

Annual Report Guidance Outline & Template

All agencies must prepare their Annual FOIA Report in accordance with the outline and template presented below, and must report data both for each principal component of the agency and for the agency overall. Instructions and guidance points are included beneath each template heading.

I. BASIC INFORMATION REGARDING REPORT

1. Provide name, title, address, and telephone number of person(s) to be contacted with questions about the Report.

Name: Michael Toland, Ph.D.
Title: FOIA Officer
Address: U.S. Census Bureau
Room 8H027
Washington, DC 20233
Telephone: 301-763-4345
2. Provide an electronic link for access to the Report on the agency Web site.
3. Explain how to obtain a copy of the Report in paper form.

Write to address or contact person listed in item 1.1.

II. MAKING A FOIA REQUEST

1. Provide names, addresses, and telephone numbers of all individual agency components that receive FOIA requests.

U.S. Census Bureau
Policy Coordination Office
Room 8H027
Washington, DC 20233
301-763-2127

Also see address and contact information for FOIA Officer in item 1.1.

2. Provide a brief description of why some requests are not granted and an overview of certain general categories of the agency's records to which the FOIA exemptions apply.

The majority of the Census Bureau's non-granted requests are due to Title 13. We often get requests for data compilations, but pursuant to Title 13, Section 8(b), a separate fee authority covers these types of requests, and requesters have a separate means for requesting those records. For those types of requests, we let requesters know that the FOIA is not applicable due to a separate fee

schedule and we advise them on the process for making a request for the information they are seeking. Additionally, we receive many requests for Title 13 data, which prohibits disclosure of certain census data and Shippers' Export Declarations. Therefore, we must deny those requests. For individual Census responses, we do have an alternate process for requesting an individual's own Census records, which we advise the requester about.

III. ACRONYMS, DEFINITIONS, AND EXEMPTIONS

1. Provide any agency-specific acronyms or terms used in this Report.
 - a. **Title 13** – The Census Bureau's authority to perform statistical work. Also includes strict nondisclosure rules, making it impossible to disclose data covered under Title 13. Also, includes a section (Title 13 Section 8(b)) that gives the Census Bureau the authority to charge fees for data. The Census Bureau uses the aforementioned provision to provide statistical compilations to the public, if they cannot and/or do not want to use the Internet to obtain the data.
2. Include the following definitions of terms used in this Report:
 - a. **Administrative Appeal** – a request to a federal agency asking that it review at a higher administrative level a FOIA determination made by the agency at the initial request level.
 - b. **Average Number** – the number obtained by dividing the sum of a group of numbers by the quantity of numbers in the group. For example, of 3, 7, and 14, the average number is 8.
 - c. **Backlog** – the number of requests or administrative appeals that are pending at an agency at the end of the fiscal year that are beyond the statutory time period for a response.
 - d. **Component** – for agencies that process requests on a decentralized basis, a "component" is an entity, also sometimes referred to as an Office, Division, Bureau, Center, or Directorate, within the agency that processes FOIA requests. The FOIA now requires that agencies include in their Annual FOIA Report data for both the agency overall and for each principal component of the agency.
 - e. **Consultation** – the procedure whereby the agency responding to a FOIA request first forwards a record to another agency for its review because that other agency has an interest in the document. Once the agency in receipt of the consultation finishes its review of the record, it responds back to the agency that forwarded it. That agency, in turn, will then respond to the FOIA requester.

- f. **Exemption 3 Statute** – a federal statute that exempts information from disclosure and which the agency relies on to withhold information under subsection (b)(3) of the FOIA.
- g. **FOIA Request** – a FOIA request is generally a request to a federal agency for access to records concerning another person (i.e., a “third-party” request), or concerning an organization, or a particular topic of interest. FOIA requests also include requests made by requesters seeking records concerning themselves (i.e., “first-party” requests) when those requesters are not subject to the Privacy Act, such as non-U.S. citizens. Moreover, because all first-party requesters should be afforded the benefit of both the access provisions of the FOIA as well as those of the Privacy Act, FOIA requests also include any first-party requests where an agency determines that it must search beyond its Privacy Act “systems of records” or where a Privacy Act exemption applies, and the agency looks to FOIA to afford the greatest possible access. All requests which require the agency to utilize the FOIA in responding to the requester are included in this Report.

Additionally, a FOIA request includes records referred to the agency for processing and direct response to the requester. It does not, however, include records for which the agency has received a consultation from another agency. (Consultations are reported separately in Section XII of this Report.)

