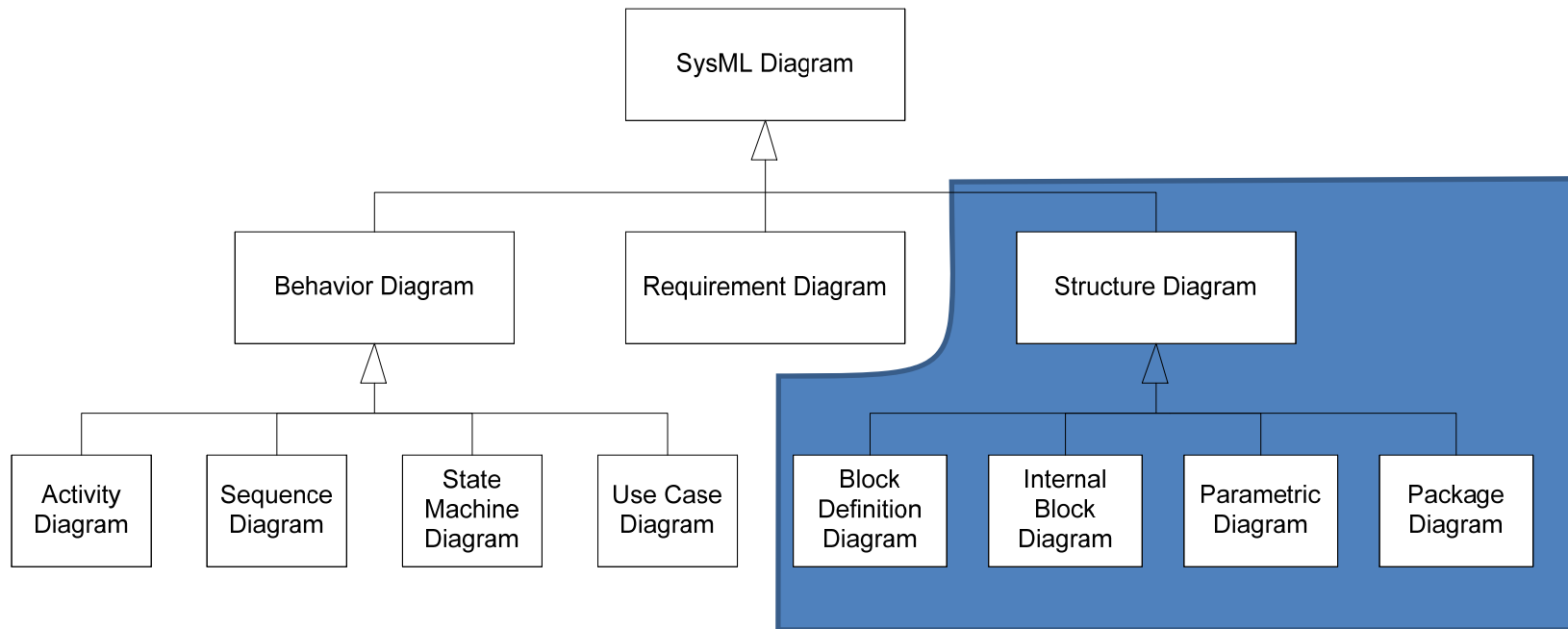


SysML Structural Diagrams 1

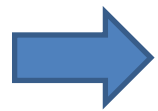
Introduction to Systems Engineering
I2ISE

SysML: Diagram types

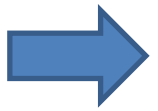


Introduction

- There are 4 different types of structural diagrams:



- Block Definition Diagram (bdd) – Structural system elements called *blocks* and their composition



- Internal Block Diagram (ibd) – Interconnection and interfaces between the *parts* of a block

- Parametric diagram (par) – Constraints on property values

- Package diagram (pkg) – The organization of a model into *packages* that contain model elements

