TCP/IP Server COE768

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1 Introduction

1.1 TCP Protocol

One of the primary protocols used on the Internet protocol suite is the Transmission Control Protocol (TCP). The main advantages of this protocol is that the data transmitted between two nodes is the following:

- Ordered and reliable
- Provides error detection
- Provides connection establishment and connection detection (Three-Way Handshaking)

TCP is one of the most widely used protocols and designed in the following way. All devices in the network are assigned a unique Internet Protocol (IP) address. Each devices can connect to up to $(2^{16} - 1)$ or 65536 ports. Each port can be used to send and receive data from another electronic device. TCP ensures a private connection between two devices.

In TCP, there is always a client and a server. The server is always listening for connections and the client is always attempting to connect to a server. Connection establishment is performed by TCP by using a three-way handshake. The three messages and the purposes of these messages are the following:

1. SYN (Synchronize)

• The purpose of the SYN message is to initiate a connection from the client to the server.

2. SYN-ACK (Synchronize-Acknowledgement)

• The purpose of the SYN-ACK message is for the server to respond to the client and acknowledge the SYN message was received.

3. ACK (Acknowledgement)

• The purpose of the ACK message is for the client to respond to the server and acknowledge the SYN-ACK message was received by the client.

Once all three messages are transmitted successfully, both the client and server can successfully communicate over the channel.

TCP can be implemented in C using the Linux environment, To successfully implement any TCP application, the use of socket programming is required.

Socket Programming State Diagram

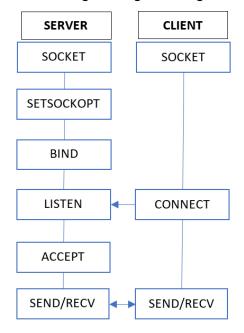


Figure 1: Socket Programming State Diagram

1.2 Socket Programming

Socket Programming is a method by which two devices can communicate with one another. The Server socket listens on a port with an assigned IP address. The client reaches out to the server with it's own IP address on the server broadcasting port. This concept is illustrated in Figure 1.

1.3 Purpose

The purpose of this project is to implement a command-line file transfer application based on TCP/IP. The server is a concurrent server which is able to handle multiple clients at the same time. The client has to ability to upload and download files, and change the directory and list the files in the directory from the server.

The client and the server use the following Protocol Data Unit (PDU):



Figure 2: Protocol Data Unit Format

The type specifies the PDU Type as shown in Table 1. The length field is used to state the length of the Data field. The data is contained within the data field.

The eight PDUs listed in the table below are used during the file transfer:

PDU Type	Function
D	This PDU is sent by the client. The purpose of this PDU is to
	carry the filename of the file to be transferred from the server to
	the client.
U	This PDU is sent by the client. The purpose of this PDU is to
	carry the filename of the file to be transferred from the client to
	the server.
R	This PDU is sent by the server. The purpose of this PDU is
	to inform the client that the server is ready to receive messages
	including file uploads.
F	This PDU is sent by the client and server. The purpose of this
	PDU is to carry the file data that is being transferred between the
	client and the server.
E	This PDU is sent by the client and server. The purpose of this
	PDU is to report any error between the client and the server.
P	This PDU is sent by the client. The purpose of the PDU is to
	inform the server to change the working directory in which the
	client can download files
L	This PDU is sent by the client to request the names of the files in
	the directory. The Data field contains the directory path name
I	This PDU is sent by the server. The Data field contains the names
	of the file in the directory.

Table 1: PDU Types and their Respective Functions

1.3.1 PDU Exchange Diagrams

The file upload and download PDUs are shown in Figure 3. In the case of file download, the client sends the file name to be downloaded to the server along with a PDU type of D. If the file exists, the server responds with the F PDU type and the file data until the data transfer is complete. In the case of file upload, the client sends the file name to be uploaded to the server along with a PDU type of U. If the server replies with the R PDU type, then the client with the file data (with a F PDU type).

