Soal No 7

Diketahui:

- memory access (ma) = 200 ns
- page fault time = 10 ms
- probabilitas (p) = Terdapat 10.000 ma terdapat 10 page fault

Ditanya:

- Effective access time atau (EAT)

Rumus:

- EAT = $((1-p) \times ma) + (p \times page fault time)$

- EAT = $((1-p) \times ma) + (p \times page fault time)$

Pertama, Masukkan Rumus

- EAT = $((1-p) \times ma) + (p \times page fault time)$
- EAT = $((1-p) \times 200 \text{ ns}) + (p \times 10 \text{ ms})$

Untuk variabel p jangan di
masukkan nilainya dulu tapi
disederhanain dulu biar gampang
dan g susah

Kedua, Masukkan nilai yang diketahui kedalam Rumus

Diketahui:

- memory access (ma) = 200 ns
- page fault time = 10 ms
- probabilitas (p) = Terdapat 10.000 ma
 terdapat 10 page fault

- EAT = $((1-p) \times ma) + (p \times page fault time)$
- EAT = $((1-p) \times 200 \text{ ns}) + (p \times 10 \text{ ms})$

Ketiga, Samakan satuan waktu ma dan page fault time menjadi nanosecond (ns)

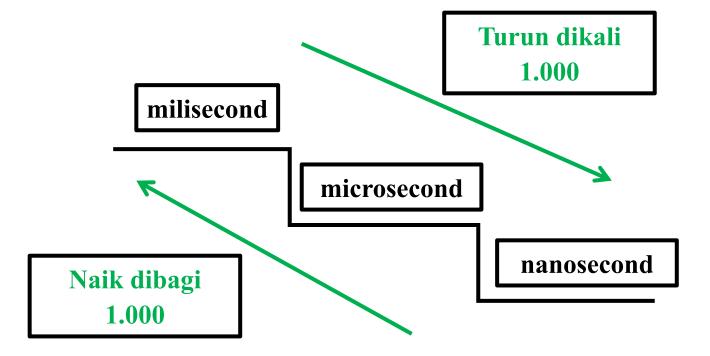
ma = 200 nanosecond (ns)
page fault time = 10 milisecond (ms)

- EAT = $((1-p) \times ma) + (p \times page fault time)$
- EAT = $((1-p) \times 200 \text{ ns}) + (p \times 10 \text{ ms})$

Ketiga, Samakan satuan waktu ma dan page fault time menjadi nanosecond (ns)

ma = 200 nanosecond (ns)
page fault time = 10 milisecond (ms)

Karena ma sudah nanosecond maka tinggal mengubah page fault time

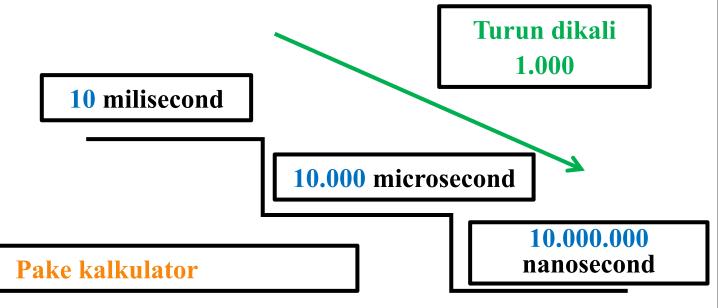


- EAT = $((1-p) \times ma) + (p \times page fault time)$
- EAT = $((1-p) \times 200 \text{ ns}) + (p \times 10 \text{ ms})$

Ketiga, Samakan satuan waktu ma dan page fault time menjadi nanosecond (ns)

ma = 200 nanosecond (ns)
page fault time = 10 milisecond (ms)

Karena ma sudah nanosecond maka tinggal mengubah page fault time



- EAT = $((1-p) \times ma) + (p \times page fault time)$
- $EAT = ((1-p) \times 200 \text{ ns}) + (p \times 10 \text{ ms})$
- EAT = $((1-p) \times 200 \text{ ns}) + (p \times 10.000.000 \text{ ns})$

