





AUGUST MOON BREWERY

Creator of Hops & Hatha

Microbrewery with notable social media presence offers "Hops & Hatha" beer yoga sessions with highly popular instructors

Resumed "Hops & Hatha" at the brewery with live streaming to accommodate social distancing and market to new customers and demographics

Looking to expand website and mobile app to drive class attendance and increase customer loyalty with rewards towards beverage purchases and yoga participation

New functionalities leveraging machine learning & computer vision:

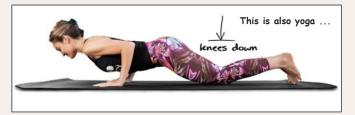
- Yoga pose identification
- Beer recognition model

Goal is to maintain strong presence in the beer and yoga community

OBSERVATION Yoga is inclusive ...

Modification & Variation





Yoga Dataset

10 yoga poses: Child's, Downward Dog, Mountain, Plank, Seated Forward Bend, Tree, Triangle, Warrior 1, Warrior 2, Wheel

Training/validation datasets: 687 images (90%/10%)

Test dataset: 108 images

Challenge dataset: images with form variations and different angles

Images sourced from internet

Similarity



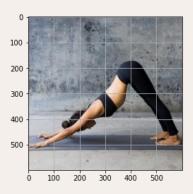




ANALYSIS

Data Preprocessing with tf.Keras

- Load images into TensorFlow datasets (training, validation, testing, challenge)
- Resize images to 180 x 180
- Rescale data between 0 and 1
- Visualize the data
- Evaluate if data augmentation is appropriate (flip, zoom, rotation, crop, etc.)



































ANALYSIS

Convolutional Neural Networks

Baseline Model

- 2 x Convolution layers (32, 64)
- 2 x MaxPooling
- 2 x Dropout (0.2)
- optimizer = 'adam'
- Epochs = 20

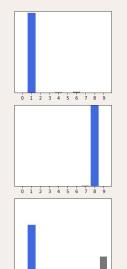
Test Set Accuracy = 75%

Final Model

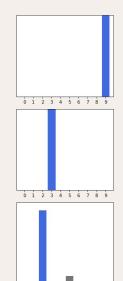
- Data Augmentation layer (horizontal flip, 10% zoom, 10% crop)
- 3 x Convolution layers (32, 64, 64)
- 3 x MaxPooling
- 3 x Dropout (0.1, 0.1, 0.2)
- optimizer = 'adam'
- Epochs = 25

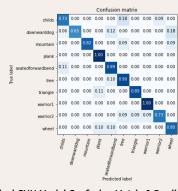


downwarddog 68% (downwarddog)









Final CNN Model Confusion Matrix & Prediction Examples





wheel 67% (wheel)



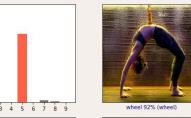


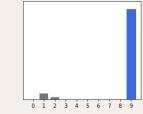
Model is exclusive ...

YOGA CHALLENGE

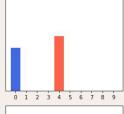




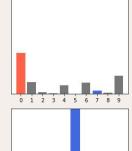


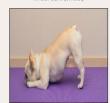




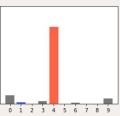




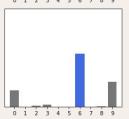




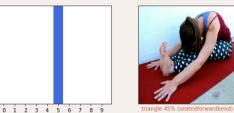
seatedforwardbend 79% (downwarddog)













Challenge Prediction Findings

Props in light color may not interfere Similar poses can be challenging

Cropping in data augmentation works

Beer and wine are both welcome

Single player only and not ready for dog yoga

Classes: 0 - Child's, 1 - Downward Dog, 2- Mountain, 3- Plank, 4- Seated Forward Bend, 5 - Tree, 6 - Triangle, 7- Warrior 1, 8 - Warrior 2, 9 - Wheel

OBSERVATION

To can or not to can?

OpenCV + ImageAl



When put to the test, the required time to compute and frequent inaccuracy (example provided on the right) led us to consider a custom model instead.

