# 61A Lecture 14

Wednesday, February 25

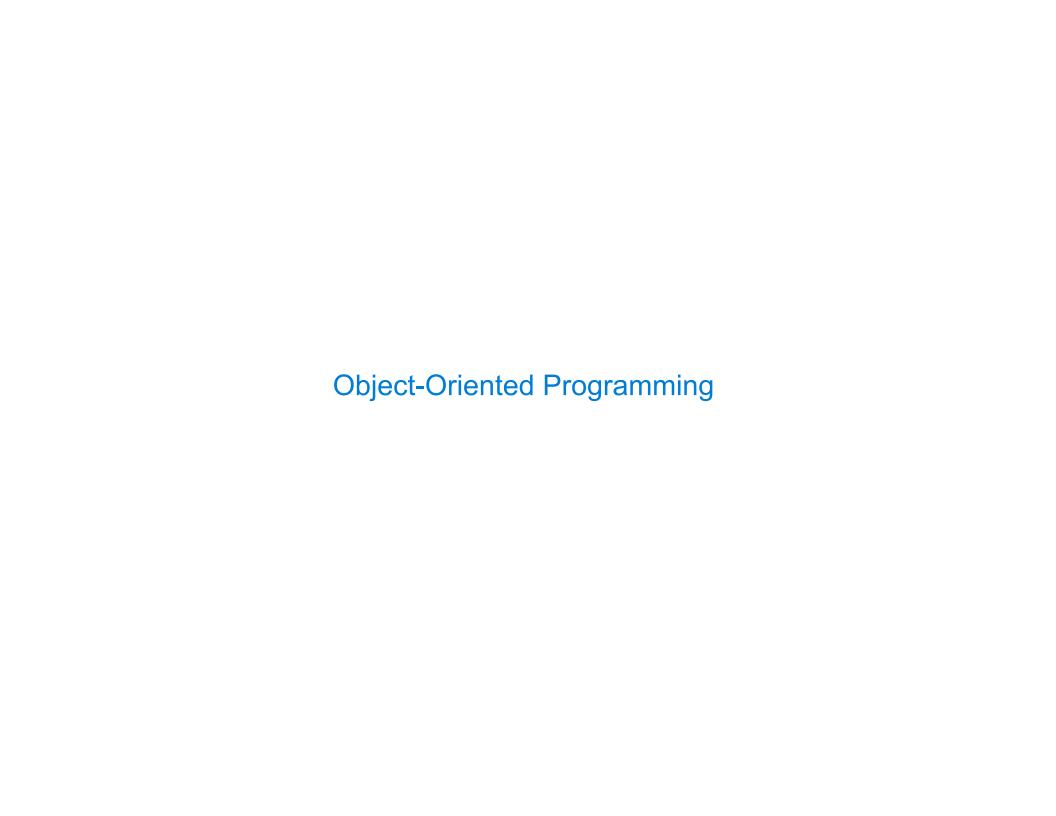
Announcements	

•Project 2 due Thursday 2/26 @ 11:59pm

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- •Relocated office hours on Thursday 2/26: 380 Soda (11am-3pm) & 606 Soda (3pm-6pm)



Object-Oriented Programming	

A method for organizing programs

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Data abstraction

### A method for organizing programs

- Data abstraction
- Bundling together information and related behavior

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### A metaphor for computation using distributed state

Each object has its own local state

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Specialized syntax & vocabulary to support this metaphor

John's Account

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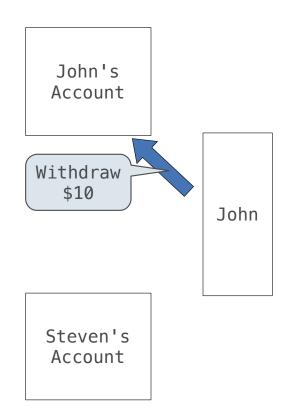
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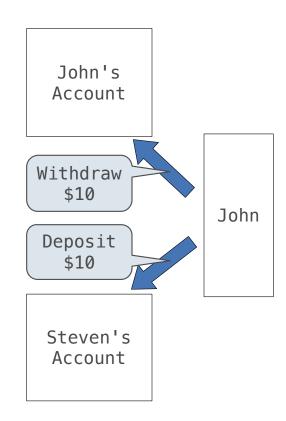


