Práctica 0

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Ejercicio 1

```
(dado_honesto = sample (1:6, size = 100, replace = TRUE))
     [1] 1 2 5 1 1 4 4 2 4 4 1 4 2 2 1 4 4 3 1 2 4 4 5 1 6 1 5 1 4 3 3 6 1 6 5 6 4
##
   [38] 4 3 5 6 6 5 2 2 1 5 3 4 1 2 4 3 6 2 4 1 3 1 3 3 3 3 3 2 5 6 1 3 2 4 4 3 2
## [75] 1 5 5 5 2 1 2 3 6 6 6 1 5 6 3 4 2 6 4 2 5 2 5 2 4 3
table(dado_honesto) #frecuencia absoluta R básico
## dado_honesto
## 1 2 3 4 5 6
## 18 18 17 20 14 13
signif(prop.table(table(dado_honesto)),2) # frecuencia relativa R básico
## dado_honesto
     1
           2
                3
                     4
                          5
## 0.18 0.18 0.17 0.20 0.14 0.13
t = tibble(col_tirada = dado_honesto)
t %>%
  count(col_tirada) #frecuencia absoluta con dplyr
## # A tibble: 6 x 2
##
    col_tirada
##
         <int> <int>
## 1
              1
                   18
## 2
              2
              3
                  17
## 3
                   20
## 4
## 5
                  14
## 6
                   13
t %>%
  count(col tirada) %>%
  mutate(col_tirada, relFreq = prop.table(n), n = NULL) #frecuencia relativa con dplyr
```

```
## # A tibble: 6 x 2
##
    col_tirada relFreq
##
         <int>
                  <dbl>
                   0.18
## 1
              1
## 2
              2
                  0.18
## 3
              3
                  0.17
## 4
                  0.2
## 5
              5
                  0.14
## 6
                  0.13
```

Ejercicio 2

Trucamos un dado para duplicar la posibilidad de sacar un seis

```
(dado_cargado = sample(1:6, size = 100, replace = TRUE,
                     prob = c((1/7), (1/7), (1/7), (1/7), (1/7), (2/7)))
##
    [1] 2 1 3 3 6 5 6 5 5 1 4 2 5 1 5 6 5 6 2 6 2 1 5 5 2 3 3 6 6 5 6 1 2 2 5 1 1
## [38] 1 6 3 5 1 4 6 6 5 5 1 4 5 6 6 5 6 1 6 5 5 6 3 2 6 1 4 2 4 2 4 6 6 6 2 1 6
## [75] 4 6 6 6 6 6 6 2 6 3 2 4 2 5 6 6 3 4 6 3 5 6 2 2 4 2
table(dado_cargado) #frecuencia absoluta
## dado_cargado
## 1 2 3 4 5 6
## 13 17 9 10 19 32
signif(prop.table(table(dado_cargado)),2) # frecuencia relativa
## dado_cargado
         2
     1
              3
## 0.13 0.17 0.09 0.10 0.19 0.32
```

Ejercicio 3

```
(v1 = rep(seq(from = 1, to = 4, by = 1), each = 4))
## [1] 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4

(v2 = rep(seq(from = 1, to = 5, by = 1), times = c(1,2,3,4,5)))
## [1] 1 2 2 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 5
```

```
(v3 = rep(seq(from = 1, to = 4, by = 1), times = 4))

## [1] 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4
```

Ejercicio 4

```
##
       cyl cty class
##
     <int> <int> <chr>
##
              15 pickup
  1
         6
## 2
         6
              14 pickup
## 3
         6
              13 pickup
## 4
         6
              14 pickup
## 5
         8
              14 pickup
              14 pickup
## 6
         8
## 7
         8
              9 pickup
## 8
         8
              11 pickup
## 9
         8
              11 pickup
## 10
         8
              12 pickup
## # ... with 23 more rows
```

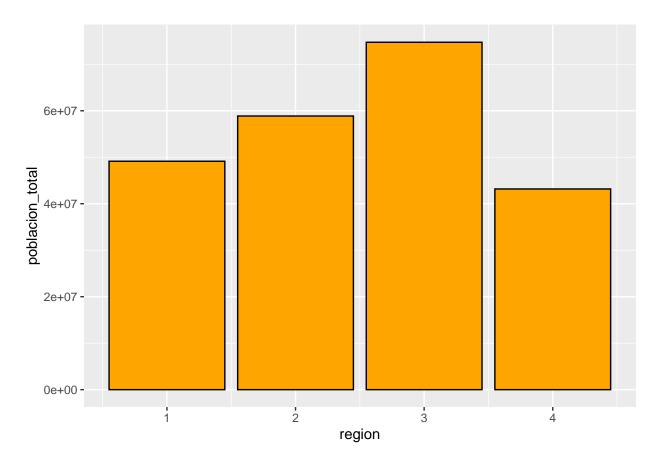
Ejercicio 5

5.1

```
## # A tibble: 4 x 3
##
          region poblacion_total
##
       <dbl+lbl>
                           <dbl> <int>
## 1 1 [NE]
                        49135283
## 2 2 [N Cntrl]
                                    12
                        58865670
## 3 3 [South]
                        74734029
                                    16
## 4 4 [West]
                        43172490
                                    13
```