Ketiga, Samakan satuan waktu ma dan page fault time menjadi nanosecond (ns)

ma = 200 nanosecond (ns)
page fault time = 10 milisecond (ms)

Karena ma sudah nanosecond maka tinggal mengubah page fault time

 $\overline{10} \text{ ms} = 10.000.000 \text{ nanosecond (ns)}$

```
- EAT = ((1-p) \times ma) + (p \times page fault time)
```

- EAT =
$$((1-p) \times 200 \text{ ns}) + (p \times 10 \text{ ms})$$

$$-EAT = ((1-p) \times 200 \text{ ns}) + (p \times 10.000.000 \text{ ns})$$



 $((1-p) \times 200 \text{ ns})$

Keempat, dikalikan sesuai yang ada didalam kurung

- EAT = $((1-p) \times ma) + (p \times page fault time)$

- EAT = $((1-p) \times 200 \text{ ns}) + (p \times 10 \text{ ms})$

 $-EAT = ((1-p) \times 200 \text{ ns}) + (p \times 10.000.000 \text{ ns})$

Keempat, dikalikan sesuai yang ada didalam kurung

Satuan ns tidak perlu ditulis lagi karena satuannya tidak diganti

$$((1-p) \times 200 \text{ ns}) = -200p$$

(200 - 200p)

- EAT =
$$((1-p) \times ma) + (p \times page fault time)$$

- EAT =
$$((1-p) \times 200 \text{ ns}) + (p \times 10 \text{ ms})$$

$$-EAT = ((1-p) \times 200 \text{ ns}) + (p \times 10.000.000 \text{ ns})$$

$$-EAT = (200 - 200p) +$$

$$(p \times 10.000.000 \text{ ns}) = 10.000.000p$$

Satuan ns tidak perlu ditulis lagi karena satuannya tidak diganti

Keempat, dikalikan sesuai yang ada didalam kurung

- EAT = $((1-p) \times ma) + (p \times page fault time)$
- EAT = $((1-p) \times 200 \text{ ns}) + (p \times 10 \text{ ms})$
- EAT = $((1-p) \times 200 \text{ ns}) + (p \times 10.000.000 \text{ ns})$
- -EAT = (200 200p) + (10.000.000p)

Keempat, dikalikan sesuai yang ada didalam kurung

- EAT = $((1-p) \times ma) + (p \times page fault time)$
- EAT = $((1-p) \times 200 \text{ ns}) + (p \times 10 \text{ ms})$
- $-EAT = ((1-p) \times 200 \text{ ns}) + (p \times 10.000.000 \text{ ns})$
- -EAT = (200 200p) + (10.000.000p)

Kelima, dijabarkan sesuai variabel yang sama

Contoh Variabel = p

- EAT =
$$((1-p) \times ma) + (p \times page fault time)$$

$$- EAT = ((1-p) \times 200 \text{ ns}) + (p \times 10 \text{ ms})$$

- EAT =
$$((1-p) \times 200 \text{ ns}) + (p \times 10.000.000 \text{ ns})$$

$$-EAT = (200 - 200p) + (10.000.000p)$$

•

200 - 200p + 10.000.000p

Kelima, dijabarkan sesuai variabel yang sama

Contoh Variabel = p

- EAT =
$$((1-p) \times ma) + (p \times page fault time)$$

$$- EAT = ((1-p) \times 200 \text{ ns}) + (p \times 10 \text{ ms})$$

- EAT =
$$((1-p) \times 200 \text{ ns}) + (p \times 10.000.000 \text{ ns})$$

$$-EAT = (200 - 200p) + (10.000.000p)$$



$$200 - 200p + 10.000.000p$$



$$200 + (-200p + 10.000.000p)$$

Kelima, dijabarkan sesuai variabel yang sama

Contoh Variabel = p

Dikurungkan mulai dari -200p karena sama dengan 10.000.000p dan 200 dibiarkan sendiri sampai variabelnya sama

