

# Exercício 8.22 Daniel Hart CC CA PWM

Escolher a tensão de entrada CC para THD seja menor que 10%

$$V_{out} := 220 \text{ (rms)} \quad R := 30 \quad F := 60 \quad \%THD := \frac{10}{100} = 0,1$$

$$L := 0,025 \quad v_o := 2 \cdot \pi \cdot F = 376,9911$$

Taxa modulação da amplitude

Escolha de Tensão de Entrada

$$V_1 := V_{out} \cdot \sqrt{2} = 311,127$$

$$V_{in} := 400 \text{ (CC)} \quad V_{portadora} := 5$$

$$M_a := \frac{V_1}{V_{in}} = 0,7778$$

$$V_{referencia} := M_a \cdot V_{portadora} = 3,8891$$

Amplitude de corrente 60Hz

$$Z_1 := \sqrt{R^2 + (v_o \cdot L)^2} = 31,4456$$

$$I_1 := \frac{V_1}{Z_1} = 9,8941$$

Corrente da harmônica na frequência da portadora

$$I_{mf} := \%THD \cdot I_1 = 0,9894$$

A amplitude Vmf

A amplitude Vmf

**Table 8-3** Normalized Fourier Coefficients  $V_n/V_{dc}$  for Bipolar PWM

	$m_a=1$	0.9	0.8	0.7	0.6	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1
$n=1$	1.00	0.90	0.80	0.70	0.60	0.50	0.40	0.30	0.20	0.10
$n=m_f$	0.60	0.71	0.82	0.92	1.01	1.08	1.15	1.20	1.24	1.27
$n=m_f \pm 2$	0.32	0.27	0.22	0.17	0.13	0.09	0.06	0.03	0.02	0.00

Para  $m_a=0,94$ ,  $m_f=0,75$

$$V_{mf} := 0,75 \cdot V_{in} = 300$$

$$Z_{mf} := \frac{V_{mf}}{I_{mf}} = 303,2101$$

Para a impedância de carga ( $Z_{mf}$ ) ser maior que 250,  $M_f$  deverá ser maior que:

$$M_f := \frac{Z_{mf}}{v_o \cdot L} = 32,1716$$

$$M_f := 29$$

Definindo a Portadora

$$F_{por} := M_f \cdot F = 1740$$

### Calculando as Harmônicas Saída

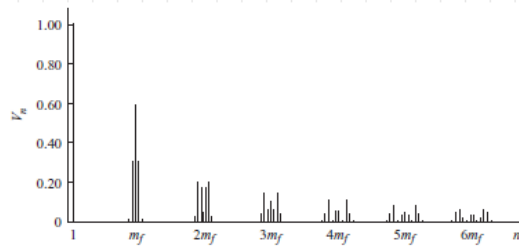


Figure 8-21 Frequency spectrum for bipolar PWM with  $m_a = 1$ .

Conforme gráfico 8-21 as harmônicas estarão em torno da frequência de chaveamento e seus múltiplos.

Utilizando a tabela 8-23 calcula-se as harmônicas, com  $M_f=27$ , calcula-se as  $V_{25}$ ,  $V_{27}$  e  $29$