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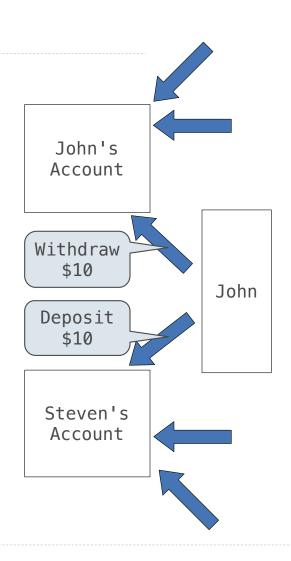


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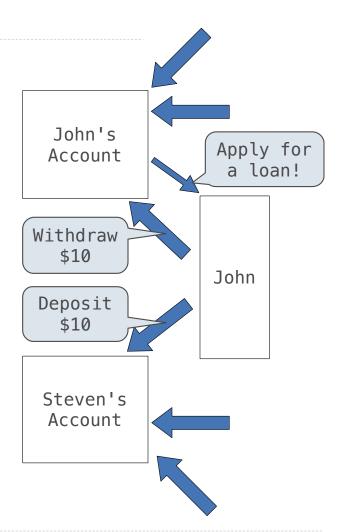


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A class serves as a template for its instances.

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**Idea:** All bank accounts have a balance and an account holder; the Account class should add those attributes to each newly created instance.

>>> a = Account('Jim')

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```

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```
>>> a = Account('Jim')
>>> a.holder
'Jim'
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5
>>> a.balance
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>>> a.withdraw(10)
'Insufficient funds'
```

#### Classes

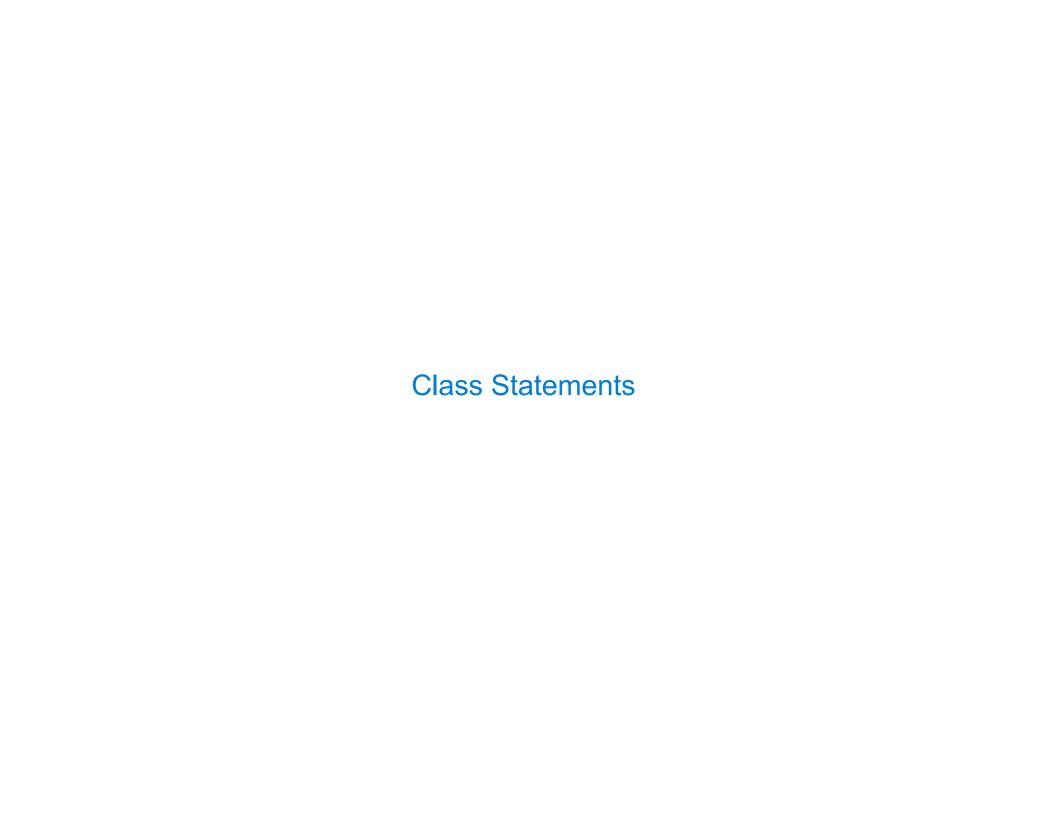
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Better idea: All bank accounts share a "withdraw" method and a "deposit" method.