- EAT =
$$((1-p) \times ma) + (p \times page fault time)$$

$$- EAT = ((1-p) \times 200 \text{ ns}) + (p \times 10 \text{ ms})$$

- EAT =
$$((1-p) \times 200 \text{ ns}) + (p \times 10.000.000 \text{ ns})$$

$$-EAT = (200 - 200p) + (10.000.000p)$$

$$-EAT = 200 + (-200p + 10.000.000p)$$



10.000.000p

200p

9.999.800p

Pake kalkulator biar g ribet

Kelima, dijabarkan sesuai variabel yang sama

Kemudian dihitung lah masa diliatin :v

- EAT = $((1-p) \times ma) + (p \times page fault time)$
- $EAT = ((1-p) \times 200 \text{ ns}) + (p \times 10 \text{ ms})$
- $-EAT = ((1-p) \times 200 \text{ ns}) + (p \times 10.000.000 \text{ ns})$
- -EAT = (200 200p) + (10.000.000p)
- -EAT = 200 + (-200p + 10.000.000p)
- -EAT = 200 + 9.999.800p nanosecond

Keenam, g bisa dihitung karena beda variabel, maka masukin yang diketahui lagi

- EAT =
$$((1-p) \times ma) + (p \times page fault time)$$

$$- EAT = ((1-p) \times 200 \text{ ns}) + (p \times 10 \text{ ms})$$

- EAT =
$$((1-p) \times 200 \text{ ns}) + (p \times 10.000.000 \text{ ns})$$

$$-EAT = (200 - 200p) + (10.000.000p)$$

$$-EAT = 200 + (-200p + 10.000.000p)$$

$$-EAT = 200 + 9.999.800p$$
 nanosecond

Caranya: p = 10 / 10.000

9.999.800p

Keenam, g bisa dihitung karena beda variabel, sekarang baru masukin variabel p

Diketahui:

- probabilitas (p) = Terdapat 10.000 ma terdapat 10 page fault

nanosecondnya g usah peduliin dulu

- EAT = $((1-p) \times ma) + (p \times page fault time)$
- $EAT = ((1-p) \times 200 \text{ ns}) + (p \times 10 \text{ ms})$
- EAT = $((1-p) \times 200 \text{ ns}) + (p \times 10.000.000 \text{ ns})$
- -EAT = (200 200p) + (10.000.000p)
- -EAT = 200 + (-200p + 10.000.000p)
- -EAT = 200 + 9.999.800p nanosecond

Keenam, g bisa dihitung karena beda variabel, sekarang baru masukin variabel p

Diketahui:

- probabilitas (p) = Terdapat 10.000 ma terdapat 10 page fault

Caranya: p = 10 / 10.000

9.999.800p = 9.999.800(10/10.000)

- EAT =
$$((1-p) \times ma) + (p \times page fault time)$$

$$- EAT = ((1-p) \times 200 \text{ ns}) + (p \times 10 \text{ ms})$$

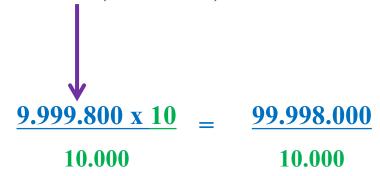
$$-EAT = ((1-p) \times 200 \text{ ns}) + (p \times 10.000.000 \text{ ns})$$

$$-EAT = (200 - 200p) + (10.000.000p)$$

$$-EAT = 200 + (-200p + 10.000.000p)$$

$$-EAT = 200 + 9.999.800p$$
 nanosecond

$$-EAT = 200 + 9.999.800(10/10.000)$$
 nanosecond



Ketujuh, hitung lagi tapi yang ada kurungan dikerjain dulu baru ditambah

- EAT = $((1-p) \times ma) + (p \times page fault time)$
- $EAT = ((1-p) \times 200 \text{ ns}) + (p \times 10 \text{ ms})$
- $-EAT = ((1-p) \times 200 \text{ ns}) + (p \times 10.000.000 \text{ ns})$
- -EAT = (200 200p) + (10.000.000p)
- -EAT = 200 + (-200p + 10.000.000p)
- -EAT = 200 + 9.999.800p nanosecond
- -EAT = 200 + 9.999.800(10/10.000) nanosecond
- -EAT = 200 + (99.998.000/10.000) nanosecond

