FINM 33150: Homework 1

Michael Beven - 455613

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3.
First we load modules:
# load key packages
library(MASS)
library(Quandl)
library(ggplot2)
library(stringr)
library(R.cache)
library(plotly)
Then we add memoization and load the data:
# add memoization
reload.data <- TRUE
QLoad <- R.cache::addMemoization(Quandl::Quandl)
# load data
if (reload.data == TRUE) {
  Quandl.api_key('v21snmSix9KyXBWc1RkF')
  cat('Data Reload/n')
  msft.raw <- QLoad('YAHOO/MSFT')</pre>
  bac.raw <- QLoad('WIKI/BAC')</pre>
}
Next we set the data to a 'birth month' and then clean the data:
# take desired dates
msft <- subset(msft.raw, msft.raw$Date >= as.Date('1990-10-15') &
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msft.raw$Date <= as.Date('1990-11-09'))</pre>
bac <- subset(bac.raw, bac.raw$Date >= as.Date('1990-10-15') &
                 bac.raw$Date <= as.Date('1990-11-09'))</pre>
# add index code to data, so we don't confuse them
names(msft) <- paste('YAHOO.MSFT -',names(msft))</pre>
names(bac) <- paste('WIKI.BAC -',names(bac))</pre>
# fix renamed date column
names(msft)[1] <- 'Date'</pre>
names(bac)[1] <- 'Date'</pre>
# merge data
df <- merge(msft,bac)</pre>
# function to clean Quandl names
clean.quandl.name <- function(x) {</pre>
  cleaned <- x
  if (x=='Date') {
  } else {
    tryCatch({
      parts <- stringr::str_split(x, " - ",n=2)</pre>
      first.parts <- stringr::str_split(parts[[1]][[1]], "\\.",n=2)</pre>
      cleaned <- paste(first.parts[[1]][[2]], parts[[1]][[2]], sep=".")</pre>
      cleaned <- str_replace_all(cleaned," ","")</pre>
    },
    error = function(e) {cat(paste0("Err on",x,"\n"))}
    )
  }
  stringr::str_trim(cleaned)
}
# use clean.quandl.name
fixed.names <- lapply(names(df),clean.quandl.name)</pre>
cat(paste(fixed.names,sep="\n"))
df.renamed <- df
names(df.renamed) <- fixed.names</pre>
We only need a subset of the data, which is the close prices:
# only need close data
df.renamed.close <- subset(df.renamed, select=c('MSFT.Close','BAC.Close'))</pre>
Now, we can run a linear regression on the close prices:
# linear regression on close prices of MSFT vs. BAC
regress <- lm(df.renamed.close$MSFT.Close ~ df.renamed.close$BAC.Close)
print(summary(regress))
```

```
Call:
lm(formula = df.renamed.close$MSFT.Close ~ df.renamed.close$BAC.Close)
Residuals:
    Min
             1Q Median
                             3Q
                                     Max
-6.8500 -1.0604 0.6566 2.0960 3.7273
Coefficients:
                           Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
(Intercept)
                                         9.5847 7.995 2.47e-07 ***
                            76.6265
df.renamed.close$BAC.Close -0.7174
                                         0.4907 -1.462
                                                        0.161
Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1
Residual standard error: 3.041 on 18 degrees of freedom
Multiple R-squared: 0.1061, Adjusted R-squared: 0.05647
F-statistic: 2.137 on 1 and 18 DF, p-value: 0.161
Finally, we create log returns from the data subset and run a regression on that:
# create log returns data
N <- dim(df.renamed.close)[1]
df.logrets <- log(df.renamed.close[2:N,]) - log(df.renamed.close[1:N-1,])</pre>
regress.logrets <- lm(df.logrets$MSFT.Close ~ df.logrets$BAC.Close)</pre>
```

Call:

lm(formula = df.logrets\$MSFT.Close ~ df.logrets\$BAC.Close)

Residuals:

Min 1Q Median 3Q Max -0.041179 -0.015816 -0.004455 0.013457 0.069918

print(summary(regress.logrets))

Coefficients:

Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
(Intercept) 0.007217 0.006040 1.195 0.249
df.logrets\$BAC.Close -0.035116 0.172365 -0.204 0.841

Residual standard error: 0.02631 on 17 degrees of freedom Multiple R-squared: 0.002436, Adjusted R-squared: -0.05624

F-statistic: 0.04151 on 1 and 17 DF, p-value: 0.841