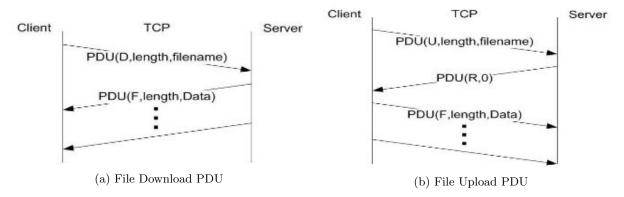


Figure 3: File Download and Upload PDUs

The error PDU is used to report any errors that occur when the file download or file upload is requested by he client.

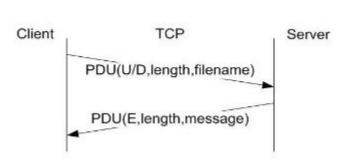


Figure 4: Error Reporting of File Download/Upload PDUs

The P PDU is used to change the current working directory. If successful, then the server sends the client a R PDU. If not, then the E PDU is returned as shown in Figure 4. The L PDU is used is the client requests the list of current working directories. The server responds with I and a list of files or it returns an E PDU if the files cannot be listed.

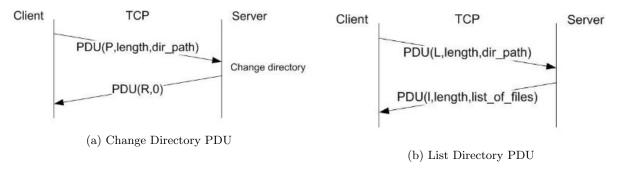


Figure 5: Change and List Directory PDUs

2 Description of Client and Server

The client is able to perform the following functions (the command for the client is provided in brackets):

- File Download ("download")
- File Upload ("upload")
- Change Directory ("cd")
- List Directory ("ls")

All commands except "ls" requires at least 1 command line argument ("ls" takes no arguments). The application detects if an incorrect amount of parameters are entered and will not perform any function if this occurs.

File Download: If the file is not available in the directory that the client wants to download, then the server will respond by saying it is ready and that no file data will be downloaded as shown in Figure 3.

File Upload: The client will send the filename that is entered by the user to server. Once the server is ready it will respond as described in Figure 3. If the file is not available in the working directory of the client, then no file data will be uploaded.

Change Directory: The client will send the new working directory for the server. If the directory is valid, the server will change the directory as shown in Figure 5. If the directory is invalid, the server will not change the directory. The ls command can be run once the directory is changed to validate if the directory has been change successfully.

List Directory: The client will send the server this command and the server will return all files and folders in the currently specified directory as shown in Figure 5.

3 Observations, Analysis and Results

The following sequence of commands was entered on the TCP file transfer client:

- 1. cd /home/mb
- 2. ls
- 3. download program.txt
- 4. upload program2.txt
- 5. ls

These sequence of events show the application can perform all intended functions described in the project requirements.

The outputs of these events can be seen in the following screenshots (Note: the client window is on the left and the server window is on the right):

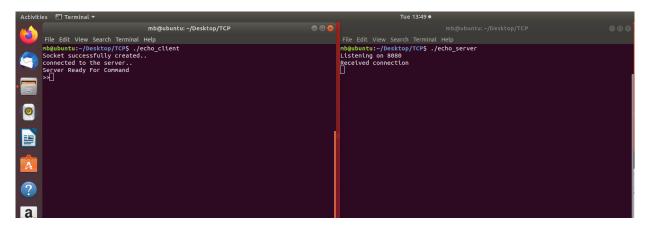


Figure 6: Initial Startup of Client (Left) and Server(Right)

