

Genetic Algorithm

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Introduction

- Provides effective and efficient solution to Machine Learning and Optimization problems
- Follows a biological approach that is why it is named as such.
- Widely used in Business, Scientific and Engineering field.

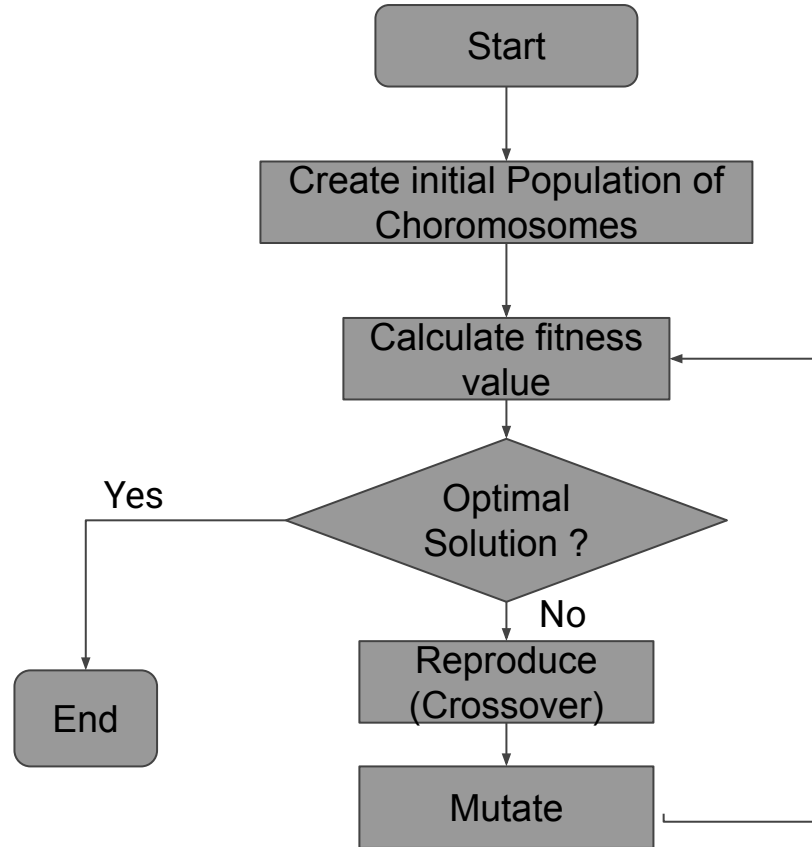


Terminology

- Chromosome/Gene
- Population
- Fitness Function
- Crossover
- Mutate
- Offspring



Flowchart



Main Tasks

- Parents Selection

Choose best parents based on
fitness function

- Crossover



- Mutate



Example 1

Q1. Find the maximum value for the given function $f(x) = x^2$. The domain of x is $[0,31]$

Ans:

Step 1: Generate initial population.

01101(13), 11000(24), 01000(8), 10011(19)

Step 2: Calculate the fitness score

13 -> 169, 24 -> 576, 8 -> 64, 19 -> 361



Example 1

Step 3: Select Parents

$$p_i = f_i / \sum_i f_i \text{ for } i=1,2,\dots,n$$

| String No | Chromosome | X value | Fitness Score (f_i) | p_i |
|-----------|------------|---------|-------------------------|-------------|
| 1 | 01101 | 13 | 169 | 0.14 |
| 2 | 11000 | 24 | 576 | 0.49 |
| 3 | 01000 | 8 | 64 | 0.06 |
| 4 | 10011 | 19 | 361 | 0.31 |
| SUM | | | 1170 | 1 |

Example 1

Step 4: Crossover

| String No | Mating Pool | Crossover point | Offspring | X value | Fitness Score (f_i) |
|-----------|-------------|-----------------|-----------|---------|-------------------------|
| 1 | 0110 1 | 3 | 01100 | 12 | 144 |
| 2 | 1100 0 | 3 | 11001 | 25 | 625 |
| 2 | 11 000 | 1 | 11011 | 27 | 729 |
| 4 | 10 011 | 1 | 10000 | 16 | 256 |
| SUM | | | | | 1754 |

Example 1

Step 5: Mutate

| String No | Offspring | Mutation Point | Offspring (After mutation) | X value | Fitness Score (f_i) |
|-----------|-----------|----------------|----------------------------|---------|-------------------------|
| 1 | 01100 | 0 | 11100 | 26 | 676 |
| 2 | 11001 | N/A | 11001 | 25 | 625 |
| 2 | 11011 | N/A | 11011 | 27 | 729 |
| 4 | 10000 | 2 | 10100 | 18 | 324 |
| SUM | | | | | 2354 |

Example 2

Q2. Based on the information below try to maximize the value of the 0/1 knapsack problem when the size of your knapsack is 12Kg.

| Item | Weight | Value |
|------|--------|-------|
| A | 5 Kg | \$12 |
| B | 3 Kg | \$5 |
| C | 7 Kg | \$10 |
| D | 2 Kg | \$7 |



Example 2

Step 1: Generate Population.

Assume each position of a 4 bit string as an item. 0 Presents not selecting an item while 1 presents selecting an item.

0 1 1 0, 1 0 0 0, 1 1 1 1, 0 0 1 1

Step 2: Calculate the fitness score

0 1 1 0 -> 10Kg - \$10

1 1 1 1 -> 17Kg - \$34

1 0 0 0 -> 2Kg - \$7

0 0 1 1 -> 9Kg - \$17



Example 2

Step 3: Select Parents

$$p_i = f_i / \sum_i f_i \text{ for } i=1,2,\dots,n$$

| String No | Chromosome | Weight | Fitness Score (f_i) | p_i |
|-----------|------------|--------|-------------------------|-------|
| 1 | 0110 | 10 | 15 | 0.38 |
| 2 | 1000 | 2 | 7 | 0.18 |
| 3 | 1111 | 17 | 34 | N/A |
| 4 | 0011 | 9 | 17 | 0.44 |
| SUM | | | 39 | 1 |

Example 2

Step 4: Crossover

| String No | Mating Pool | Crossover point | Offspring | Weights | Fitness Score (f_i) |
|-----------|-------------|-----------------|-----------|---------|-------------------------|
| 1 | 0 110 | 0 | 0110 | 10 | 15 |
| 4 | 0 011 | 0 | 0011 | 9 | 17 |
| 2 | 100 0 | 2 | 1001 | 5 | 12 |
| 4 | 001 1 | 2 | 0010 | 7 | 10 |
| SUM | | | | | 54 |

Example 2

Step 5: Mutate

| String No | Offspring | Mutation Point | Offspring (After mutation) | Weights | Fitness Score (f_i) |
|-----------|-----------|----------------|----------------------------|---------|-------------------------|
| 1 | 0110 | 0 | 1110 | 15 | 27 |
| 4 | 0011 | 3 | 0010 | 7 | 10 |
| 2 | 1001 | 1 | 1101 | 10 | 24 |
| 4 | 0010 | 0 | 1010 | 12 | 22 |
| SUM | | | | | 56 |

Homework

Q1. You are to produce the following string “I_LOVE_AI” using the following characters “ABC...Z_” (27 in total). Use GA to produce this string. Each chromosome is to be of 9 characters. Fitness function can be the distance between each character.