$$n := 1$$

$$V_1 := M_a \cdot V_{in} = 311,127$$

$$I_1 := \frac{V_1}{Z_1} = 9,8941$$

$$Z_1 := \sqrt{R^2 + (n \cdot \omega_o \cdot L)^2} = 31,4456$$

$$P_1 := \left( \frac{I_1}{\sqrt{2}} \right)^2 \cdot R = 1468,4073$$

$$n := 27$$

$$V_{27} := 0,74 \cdot V_{in} = 296$$

$$I_{27} := \frac{V_{27}}{Z_{27}} = 1,1552$$

$$Z_{27} := \sqrt{R^2 + (n \cdot \omega_o \cdot L)^2} = 256,2313$$

$$P_{27} := \left( \frac{I_{27}}{\sqrt{2}} \right)^2 \cdot R = 20,0175$$

$$n := 27$$

$$V_{27} := 0,74 \cdot V_{in} = 296$$

$$I_{27} := \frac{V_{27}}{Z_{27}} = 1,1552$$

$$Z_{27} := \sqrt{R^2 + (n \cdot \omega_o \cdot L)^2} = 256,2313$$

$$P_{27} := \left( \frac{I_{27}}{\sqrt{2}} \right)^2 \cdot R = 20,0175$$

$$n := 25$$

$$V_{25} := 0,29 \cdot V_{in} = 116$$

$$I_{25} := \frac{V_{25}}{Z_{25}} = 0,4884$$

$$Z_{25} := \sqrt{R^2 + (n \cdot \omega_o \cdot L)^2} = 237,5216$$

$$P_{25} := \left( \frac{I_{25}}{\sqrt{2}} \right)^2 \cdot R = 3,5777$$

$$n := 29$$

$$V_{29} := V_{25} = 116$$

$$I_{29} := \frac{V_{29}}{Z_{29}} = 0,4219$$

$$Z_{29} := \sqrt{R^2 + (n \cdot \omega_o \cdot L)^2} = 274,9601$$

$$P_{29} := \left( \frac{I_{29}}{\sqrt{2}} \right)^2 \cdot R = 2,6697$$

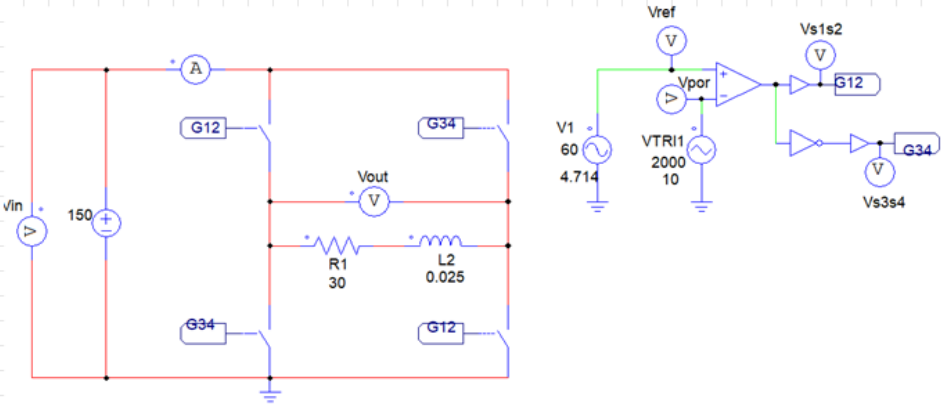
$$P := P_1 + P_{25} + P_{27} + P_{29} = 1494,6723$$

$$I_{out\_rms} := \sqrt{\left( \frac{I_1}{\sqrt{2}} \right)^2 + \left( \frac{I_{25}}{\sqrt{2}} \right)^2 + \left( \frac{I_{27}}{\sqrt{2}} \right)^2 + \left( \frac{I_{29}}{\sqrt{2}} \right)^2} = 7,0585$$

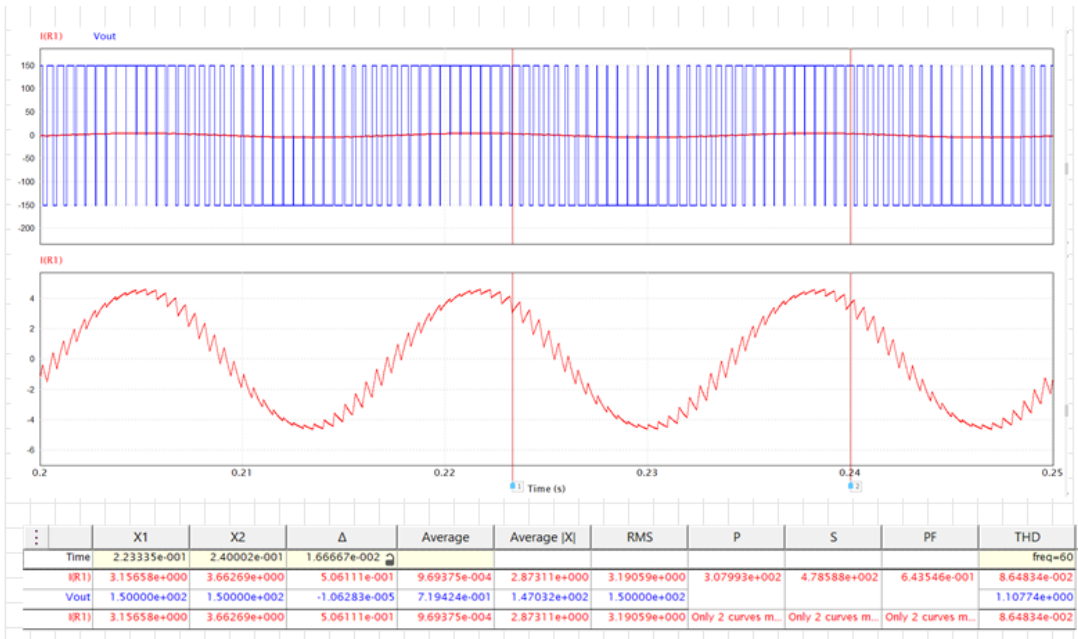
$$S := V_{in} \cdot I_{out\_rms} = 2823,3996$$

$$DHT_I := \frac{\sqrt{\left(\frac{I_{25}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{I_{27}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{I_{29}}{\sqrt{2}}\right)^2}}{\frac{I_1}{\sqrt{2}}} = 0,1337$$