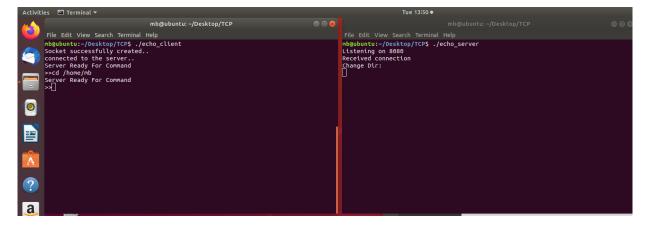


Figure 7: Command 1: Change Directory

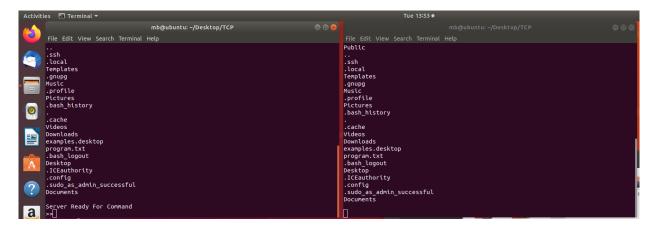


Figure 8: Command 2: List

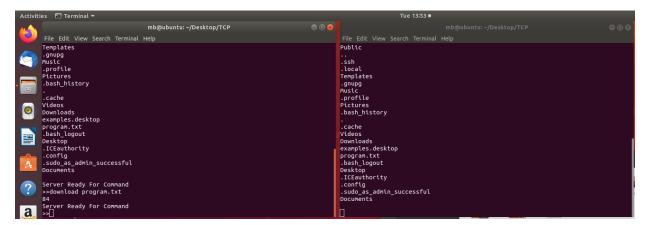


Figure 9: Command 3: Download

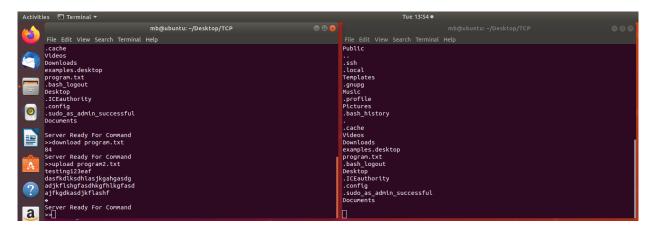


Figure 10: Command 4: Upload

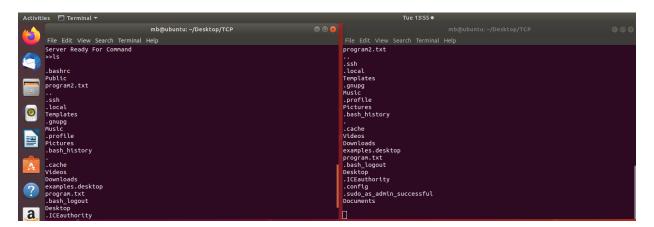


Figure 11: Command 6: List

A Client Code

```
#include <dirent.h>
2 #include <stdio.h>
3 #include <unistd.h>
4 #include <sys/socket.h>
5 #include <arpa/inet.h>
6 #include <stdlib.h>
7 #include <netinet/in.h>
8 #include <string.h>
9 #include <sys/stat.h>
10
11
12 #define USER_INPUT_SIZE 4101
13 #define ARG_SIZE 4097
14 #define SERVER_TCP_PORT 8080
15
16
   struct pdu
17 {
   char type;
   int length;
19
    char data[ARG_SIZE];
20
  } rpdu, tpdu;
21
22
23
   void init_serv(int serv_sock) {
24
     char user_input[USER_INPUT_SIZE];
     char user_argument[ARG_SIZE];
26
     char command[3];
27
28
     int i = 0, size = 0;
     char* token;
FILE* fp;
29
30
     struct stat filestat;
31
32
33
     while (rpdu.type != 'R')
34
35
       read(serv_sock, &rpdu, sizeof(rpdu));
     printf("Server Ready, %c, recieved\n", rpdu.type);
36
37
38
39
     while (1) {
       printf("\nPlease enter the command (cd 'dir_name', ls 'dir_name', U 'file_name', D '
40
       file_name'). Enter Q to quit: \n>>");
41
       fgets(user_input, sizeof(user_input), stdin);
42
       if(strcmp("ls\n", user\_input) == 0){
43
         strcat(user_input, "current_dir");
44
45
46
       token = strtok(user_input, "\n");
47
48
       if(strcmp("Q",token) = 0){
49
         printf("Exiting Application\n");
50
51
         close (serv_sock);
         break;
52
53
55
       if (token == NULL) {
          printf("Ensure command has 1 argument\n\n");
56
57
       else{
         //split the command and the user argument:
58
          while ((token != NULL)) {
59
            if (i == 0)
60
              strcpy(command, token);
61
           \begin{array}{l} printf(``\%s \ n'', command); \\ \} \ else \ \ if \ \ (i == 1) \{ \end{array}
62
63
              strcpy(user_argument, token);
```

```
printf("%s\n", user_argument);
65
66
            i++;
67
68
                  token= strtok(NULL, "\n");
69
          i = 0;
70
71
72
         //prepare message