- h. **Full Grant** – an agency decision to disclose all records in full in response to a FOIA request.
- i. **Full Denial** – an agency decision not to release any records in response to a FOIA request because the records are exempt in their entireties under one or more of the FOIA exemptions, or because of a procedural reason, such as when no records could be located.
- j. **Median Number** – the middle, not average, number. For example, of 3, 7, and 14, the median number is 7.
- k. **Multi-Track Processing** – a system in which simple requests requiring relatively minimal review are placed in one processing track and more voluminous and complex requests are placed in one or more other tracks. Requests granted expedited processing are placed in yet another track. Requests in each track are processed on a first in/first out basis.
 - i. **Expedited Processing** – an agency will process a FOIA request on an expedited basis when a requester

satisfies the requirements for expedited processing as set forth in the statute and in agency regulations.

- ii. **Simple Request** – a FOIA request that an agency using multi-track processing places in its fastest (non-expedited) track based on the low volume and/or simplicity of the records requested.
 - iii. **Complex Request** – a FOIA request that an agency using multi-track processing places in a slower track based on the high volume and/or complexity of the records requested.
- l. **Partial Grant/Partial Denial** – in response to a FOIA request, an agency decision to disclose portions of the records and to withhold other portions that are exempt under the FOIA, or to otherwise deny a portion of the request for a procedural reason.
 - m. **Pending Request or Pending Administrative Appeal** – a request or administrative appeal for which an agency has not taken final action in all respects.
 - n. **Perfected Request** – a request for records which reasonably describes such records and is made in accordance with published rules stating the time, place, fees (if any) and procedures to be followed.
 - o. **Processed Request or Processed Administrative Appeal** – a request or administrative appeal for which an agency has taken final action in all respects.
 - p. **Range in Number of Days** – the lowest and highest number of days to process requests or administrative appeals.
 - q. **Time Limits** – the time period in the statute for an agency to respond to a FOIA request (ordinarily twenty working days from receipt of a perfected FOIA request).
- 3. Include the following concise descriptions of the nine FOIA exemptions:
 - a. **Exemption 1:** classified national defense and foreign relations information
 - b. **Exemption 2:** internal agency rules and practices
 - c. **Exemption 3:** information that is prohibited from disclosure by another federal law

- d. **Exemption 4:** trade secrets and other confidential business information
- e. **Exemption 5:** inter-agency or intra-agency communications that are protected by legal privileges
- f. **Exemption 6:** information involving matters of personal privacy
- g. **Exemption 7:** records or information compiled for law enforcement purposes, to the extent that the production of those records (A) could reasonably be expected to interfere with enforcement proceedings, (B) would deprive a person of a right to a fair trial or an impartial adjudication, (C) could reasonably be expected to constitute an unwarranted invasion of personal privacy, (D) could reasonably be expected to disclose the identity of a confidential source, (E) would disclose techniques and procedures for law enforcement investigations or prosecutions, or would disclose guidelines for law enforcement investigations or prosecutions, or (F) could reasonably be expected to endanger the life or physical safety of any individual
- h. **Exemption 8:** information relating to the supervision of financial institutions
- i. **Exemption 9:** geological information on wells

IV. EXEMPTION 3 STATUTES

A. Exemption 3 Statutes Relied upon to Withhold Information

1. List all Exemption 3 statutes relied upon to withhold information and the number of times they were relied upon. For each request, report all statutes relied upon; however, count each statute only once per request.
2. Provide a brief description of the types of information withheld under each statute.
3. Indicate whether a court has upheld the use of the statute by providing a citation to a court decision.

Statute	Type of Information Withheld	Case Citation	Number of Times Relied upon per Component	Total Number of Times Relied upon by Agency
13 U.S.C Section 9	Certain census data	Baldrige v. Shapiro, 455 U.S. 345, 355 (1982)	Census – 20	N/A
13 U.S.C. Section 301(g)	Shippers' Export Declarations (or any successor documents) wherever located, are exempt from public disclosure unless the Secretary of Commerce determines that nondisclosure would be contrary to the national interest	Young Conservative Found., Inc. v. U.S. Department of Commerce, No. 85-3982 (D.D.C. March 25, 2987)	Census – 10	N/A

V. FOIA REQUESTS

- For charts in Section V, include all “purported” FOIA requests, both perfected and non-perfected. Non-perfected requests are further reflected in various columns in Chart V, B (1) below.

