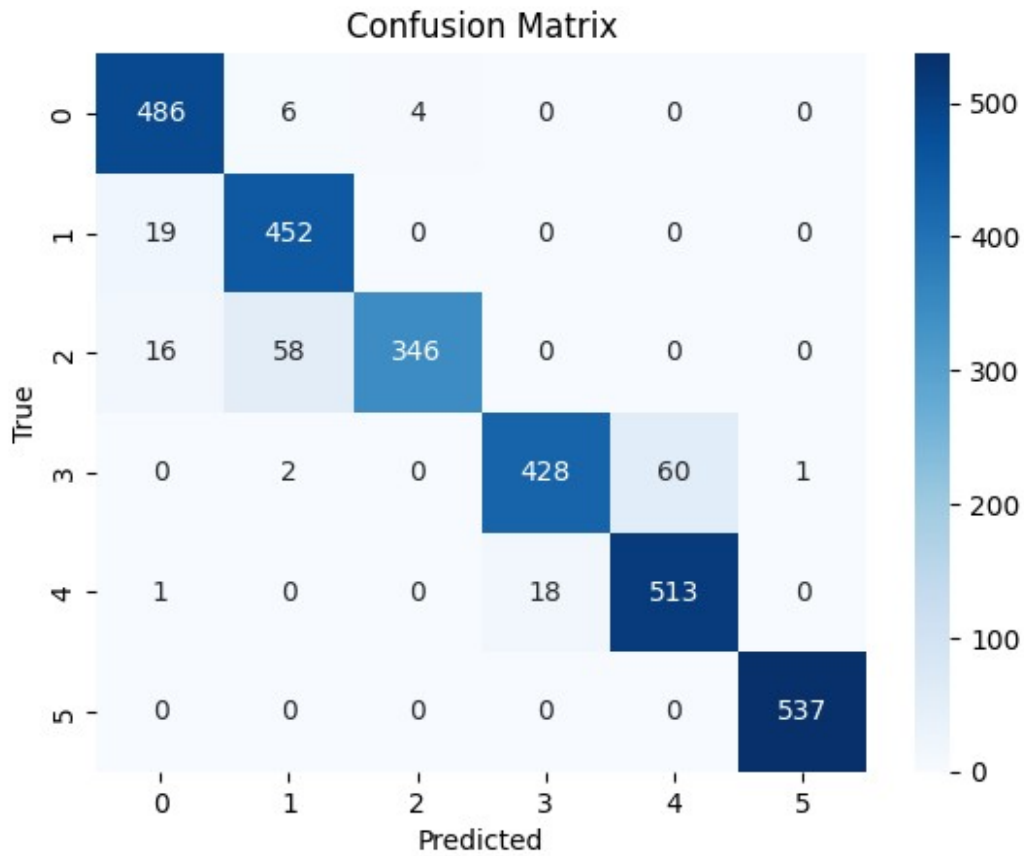
184/184 ————— 83s 260ms/step - accuracy: 0.9724 - loss: 0.0966 - val\_accuracy: 0.9551 - val\_loss: 0.1451

93/93 ————— 3s 35ms/step

Classification Report:

|              | precision | recall | f1-score | support |
|--------------|-----------|--------|----------|---------|
| 0            | 0.93      | 0.98   | 0.95     | 496     |
| 1            | 0.87      | 0.96   | 0.91     | 471     |
| 2            | 0.99      | 0.82   | 0.90     | 420     |
| 3            | 0.96      | 0.87   | 0.91     | 491     |
| 4            | 0.90      | 0.96   | 0.93     | 532     |
| 5            | 1.00      | 1.00   | 1.00     | 537     |
| accuracy     |           |        | 0.94     | 2947    |
| macro avg    | 0.94      | 0.93   | 0.93     | 2947    |
| weighted avg | 0.94      | 0.94   | 0.94     | 2947    |