Kedelapan, hitung lagi tapi yang di kurungan dikerjain dulu baru ditambah

Pake kalkulator aja gan

$$\frac{99.998.000}{10.000} = 9.999,8$$

- EAT = $((1-p) \times ma) + (p \times page fault time)$
- $EAT = ((1-p) \times 200 \text{ ns}) + (p \times 10 \text{ ms})$
- $-EAT = ((1-p) \times 200 \text{ ns}) + (p \times 10.000.000 \text{ ns})$
- -EAT = (200 200p) + (10.000.000p)
- -EAT = 200 + (-200p + 10.000.000p)
- -EAT = 200 + 9.999.800p nanosecond
- -EAT = 200 + 9.999.800(10/10.000) nanosecond
- -EAT = 200 + (99.998.000/10.000) nanosecond
- -EAT = 200 + 9.999.8 nanosecond

Pake kalkulator #2

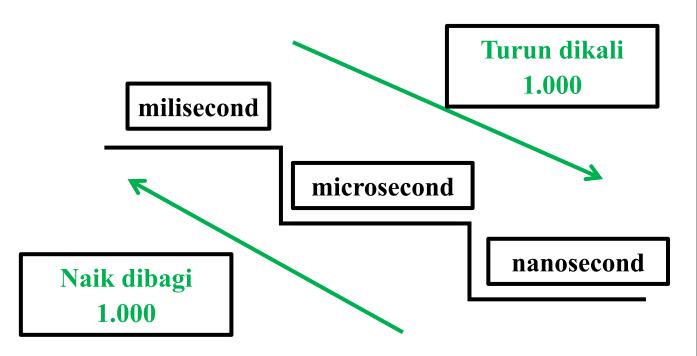
Kesembilan, tinggal ditambahin

- EAT = $((1-p) \times ma) + (p \times page fault time)$
- $EAT = ((1-p) \times 200 \text{ ns}) + (p \times 10 \text{ ms})$
- $-EAT = ((1-p) \times 200 \text{ ns}) + (p \times 10.000.000 \text{ ns})$
- -EAT = (200 200p) + (10.000.000p)
- -EAT = 200 + (-200p + 10.000.000p)
- -EAT = 200 + 9.999.800p nanosecond
- -EAT = 200 + 9.999.800(10/10.000) nanosecond
- -EAT = 200 + (99.998.000/10.000) nanosecond
- -EAT = 200 + 9.999.8 nanosecond
- EAT = 10.199,8 nanosecond

Kesepuluh, ubah dari satuan nanosecond jadi bentuk microsecond

- EAT = $((1-p) \times ma) + (p \times page fault time)$
- EAT = $((1-p) \times 200 \text{ ns}) + (p \times 10 \text{ ms})$
- EAT = $((1-p) \times 200 \text{ ns}) + (p \times 10.000.000 \text{ ns})$
- -EAT = (200 200p) + (10.000.000p)
- -EAT = 200 + (-200p + 10.000.000p)
- -EAT = 200 + 9.999.800p nanosecond
- -EAT = 200 + 9.999.800(10/10.000) nanosecond
- -EAT = 200 + (99.998.000/10.000) nanosecond
- -EAT = 200 + 9.999.8 nanosecond
- EAT = 10.199,8 nanosecond

