



Data-Driven Approach to Setting Ticket Price for Big Mountain Resort

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SPRINGBOARD CAPSTONE PROJECT 1

Problem Identification

Problem

Big Mountain currently charges a premium above the average price of resorts in its market segment

Solution

- Implement a data-driven strategy that capitalizes on Big Mountain Resort's facilities
- provide guidance on how to select a better value for its ticket price

key findings and Recommendation

Key Findings

- ▶ Big Mountain outperforms most ski resorts in the U.S. In these facilities that visitors value most:
 - ▶ Vertical drop
 - ▶ Number of runs
 - ▶ Total chairs
 - ▶ Snow making area
 - ▶ Number of fast quads
 - ▶ Distance of the longest run
 - ▶ Number of trams
 - ▶ Skiable terrain area

Recommendation

Increase adult weekend to
\$97.86



Increase vertical drop by 150 ft



Add 1 run



Install 1 chair lift



**Increase profits
by \$ 2 M**



Modeling

Details of the dataset

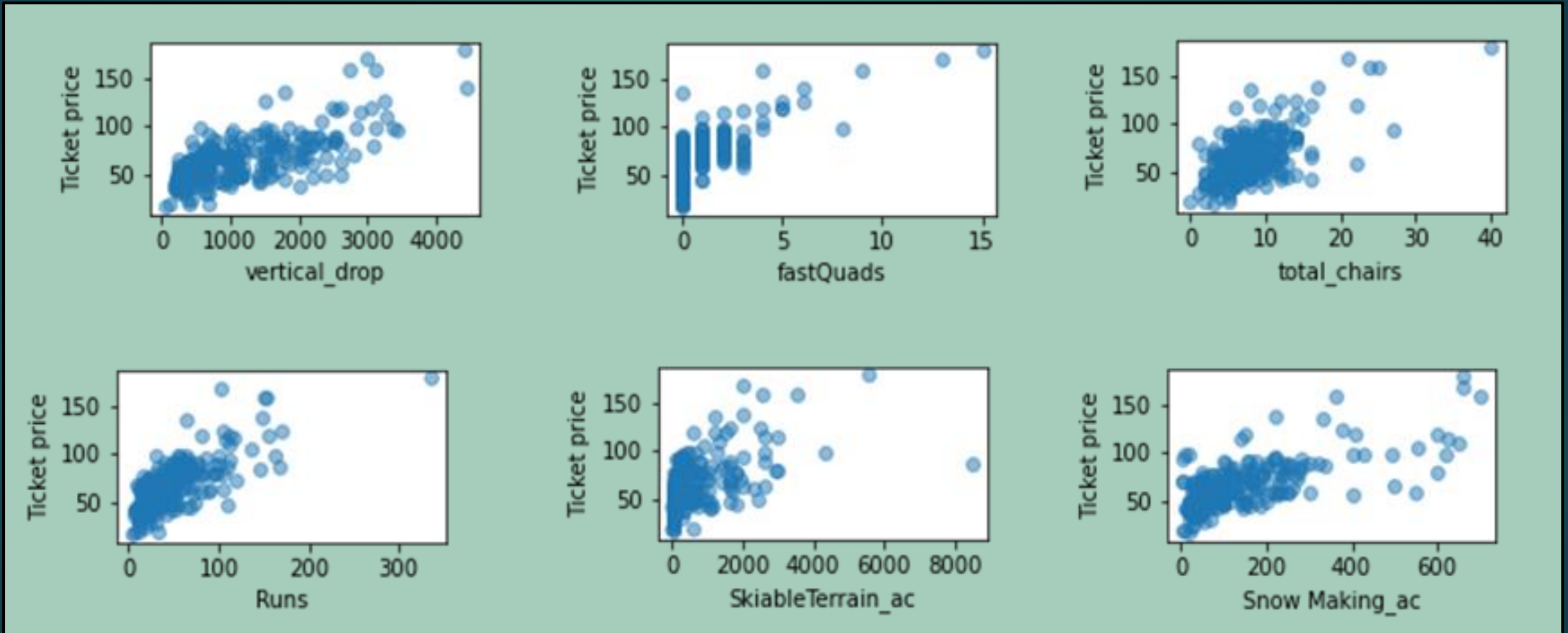
- ▶ Dataset containing information from 277 resorts in the U.S. that can be considered part of the same market share as Big Mountain
- ▶ Columns include information on:
 - ▶ Adult weekend and weekday prices
 - ▶ Vertical drop
 - ▶ elevation of ski resort
 - ▶ number of chairlifts, trams, fastquads
 - ▶ total skiable area and snowmaking area
 - ▶ days the resort was open and projected days open

