

CCNU-UOW

CSCI964 Computational Intelligence

Spring 2020

Laboratory Exercise 2 (Week 2)

1 Task One: Delta Rule for Single Artificial Neural Networks Training

The delta rule is expressed as the following equation

$$w_i \leftarrow w_i - \eta \frac{dE}{dw} \quad (1)$$

$$\theta \leftarrow \theta - \eta \frac{dE}{d\theta} \quad (2)$$

In which

$$p = \sum_{i=1}^n x_i w_i - \theta \quad (3)$$

$$\hat{y} = f(p) \quad (4)$$

$$f(p) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-p}} \quad (5)$$

$$E = \frac{1}{2}(y - \hat{y})^2 \quad (6)$$

So we can get the following quation by the chain rule

$$\frac{dE}{dw_i} = \frac{dE}{d\hat{y}} \frac{d\hat{y}}{dp} \frac{dp}{dw_i} \quad (7)$$

Where

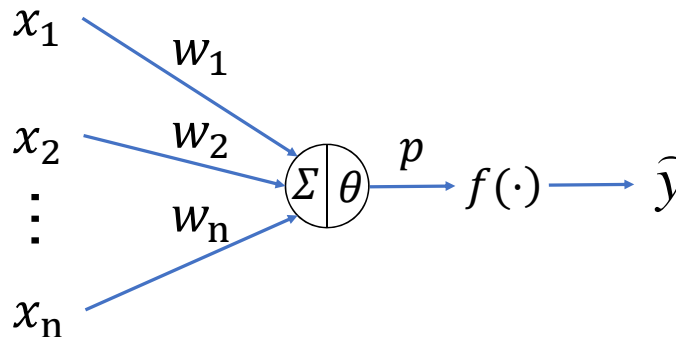


Figure 1: Perceptron with activation function

Algorithm 1 Delta Rule for learning single ANN

Input: training dataset $D = \{(\mathbf{x}_k, \mathbf{y}_k)\}_{k=1}^m$;

learning rate η

randomly initialize w_i and θ

Process:

1. **repeat**

2. for all $(\mathbf{x}_k, \mathbf{y}_k)$ do

3. compute \hat{y} through the forward process

4. update w_i through $w_i \leftarrow w_i - \eta(\hat{y} - y)\hat{y}(1 - \hat{y})x_i$

5. update θ through $\theta \leftarrow \theta + \eta(\hat{y} - y)\hat{y}(1 - \hat{y})$

6. end for

7. **until** $|E_{t+1} - E_t| \leq \varepsilon$ **or** $t \geq T$ **in which** t stands for Epoches for training

Output: w_i and θ

$$\frac{dE}{d\hat{y}} = (\hat{y} - y) \quad (8)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{d\hat{y}}{dp} &= f(p)(1 - f(p)) \\ &= \hat{y}(1 - \hat{y}) \end{aligned} \quad (9)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{d\hat{y}}{dp} &= f(p)(1 - f(p)) \\ &= \hat{y}(1 - \hat{y}) \end{aligned} \quad (10)$$

So put (7)~(9) into (6), we have

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dE}{dw_i} &= \frac{dE}{d\hat{y}} \frac{d\hat{y}}{dp} \frac{dp}{dw_i} \\ &= (\hat{y} - y)\hat{y}(1 - \hat{y})x_i \end{aligned} \quad (11)$$

So for w_i updating we have

$$w_i \leftarrow w_i - \eta(\hat{y} - y)\hat{y}(1 - \hat{y})x_i \quad (12)$$

In the same way, we can learn θ

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dE}{d\theta} &= \frac{dE}{dy} \frac{d\hat{y}}{dp} \frac{dp}{d\theta} \\ &= (\hat{y} - y)\hat{y}(1 - \hat{y})(-1) \end{aligned} \quad (13)$$

$$\theta \leftarrow \theta + \eta(\hat{y} - y)\hat{y}(1 - \hat{y}) \quad (14)$$

Using C++ and delta rule to train the following ANNs by online learning

With the following input and output

$$\begin{array}{cccc} x_1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ x_2 & = & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ x_3 & & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \end{array} \quad (15)$$

$$y = 0 \quad 0 \quad 1 \quad 1 \quad (16)$$

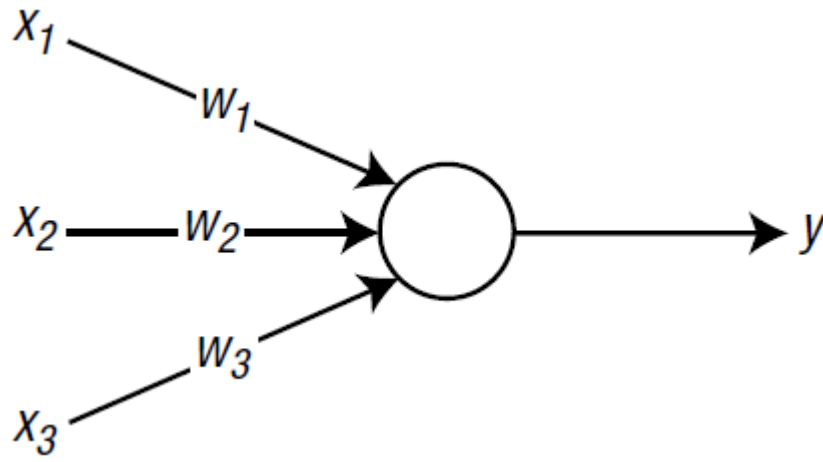


Figure 2: ANNS with 3 inputs

2 Task Two: Implementation of the Batch Method

Using batch method to train the above ANN and coding with C++.