Blocks

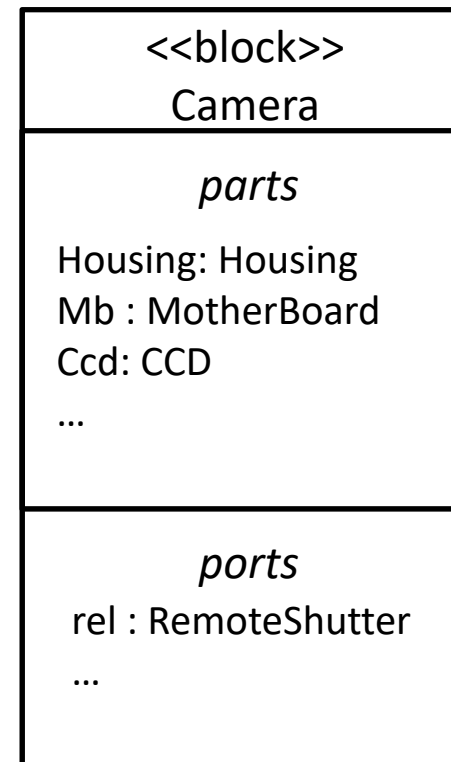


SysML structural diagrams – the *blocks*

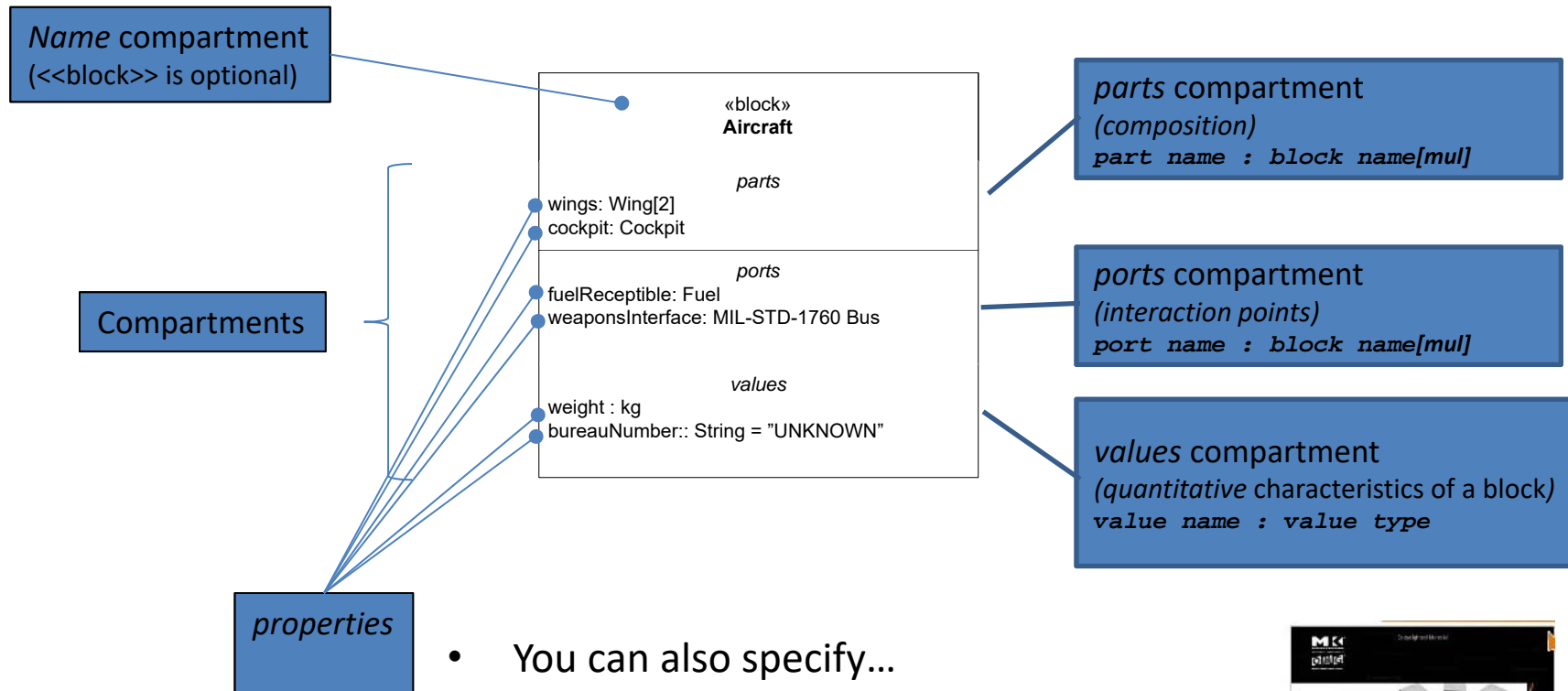
- The *block* is the fundamental model element for describing system structure
 - Hardware, software, person, facility, water, atmosphere, files,...
- The block is a *type*
 - A common description of similar *instances*, just like a C++ class