5.2

Don't know how to automatically pick scale for object of type haven_labelled/vctrs_vctr/double. Defa



5.3

```
(orden <- census %>%
    arrange(desc(pop)))
```

```
## # A tibble: 50 x 12
##
      state
                           pop poplt5 pop5_17 pop18p pop65p popurban medage
                                                                             death
##
               <dbl+1bl> <dbl> <dbl>
                                        <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
                                                                             <dbl>
      <chr>
                                                                <dbl>
                                                                       <dbl>
   1 Califor~ 4 [West] 2.37e7 1.71e6 4680558 1.73e7 2.41e6 21607606
                                                                        29.9 186428
                        1.76e7 1.14e6 3551938 1.29e7 2.16e6 14858068
##
   2 New York 1 [NE]
                                                                       31.9 171769
   3 Texas
               3 [South] 1.42e7 1.17e6 3137045 9.92e6 1.37e6 11333017
                                                                        28.2 108019
                                                                       32.1 123261
   4 Pennsyl~ 1 [NE]
                        1.19e7 7.47e5 2375838 8.74e6 1.53e6 8220851
##
   5 Illinois 2 [N Cnt~ 1.14e7 8.42e5 2400796 8.18e6 1.26e6 9518039
                                                                        29.9 102230
               2 [N Cnt~ 1.08e7 7.87e5 2307170 7.70e6 1.17e6 7918259
##
                                                                       29.9 98268
   7 Florida 3 [South] 9.75e6 5.70e5 1789412 7.39e6 1.69e6 8212385
                                                                       34.7 104190
## 8 Michigan 2 [N Cnt~ 9.26e6 6.85e5 2066873 6.51e6 9.12e5 6551551
                                                                       28.8 75102
```

```
## 9 New Jer~ 1 [NE] 7.36e6 4.63e5 1527572 5.37e6 8.60e5 6557377 32.2 68762 ## 10 N. Caro~ 3 [South] 5.88e6 4.04e5 1253659 4.22e6 6.03e5 2822852 29.6 48426 ## # ... with 40 more rows, and 2 more variables: marriage <dbl>, divorce <dbl>
```

5.4

```
## # A tibble: 50 x 3
      state
                  tasaMatrimono tasaDivorcio
      <chr>
##
                          <dbl>
                                       <dbl>
   1 Alabama
                          1.26
                                       0.687
##
   2 Alaska
                          1.33
                                       0.875
## 3 Arizona
                          1.11
                                       0.732
## 4 Arkansas
                          1.16
                                       0.695
## 5 California
                          0.891
                                       0.564
## 6 Colorado
                          1.21
                                       0.643
## 7 Connecticut
                          0.838
                                       0.434
## 8 Delaware
                          0.747
                                       0.389
## 9 Florida
                                       0.734
                          1.11
## 10 Georgia
                          1.29
                                       0.636
## # ... with 40 more rows
```

5.5

```
## # A tibble: 10 x 5
##
      state
                    medage mediana desvMediana propMayorEdad
##
      <chr>
                     <dbl>
                             <dbl>
                                         <dbl>
                                                       <dbl>
  1 Florida
                      34.7
                                        4.95
                                                       0.173
                              29.8
                              29.8
## 2 Arkansas
                      30.6
                                        0.850
                                                       0.137
## 3 Rhode Island
                      31.8
                              29.8
                                        2.05
                                                       0.134
## 4 Iowa
                      30
                              29.8
                                        0.25
                                                       0.133
## 5 Missouri
                      30.9
                              29.8
                                        1.15
                                                       0.132
## 6 S. Dakota
                      28.9
                              29.8
                                       -0.850
                                                       0.132
## 7 Nebraska
                      29.7
                              29.8
                                       -0.0500
                                                       0.131
## 8 Kansas
                      30.1
                              29.8
                                        0.350
                                                       0.130
## 9 Pennsylvania
                      32.1
                              29.8
                                        2.35
                                                       0.129
## 10 Massachusetts
                      31.2
                              29.8
                                        1.45
                                                       0.127
```