A. Received, Processed and Pending FOIA Requests

- Provide the numbers of received, processed, and pending requests as described in Columns 1 through 4.
- The number in Column 1 must match the number of “Requests Pending as of End of Fiscal Year” from last year’s Annual FOIA Report.
- The sum of Columns 1 and 2 minus the number in Column 3 must equal the number in Column 4.

	Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4
	Number of Requests Pending as of Start of Fiscal Year	Number of Requests Received in Fiscal Year	Number of Requests Processed in Fiscal Year	Number of Requests Pending as of End of Fiscal Year
U.S. Census Bureau	21	286	290	17
AGENCY OVERALL	21	286	290	17

B. (1) Disposition of FOIA Requests – All Processed Requests

1. Provide the number of request dispositions as described in the columns below. Select only one column to report each request.
2. Report a request in one of the nine “Full Denial Based on Reasons Other than Exemptions” columns only if the request cannot be counted in one of the first three columns.
3. The numbers in the “Total” Column on the right must match the numbers in Section V, A, Column 3 (“Number of Requests Processed in Fiscal Year”).

	Number of Full Grants	Number of Partial Grants/ Partial Denials	Number of Full Denials Based on Exemptions	Number of Full Denials Based on Reasons Other than Exemptions									
				No Records	All Records Referred to Another Component or Agency	Request Withdrawn	Fee-Related Reason	Records not Reasonably Described	Improper FOIA Request for Other Reason	Not Agency Record	Duplicate Request	Other *Explain in chart below	TOTAL
U.S. Census Bureau	17	20	31	60	1	71	23	2	27	2	13	23	290
AGENCY OVERALL	17	20	31	60	1	71	23	2	27	2	13	23	290

B. (2) Disposition of FOIA Requests – “Other” Reasons for “Full Denials Based on Reasons Other than Exemptions” from Section V, B (1) Chart

1. If you utilized the “Other” column in Section V, B (1), provide below descriptions of the “other” reasons for full denials and the number of times each reason was relied upon. (The numbers in the “Total” column must match the numbers in the “Other” column from Section V, B (1).)

Component	Description of “Other” Reasons for Denials from Chart B (1) & Number of Times Those Reasons Were Relied upon	TOTAL
U.S. Census Bureau	Records are publicly available – 13 Request transferred to DOC – 8 Appeal – Constructive Denial – 1 Response returned by USPS – 1	23

B. (3) Disposition of FOIA Requests – Number of Times Exemptions Applied

1. For each request, report all exemptions applied; however, count each exemption only once per request. Example: Given a request in which Exemption 2 applies to one portion of the request, Exemption 5 applies to three portions of the request, and Exemption 6 applies to eight portions of the request, count Exemptions 2, 5, and 6 once each. Do not count Exemption 5 three times and Exemption 6 eight times.

	Ex. 1	Ex. 2	Ex. 3	Ex. 4	Ex. 5	Ex. 6	Ex. 7(A)	Ex. 7(B)	Ex. 7(C)	Ex. 7(D)	Ex. 7(E)	Ex. 7(F)	Ex. 8	Ex. 9
U.S. Census Bureau	0	2	30	9	4	14	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0
AGENCY OVERALL	0	2	30	9	4	14	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0

VI. ADMINISTRATIVE APPEALS OF INITIAL DETERMINATIONS OF FOIA REQUESTS

- If more than one component in the agency adjudicates administrative appeals, provide information for each appellate component, as well as for the agency overall.

A. Received, Processed and Pending Administrative Appeals

1. Provide the number of administrative appeals received, processed, and pending as described in Columns 1 through 4.
2. The sum of Columns 1 and 2 minus the number in Column 3 must equal the number in Column 4.
3. Starting with Fiscal Year 2009, the number in Column 1 must match the number of “Appeals Pending as of End of Fiscal Year” from the previous year’s Annual FOIA Report.

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4
Number of Appeals Pending as of Start of Fiscal Year	Number of Appeals Received in Fiscal Year	Number of Appeals Processed in Fiscal Year	Number of Appeals Pending as of End of Fiscal Year
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

B. Disposition of Administrative Appeals – All Processed Appeals

1. Provide the number of administrative appeal adjudications as described in the columns below. (The number in the “Total” column must match the number in Section VI, A, Column 3 (“Number of Appeals Processed in Fiscal Year”).
 - a. In the “Number of Appeals Closed for Other Reasons” column, report the number of appeals which neither affirmed nor reversed/remanded (either entirely or partially) the FOIA request determination, but rather those which the agency closed for other reasons, (e.g., the request was in litigation, the appeal was a duplicate appeal, the appeal was premature, etc.)

