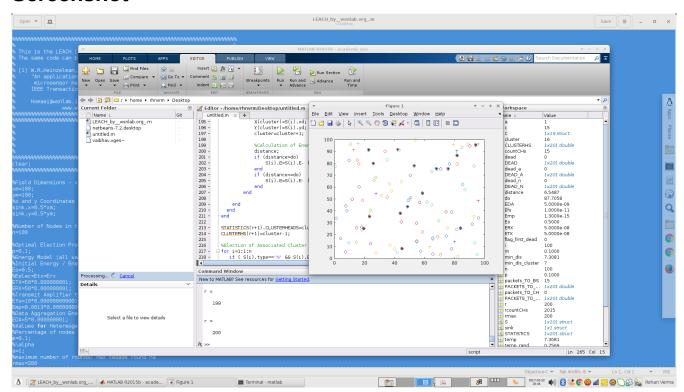
LEACH Protocol Implementation in MATLAB by Mohammad Hossein Homaei

Submitted By:

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Screenshot



Code

```
% This is the LEACH [1] code we have used.
                                   %
% The same code can be used for FAIR if m=1
                                   %
% [1] W.R.Heinzelman, A.P.Chandrakasan and H.Balakrishnan,
                                       %
%
  "An application-specific protocol architecture for wireless
                                     %
   microsensor networks"
%
%
  IEEE Transactions on Wireless Communications, 1(4):660-670,2002 %
%
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                         %
%
          LEACH Protocol
                              %
%
                         %
%
                                  %
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%
clear;
%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%
%Field Dimensions - x and y maximum (in meters)/ Tarife Size mohite shabake(m)
xm = 100;
vm=100;
%x and y Coordinates of the Sink /
sink.x=0.5*xm;
sink.v=0.5*vm;
%Number of Nodes in the field / Tedade Node have shabake
n=100
%Optimal Election Probability of a node to become cluster head/ Ehtemale Entekhab Node be onvane
Cluster Head
p=0.1;
%Energy Model (all values in Joules)/ Energy ha bar hasbe Joule
%Initial Energy / Energy Avaliye
E_0=0.5:
%Eelec=Etx=Erx
ETX=50*0.000000001;
```

```
ERX=50*0.000000001;
%Transmit Amplifier types / Ghodrate Ersal
Efs=10*0.000000000001;
Emp=0.0013*0.000000000001;
%Data Aggregation Energy/ Energy Masrafi Tajmie Dade
EDA=5*0.00000001;
%Values for Hetereogeneity
%Percentage of nodes than are advanced
m=0.1;
%\alpha
a=1;
%maximum number of rounds/ Max tedade round ha
%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%% END OF PARAMETERS %%%%%%%%%%%%%
%Computation of do/
do=sqrt(Efs/Emp);
%Creation of the random Sensor Network/ Tolide Randome shabake
figure(1);
for i=1:1:n
  S(i).xd=rand(1,1)*xm;
  XR(i)=S(i).xd;
  S(i).yd=rand(1,1)*ym;
  YR(i)=S(i).yd;
  S(i).G=0;
  %initially there are no cluster heads only nodes/ Dar ebteda hich Cluster Head i mojud nist
  S(i).type='N';
  temp_rnd0=i;
  %Random Election of Normal Nodes/ Entekhabe Tasadofi Node ha
  if (temp_rnd0 > = m*n+1)
    S(i).E=Eo;
    S(i).ENERGY=0;
    plot(S(i).xd,S(i).yd,'o');
    hold on:
  %Random Election of Advanced Nodes/ Entekhab Tasadofie CH ha
  if (temp_rnd0 < m*n+1)
    S(i).E=Eo*(1+a)
    S(i).ENERGY=1;
    plot(S(i).xd,S(i).yd,'+');
    hold on;
  end
end
S(n+1).xd=sink.x;
S(n+1).yd=sink.y;
plot(S(n+1).xd,S(n+1).vd,'x');
```

```
%First Iteration
figure(1);
%counter for CHs/ Tedade Cluster Head ha
countCHs=0:
%counter for CHs per round/ Tedade CH have har Round
rcountCHs=0;
cluster=1;
countCHs:
rcountCHs=rcountCHs+countCHs;
flag first dead=0;
for r=0:1:rmax
  r
 %Operation for epoch/ Formule entekhabe CH
 if(mod(r, round(1/p)) == 0)
  for i=1:1:n
    S(i).G=0;
    S(i).cl=0;
  end
 end
hold off;
%Number of dead nodes/ Tedade Node have morde dar kol
dead=0:
%Number of dead Advanced Nodes/ Tedade Node have CH morde
dead a=0;
%Number of dead Normal Nodes/ Tedade Node have morde mamuli
dead n=0;
%counter for bit transmitted to Bases Station and to Cluster Heads/ Tedade packet have ersali be BS
packets_TO_BS=0;
packets_TO_CH=0;
%counter for bit transmitted to Bases Station and to Cluster Heads /Tedade packet have Ersali be BS
dar har round
%per round
PACKETS_TO_CH(r+1)=0;
PACKETS_TO_BS(r+1)=0;
figure(1);
