Groups & Vector Spaces

Mathematical Methods in the Physical Sciences

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Introduction

Definition

A group is a set of elements, G, together with a set operation, \cdot , that satisfies the following conditions.

Group Conditions

Closure: $\forall a, b \in G, a \cdot b \in G$

Association: $\forall a, b, c \in G, (a \cdot b) \cdot c = a \cdot (b \cdot c)$

Identity: \exists exactly 1 element, $i \in G \mid \forall \ a \in G, i \cdot a = a \cdot i = a$

Inversion: $\forall a \in G \exists b \mid a \cdot b = b \cdot a = i$, where *i* is the identity

element.

This is a test-a-roonie

Another test to see how Vim handles LATEX.

Block Test

$$x = \sin(y)$$
$$= -\cos(y)^2$$

Block Types

This is a Block

This is important information

This is an Alert block

This is an important alert

This is an Example block

This is an example