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import pandas as pd
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from tensorflow.keras.models import Sequential
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from tensorflow.keras.optimizers import Adam
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler, OneHotEncoder
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix, classification_report

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    X_test = pd.read_csv("/content/drive/MyDrive/UCI HAR
Dataset/test/X_test.txt", delim_whitespace=True, header=None)
    y_train = pd.read_csv("/content/drive/MyDrive/UCI HAR
Dataset/train/y_train.txt", delim_whitespace=True, header=None)
    y_test = pd.read_csv("/content/drive/MyDrive/UCI HAR
Dataset/test/y_test.txt", delim_whitespace=True, header=None)
```

```

    return X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test

# Preprocessing the data
def preprocess_data(X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test):
    scaler = StandardScaler()
    X_train = scaler.fit_transform(X_train)
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    encoder = OneHotEncoder(sparse_output=False)
    y_train = encoder.fit_transform(y_train)
    y_test = encoder.transform(y_test)

    return X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test

# Create different model architectures
def create_dense_model(input_shape, num_classes):
    model = Sequential([
        Dense(512, activation='relu', input_shape=input_shape),
        Dropout(0.5),
        Dense(256, activation='relu'),
        Dropout(0.5),
        Dense(128, activation='relu'),
        Dense(num_classes, activation='softmax')
    ])
    model.compile(loss='categorical_crossentropy', optimizer=Adam(),
metrics=['accuracy'])
    return model

def create_cnn_model(input_shape, num_classes):
    model = Sequential([
        Conv1D(64, kernel_size=3, activation='relu',
input_shape=input_shape),
        BatchNormalization(),
        Dropout(0.5),
        Conv1D(128, kernel_size=3, activation='relu'),
        Flatten(),
        Dense(128, activation='relu'),
        Dense(num_classes, activation='softmax')
    ])
    model.compile(loss='categorical_crossentropy', optimizer=Adam(),
metrics=['accuracy'])
    return model

def create_lstm_model(input_shape, num_classes):
    model = Sequential([
        LSTM(64, return_sequences=True, input_shape=input_shape),
        LSTM(128),
        Dropout(0.5),
        Dense(128, activation='relu'),
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    ])

```

```

    ])
    model.compile(loss='categorical_crossentropy', optimizer=Adam(),
metrics=['accuracy'])
    return model

# Load and preprocess data
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = load_data()
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = preprocess_data(X_train, X_test,
y_train, y_test)

# Reshape data for LSTM and CNN (assuming time-steps of 1)
X_train_r = X_train.reshape((X_train.shape[0], X_train.shape[1], 1))
X_test_r = X_test.reshape((X_test.shape[0], X_test.shape[1], 1))

# Select a model
model_type = 'lstm' # Change to 'cnn' or 'lstm'

if model_type == 'dense':
    model = create_dense_model((X_train.shape[1],), y_train.shape[1])
elif model_type == 'cnn':
    model = create_cnn_model((X_train_r.shape[1], 1),
y_train.shape[1])
elif model_type == 'lstm':
    model = create_lstm_model((X_train_r.shape[1], 1),
y_train.shape[1])

# Train the model
history = model.fit(X_train_r if model_type != 'dense' else X_train,
y_train, epochs=5, batch_size=32, validation_split=0.2)

# Evaluate the model
y_pred = np.argmax(model.predict(X_test_r if model_type != 'dense'
else X_test), axis=1)
y_true = np.argmax(y_test, axis=1)

print("Classification Report:\n", classification_report(y_true,
y_pred))

# Plot accuracy and loss
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 4))
plt.subplot(1, 2, 1)
plt.plot(history.history['accuracy'], label='Train Accuracy')
plt.plot(history.history['val_accuracy'], label='Val Accuracy')
plt.legend()
plt.title("Model Accuracy")

plt.subplot(1, 2, 2)
plt.plot(history.history['loss'], label='Train Loss')
plt.plot(history.history['val_loss'], label='Val Loss')
plt.legend()

```