Blocks

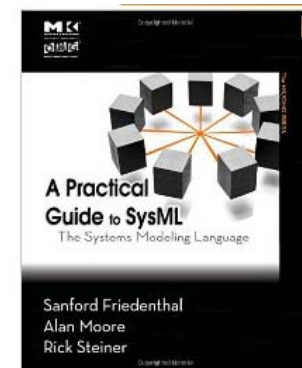
- The block is drawn as a *rectangle* on a diagram canvas
- The block may be divided into *compartments*
- The top compartment always contains the block's *name*
 - *Name* is mandatory
 - `<<block>>` is optional
- Other compartments may be used to represent other block features
 - Parts, operations, ports, ...
- Each compartment contains *properties*



Blocks – the works

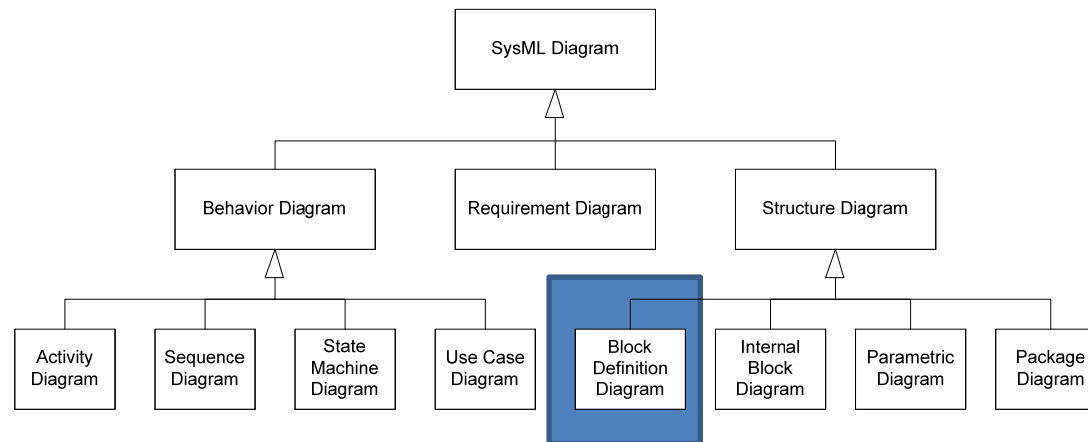


- You can also specify...
 - *references* (weaker connections)
 - *value types* and their *units* and *dimensions*
 - *read-only properties*
 - *initial* property values, their *distribution*
 - ...