Number Affirmed on Appeal	Number Partially Affirmed & Partially Reversed/Remanded on Appeal	Number Completely Reversed/Remanded on Appeal	Number of Appeals Closed for Other Reasons	TOTAL
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

C. (1) Reasons for Denial on Appeal – Number of Times Exemptions Applied

- Note: If an administrative appeal results in the denial of information based on exemptions and *also* based on a reason or reasons presented in Charts C (2) and C (3) below, report that appeal in all applicable charts.

1. For each administrative appeal, report all exemptions applied; however, count each exemption only once per appeal.

Ex. 1	Ex. 2	Ex. 3	Ex. 4	Ex. 5	Ex. 6	Ex. 7(A)	Ex. 7(B)	Ex. 7(C)	Ex. 7(D)	Ex. 7(E)	Ex. 7(F)	Ex. 8	Ex. 9
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

C. (2) Reasons for Denial on Appeal – Reasons Other than Exemptions

1. Provide the number of administrative appeals resulting in denial for reasons other than exemptions, as described in the eleven columns below.

No Records	Records Referred at Initial Request Level	Request Withdrawn	Fee-Related Reason	Records not Reasonably Described	Improper Request for Other Reasons	Not Agency Record	Duplicate Request or Appeal	Request in Litigation	Appeal Based Solely on Denial of Request for Expedited Processing	Other *Explain in chart below
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

C. (3) Reasons for Denial on Appeal – “Other” Reasons from Section VI, C (2) Chart

1. If you utilized the “Other” column in Section VI, C (2), provide below descriptions of the “other” reasons and the number of times each reason was relied upon. (The numbers in the “Total” column must match the numbers in the “Other” column from Section VI, C (2).)

Description of “Other” Reasons for Denial on Appeal from Chart C (2) & Number of Times Those Reasons Were Relied upon	TOTAL
N/A	N/A

C. (4) Response Time for Administrative Appeals

1. Provide the median, average, and range in number of days to respond to administrative appeals.

Median Number of Days	Average Number of Days	Lowest Number of Days	Highest Number of Days
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

C. (5) Ten Oldest Pending Administrative Appeals

1. Provide the dates of receipt of the ten oldest pending administrative appeals, and the number of days pending.

	10 th Oldest Appeal	9 th	8 th	7 th	6 th	5 th	4 th	3 rd	2 nd	Oldest Appeal
Date of Receipt of Ten Oldest Appeals	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Number of Days Pending	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

VII. FOIA REQUESTS: RESPONSE TIME FOR PROCESSED AND PENDING REQUESTS

- For charts in Section VII, include response times for only perfected requests. Begin counting days from the date of receipt of the perfected request.
- If using a multi-track processing system, report response times separately for each track, (as exemplified in the charts in this Section). If not using a multi-track processing system, at a minimum, report separately requests which have been granted expedited processing.
- Note: Chart A must reflect the response times for *all* processed perfected requests. Chart B is a sub-set of Chart A and must reflect the response times only for those perfected requests in which information was *granted*, either in full or in part.

A. Processed Requests – Response Time for All Processed Perfected Requests

1. Provide the median, average and range in number of days to process all perfected requests.

	SIMPLE				COMPLEX				EXPEDITED PROCESSING			
	Median Number of Days	Average Number of Days	Lowest Number of Days	Highest Number of Days	Median Number of Days	Average Number of Days	Lowest Number of Days	Highest Number of Days	Median Number of Days	Average Number of Days	Lowest Number of Days	Highest Number of Days
U.S. Census Bureau	4.00	4.82	0	19	1.00	6.62	0	167	11.00	10.75	0	28
AGENCY OVERALL	4.00	4.82	0	19	1.00	6.62	0	167	11.00	10.75	0	28

B. Processed Requests – Response Time for Perfected Requests in Which Information Was Granted

1. Provide the median, average and range in number of days to process all perfected requests in which information was granted. (“Granted” refers to full grants and partial grants.)