```
plt.title("Model Loss")
plt.show()
```

```
# Confusion matrix
```

```
cm = confusion_matrix(y_true, y_pred)
sns.heatmap(cm, annot=True, fmt='d', cmap='Blues')
plt.title("Confusion Matrix")
plt.xlabel("Predicted")
plt.ylabel("True")
plt.show()
```

```
<ipython-input-4-4cc173bdf0fc>:15: FutureWarning: The
'delim_whitespace' keyword in pd.read_csv is deprecated and will be
removed in a future version. Use ``sep='\s+'`` instead
```

```
X_train = pd.read_csv("/content/drive/MyDrive/UCI HAR
Dataset/train/X_train.txt", delim_whitespace=True, header=None)
```

```
<ipython-input-4-4cc173bdf0fc>:16: FutureWarning: The
'delim_whitespace' keyword in pd.read_csv is deprecated and will be
removed in a future version. Use ``sep='\s+'`` instead
```

```
X_test = pd.read_csv("/content/drive/MyDrive/UCI HAR
Dataset/test/X_test.txt", delim_whitespace=True, header=None)
```

```
<ipython-input-4-4cc173bdf0fc>:17: FutureWarning: The
'delim_whitespace' keyword in pd.read_csv is deprecated and will be
removed in a future version. Use ``sep='\s+'`` instead
```

```
y_train = pd.read_csv("/content/drive/MyDrive/UCI HAR
Dataset/train/y_train.txt", delim_whitespace=True, header=None)
```

```
<ipython-input-4-4cc173bdf0fc>:18: FutureWarning: The
'delim_whitespace' keyword in pd.read_csv is deprecated and will be
removed in a future version. Use ``sep='\s+'`` instead
```

```
y_test = pd.read_csv("/content/drive/MyDrive/UCI HAR
Dataset/test/y_test.txt", delim_whitespace=True, header=None)
```

```
/usr/local/lib/python3.11/dist-packages/keras/src/layers/rnn/rnn.py:20
0: UserWarning: Do not pass an `input_shape`/`input_dim` argument to a
layer. When using Sequential models, prefer using an `Input(shape)`
object as the first layer in the model instead.
```

```
super().__init__(**kwargs)
```

Epoch 1/5

184/184 ————— 192s 1s/step - accuracy: 0.3656 - loss: 1.3096 - val\_accuracy: 0.6526 - val\_loss: 0.9586

Epoch 2/5

184/184 ————— 192s 1s/step - accuracy: 0.5559 - loss: 0.9904 - val\_accuracy: 0.6825 - val\_loss: 0.8901

Epoch 3/5

184/184 ————— 203s 1s/step - accuracy: 0.6806 - loss: 0.7356 - val\_accuracy: 0.7988 - val\_loss: 0.8647

Epoch 4/5

184/184 ————— 202s 1s/step - accuracy: 0.7269 - loss: 0.6394 - val\_accuracy: 0.7315 - val\_loss: 0.9095

Epoch 5/5

184/184 ————— 200s 1s/step - accuracy: 0.7673 - loss: 0.5514 - val\_accuracy: 0.7913 - val\_loss: 0.8435  
93/93 ————— 29s 304ms/step

### Classification Report:

|              | precision | recall | f1-score | support |
|--------------|-----------|--------|----------|---------|
| 0            | 0.70      | 0.55   | 0.62     | 496     |
| 1            | 0.73      | 0.71   | 0.72     | 471     |
| 2            | 0.58      | 0.74   | 0.65     | 420     |
| 3            | 0.86      | 0.70   | 0.77     | 491     |
| 4            | 0.71      | 0.89   | 0.79     | 532     |
| 5            | 1.00      | 0.92   | 0.96     | 537     |
| accuracy     |           |        | 0.76     | 2947    |
| macro avg    | 0.76      | 0.75   | 0.75     | 2947    |
| weighted avg | 0.77      | 0.76   | 0.76     | 2947    |