SysML

Block Definition Diagrams



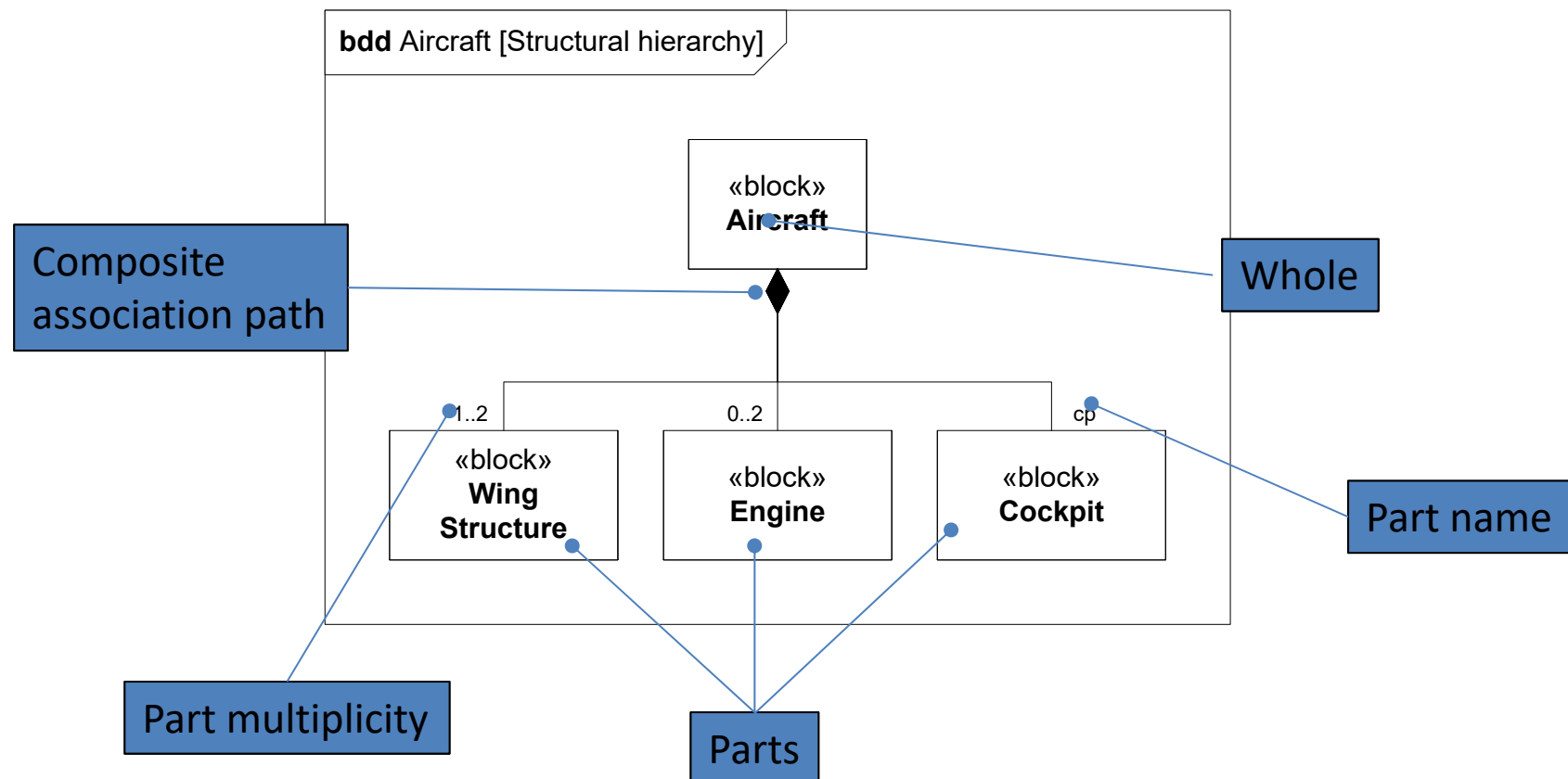
SysML: Block definition diagram

- A *Block Definition Diagram (BDD)* is used to define *blocks* and their relationship other blocks (their *composition*)
- A BDD may be used to define any kind of structure
 - Logical, physical, electrical, software, etc.
- BDDs are also used to define other relationships between blocks, e.g. allocation of functions to physical entities