```
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'Jim'
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0
>>> a.deposit(15)
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>>> a.withdraw(10)
5
>>> a.balance
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>>> a.withdraw(10)
'Insufficient funds'
```



class <name>:
 <suite>

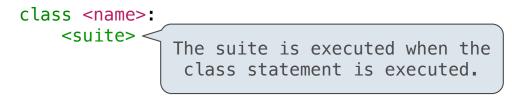
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>>> class Clown:
... nose = 'big and red'
... def dance():
... return 'No thanks'
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>>> class Clown:
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... return 'No thanks'
>>> Clown.nose
'big and red'
```

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>>> Clown.nose
'big and red'
>>> Clown.dance()
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class Account:
    def __init__(self, account_holder):
        self.balance = 0
        self.holder = account_holder
```

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>>> a = Account('Jim')
>>> a.holder
'Jim'
>>> a.balance
0
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class Account:
    def __init__(self, account_holder):
        self.balance = 0
        self.holder = account_holder
```

Object Identity	 	

Every object that is an instance of a user-defined class has a unique identity:

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>>> b = Account('Jack')
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Every call to Account creates a new Account instance. There is only one Account class.

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>>> b.holder
'Jack'
```

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Identity operators "is" and "is not" test if two expressions evaluate to the same object:

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Identity operators "is" and "is not" test if two expressions evaluate to the same object:

```
>>> a is a
True
>>> a is not b
True
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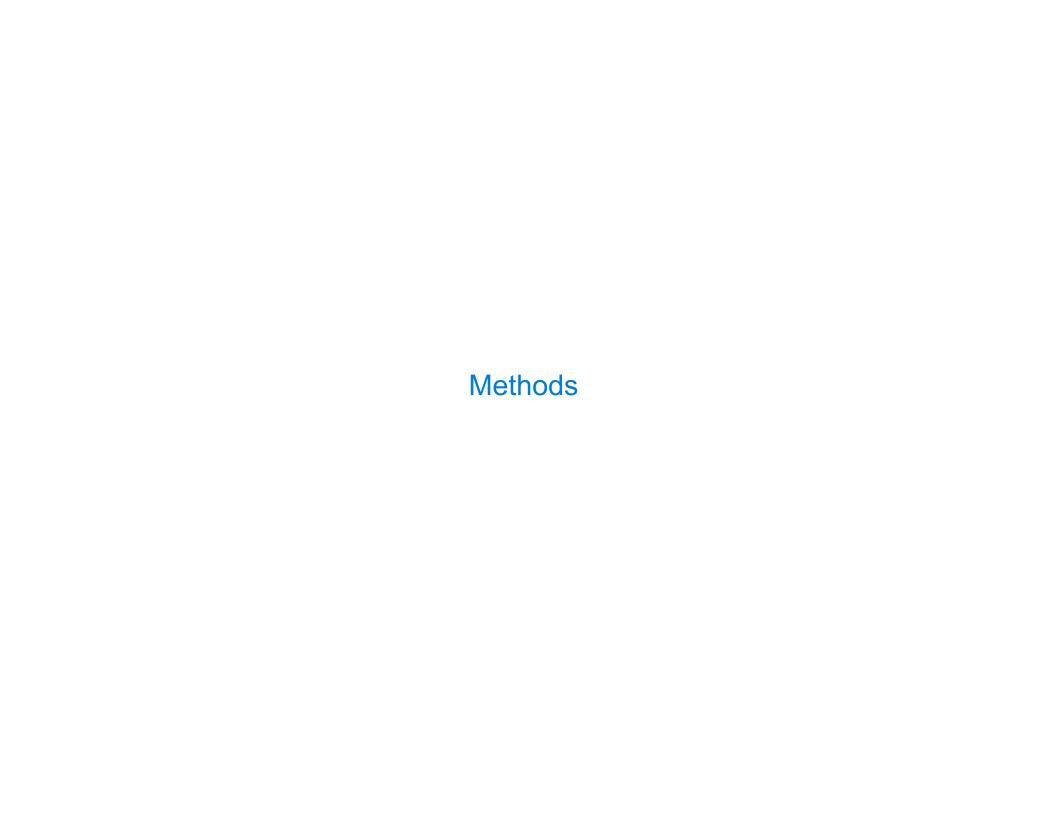
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>>> a = Account('Jim')
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Identity operators "is" and "is not" test if two expressions evaluate to the same object:

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>>> a is a
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```
>>> c = a
>>> c is a
True
```



Methods are functions defined in the suite of a class statement

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class Account:

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```
def __init__(self, account_holder):
```

Methods are functions defined in the suite of a class statement

self.balance = 0

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self.holder = account\_holder

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self.balance = self.balance + amount

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return self.balance

Methods are functions defined in the suite of a class statement

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def withdraw(self, amount):

Methods are functions defined in the suite of a class statement

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if amount > self.balance:

Methods are functions defined in the suite of a class statement

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return 'Insufficient funds'

Methods are functions defined in the suite of a class statement

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self.balance = self.balance - amount

11

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Invoking Methods	

All invoked methods have access to the object via the self parameter, and so they can all access and manipulate the object's state.

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class Account:
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```
>>> tom_account = Account('Tom')
>>> tom_account.deposit(100)
100
```

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```
>>> tom_account = Account('Tom')
>>> tom_account deposit(100)
100
Bound to self Invoked with one argument
```

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tom\_account.deposit(10)

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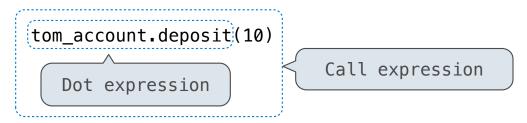
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# **Dot Expressions**

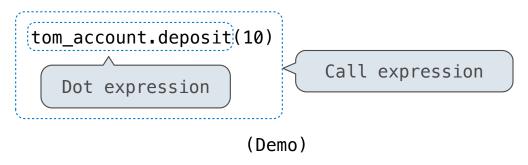
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# **Attributes**

(Demo)

Accessing Attributes	

Using getattr, we can look up an attribute using a string

```
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```

```
>>> getattr(tom_account, 'balance')
10
```

15

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>>> getattr(tom_account, 'balance')
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>>> hasattr(tom_account, 'deposit')
True
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Looking up an attribute name in an object may return:
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```
Using getattr, we can look up an attribute using a string

>>> getattr(tom_account, 'balance')

10

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True

getattr and dot expressions look up a name in the same way
```

Looking up an attribute name in an object may return:

- One of its instance attributes, or
- One of the attributes of its class

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- Bound methods, which couple together a function and the object on which that method will be invoked.

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>>> type(Account.deposit)

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```
Object + Function = Bound Method
>>> type(Account.deposit)
<class 'function'>
```

- Functions, which we have been creating since the beginning of the course, and
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```
Object + Function = Bound Method
>>> type(Account.deposit)
<class 'function'>
>>> type(tom_account.deposit)
```

- Functions, which we have been creating since the beginning of the course, and
- Bound methods, which couple together a function and the object on which that method will be invoked.

```
Object + Function = Bound Method
>>> type(Account.deposit)
<class 'function'>
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```

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```
Object + Function = Bound Method
>>> type(Account.deposit)
<class 'function'>
>>> type(tom_account.deposit)
<class 'method'>
>>> Account.deposit(tom_account, 1001)
1011
```