A combination of OpenCV + ImageAI's Yolov3 pre-trained model were considered as a low-code solution initial results were promising



Beer Dataset

3 beer categories: Glass, Bottle, or Can

Training/test datasets: 888 / 100 (90% / 10%)

Challenge dataset: Images with variations, different lighting and non-hop based drinks

Images sourced from Open Images Dataset V6 + the internet

TensorFlow



An application of the object detection API within Tensorflow 2 was considered to leverage transfer learning on pre-trained models.

Initial configuration and subsequent implementation is time-consuming. However, there is significant opportunity for fine tuning parameters to improve model behavior.



ANALYSIS All Flows lead to Tensors **Object Detection through Transfer Learning**

Base Model

- Pre-Trained Model: ssd_resnet50_v1_fpn_640x640
- Adam Optimizer
- # Beer Classes: 3
- Batch Size = 12
- Steps = 100000
- min loss = 0.096
- Time = 19.4 Hrs

Train Set mAP = 99.2% at IoU of 0.50

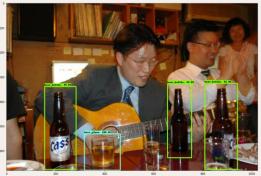
Test Set mAP = 79.3% at IoU of 0.50

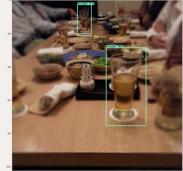
Final Model

- Pre-Trained Model: ssd_resnet50_v1_fpn_640x640
- Momentum Optimizer
- # Beer Classes: 3
- Batch Size = 8
- Steps = 25000
- min loss = 0.199
- Total Time = 4 hrs

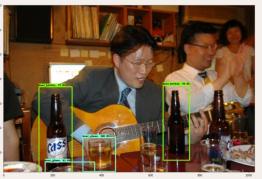
Train Set mAP = 99.0% at IoU of 0.50

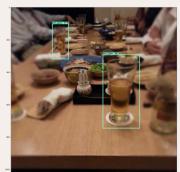
Test Set mAP = 72.9% at IoU of 0.50













BEER CHALLENGE

When your only tool is a hammer ...

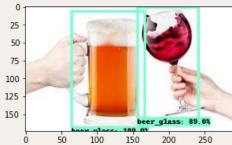
Challenge Prediction Findings

Challenge set reveals the model considers all cans to be beer cans. Lighting on wine glasses can influence a misclassification as glass of beer. Cups of soda and mixed drinks can also be detected as glasses of beer.

















SUMMARY OF FINDINGS

	Model / Method	Training Size	Training Time	Test Accuracy
Yoga Pose Classification	CNN (Keras + TensorFlow)	687 yoga images 10 classes	1 min	82%
Beer Object Recognition	OpenCV + ImageAI	180 3 classes	1.6 hrs	34%
	Deep Residual Learning (ResNet50 TensorFlow)	888 3 classes	4 hrs	73%

Note: Sklearn models accuracy were no higher than 17% in the test set.

While the models performed well independently, combining the beer detection and yoga pose classification metrics reduced the overall accuracy. That is to say both models did not necessarily produce a correct prediction on the same image. The challenge for effective yoga classification is adequate data collection and the necessity for subject matter expertise during training. The art of recognizing beer proved to be dependent on varying contexts such as angles, lighting and environment where detection was intended. A model trained with images from bars isn't going to perform well outdoors or in yoga studios.

Best Case

Beer: Glass 76% Yoga: Triangle 24%



Only 1 is Correct

Beer: Incorrect prediction Yoga: Downward Dog 25%



Neither is Correct

Beer: Incorrect prediction Yoga: Downward Dog 15%



RECOMMENDATIONS

Feature Identification and Object Recognition are close cousins, but not siblings. Tuning models beyond baseline accuracy becomes a true mix of art and science. A specialized approach is therefore recommended.

Effective model training can be achieved through online image sourcing, however alternate approaches such as pose estimation (identifying joints and body parts) may also be considered.

Technologies like AR, Google Lens etc. are backed by powerful engines and skilled engineers - deploying this feature in an app may incur significant costs.