	SIMPLE				COMPLEX				EXPEDITED PROCESSING			
	Median Number of Days	Average Number of Days	Lowest Number of Days	Highest Number of Days	Median Number of Days	Average Number of Days	Lowest Number of Days	Highest Number of Days	Median Number of Days	Average Number of Days	Lowest Number of Days	Highest Number of Days
U.S. Census Bureau	7.50	7.25	2	12	15.00	24.42	1	167	12.00	12.67	1	28
AGENCY OVERALL	7.50	7.25	2	12	15.00	24.42	1	167	12.00	12.67	1	28

C. Processed Requests – Response Time in Day Increments

1. Provide the number of perfected requests processed in each of the thirteen designated time increments (i.e., report the number of requests processed within 20 days in the first column, the number processed within 21-40 days in the second column, etc.)
 - a. If using a multi-track system, create separate charts as presented below to report the information for each track. If not using a multi-track system, at a minimum create a separate chart for requests which have been granted expedited processing.
 - b. Insert the sum of the thirteen columns in the “Total” column to reflect the total number of requests processed for each of the tracks.

Simple Requests

	1-20 Days	21-40 Days	41-60 Days	61-80 Days	81-100 Days	101-120 Days	121-140 Days	141-160 Days	161-180 Days	181-200 Days	201-300 Days	301-400 Days	401+ Days	TOTAL
U.S. Census Bureau	133	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	133
AGENCY OVERALL	133	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	133

Complex Requests

	1-20 Days	21-40 Days	41-60 Days	61-80 Days	81-100 Days	101-120 Days	121-140 Days	141-160 Days	161-180 Days	181-200 Days	201-300 Days	301-400 Days	401+ Days	TOTAL
U.S. Census Bureau	136	11	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	149
AGENCY OVERALL	136	11	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	149

Requests Granted Expedited Processing

	1-20 Days	21-40 Days	41-60 Days	61-80 Days	81-100 Days	101-120 Days	121-140 Days	141-160 Days	161-180 Days	181-200 Days	201-300 Days	301-400 Days	401+ Days	TOTAL
U.S. Census Bureau	7	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8
AGENCY OVERALL	7	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8

D. Pending Requests – All Pending Perfected Requests

1. Provide the number of perfected requests pending as of the end of the fiscal year, and the median and average number of days those requests had been pending. If an agency is unable to determine whether all of its pending requests are perfected, the agency must include all pending requests and include a footnote that it has done so.

	SIMPLE			COMPLEX			EXPEDITED PROCESSING		
	Number Pending	Median Number of Days	Average Number of Days	Number Pending	Median Number of Days	Average Number of Days	Number Pending	Median Number of Days	Average Number of Days
U.S. Census Bureau	5	2.00	2.40	8	8.00	34.25	4	2.50	61.50
AGENCY OVERALL	5	2.00	2.40	8	8.00	34.25	4	2.50	61.50

E. Pending Requests – Ten Oldest Pending Perfected Requests

1. Provide the dates of receipt of the ten oldest perfected requests pending as of the end of the fiscal year, and the number of days those requests had been pending.

	10th Oldest Request and Number of Days Pending	9th	8th	7th	6th	5th	4th	3rd	2nd	Oldest Request and Number of Days Pending
U.S. Census Bureau	09/05/2013 17	08/27/2013 23	08/27/2013 23	08/15/2012 31	08/14/2013 32	07/24/2013 47	7/9/2013 58	02/11/2013 161	2/11/2013 161	7/22/2012 302

Agency Overall	10th Oldest Request and Number of Days Pending	9th	8th	7th	6th	5th	4th	3rd	2nd	Oldest Request and Number of Days Pending
	09/05/2013 17	08/27/2013 23	08/27/2013 23	08/15/2012 31	08/14/2013 32	07/24/2013 47	7/9/2013 58	02/11/2013 161	2/11/2013 161	7/22/2012 302

VIII. REQUESTS FOR EXPEDITED PROCESSING AND REQUESTS FOR FEE WAIVER

- Section VIII now reflects new mandatory reporting requirements and is no longer an optional Section.
- Provide information for adjudicated requests for expedited processing or adjudicated requests for a fee waiver, i.e., requests for expedited processing or requests for a fee waiver which were granted or denied. Do not include requests for expedited processing or requests for a fee waiver which became moot for various reasons and, as a result, were neither granted nor denied.