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```
Object + Function = Bound Method
>>> type(Account.deposit)
<class 'function'>
>>> type(tom_account.deposit)
<class 'method'>
>>> Account.deposit(tom_account, 1001)
1011
>>> tom_account.deposit(1003)
2014
```

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<expression> . <name>

17

<expression> . <name>

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To evaluate a dot expression:

1. Evaluate the <expression> to the left of the dot, which yields the object of the dot expression.

<expression> . <name>

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#### <expression> . <name>

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- 2. <name> is matched against the instance attributes of that object; if an attribute with that name exists, its value is returned.
- 3. If not, <name> is looked up in the class, which yields a class attribute value.
- 4. That value is returned unless it is a function, in which case a bound method is returned instead.

Class attributes are "shared" across all instances of a class because they are attributes of the class, not the instance.

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```
interest = 0.02  # A class attribute

def __init__(self, account_holder):
    self.balance = 0
    self.holder = account_holder

# Additional methods would be defined here
```

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>>> jim_account = Account('Jim')
```

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```
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    self.balance = 0
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>>> tom_account = Account('Tom')
>>> jim_account = Account('Jim')
>>> tom_account.interest
0.02
```

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```
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    self.balance = 0
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>>> tom_account = Account('Tom')
>>> jim_account = Account('Jim')
>>> tom_account.interest

0.02

The interest attribute is not part of the instance; it's part of the class!
```

#### Class Attributes

0.02

0.02

class Account:

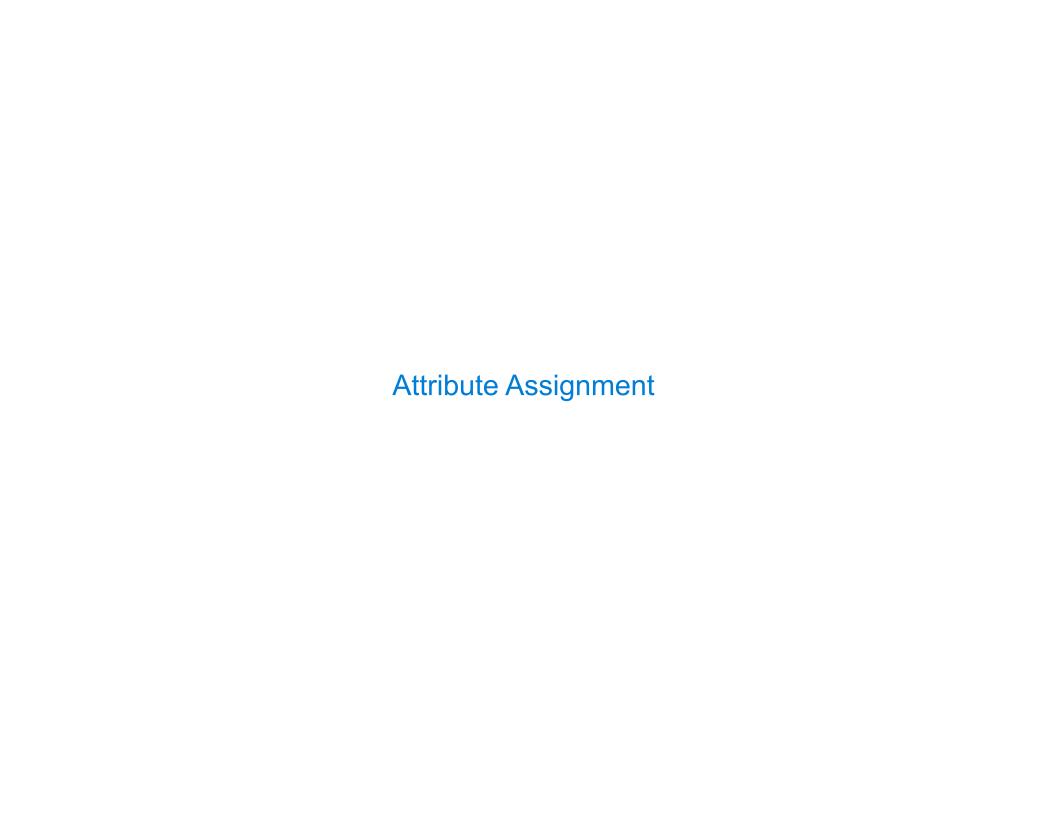
>>> tom account interest <

>>> jim\_account.interest

Class attributes are "shared" across all instances of a class because they are attributes of the class, not the instance.

The **interest** attribute is **not** part of the instance; it's part of the class!

# interest = 0.02 # A class attribute def \_\_init\_\_(self, account\_holder): self.balance = 0 self.holder = account\_holder # Additional methods would be defined here >>> tom\_account = Account('Tom') >>> jim\_account = Account('Jim')



Assignment to Attributes	 	

Assignment statements with a dot expression on their left-hand side affect attributes for the object of that dot expression

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class Account:
    interest = 0.02
    def __init__(self, holder):
        self.holder = holder
        self.balance = 0
    ...

tom_account = Account('Tom')
```