Models

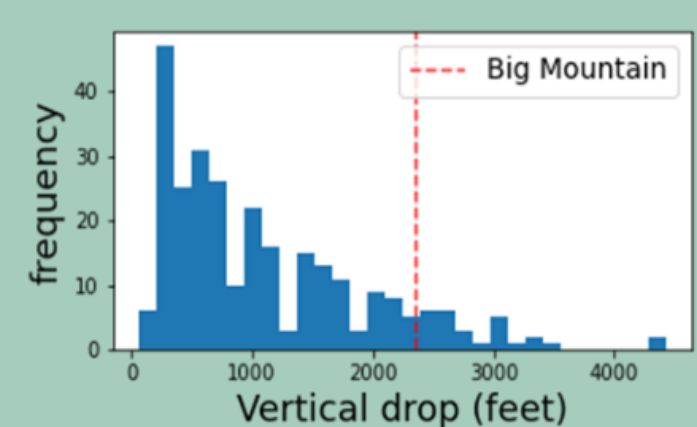
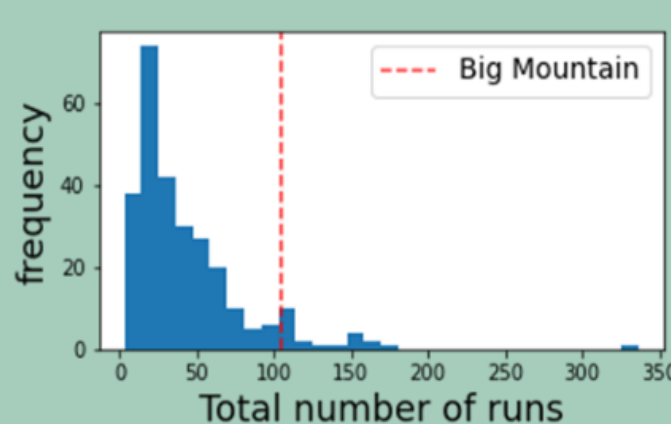
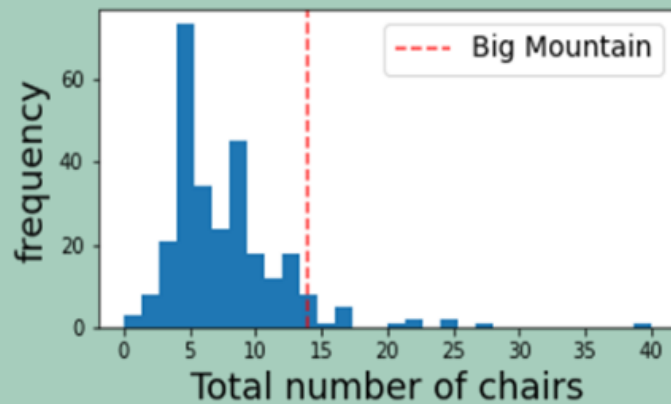
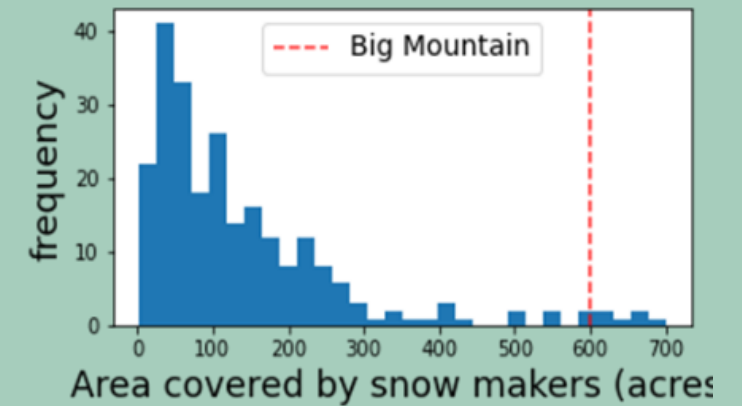