73
         tpdu.length = strlen(user_argument);
74
75
         memcpy(tpdu.data, user_argument, tpdu.length);
76
77
78
79
80
          if (strcmp("cd",command)==0){
81
82
            //prepare type and send
83
            tpdu.type='P';
84
              write(serv_sock, &tpdu, sizeof(tpdu));//1B for type, 4B for length ,5B overhead
            //read server response
86
            read(serv_sock, &rpdu, sizeof(rpdu));
87
            if (rpdu.type == 'E')
88
              printf("Directory Change Unsuccessful\nError message recieved: %s\n\n",rpdu.data);
89
            else if (rpdu.type == 'R')
90
              printf("\nDirectory Changed Successfully\n\n");
91
         } else if (strcmp("ls",command)==0){
92
93
            //prepare type and send
94
            tpdu.type='L';
95
              write(serv_sock, &tpdu, sizeof(tpdu)); //1B for type, 4B for length ,5B overhead
96
97
            read(serv_sock, &rpdu, sizeof(rpdu));
98
99
            if (rpdu.type == 'E')
              printf("Directory Change Unsuccessful\nError message recieved: %s\n\n",rpdu.data);
100
            else if (rpdu.type == 'I')
              printf("\nList:\n%s\nListing successful, Server Ready\n\n",rpdu.data);
         } else if (strcmp("U",command)==0){
104
            fp = fopen(user_argument,"r");
106
107
            if(fp < 0)
108
              printf("\nFile does not exist\n");
            else{
              tpdu.type='U';
                write(serv_sock,&tpdu,sizeof(tpdu));//1B for type, 4B for length ,5B overhead
              read(serv_sock, &rpdu, sizeof(rpdu));
113
114
              if (rpdu.type='R') {
                stat(user_argument, &filestat);
116
                    size = filestat.st_size;
118
                tpdu.type='F'
                while (size > ARG_SIZE) {
119
                  fread(&tpdu.data, ARG_SIZE,1,fp);
120
                  tpdu.length=strlen(tpdu.data);
                  write(serv_sock, &tpdu, sizeof(tpdu));
size = (size - (ARG_SIZE));
122
123
124
                memset(&tpdu, 0, sizeof(tpdu));
125
                tpdu.type='F';
126
                fread(&tpdu.data, size,1,fp);
127
128
                tpdu.length=strlen(tpdu.data);
                write(serv_sock, &tpdu, sizeof(tpdu));
                fclose(fp);
130