A. Requests for Expedited Processing

1. Include requests for expedited processing made both at the initial request level and, when applicable, at the administrative appeal level.
2. Calculating days: Count only the days spent adjudicating the request for expedited processing. Count calendar days, not working days.
3. Note: The response time portion of this new reporting requirement captures the time taken to decide whether to grant or deny a request for expedited processing. This does not cover the FOIA requests which have already been granted expedited status, placed in the “expedited processing” track, and reported elsewhere in this Report. Rather, this new requirement reflects the time taken to make a determination (i.e., adjudicate) whether a request for expedited processing should be granted or denied. The FOIA requires agencies to determine within ten calendar days whether a request satisfies the standards for expedited processing.

	Number Granted	Number Denied	Median Number of Days to Adjudicate	Average Number of Days to Adjudicate	Number Adjudicated Within Ten Calendar Days
U.S. Census Bureau	12	3	2.00	2.87	15
AGENCY OVERALL	12	3	2.00	2.87	15

B. Requests for Fee Waiver

1. Include requests for a waiver of fees made both at the initial request level and, when applicable, at the administrative appeal level.
2. Calculating days: Count only the days spent adjudicating the fee waiver request. Count working days. Do not include additional days that may precede consideration of the fee waiver request, e.g., days the request waits in a processing queue, processing time which precedes commencement of adjudication of fee waiver request, etc.

	Number Granted	Number Denied	Median Number of Days to Adjudicate	Average Number of Days to Adjudicate
U.S. Census Bureau	7	15	2.50	7.64
AGENCY OVERALL	7	15	2.50	7.64

IX. FOIA PERSONNEL AND COSTS

- Provide the number of “Full-Time FOIA Staff” by adding the number of “Full-Time FOIA Employees” and the number of “Equivalent Full-Time FOIA Employees,” as described below. Also provide costs expended by the agency both for processing and litigating FOIA requests.

A. Personnel

1. A “full-time FOIA employee” is a full-time employee who performs FOIA duties 100% of the time. The number of such employees should be reported in Column 1 of the chart below.
2. An “equivalent full-time FOIA employee” is created by adding together the percentages of time dedicated to FOIA duties by employees performing less than full-time FOIA duties. Each time 100% is reached, the time expended is counted as one “equivalent full-time FOIA employee.” The number of such “equivalent” employees should be reported in Column 2 of the chart below.
3. Employees performing less than full-time FOIA duties are either a) part-time employees who perform FOIA duties all, or part, of the time, or b) full-time employees who perform FOIA duties less than 100% of the time.
4. The following examples illustrate how to calculate the number of “equivalent full-time FOIA employees.”
 - a. Example #1: Assume three full-time employees with part-time or occasional FOIA duties. If Employee #1 performs FOIA duties 50% of the time, and Employees #2 and #3 each perform FOIA duties 25% of the time, together they perform 100% (50+25+25) FOIA duties. Therefore, the FOIA duties of these three employees are the equivalent of 1 “full-time FOIA employee,” because a “full-time FOIA employee” is equal to 100%. This component would report “1” in Column 2 of the chart below.
 - b. Example #2: Assume six full-time employees with part-time or occasional FOIA duties. If Employees #1, #2, #3 and #4 each perform FOIA duties 50% of the time, Employee #5 performs FOIA duties 75% of the time, and Employee #6 performs FOIA duties 10% of the time, together they perform 285% (50x4 + 75+10) FOIA duties. Because a “full-time FOIA employee” is equal to 100%, the FOIA duties of these six employees are the equivalent of 2.85 “full-time FOIA employees.” This component would report “2.85” in Column 2 of the chart below.
 - c. Example #3: Assume Employee #1 is a part-time employee who works *twenty* hours/week and performs FOIA duties *half* of his time. As a part-time employee who works twenty hours/week, the most FOIA work Employee #1 could perform is 50%. Because Employee #1 performs FOIA duties only *half* of his already part-time schedule, he performs 25% FOIA duties (i.e., half of the 50% maximum). Assume Employee #2 is a part-time employee who works *thirty-two* hours/week and performs FOIA duties *all*

of her time. As a part-time employee who works thirty-two hours/week, the most FOIA work Employee #2 could perform is 80%. Because Employee #2 performs FOIA duties *all* of her time, she performs 80% FOIA duties. Together, the two employees perform 105% (25+80) FOIA duties. Therefore, their combined FOIA duties are the equivalent of 1.05 “full-time FOIA employees,” and this component would report “1.05” in Column 2 of the chart below.