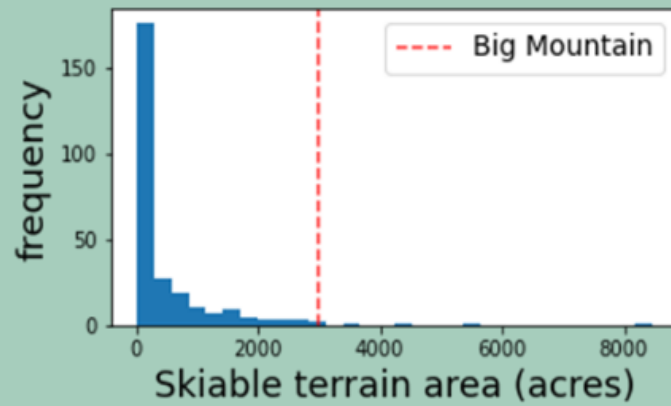
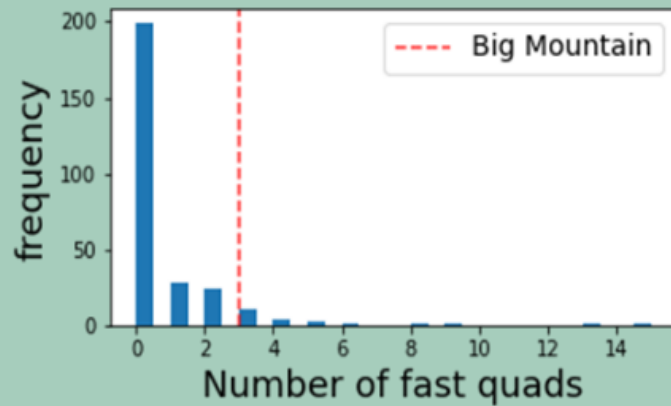
- ▶ The performance of the following models were evaluated
 - ▶ Linear Model
 - ▶ **Random Forest Model**