              }else
```

```
printf("\nServer not Ready, upload failed\n");
133
134
135
          } else if (strcmp("D",command)==0){
136
            tpdu.type='D';
138
              write(serv_sock, &tpdu, sizeof(tpdu)); //1B for type, 4B for length ,5B overhead
139
            read(serv_sock, &rpdu, sizeof(rpdu));
140
            if(rpdu.type == 'E')
141
               printf("File not recieved!!! \nError message recieved: %s\n",rpdu.data);
142
            else if (rpdu.type = 'F') {
143
              fp = fopen(user_argument,"w");
144
145
              while (rpdu.type != 'R') {
146
                 fwrite(rpdu.data , 1 , rpdu.length , fp);
read(serv_sock , &rpdu , sizeof(rpdu));
147
148
149
150
               fclose(fp);
152
          }else
153
            printf("Enter valid command!!\n\n");
154
155
          memset(&tpdu, 0, sizeof(tpdu));
156
157
158
     }
159
160
161
162
163
164
   int main (int argc, char *argv[]) {
165
166
167
        int sd;
       struct sockaddr_in servaddr, cli;
168
169
     int port;
171
       switch (argc) {
     case 1:
        port = SERVER_TCP_PORT;
       break;
174
     case 2:
        port = atoi(argv[1]);
176
177
        break;
     default:
178
        fprintf(stderr, "Usage: %s [port]\n", argv[0]);
179
        exit(1);
180
181
182
183
        // socket create and varification
184
       sd = socket (AF_INET, SOCK_STREAM, 0);
185
186
        if (sd = -1) {
            printf("socket creation failed...\n");
187
            exit(0);
188
189
190
            printf("Socket successfully created..\n");
191
        bzero(&servaddr , sizeof(servaddr));
192
193
        // assign IP, PORT
194
       servaddr.sin\_family = AF\_INET;
195
196
        //servaddr.sin_addr.s_addr = htonl(INADDR_ANY);
       servaddr.sin_addr.s_addr = inet_addr("127.0.0.1");
197
       servaddr.sin_port = htons(port);
198
199
```

```
// connect the client socket to server socket
if (connect(sd, (struct sockaddr*)&servaddr, sizeof(servaddr)) != 0) {
    printf("connection with the server failed...\n");
    exit(1);
200
201
202
203
204
205
                  printf("connected to the server..\n");
206
207
           // function for chat
208
           init_serv(sd);
209
210
           // close the socket
211
           close (sd);
212
213 }
```

