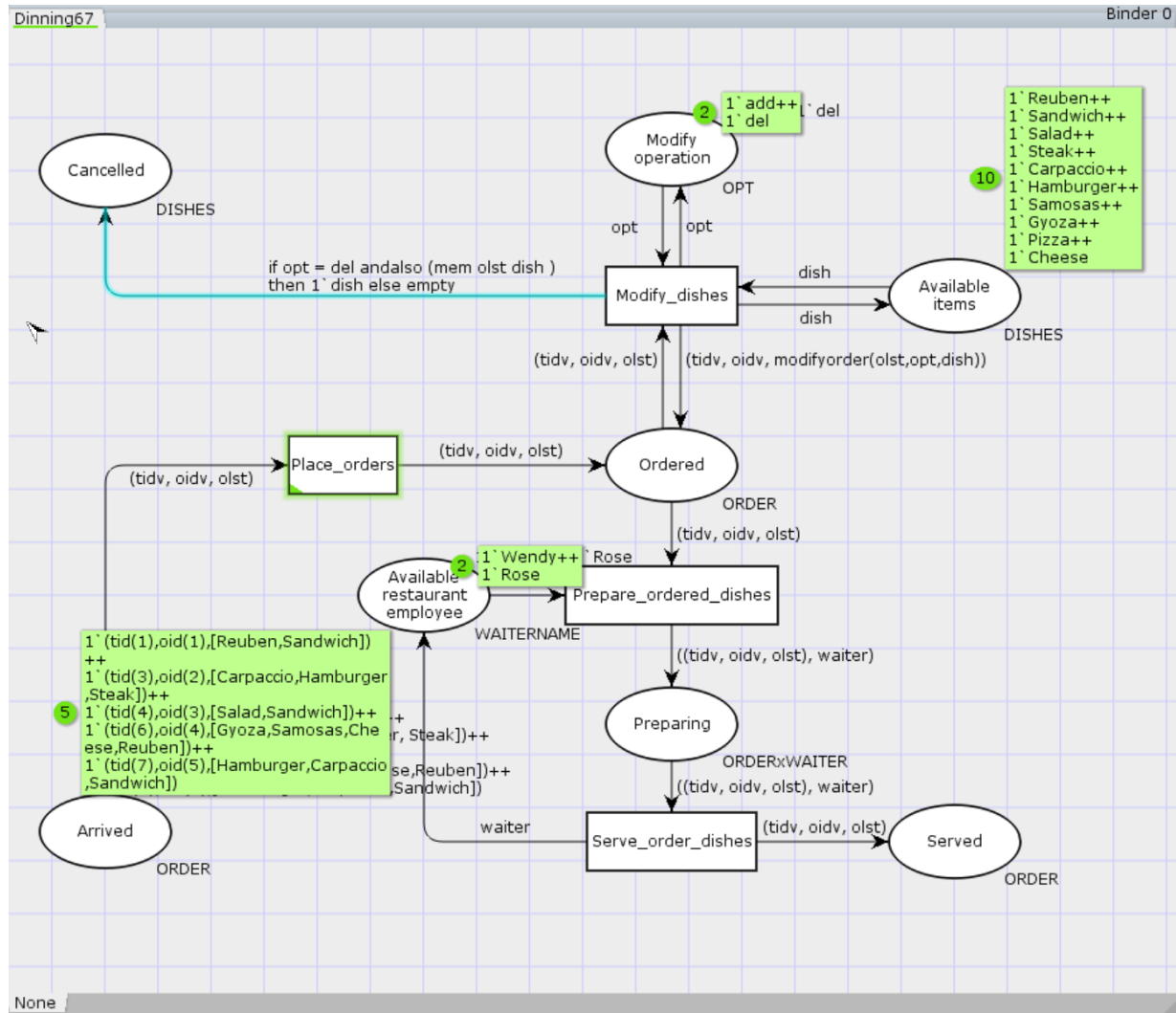


Colored Petri Net of Dinning67

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CPN Graph



Mathematic representation

$$C = (P, T, I, O)$$

$$P = \{Arrived, Ordered, Cancelled, Preparing, Served, Modify_Operation, Available_items, Available_restaurant_employee\}$$

$$T = \{Place_orders, Modify_dishes, Prepare_ordered_dishes, Serve_ordered_dishes\}$$

$$I(Place_orders) = \{Arrived\}$$

$$O(Place_orders) = \{Ordered\}$$

$$I(Modify_dishes) = \{Ordered, Modify_operation, Available_items\}$$

$$O(Modify_dishes) = \{Ordered, Modify_operation, Available_items, Cancelled\}$$

$$I(Prepare_ordered_dishes) = \{Ordered, Available_restaurant_employee\}$$

$$O(Prepare_ordered_dishes) = \{Preparing\}$$

$I(\text{Serve_ordered_dishes}) = \{\text{Preparing}\}$

$O(\text{Serve_ordered_dishes}) = \{\text{Available_restaurant_employee}, \text{Served}\}$

Initial marking is $\mu = \{5, 0, 0, 0, 0, 2, 10, 2\}$

Definition of all colsets

```
colset OPT = with add | del;
colset TABLEID = index tid with 1..10;
colset ORDERID = index oid with 1..20;
colset DISHES = with Reuben
| Sandwich
| Salad
| Steak
| Carpaccio
| Hamburger
| Samosas
| Gyoza
| Pizza
| Cheese;
colset QUANTITY = int;
colset ORDERITEM = product DISHES * QUANTITY;
colset ORDERITEMLST = list DISHES;
colset ORDER = product TABLEID * ORDERID * ORDERITEMLST;
colset WAITERNAME = with Wendy | Rose;
colset ORDERxWAITER = product ORDER * WAITERNAME;
var tidv: TABLEID;
var oidv: ORDERID;
var dish: DISHES;
var olst: ORDERITEMLST;
var opt: OPT;
var waiter: WAITERNAME;
fun modifyorder(olst:ORDERITEMLST,opt:OPT,dish:DISHES) =
(case opt of
del => if (length olst)>0
then (rm dish olst)
else nil
| add => ins_new olst dish)
```

Explanation

There are 2 employee who can serve orders of customers in the Dinning67 restaurant and 5 arrived customers with initial orders. They can modify their orders when the order is ordered by adding or deleting items. There are 10 available dishes.