B. Costs

1. **Processing Costs:** Add together all costs expended by the agency for processing FOIA requests at the initial request and administrative appeal levels. Include salaries of FOIA personnel, overhead, and any other FOIA-related expenses. (An agency’s budget will often be a useful resource for this information.)
2. **Litigation Costs:** Add together all costs expended by the agency in litigating FOIA requests. Include salaries of personnel involved in FOIA litigation, litigation overhead, and any other FOIA litigation-related expenses. (As with Processing Costs, an agency’s budget will often be a useful resource for this information.)

	Column 1			Column 2		
	PERSONNEL			COSTS		
	Number of “Full-Time FOIA Employees”	Number of “Equivalent Full-Time FOIA Employees”	Total Number of “Full-Time FOIA Staff” (The sum of Columns 1 & 2)	Processing Costs (At initial request and appeal levels)	Litigation- Related Costs	Total Costs
U.S. Census Bureau	0	4.5	4.5	469,809.28	0 ¹	469,809.28
AGENCY OVERALL						

¹ Litigation-related costs for the FOIA staff and FOIA office are rolled in to the number of full-time FOIA staff numbers. We did not separately track our time spent on litigation.

X. FEES COLLECTED FOR PROCESSING REQUESTS

- Report the dollar amount of fees collected from FOIA requesters for processing their requests. Also report the percentage of total processing costs (from the “Processing Costs” column in the Section IX chart) that those fees represent. In calculating the amount of fees collected, include fees received from a FOIA requester for search, review, document duplication, and any other direct costs permitted by agency regulations.

	Total Amount of Fees Collected	Percentage of Total Costs
U.S. Census Bureau	\$1,200.50	0.26%
AGENCY OVERALL		

XI. FOIA REGULATIONS

- Agencies must provide an electronic link to their FOIA regulations, including their fee schedule.

XII. BACKLOGS, CONSULTATIONS, AND COMPARISONS

A. Backlogs of FOIA Requests and Administrative Appeals

1. Provide below the number of FOIA requests and administrative appeals that were pending beyond the statutory time period as of the end of the fiscal year. (Such requests and appeals are considered “backlogged.”)
2. Note: The statutory time period is ordinarily twenty working days from receipt of a perfected request, see 5 U.S.C. § 552(a)(6)(A)(i), but may be extended up to ten additional working days when “unusual circumstances” are present, see id. § 552(a)(6)(B)(i).

	Number of Backlogged Requests as of End of Fiscal Year	Number of Backlogged Appeals as of End of Fiscal Year
U.S. Census Bureau	3	N/A
AGENCY OVERALL		

3. Discuss/explain the backlog here (optional).

B. Consultations on FOIA Requests – Received, Processed, and Pending Consultations

- The consultation portions of the Annual Report require information about consultations received from other agencies, not sent to other agencies.
1. Provide the number of consultations received from other agencies, those processed, and those pending as described in Columns 1 through 4.
 2. The number in Column 1 must match the number of “Consultations Received from Other Agencies That Were Pending at Your Agency as of End of the Fiscal Year” from last year’s Annual Report.
 3. The sum of Columns 1 and 2 minus the number in Column 3 must equal the number in Column 4.

	Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4
	Number of Consultations Received from Other Agencies that Were <u>Pending</u> at Your Agency as of <u>Start</u> of the Fiscal Year	Number of Consultations <u>Received</u> from Other Agencies During the Fiscal Year	Number of Consultations Received from Other Agencies that Were <u>Processed</u> by Your Agency During the Fiscal Year	Number of Consultations Received from Other Agencies that Were <u>Pending</u> at Your Agency as of <u>End</u> of the Fiscal Year
U.S. Census Bureau	0	2	2	0
AGENCY OVERALL				

C. Consultations on FOIA Requests – Ten Oldest Consultations Received from Other Agencies and Pending at Your Agency

1. Provide the dates of receipt of the ten oldest consultations received from other agencies pending at your agency as of the end of the fiscal year.

	10th Oldest Consultation and Number of Days Pending	9th	8th	7th	6th	5th	4th	3rd	2nd	Oldest Consultation and Number of Days Pending
U.S Census Bureau	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Agency Overall	10th Oldest Consultation and Number of Days Pending	9th	8th	7th	6th	5th	4th	3rd	2nd	Oldest Consultation and Number of Days Pending
	Date Number of Days									

- D. Comparison of Numbers of Requests from Previous and Current Annual Report – Requests Received, Processed, and Backlogged
1. Provide the number of requests received and the number of requests processed during the fiscal year from last year’s Annual Report and the number of those received and processed during the fiscal year from the current Annual Report.
 2. The numbers in Columns 1 and 2 must match the “Number of Requests Received in Fiscal Year” from Section V, A of the Annual Report from last year and from this year respectively. The numbers in Columns 3 and 4 must match the “Number of Requests Processed in Fiscal Year” from Section V, A of the Annual Report from last year and from this year respectively.