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- If the object is an instance, then assignment sets an instance attribute
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```
class Account:
   interest = 0.02
   def __init__(self, holder):
        self.holder = holder
        self.balance = 0
   ...

tom_account = Account('Tom')
```

tom\_account.interest = 0.08

Assignment statements with a dot expression on their left-hand side affect attributes for the object of that dot expression

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```
class Account:
    interest = 0.02
    def __init__(self, holder):
        self.holder = holder
        self.balance = 0
    ...

tom_account = Account('Tom')
```

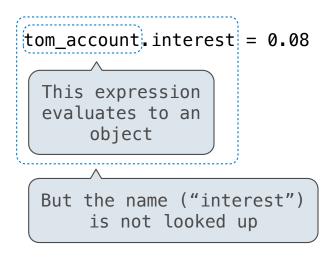
```
This expression evaluates to an object
```

Assignment statements with a dot expression on their left-hand side affect attributes for the object of that dot expression

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```
class Account:
    interest = 0.02
    def __init__(self, holder):
        self.holder = holder
        self.balance = 0
    ...

tom_account = Account('Tom')
```

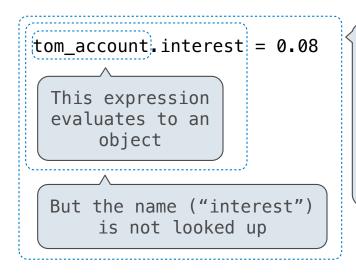


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```
class Account:
   interest = 0.02
   def __init__(self, holder):
        self.holder = holder
        self.balance = 0
   ...

tom_account = Account('Tom')
```



Attribute
assignment
statement adds
or modifies the
attribute named
"interest" of
tom\_account

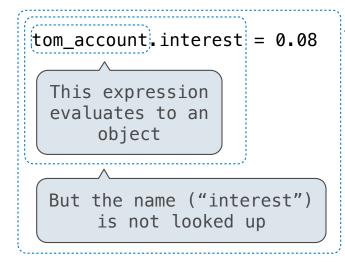
Assignment statements with a dot expression on their left-hand side affect attributes for the object of that dot expression

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```
class Account:
    interest = 0.02
    def __init__(self, holder):
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        self.balance = 0
    ...

tom_account = Account('Tom')
```

Instance Attribute Assignment



Attribute
assignment
statement adds
or modifies the
attribute named
"interest" of
tom\_account

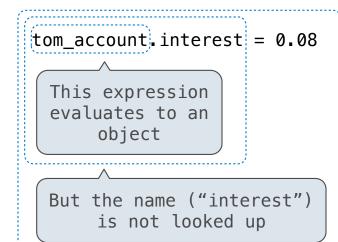
Assignment statements with a dot expression on their left-hand side affect attributes for the object of that dot expression

- If the object is an instance, then assignment sets an instance attribute
- If the object is a class, then assignment sets a class attribute

```
class Account:
    interest = 0.02
    def __init__(self, holder):
        self.holder = holder
        self.balance = 0
    ...

tom_account = Account('Tom')
```

Instance Attribute Assignment



Attribute
assignment
statement adds
or modifies the
attribute named
"interest" of
tom\_account

Class Attribute : Assignment

Account interest = 0.04

Account class interest: 0.02 (withdraw, deposit, \_\_init\_\_)

```
Account class interest: 0.02 (withdraw, deposit, __init__)
```

```
>>> jim_account = Account('Jim')
```

```
Account class interest: 0.02 (withdraw, deposit, __init__)
```

```
Instance attributes of jim_account balance: 0 holder: 'Jim'
```

```
>>> jim_account = Account('Jim')
```

```
Account class interest: 0.02 (withdraw, deposit, __init__)
```

```
Instance attributes of jim_account balance: 0 holder: 'Jim'
```

```
>>> jim_account = Account('Jim')
>>> tom_account = Account('Tom')
```

```
Account class interest: 0.02 (withdraw, deposit, __init__)
```

```
Instance balance: 0 holder: 'Jim'
```

```
>>> jim_account = Account('Jim')
>>> tom_account = Account('Tom')
```

Instance
attributes of
tom\_account
balance: 0
holder: 'Tom'