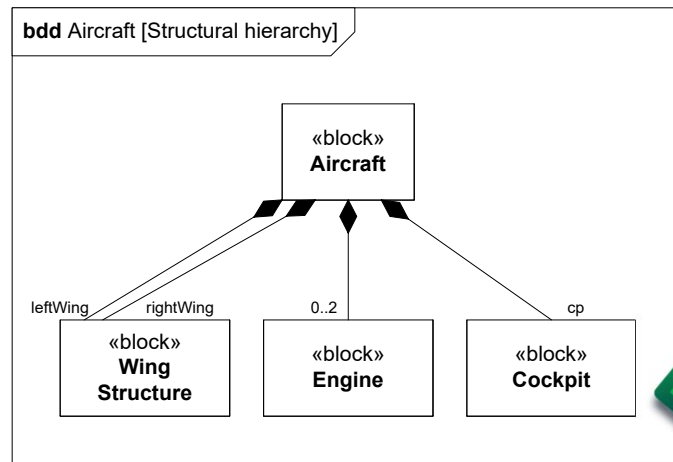
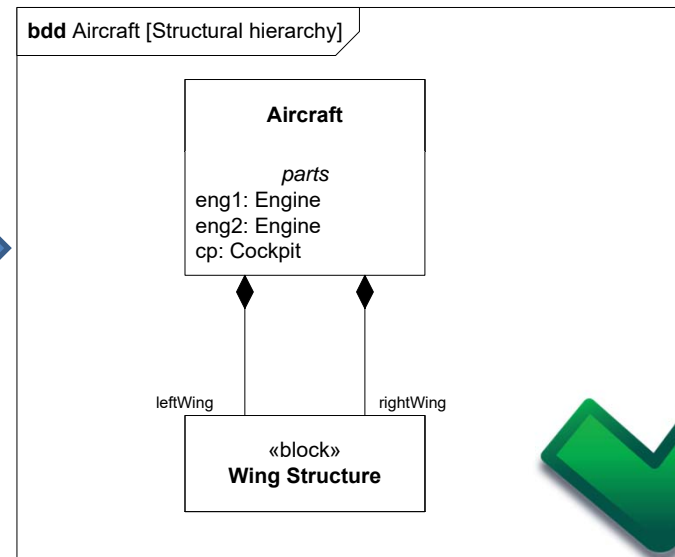
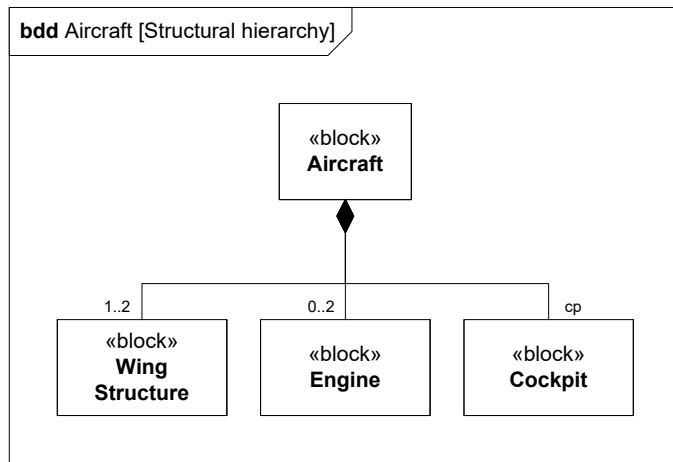
bdd: Composition relationships

The most common kind of relationship is *composition*:

- "Consists-of" or "whole-part" relationship, e.g. "an Aircraft consists-of 1-2 wings, 0-2 engines and 1 cockpit"