Column 1

Column 2

Column 3

Column 4

	NUMBER OF REQUESTS <u>RECEIVED</u>		NUMBER OF REQUESTS <u>PROCESSED</u>	
	Number Received During Fiscal Year from Last Year’s Annual Report	Number Received During Fiscal Year from Current Annual Report	Number Processed During Fiscal Year from Last Year’s Annual Report	Number Processed During Fiscal Year from Current Annual Report
U.S Census Bureau	283	286	291	290
AGENCY OVERALL				

3. Starting with the Annual Report for Fiscal Year 2009, provide the number of backlogged requests as of the end of the fiscal year from the previous Annual Report and the number of backlogged requests as of the end of the fiscal year from the current Annual Report.
 - a. The numbers in Columns 1 and 2 must match the “Number of Backlogged Requests as of End of Fiscal Year” from Section XII, A of the previous Annual Report and of the current Annual Report respectively.

	Column 1	Column 2
	Number of Backlogged Requests as of End of the Fiscal Year from Previous Annual Report	Number of Backlogged Requests as of End of the Fiscal Year from Current Annual Report
U.S. Census Bureau	3	3
AGENCY OVERALL	3	3

E. Comparison of Numbers of Administrative Appeals from Previous and Current Annual Report – Appeals Received, Processed, and Backlogged

1. Provide the number of administrative appeals received and the number of administrative appeals processed during the fiscal year from last year's Annual Report and the number of those received and processed during the fiscal year from the current Annual Report.
2. The numbers in Columns 1 and 2 must match the "Number of Administrative Appeals Received in Fiscal Year" from Section VI, A of the Annual Report from last year and from this year respectively. The numbers in Columns 3 and 4 must match the "Number of Administrative Appeals Processed in Fiscal Year" from Section VI, A of the Annual Report from last year and from this year respectively.

	Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4
	NUMBER OF APPEALS <u>RECEIVED</u>		NUMBER OF APPEALS <u>PROCESSED</u>	
	Number Received During Fiscal Year from Last Year's Annual Report	Number Received During Fiscal Year from Current Annual Report	Number Processed During Fiscal Year from Last Year's Annual Report	Number Processed During Fiscal Year from Current Annual Report
U.S. Census Bureau	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
AGENCY OVERALL				

3. Starting with the Annual Report for Fiscal Year 2009, provide the number of backlogged administrative appeals as of the end of the fiscal year from the previous Annual Report and the number of backlogged administrative appeals as of the end of the fiscal year from the current Annual Report.
 - a. The numbers in Columns 1 and 2 must match the “Number of Backlogged Appeals as of End of Fiscal Year” from Section XII, A of the previous Annual Report and of the current Annual Report respectively.

	Column 1	Column 2
	Number of Backlogged Appeals as of End of the Fiscal Year from Previous Annual Report	Number of Backlogged Appeals as of End of the Fiscal Year from Current Annual Report
U.S. Census Bureau	N/A	N/A
AGENCY OVERALL		

F. Discussion of Other FOIA Activities (Optional)

1. Provide here any further information about the agency’s efforts to improve FOIA administration.
 - i. Census Bureau FOIA staff implemented a project that transitioned FOIA/PA cases from being stored/maintained in both paper and electronic formats, which require duplication of effort and unnecessary use of resources, to storing/maintaining files in only electronic format. Moving to electronic record keeping not only freed up resources for other tasks/projects, it also freed up storage space, reduced the costs related to printing case files, and increased the efficiency of case management. This project also entailed increasing communicating with requesters via email or the FOIAonline system rather than by standard mail, when possible. Reducing mail outs helped save time and money, as well as increased customer responsiveness. This satisfied new Department of Justice guidelines for communicating with requesters.
 - ii. Census Bureau FOIA staff developed and offers monthly FOIA Lunch and Learns, used to inform Census Bureau staff on a variety of FOIA-related topics. Increasing awareness of the FOIA and how requests are processed have helped to decrease processing time of FOIA requests.