

# Group Homework 1: Collaboration with Git, GitHub, and Python

## Objective

This assignment is designed to simulate a real-world software development project in the field of robotics. Working in groups of 3-4, you will collaborate to develop a Python-based software for controlling a robot with a differential drivetrain, implementing odometry tracking, and managing a shooter mechanism. The project emphasizes teamwork, version control with Git and GitHub, and practical coding skills in a robotics context.

## General Instructions

- **Teamwork:** Form groups of 3-4 students. Assign roles but ensure cross-review across parts for a broader learning experience.
- **Version Control:** Use Git and GitHub for collaboration. Each team member will work on their component in separate branches, utilizing pull requests for code integration.
- **Code Review:** Critically review each other's pull requests. Provide constructive feedback and request changes if necessary. Approve pull requests that meet quality standards.
- **Integration:** Merge feature branches into the main branch upon completion and review.

### Part 1: Drivetrain

Develop the code to control the robot's differential drive. This system allows the robot to move by varying the speeds of its left and right wheels.

**Properties and Methods** Implement properties as specified, utilizing the `Motor_Controller` class for motor objects. The `init` method should initialize motors and set wheel base, wheel radius, and gearing ratio. Implement methods to set speeds, stop the robot, and calculate linear speeds and individual wheel speeds.

### Recommendations

- **Code Structure:** Ensure your code is modular, making it easy to read, maintain, and test.
- **Testing:** Include unit tests for your methods to verify correct behavior under various conditions.

### Part 2: Odometry

Implement odometry to track the robot's position and orientation using the differential drive data.

**Properties and Methods** Your `init` method must initialize with a drivetrain object. The update method should calculate the robot's current position (x, y) and orientation (theta) based on wheel movements. Research differential drive odometry to accurately implement the update function.

### Recommendations

- **Mathematical Modeling:** Be meticulous with your mathematical models and calculations for accurate position tracking.
- **Simulation:** Consider simulating the odometry system to test its accuracy before integrating it with the physical robot.

### Part 3: Shooter

Create a subsystem to control a shooter mechanism, including flywheel speed and shooting angle.

**Properties and Methods** Use `Motor_Controller` objects for controlling the shooter's components. Implement methods to set the flywheel speed and shooter angle.

**Recommendations** Experimentation: Experiment with different speeds and angles to determine optimal settings for various shooting tasks.

## Additional Notes

- Documentation: Document your code thoroughly to help your teammates and future selves understand your logic.
- Git Practice: Make use of Git features like branching, merging, and pull requests to gain familiarity with collaborative coding practices.
- Learning Opportunity: This assignment is not just about coding but also about learning to work as part of a software development team. Take the opportunity to learn from each other.

## Deliverables

### Detailed Class Specifications

#### Part 1: Drivetrain Class

##### Properties

- `left_motor_controller`: An instance of the `Motor_Controller` class to control the left motor.
- `right_motor_controller`: An instance of the `Motor_Controller` class to control the right motor.
- `wheel_base`: The distance between the two wheels on the robot (in units of your choice, but consistent across your project).
- `wheel_radius`: The radius of the wheels (in units of your choice, but consistent across your project).
- `gearing_ratio`: The ratio of motor turns to wheel turns. This determines how many rotations the motor has to make to complete one full rotation of the wheel.

##### Methods

- `init(self, wheel_base, wheel_radius, gearing_ratio)`: Constructor to initialize the drivetrain with the wheel base, wheel radius, and gearing ratio. It should also instantiate the left and right motor controllers.
- `set_speeds(self, left_speed, right_speed)`: Sets the speed of the left and right motors. The speeds are numbers between -1 and 1, where -1 is full speed backward, 1 is full speed forward, and 0 is stop.
- `stop(self)`: Stops both the left and right motors.
- `get_linear_speed(self)`: Calculates and returns the linear speed of the robot based on the current speeds of the left and right motors, the wheel radius, and the gearing ratio.
- `get_left_speed(self)`: Returns the current speed setting of the left motor.
- `get_right_speed(self)`: Returns the current speed setting of the right motor.

#### Part 2: Odometry Class

##### Properties

- `drivetrain`: A reference to an instance of the `Drivetrain` class.
- `x`: The current x-coordinate of the robot on the field.
- `y`: The current y-coordinate of the robot on the field.
- `theta`: The current orientation (angle) of the robot in radians.

##### Methods

- `init(self, x, y, drivetrain)`: Constructor to initialize the odometry with a reference to the drivetrain object.
- `update(self)`: Updates the robot's position (`x`, `y`) and orientation (`theta`) based on the current speeds of the left and right motors. This method requires applying the differential drive odometry formulas.
- `get_position(self)`: Returns the current position and orientation of the robot as a tuple (`x`, `y`, `theta`).

#### Part 3: Shooter Class

##### Properties

- `motor_controller_flywheel`: An instance of the `Motor_Controller` class to control the flywheel motor.
- `motor_controller_angle`: An instance of the `Motor_Controller` class to adjust the angle of the shooter.

- `motor_controller_feeder`: An instance of the `Motor_Controller` class to control the feeder mechanism that introduces balls to the shooter.
- `flywheel_speed`: The current speed of the flywheel.
- `angle`: The current angle of the shooter mechanism.
- `feeder_speed`: The speed of the feeder mechanism.
- `loaded`: A boolean that indicates if the shooter is loaded with a ball.

## Methods

- `init(self)`: Constructor to initialize the shooter mechanism. This should create motor controllers for the flywheel, angle adjustment, and feeder.
- `set_flywheel_speed(self, speed)`: Sets the speed of the flywheel. The speed parameter should dictate how fast the flywheel spins.
- `set_angle(self, angle)`: Sets the angle of the shooter mechanism. The angle parameter should specify the shooting angle.
- `set_feeder_speed(self, speed)`: Sets the speed of the feeder mechanism. This controls how fast balls are introduced to the shooter.
- `set_loaded(self)`: Sets the loaded flag to `True` when a ball is loaded in the shooter.
- `set_unloaded(self)`: Sets the loaded flag to `False` when the shooter is empty.