B Server Code

```
1 #include <dirent.h>
2 #include <stdio.h>
3 #include <unistd.h>
4 #include <sys/socket.h>
5 #include <stdlib.h>
6 #include <netinet/in.h>
7 #include <string.h>
8 #include <dirent.h>
9 #include <sys/stat.h>
10
11 #define FILENAME_SIZE 255
#define ARG_SIZE 4097
#define SERVER_TCP_PORT 8080
14
  struct pdu
15
16 {
17
  char type;
  int length;
   char data[ARG_SIZE];
19
20 } rpdu, tpdu;
21
22
  int init_client(int cli_sock){
23
24
25
     char type_recv;
      DIR *folder:
26
     char current_folder[ARG_SIZE];
27
     \begin{array}{ll} \textbf{char} & \textbf{filename} & [ARG\_SIZE+FILENAME\_SIZE] \,; \end{array}
28
     struct dirent *dir;
29
30
     int i=0, size=0, flag=0;
    FILE* fp;
31
     struct stat filestat;
32
33
     strcpy(current_folder,".");
34
35
     tpdu.type='R';
36
       write(cli_sock, &tpdu, 1);//1B
37
38
     while (1) {
39
40
       if(flag==0)
41
42
         read(cli_sock, &rpdu, sizeof(rpdu));
       else{
43
         flag = 0;
44
         printf("flag removed \n");
45
46
47
       type_recv = rpdu.type;
48
       switch (type_recv){
49
50
       case 'P':
51
52
         folder = opendir(rpdu.data);
53
54
         if (folder == NULL) {
            printf("cd: Unable to read directory \n");
56
           tpdu.type = 'E';
           strcpy(tpdu.data,"Cannot change to specfied directory");
57
           tpdu.length=strlen(tpdu.data);
58
59
            write(cli_sock , &tpdu, sizeof(tpdu));
60
61
            printf("cd: Current directory has been changed!\n");
62
           strcpy(current_folder,rpdu.data);
63
64
           tpdu.type='R';
           write(cli_sock , &tpdu, sizeof(tpdu));
```

```
closedir (folder);
66
67
         break;
68
69
       case 'L':
          if (strcmp("current_dir", rpdu.data)==0)
70
            folder = opendir(current_folder);
71
72
73
            folder = opendir (rpdu.data);
74
          if (folder == NULL) {
75
76
                printf("ls: Cannot list specified directory\n");
77
            tpdu.type = 'E';
78
            strcpy(tpdu.data,"Cannot list specified directory");
79
80
            tpdu.length=strlen(tpdu.data);
81
            write(cli_sock, &tpdu, sizeof(tpdu));
82
                }else{
83
                  printf("ls: Compiling and sending list: \n");
84
              i = 0;
85
86
              tpdu.type='I';
               while ((dir = readdir(folder)) != NULL){
87
                           // printf("%s\n", dir \rightarrow d_name);
88
89
                //\,\mathrm{if} the directory file names is longer than the data size , then send the
90
       compiled file and folder names and create new pdu to be sent
                if((strlen(dir->d_name)+i+1)>ARG\_SIZE){
91
                  tpdu.length=strlen(tpdu.data);
92
                  write(cli_sock , &tpdu, sizeof(tpdu));
93
                  memset(&tpdu, 0, sizeof(tpdu));
94
                  tpdu.type='I';
95
                  i = 0:
96
97
                //copy the data to tpdu and append new line after each entry
98
                memcpy(tpdu.data+i,dir->d_name,strlen(dir->d_name));
99
100
                memcpy(tpdu.data+strlen(dir->d_name)+i," \ n",1);
                i=i+strlen(dir->d_name)+1;
104
            tpdu.length=strlen(tpdu.data);
            write(cli_sock, &tpdu, sizeof(tpdu));
                closedir (folder);
107
108
109
         break;
       case 'D':
         memcpy(filename, current_folder, strlen(current_folder));
          strcat(filename, "/");
112
          strcat(filename, rpdu.data);
          fp = fopen(filename,"r");
114
            if(fp < 0)
              printf("\nFile does not exist\n");
117
              tpdu.type = 'E';
118
              strcpy(tpdu.data,"File not found!!!");
119
              tpdu.length=strlen(tpdu.data);
120
              write(cli_sock , &tpdu, sizeof(tpdu));
121
            else{
              printf("\nSending File, %s, to Client\n", rpdu.data);
123
              stat (filename, &filestat);
                    size = filestat.st\_size;
126
127
              tpdu.type='F':
128
              while (size > ARG_SIZE) {
                fread(&tpdu.data, ARG_SIZE,1,fp);
130
                tpdu.length=strlen(tpdu.data);
                write(cli_sock, &tpdu, sizeof(tpdu));
```

```
size = (size - (ARG\_SIZE));
135
136
                 //send final data packet
                 memset(&tpdu, 0, sizeof(tpdu));
137
                 tpdu.type='F';
138
139
                 fread(&tpdu.data, size,1,fp);
                 tpdu.length=strlen(tpdu.data);
140
                 write(cli_sock, &tpdu, sizeof(tpdu));
141
