Object Oriented Methodology Lab

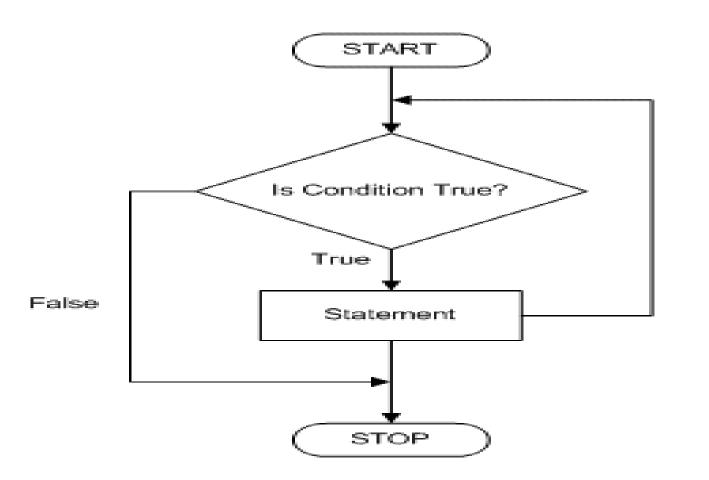
Md. Mujahid Islam

Software Developer & Guest Lecturer

Iteration Statements

- ▶ Java's iteration statements are **for**, **while**, and **do-while**. These statements create what we commonly call *loops*.
- As you probably know, a loop repeatedly executes the same set of instructions until a termination condition is met.

While Loop Flowchart

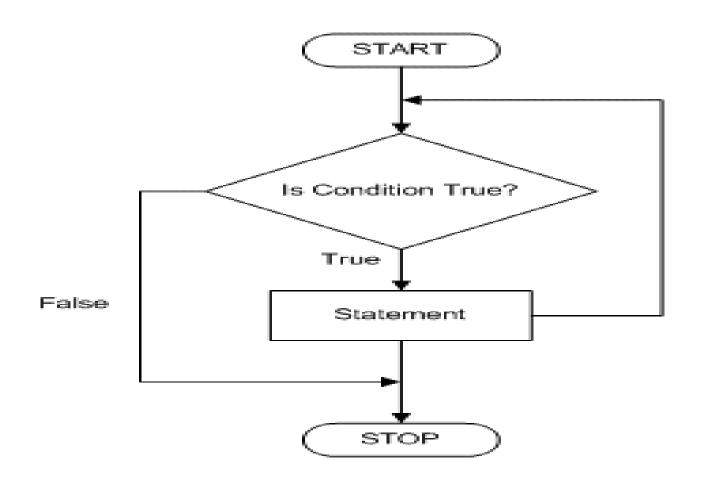


Check Again

While Loop

```
int a=1;  /* the initial value of the control variable*/
while(a<=limit)
/*the loop-continuation condition that
determines if looping should continue.*/
{
        System.out.println("The number is = "+a);
        a++;/*the increment (or decrement) by which
        the control variable is modified each
        time through the loop*/
}</pre>
```

For Loop Flowchart



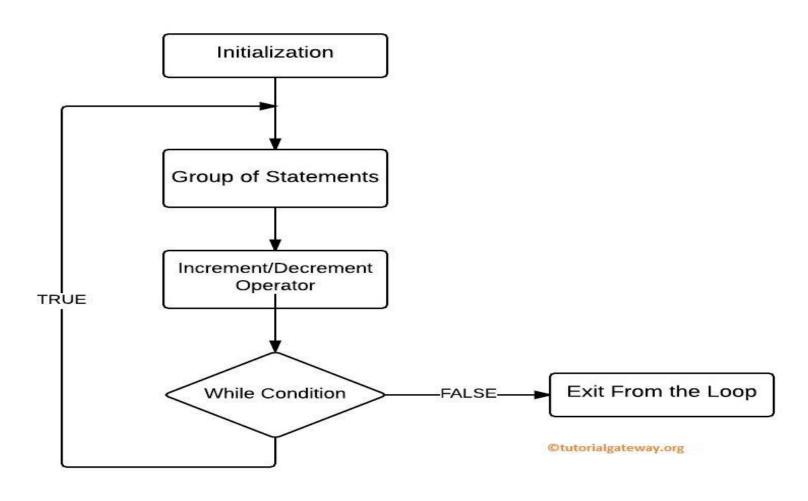
Check Again

For Loop

```
private static void forLoop()
{
         System.out.print("Enter Limit would you want to print : ");
         int limit=mScanner.nextInt();

         for(int a=1/*Initialization*/;a<=limit/*Condition*/;a++ /*Increment or decrement*/){
            System.out.println("The number is = "+a);
        }
}</pre>
```

Do-While loop



Do-While loop

```
System.out.print("Enter Limit would you want to print : ");
int limit=mScanner.nextInt();
int a=1;  /* the initial value*/

do{
    a++; /*increment*/
}while(a<=limit);/* Condition */</pre>
```

Nested Loop

```
for(i=0; i<10; i++) {
    for(j=i; j<10; j++)
        System.out.print(".");
    System.out.println();
}</pre>
```

Source Code

Variable Naming convention

Questions?