Models revealed the facilities that visitors value the most

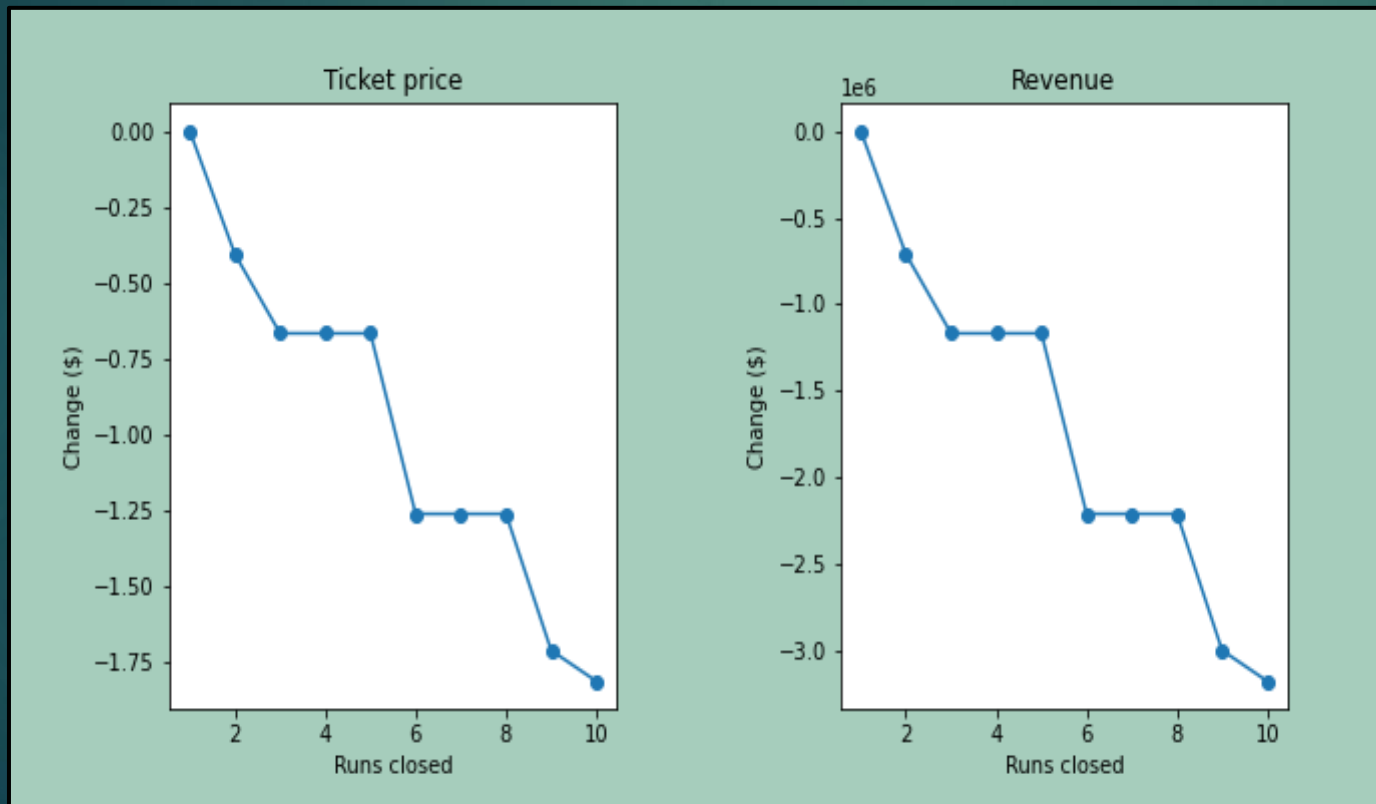


Big Mountain Resort outperforms most U.S. resorts in facilities visitors value the most



Analysis – Using the random forest model for different case scenarios

Scenario 1: closing up to 10 runs



To cut expenses:

- Up to 1 run can be closed and the ticket price would stay the same and make no difference on the revenue
- Closing 3 to 10 runs could decrease revenue by \$ 0.5-3.5 M

Analysis – Using the random forest model for different case scenarios

Scenario 2

- Increase vertical drop by 150 ft
- Install an additional chair lift
- Add a run



Increase price to \$97.86
Increase profits by \$2 M

Scenario 3

- Same as scenario 2
- Add 2 acres of snow



Increase price to \$97.86
Increase profits by \$2 M

Scenario 4

- Increase the longest run by 0.2 miles
- Add 4 acres of snow making



Makes no difference in revenue

Summary and Conclusions

- ▶ Currently, Big Mountain Resort charges \$81.00 for the adult weekend ticket price
- ▶ The model suggests that the resort should be charging \$95.87, with a margin of \$10.39
- ▶ Big Mountain Resort outperforms most U.S. resorts in the facilities that visitors value the most, including vertical drop, number of chairs, and number of runs
- ▶ If the resort wants to cut down on costs, up to 1 run can be closed with no effect on revenue
- ▶ Ticket price can be increased by \$1.99 and profits can be increased by \$ 2 M if the vertical drop is increased by 150 ft, 1 additional chair lift is installed, and 1 run is added
- ▶ The model can be improved with additional data such as number of visitors and operating costs