Kesepuluh, ubah dari satuan nanosecond jadi bentuk microsecond



Sekarang baru peduliin satuan waktunya

- EAT =
$$((1-p) \times ma) + (p \times page fault time)$$

- EAT =
$$((1-p) \times 200 \text{ ns}) + (p \times 10 \text{ ms})$$

- EAT =
$$((1-p) \times 200 \text{ ns}) + (p \times 10.000.000 \text{ ns})$$

$$-EAT = (200 - 200p) + (10.000.000p)$$

$$-EAT = 200 + (-200p + 10.000.000p)$$

$$-EAT = 200 + 9.999.800p$$
 nanosecond

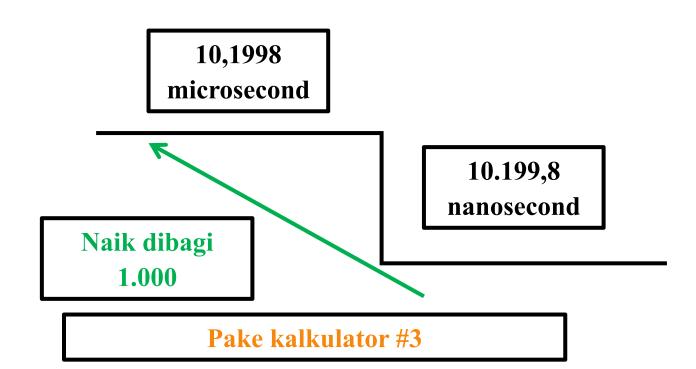
$$-EAT = 200 + 9.999.800(10/10.000)$$
 nanosecond

$$-EAT = 200 + (99.998.000/10.000)$$
 nanosecond

$$-EAT = 200 + 9.999.8$$
 nanosecond

- EAT =
$$10.199,8$$
 nanosecond

Kesepuluh, ubah dari satuan nanosecond jadi bentuk microsecond



- EAT =
$$((1-p) \times ma) + (p \times page fault time)$$

$$- EAT = ((1-p) \times 200 \text{ ns}) + (p \times 10 \text{ ms})$$

- EAT =
$$((1-p) \times 200 \text{ ns}) + (p \times 10.000.000 \text{ ns})$$

$$-EAT = (200 - 200p) + (10.000.000p)$$

$$-EAT = 200 + (-200p + 10.000.000p)$$

$$-EAT = 200 + 9.999.800p$$
 nanosecond

$$-EAT = 200 + 9.999.800(10/10.000)$$
 nanosecond

$$-EAT = 200 + (99.998.000/10.000)$$
 nanosecond

$$-EAT = 200 + 9.999.8$$
 nanosecond

- EAT =
$$10.199,8$$
 nanosecond

Kesepuluh, ubah dari satuan nanosecond jadi bentuk microsecond

Satuannya jadi microsecond, singkatan microsecond kalo g salah bukan ms

- EAT =
$$((1-p) \times ma) + (p \times page fault time)$$

$$- EAT = ((1-p) \times 200 \text{ ns}) + (p \times 10 \text{ ms})$$

$$-EAT = ((1-p) \times 200 \text{ ns}) + (p \times 10.000.000 \text{ ns})$$

$$-EAT = (200 - 200p) + (10.000.000p)$$

$$-EAT = 200 + (-200p + 10.000.000p)$$

$$-EAT = 200 + 9.999.800p$$
 nanosecond

$$-EAT = 200 + 9.999.800(10/10.000)$$
 nanosecond

$$-EAT = 200 + (99.998.000/10.000)$$
 nanosecond

$$-EAT = 200 + 9.999,8$$
 nanosecond

- EAT =
$$10.199,8$$
 nanosecond

- EAT =
$$10,1998$$
 microsecond

Kesebelas, bulatkan jadi 1 angka dibelakang koma

Rumus membulatkan angka:

0 - 4 : Angkanya tetap

5 - 9 : Naik 1 angka

- EAT =
$$((1-p) \times ma) + (p \times page fault time)$$

$$- EAT = ((1-p) \times 200 \text{ ns}) + (p \times 10 \text{ ms})$$

- EAT =
$$((1-p) \times 200 \text{ ns}) + (p \times 10.000.000 \text{ ns})$$

$$-EAT = (200 - 200p) + (10.000.000p)$$

$$-EAT = 200 + (-200p + 10.000.000p)$$

$$-EAT = 200 + 9.999.800p$$
 nanosecond

$$-EAT = 200 + 9.999.800(10/10.000)$$
 nanosecond

$$-EAT = 200 + (99.998.000/10.000)$$
 nanosecond

$$-EAT = 200 + 9.999,8$$
 nanosecond

- EAT =
$$10.199,8$$
 nanosecond

- EAT =
$$10,1998$$
 microsecond

Kesebelas, bulatkan jadi 1 angka dibelakang koma yaitu angka 1 dibulatkan dari ,1998

Rumus membulatkan angka:

0 - 4 : Angkanya tetap

5 - 9 : Naik 1 angka

Karena dibelakang koma ada 4 angka, maka yang diliat dari ,1998 cukup angka sebelumnya yaitu 9

- EAT =
$$((1-p) \times ma) + (p \times page fault time)$$

- EAT =
$$((1-p) \times 200 \text{ ns}) + (p \times 10 \text{ ms})$$

$$-EAT = ((1-p) \times 200 \text{ ns}) + (p \times 10.000.000 \text{ ns})$$

$$-EAT = (200 - 200p) + (10.000.000p)$$

$$-EAT = 200 + (-200p + 10.000.000p)$$

$$-EAT = 200 + 9.999.800p$$
 nanosecond

$$-EAT = 200 + 9.999.800(10/10.000)$$
 nanosecond

$$-EAT = 200 + (99.998.000/10.000)$$
 nanosecond

$$-EAT = 200 + 9.999.8$$
 nanosecond

- EAT =
$$10.199,8$$
 nanosecond

- EAT =
$$10,1998$$
 microsecond

Kesebelas, bulatkan jadi 1 angka dibelakang koma yaitu angka 1 dibulatkan dari ,1998

Rumus membulatkan angka:

0 - 4 : Angkanya tetap

5 - 9 : Naik 1 angka

Sesuai rumus angka 9 berarti naik 1 angka jadi angka 1 naik jadi angka.....

- EAT =
$$((1-p) \times ma) + (p \times page fault time)$$

- EAT =
$$((1-p) \times 200 \text{ ns}) + (p \times 10 \text{ ms})$$

$$-EAT = ((1-p) \times 200 \text{ ns}) + (p \times 10.000.000 \text{ ns})$$

$$-EAT = (200 - 200p) + (10.000.000p)$$

$$-EAT = 200 + (-200p + 10.000.000p)$$

$$-EAT = 200 + 9.999.800p$$
 nanosecond

$$-EAT = 200 + 9.999.800(10/10.000)$$
 nanosecond

$$-EAT = 200 + (99.998.000/10.000)$$
 nanosecond

$$-EAT = 200 + 9.999.8$$
 nanosecond

- EAT =
$$10.199,8$$
 nanosecond

- EAT =
$$10,1998$$
 microsecond

Kesebelas, bulatkan jadi 1 angka dibelakang koma yaitu angka 1 dibulatkan dari ,1998

Rumus membulatkan angka:

0 - 4 : Angkanya tetap

5 - 9 : Naik 1 angka

Sesuai rumus angka 9 berarti naik 1 angka jadi angka 1 naik jadi angka.....