```
Account class interest: 0.02 (withdraw, deposit, __init__)
```

```
Instance attributes of jim_account balance: 0 holder: 'Jim'
```

```
>>> jim_account = Account('Jim')
>>> tom_account = Account('Tom')
>>> tom_account.interest
0.02
```

```
Instance
attributes of
tom_account
balance: 0
holder: 'Tom'
```

```
Account class interest: 0.02 (withdraw, deposit, __init__)
```

```
Instance attributes of jim_account balance: 0 holder: 'Jim'
```

```
>>> jim_account = Account('Jim')
>>> tom_account = Account('Tom')
>>> tom_account.interest
0.02
>>> jim_account.interest
0.02
```

```
Instance attributes of tom_account balance
```

balance: 0
holder: 'Tom'

```
Account class interest: 0.02 (withdraw, deposit, __init__)
```

```
Instance
attributes of
jim_account
balance: 0
holder: 'Jim'
```

```
>>> jim_account = Account('Jim')
>>> tom_account = Account('Tom')
>>> tom_account.interest
0.02
>>> jim_account.interest
0.02
>>> Account.interest = 0.04
```

```
Instance attributes of tom_account bal
```

balance: 0 holder: 'Tom'

```
Account class interest: 0.02 0.04 (withdraw, deposit, __init__)
```

```
Instance
attributes of
jim_account
balance: 0
holder: 'Jim'
```

```
>>> jim_account = Account('Jim')
>>> tom_account = Account('Tom')
>>> tom_account.interest
0.02
>>> jim_account.interest
0.02
>>> Account.interest = 0.04
```

```
Instance
attributes of
tom_account
balance: 0
holder: 'Tom'
```

```
Account class interest: 0.02 0.04 (withdraw, deposit, __init__)
```

```
Instance balance: 0 holder: 'Jim'
```

```
>>> jim_account = Account('Jim')
>>> tom_account = Account('Tom')
>>> tom_account.interest
0.02
>>> jim_account.interest
0.02
>>> Account.interest = 0.04
>>> tom_account.interest
0.04
```

```
Instance
attributes of
tom_account
balance: 0
holder: 'Tom'
```

```
Account class interest: 0.02 0.04 (withdraw, deposit, __init__)
```

```
Instance balance: 0 holder: 'Jim'
```

```
>>> jim_account = Account('Jim')
>>> tom_account = Account('Tom')
>>> tom_account.interest
0.02
>>> jim_account.interest
0.02
>>> Account.interest = 0.04
>>> tom_account.interest
0.04
>>> jim_account.interest
0.04
```

```
Instance
attributes of
tom_account
```

```
balance: 0
holder: 'Tom'
```

```
Account class
                  interest: 0.02 0.04
 attributes
                   (withdraw, deposit, __init__)
```

```
balance:
  Instance
                             'Jim'
                   holder:
attributes of
jim_account
```

```
>>> jim account = Account('Jim')
>>> tom account = Account('Tom')
>>> tom_account.interest
0.02
>>> jim_account.interest
0.02
>>> Account interest = 0.04
>>> tom account.interest
0.04
>>> jim account.interest
0.04
```

```
balance:
  Instance
attributes of
 tom_account
```

```
holder:
           'Tom'
```

```
>>> jim_account.interest = 0.08
```

```
Account class
                  interest: 0.02 0.04
 attributes
                   (withdraw, deposit, __init__)
```

'Jim'

```
balance:
  Instance
                  holder:
attributes of
                  interest: 0.08
jim_account
```

```
>>> jim account = Account('Jim')
>>> tom_account = Account('Tom')
>>> tom_account.interest
0.02
>>> jim_account.interest
0.02
>>> Account interest = 0.04
>>> tom account interest
0.04
>>> jim account.interest
0.04
```