for i=1:1:n
  %checking if there is a dead node/ Check kardane zende budane Node ha
  if (S(i).E \le 0)
    plot(S(i).xd,S(i).yd,'red .');
    dead=dead+1;
```

```
if(S(i).ENERGY==1)
      dead a=dead a+1;
    end
    if(S(i).ENERGY==0)
      dead_n=dead_n+1;
    end
    hold on;
  end
  if S(i).E>0
    S(i).type='N';
    if (S(i).ENERGY==0)
    plot(S(i).xd,S(i).yd,'o');
    end
    if (S(i).ENERGY==1)
    plot(S(i).xd,S(i).yd,'+');
    end
    hold on;
  end
end
plot(S(n+1).xd,S(n+1).yd,'x');
STATISTICS(r+1).DEAD=dead;
DEAD(r+1)=dead;
DEAD_N(r+1)=dead_n;
DEAD_A(r+1)=dead_a;
%When the first node dies/ Pas az marge avalin Node
if (dead==1)
  if(flag_first_dead==0)
    first_dead=r
    flag_first_dead=1;
  end
end
countCHs=0;
cluster=1;
for i=1:1:n
 if(S(i).E>0)
 temp_rand=rand;
 if ((S(i).G) \le 0)
%Election of Cluster Heads/ Entekhabe CH
if(temp\_rand \le (p/(1-p*mod(r,round(1/p)))))
      countCHs=countCHs+1;
      packets_TO_BS=packets_TO_BS+1;
      PACKETS TO BS(r+1)=packets TO BS;
      S(i).type='C';
```

```
S(i).G=round(1/p)-1;
       C(cluster).xd=S(i).xd;
       C(cluster).yd=S(i).yd;
       plot(S(i).xd,S(i).yd,'k*');
       distance=sqrt((S(i).xd-(S(n+1).xd))^2 + (S(i).yd-(S(n+1).yd))^2);
       C(cluster).distance=distance;
       C(cluster).id=i;
       X(cluster)=S(i).xd;
       Y(cluster)=S(i).vd;
       cluster=cluster+1;
       %Calculation of Energy dissipated/ Mohasebe energy masrafi
       distance:
       if (distance>do)
         S(i).E=S(i).E-((ETX+EDA)*(4000) + Emp*4000*(distance*distance*distance*distance*));
       if (distance<=do)
         S(i).E=S(i).E-((ETX+EDA)*(4000) + Efs*4000*(distance * distance));
       end
    end
  end
 end
end
STATISTICS(r+1).CLUSTERHEADS=cluster-1;
CLUSTERHS(r+1)=cluster-1;
%Election of Associated Cluster Head for Normal Nodes/ Entekhabe CH marbute baraye Node have
mamuli
for i=1:1:n
 if (S(i).type=='N' && S(i).E>0)
   if(cluster-1>=1)
    \min_{dis=sqrt((S(i).xd-S(n+1).xd)^2 + (S(i).yd-S(n+1).yd)^2)};
    min_dis_cluster=1;
    for c=1:1:cluster-1
      temp=min(min_dis,sqrt( (S(i).xd-C(c).xd)^2 + (S(i).yd-C(c).yd)^2 ) );
      if ( temp<min_dis )</pre>
         min dis=temp;
         min_dis_cluster=c;
      end
    end
    %Energy dissipated by associated Cluster Head/ Mohasebe energy masrafi CH ha
       min_dis;
       if (min dis>do)
         S(i).E=S(i).E-(ETX*(4000) + Emp*4000*(min_dis * min_dis * min_dis * min_dis * min_dis));
       end
```

```
if (min_dis<=do)
      S(i).E=S(i).E-(ETX*(4000) + Efs*4000*(min dis * min dis));
    end
   %Energy dissipated/ Masrafe energy kol
   if(min dis>0)
    S(C(min\_dis\_cluster).id).E = S(C(min\_dis\_cluster).id).E - ((ERX + EDA)*4000);
   PACKETS TO CH(r+1)=n-dead-cluster+1;
   end
   S(i).min dis=min dis;
   S(i).min_dis_cluster=min_dis_cluster;
 end
end
end
hold on:
countCHs;
rcountCHs=rcountCHs+countCHs;
end
% DEAD: a rmax x 1 array of number of dead nodes/round
     %
% DEAD_A: a rmax x 1 array of number of dead Advanced nodes/round
% DEAD N: a rmax x 1 array of number of dead Normal nodes/round
                                                        %
% CLUSTERHS: a rmax x 1 array of number of Cluster Heads/round
                                                        %
% PACKETS TO BS: a rmax x 1 array of number packets send to Base Station/round
% PACKETS_TO_CH: a rmax x 1 array of number of packets send to ClusterHeads/round %
% first_dead: the round where the first node died
                                                %
%
                                    %
```