                 //send ready data packet
142
                 memset(\&tpdu\;,\;\;0\;,\;\; \verb"sizeof"\,(tpdu\;)\;)\;;
143
                 tpdu.type='R';
144
                 write(cli_sock , &tpdu, sizeof(tpdu));
145
146
            break;
147
         case 'U':
148
149
            memcpy(filename, current_folder, strlen(current_folder));
150
151
            strcat(filename, "/");
            strcat (filename, rpdu.data);
153
            fp = fopen(filename, "w");
154
               if(fp < 0){
156
                 printf("\nError writing to file\n");
                 tpdu.type = 'E';
158
                 strcpy(tpdu.data,"Error writing to file");
159
                 tpdu.length=strlen(tpdu.data);
160
                 write \left( \hspace{.1cm} \texttt{cli\_sock} \hspace{.1cm}, \hspace{.1cm} \& \texttt{tpdu} \hspace{.1cm}, \left( \hspace{.1cm} \texttt{tpdu} \hspace{.1cm}. \hspace{.1cm} \texttt{length} \hspace{.1cm} + \hspace{.1cm} 1 \hspace{.1cm} + \hspace{.1cm} 4 \hspace{.1cm} + \hspace{.1cm} 5 \hspace{.1cm} \right) \hspace{.1cm};
161
              }else{
162
                 printf("\nRecieving File, %s, from Client\n", rpdu.data);
163
                 tpdu.type='R';
164
                    write(cli_sock, &tpdu,1);//1B for type, 4B for length, 5B overhead
165
166
                 read(cli_sock, &rpdu, sizeof(rpdu));
167
                 while (rpdu.type == 'F') {
168
                    if (rpdu.length < ARG_SIZE) {</pre>
169
170
                       fwrite(rpdu.data , 1 , rpdu.length , fp);
                      break;
                    }else{
                       fwrite(rpdu.data , 1 , rpdu.length , fp);
173
                      read(cli_sock , &rpdu , sizeof(rpdu));
174
                    }
                 if (rpdu.type != 'F'){
177
178
                    flag = 1;
179
180
                 fclose(fp);
181
            break;
182
183
         default:
184
            printf("Client closed connection!\n\n");
185
            exit(0);
186
187
            break;
188
         memset(&tpdu, 0, sizeof(tpdu));
189
190
191
192
193
    int main (int argc, char *argv[]) {
194
195
         int server_fd , sd , valread;
196
197
         struct sockaddr_in address;
         int opt = 1;
198
         int addrlen;
199
200
        int port;
```

```
201
        switch(argc){
202
     case 1:
203
        port = SERVER_TCP_PORT;
204
        break;
205
     case 2:
206
        port = atoi(argv[1]);
207
        break;
208
      default:
209
        fprintf(stderr, "Usage: %s [port] \ n", argv[0]);
210
        exit(1);
211
212
213
214
        // Creating socket file descriptor
215
           ((server_fd = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_STREAM, 0)) == 0)
216
217
             fprintf(stderr, "socket failed \n");
218
219
             exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
        }
220
221
        // Forcefully attaching socket to the port 8080
        if (setsockopt(server_fd, SOLSOCKET, SO_REUSEADDR | SO_REUSEPORT,
223
224
                                                            &opt, sizeof(opt)))
225
             fprintf(stderr, "setsockopt\n");
             exit (EXIT_FAILURE);
228
        address.sin_family = AF_INET;
229
        address.sin_addr.s_addr = INADDR_ANY;
230
        address.sin_port = htons( port );
231
        // Forcefully attaching socket to the port 8080
233
        if (bind(server_fd, (struct sockaddr *)&address,
234
                                         sizeof (address))<0)
235
236
             fprintf(stderr, "bind failed\n");
237
            exit (EXIT_FAILURE);
238
        if (listen(server_fd, 5) < 0)
240
241
             fprintf(stderr, "Listen failed\n");
242
             exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
243
244
        printf("Listening on %d\n", port);
245
        while (1) {
246
            if ((sd = accept(server_fd, (struct sockaddr *)&address,
247
248
                                  (\operatorname{socklen}_{t} *) \& \operatorname{addrlen}) < 0
            {
249
                 fprintf(stderr, "Accept Error");
                 exit (EXIT_FAILURE);
251
252
            switch(fork()) {
253
                 case 0:
254
255
                      close (server_fd);
                      printf("Received connection\n");
                      exit(init_client(sd));
257
          break;
258
                 default:
259
                      close (sd);
                      break;
261
                 case -1:
262
                      fprintf(stderr, "Fork Error\n");
263
                      break;
264
265
266
        return 0;
267
268 }
```