```
Instance
attributes of
 tom_account
```

```
balance:
holder:
          'Tom'
```

```
>>> jim_account.interest = 0.08
```

Instance

attributes of

```
Account class interest: 0.02 0.04 (withdraw, deposit, __init__)
```

```
jim_account interest: 0.08

>>> jim_account = Account('Jim')
>>> tom_account = Account('Tom')
>>> tom_account.interest
0.02
>>> jim_account.interest
0.02
>>> Account.interest = 0.04
>>> tom_account.interest
0.04
>>> jim_account.interest
0.04
```

balance:

holder:

'Jim'

```
Instance
attributes of
tom_account

>>> jim_account.interest = 0.08
>>> jim_account.interest
0.08
```

Instance

```
Account class
                  interest: 0.02 0.04
 attributes
                  (withdraw, deposit, __init__)
```

```
attributes of
                   interest: 0.08
 jim_account
>>> jim account = Account('Jim')
>>> tom_account = Account('Tom')
>>> tom_account.interest
0.02
>>> jim_account.interest
0.02
>>> Account interest = 0.04
>>> tom account.interest
0.04
>>> jim account.interest
0.04
```

balance:

'Jim'

```
balance:
  Instance
                  holder:
                             'Tom'
attributes of
 tom_account
  >>> jim account.interest = 0.08
  >>> jim account.interest
  0.08
  >>> tom_account.interest
  0.04
```

Instance

attributes of

```
Account class interest: 0.02 0.04 (withdraw, deposit, __init__)
```

```
jim_account interest: 0.08

>>> jim_account = Account('Jim')
>>> tom_account = Account('Tom')
>>> tom_account.interest
0.02
>>> jim_account.interest
0.02
>>> Account.interest = 0.04
>>> tom_account.interest
0.04
>>> jim_account.interest
0.04
```

balance:

'Jim'

```
Instance
attributes of
tom_account

>>> jim_account.interest = 0.08
>>> jim_account.interest
0.08
>>> tom_account.interest
0.04
>>> Account.interest = 0.05
```

Instance

attributes of

```
Account class interest: 0.02 0.04 0.05 (withdraw, deposit, __init__)
```

```
jim_account interest: 0.08

>>> jim_account = Account('Jim')
>>> tom_account = Account('Tom')
>>> tom_account.interest
0.02
>>> jim_account.interest
0.02
>>> Account.interest = 0.04
>>> tom_account.interest
0.04
>>> jim_account.interest
0.04
```

balance:

'Jim'

```
Instance
attributes of
tom_account

>>> jim_account.interest = 0.08
>>> jim_account.interest
0.08
>>> tom_account.interest
0.04
>>> Account.interest = 0.05
```

Instance

attributes of

```
Account class interest: 0.02 0.04 0.05 (withdraw, deposit, __init__)
```

```
jim_account interest: 0.08

>>> jim_account = Account('Jim')
>>> tom_account = Account('Tom')
>>> tom_account.interest
0.02
>>> jim_account.interest
0.02
>>> Account.interest = 0.04
>>> tom_account.interest
0.04
>>> jim_account.interest
0.04
```

balance:

'Jim'

```
Instance
attributes of
tom_account

>>> jim_account.interest = 0.08
>>> jim_account.interest
0.08
>>> tom_account.interest
0.04
>>> Account.interest = 0.05
>>> tom_account.interest
0.05
```

Instance

```
Account class interest: 0.02 0.04 0.05 (withdraw, deposit, __init__)
```

```
holder:
                              'Jim'
attributes of
                   interest: 0.08
 jim_account
>>> jim account = Account('Jim')
>>> tom account = Account('Tom')
>>> tom_account.interest
0.02
>>> jim_account.interest
0.02
>>> Account interest = 0.04
>>> tom account.interest
0.04
>>> jim account.interest
0.04
```

balance:

```
balance:
  Instance
                  holder:
                             'Tom'
attributes of
 tom_account
  >>> jim account.interest = 0.08
  >>> jim account.interest
  0.08
  >>> tom_account.interest
  0.04
  >>> Account interest = 0.05
  >>> tom_account.interest
  0.05
  >>> jim account.interest
  0.08
```