- EAT =
$$((1-p) \times ma) + (p \times page fault time)$$

- EAT =
$$((1-p) \times 200 \text{ ns}) + (p \times 10 \text{ ms})$$

$$-EAT = ((1-p) \times 200 \text{ ns}) + (p \times 10.000.000 \text{ ns})$$

$$-EAT = (200 - 200p) + (10.000.000p)$$

$$-EAT = 200 + (-200p + 10.000.000p)$$

$$-EAT = 200 + 9.999.800p$$
 nanosecond

$$-EAT = 200 + 9.999.800(10/10.000)$$
 nanosecond

$$-EAT = 200 + (99.998.000/10.000)$$
 nanosecond

$$-EAT = 200 + 9.999.8$$
 nanosecond

- EAT =
$$10.199,8$$
 nanosecond

- EAT =
$$10,1998$$
 microsecond

Kesebelas, bulatkan jadi 1 angka dibelakang koma yaitu angka 1 dibulatkan dari ,1998

Rumus membulatkan angka:

0 - 4 : Angkanya tetap

5 - 9 : Naik 1 angka

Sesuai rumus angka 9 berarti naik 1 angka jadi angka 1 naik jadi angka.....

Ceritanya ada gambar syaitan tapi karena syaitan ghaib jadinya g keliatan :v

- EAT =
$$((1-p) \times ma) + (p \times page fault time)$$

- EAT =
$$((1-p) \times 200 \text{ ns}) + (p \times 10 \text{ ms})$$

$$-EAT = ((1-p) \times 200 \text{ ns}) + (p \times 10.000.000 \text{ ns})$$

$$-EAT = (200 - 200p) + (10.000.000p)$$

$$-EAT = 200 + (-200p + 10.000.000p)$$

$$-EAT = 200 + 9.999.800p$$
 nanosecond

$$-EAT = 200 + 9.999.800(10/10.000)$$
 nanosecond

$$-EAT = 200 + (99.998.000/10.000)$$
 nanosecond

$$-EAT = 200 + 9.999,8$$
 nanosecond

- EAT =
$$10.199,8$$
 nanosecond

- EAT =
$$10,1998$$
 microsecond

Kesebelas, bulatkan jadi 1 angka dibelakang koma yaitu angka 1 dibulatkan dari ,1998

Rumus membulatkan angka:

0 - 4 : Angkanya tetap

5 - 9 : Naik 1 angka

Sesuai rumus angka 9 berarti naik 1 angka jadi angka 1 naik jadi angka, Y angka 2

- EAT = $((1-p) \times ma) + (p \times page fault time)$
- $EAT = ((1-p) \times 200 \text{ ns}) + (p \times 10 \text{ ms})$
- $-EAT = ((1-p) \times 200 \text{ ns}) + (p \times 10.000.000 \text{ ns})$
- -EAT = (200 200p) + (10.000.000p)
- -EAT = 200 + (-200p + 10.000.000p)
- -EAT = 200 + 9.999.800p nanosecond
- -EAT = 200 + 9.999.800(10/10.000) nanosecond
- -EAT = 200 + (99.998.000/10.000) nanosecond
- -EAT = 200 + 9.999.8 nanosecond
- EAT = 10.199,8 nanosecond
- EAT = 10,1998 microsecond
- EAT = 10.2 microsecond

Keduabelas, selesai

Soal No 7

Diketahui:

- memory access (ma) = 200 ns
- page fault time = 10 ms
- probabilitas (p) = Terdapat 10.000 ma terdapat 10
 page fault

Ditanya:

- Effective access time atau EAT

Rumus:

- EAT = $((1-p) \times ma) + (p \times page fault time)$

Dijawab:

- EAT = $((1-p) \times ma) + (p \times page fault time)$
- EAT = $((1-p) \times 200 \text{ ns}) + (p \times 10 \text{ ms})$
- $-EAT = ((1-p) \times 200 \text{ ns}) + (p \times 10.000.000 \text{ ns})$
- -EAT = (200 200p) + (10.000.000p)
- -EAT = 200 + (-200p + 10.000.000p)
- -EAT = 200 + 9.999.800p nanosecond
- -EAT = 200 + 9.999.800(10/10.000) nanosecond
- -EAT = 200 + (99.998.000/10.000) nanosecond
- -EAT = 200 + 9.999,8 nanosecond
- EAT = 10.199,8 nanosecond
- EAT = 10,1998 microsecond
- EAT = 10.2 microsecond