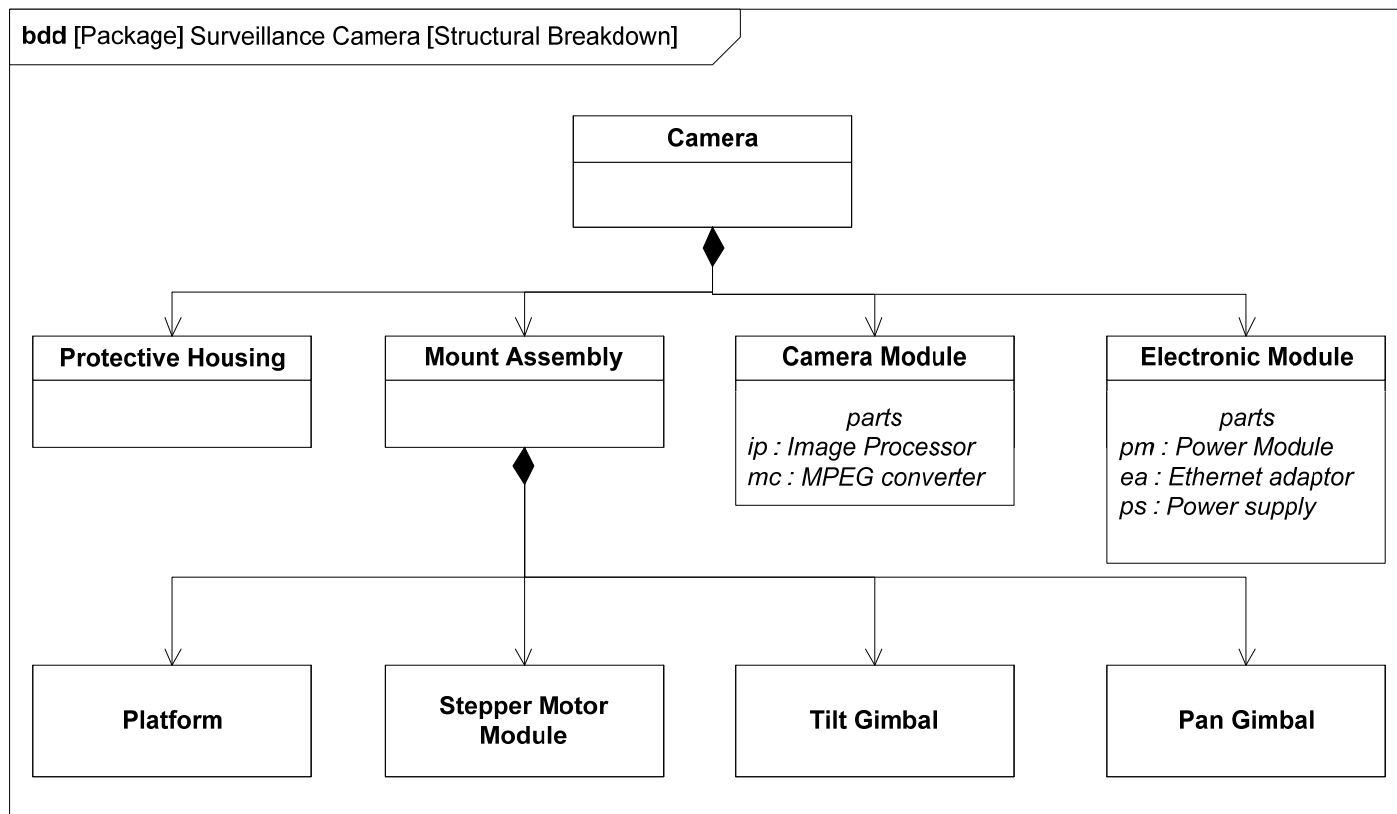


bdd: Variants



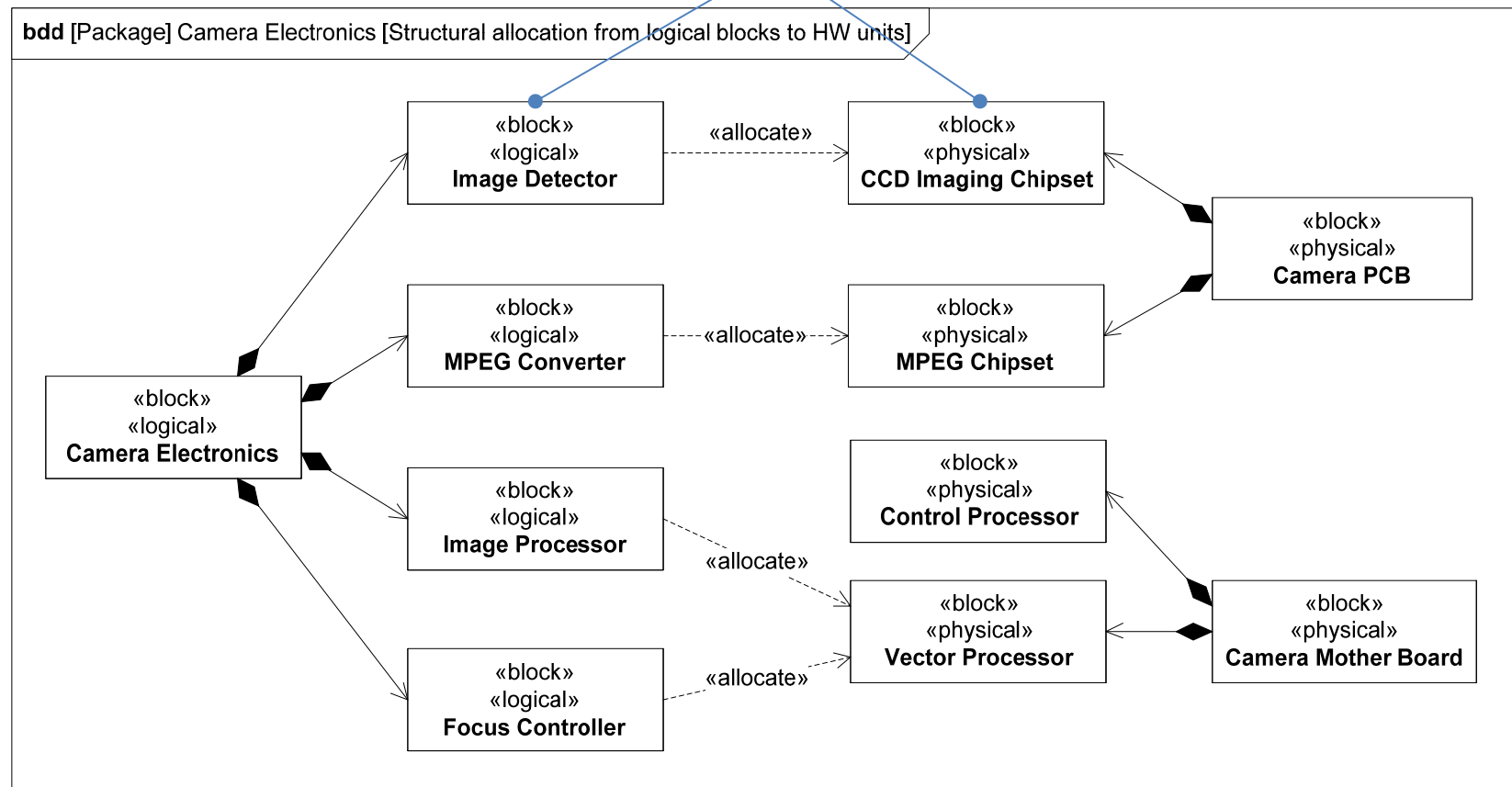
bdd: Deeper hierarchy

How would you read this diagram? *"A camera consists of..."*