$$Fp := \frac{P}{S} = 0,5294$$



Tensão e Corrente Saída



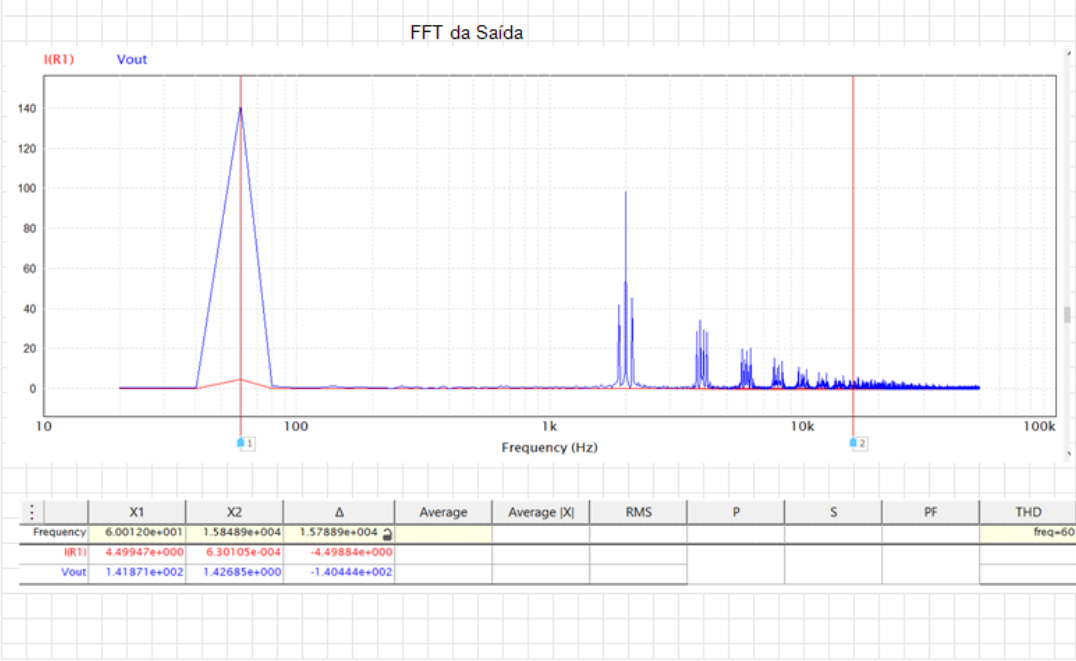
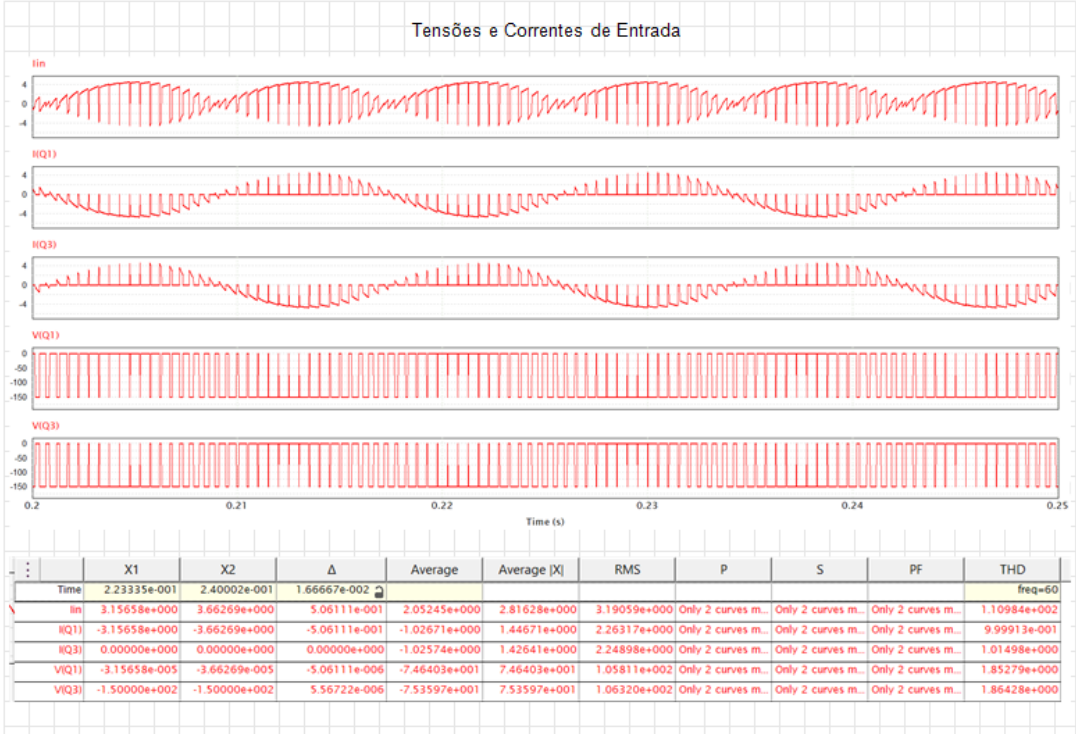


Tabela Valores Calculados X Simulados

	Calculado	Medido	%
Corrente Saída eficaz	3,19	3,19	0%
Tensão de Saída eficaz	100,00	150,00	50%
Potencia Ativa	307,08	307,90	0%
Potencia Aparente	479,90	478,58	0%
Fator Potência	0,63	0,64	2%
THD Saída Corrente	0,11	0,08	27%
Hamônica Fundamental Tensão	141,42	141,87	0%
Hamônica Fundamental Corrente	4,49	4,49	0%
Corrente Chave Rms		2,26	
Corrente Chave Pico		4,59	
Tensão Máxima Chaves	150,00	150,00	0%