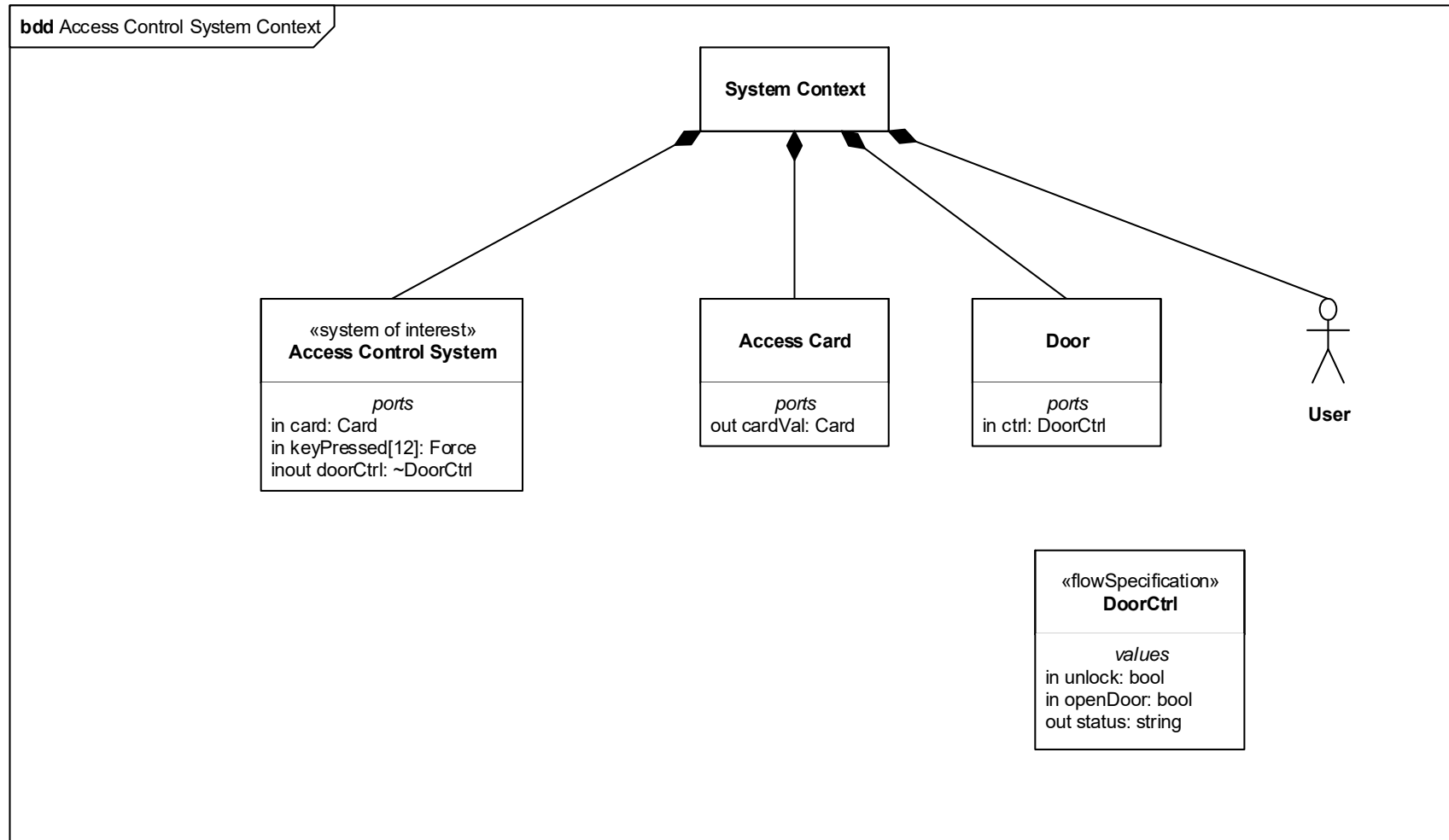


bdd: Another use

Logical functions *allocate* physical components

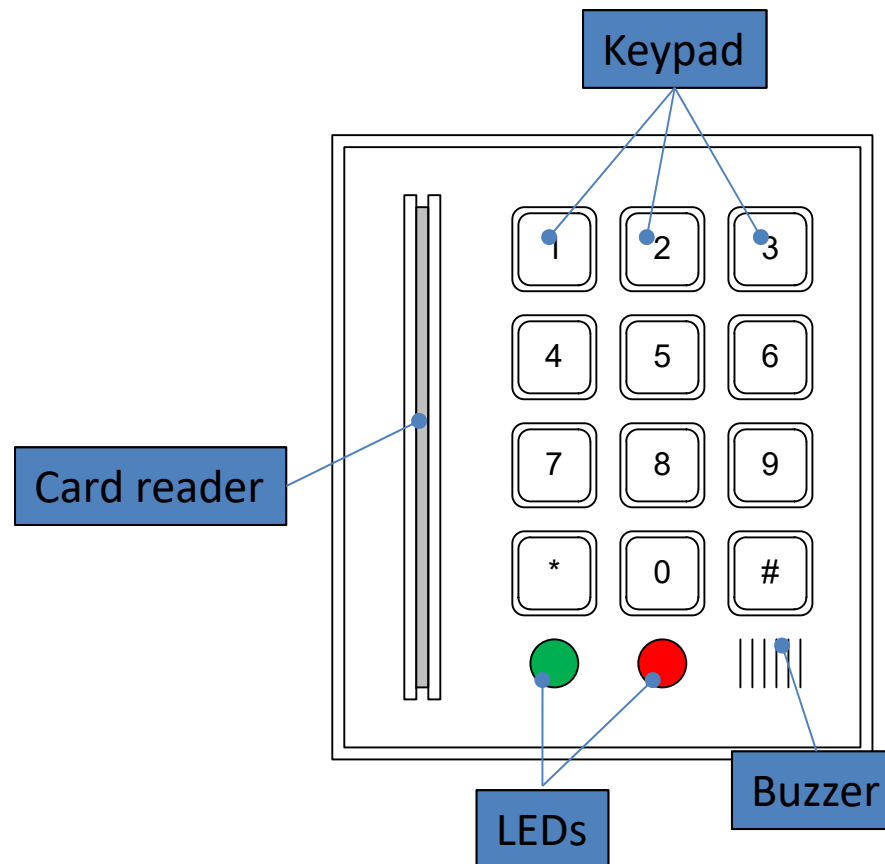


bdd: Defining the system's context



Your turn!

- Create a bdd for an access control system



BDD for BeoSoundF

Create a bdd for BeosoundF

Blocks:

- Speaker
3 speakers with names: T1, T2, W
- Amplifier
- CPU Board
- Bluetooth
- Power Supply
- Motor
- Inductive Mat
- User IF