Cząstka na obsegu. H = 1 = - 12 = - 12 A A we wopolozedrych hiegenowych st= 32+ + 1 3+ + 1 3+ + 1 300 . Dezywinie 4 = 4 (0) anodto 0 E 4 = - 12 324 30: 3 4 + 2mER 4 = 0 4 = Aeino + Beino . Ale [H, La] = 0 , wise moziny wykroc Ogólne rozw long roses. o dreslonger Spechil litade &=0. Donnel poeriodycaroisi & 8 (0+211) = V(0) A e i 2 (0 + 2 11) = A e i 20 = 1 K. 21T = 21T. 4 $L^2 = \frac{2mER^2}{t^2}$ $E_k = \frac{t^2L^2}{2mR^2} = \frac{2\pi T^2 t^2L^2}{mL^2}$ lweglydniegge normalizaje 4 (0) = 1 e En = 2 mile dhi = Eli

Zamiast jeho współnegdneg brać legt θ można brać $\sigma = \frac{E}{4\pi} \times \frac{E}{4\pi} \theta$.

Włedy można o tym myśleć jeho o meha swolodnej orgstki z molożonymi wombami brzegowymi. $V_{\mu}(\mathbf{X}) = \frac{L}{LE} e^{\frac{i}{\hbar}} \frac{2W^{2}k^{2}}{mL^{2}} k^{2}$

on the Table And the part

$$\langle j_{\alpha} j_{\alpha} | A \langle e | j_{\alpha} j_{\alpha} \rangle = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{0}^{L} \int_{0}^{L} dx dx' e^{-\frac{i}{2} \frac{2\pi}{2\pi} \left(\frac{i}{j_{\alpha} + j_{\alpha} + i} \right) x}} \left(38(x - x') \right) e^{-\frac{i}{2\pi} \frac{2\pi}{2\pi} \left(\frac{i}{j_{\alpha} + j_{\alpha} + i} \right) x}} = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{0}^{L} dx dx' e^{-\frac{i}{2\pi} \frac{2\pi}{2\pi} \left(\frac{i}{j_{\alpha} + j_{\alpha} + i} \right) x}} \left(38(x - x') \right) e^{-\frac{i}{2\pi} \frac{2\pi}{2\pi} \left(\frac{i}{j_{\alpha} + j_{\alpha} + i} \right) x}}$$

$$= \begin{cases} \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} &$$

Peter hamiltonion
$$H = \sum_{k} E k^2 a_k^{\dagger} a_k + \frac{9}{2L} \sum_{\substack{j \in j_1, j_2, j_4 \\ j \neq j_1 = j_2 = j_4}} a_{j_1}^{\dagger} a_{j_2}^{\dagger} a_{j_4}^{\dagger}$$

An e dine time was

Równonie Heisanberga

$$[\Psi(\bar{q}), H] = \sum_{k} [\Psi(\bar{q}), a_{k} a_{k}] + \sum_{j \neq j \neq j \neq j} [\Psi(\bar{q}), a_{j}^{\dagger}, a_{j}^{\dagger}, a_{j}^{\dagger}, a_{j}^{\dagger}] =$$

$$[\Psi(\bar{q}), H] = \sum_{k} [\Psi(\bar{q}), a_{k} a_{k}] + \sum_{j \neq j \neq j \neq j} [\Psi(\bar{q}), a_{j}^{\dagger}, a_{j}^{\dagger}, a_{j}^{\dagger}, a_{j}^{\dagger}, a_{j}^{\dagger}] =$$

$$[\Psi(\bar{q}), H] = \sum_{k} [\Psi(\bar{q}), a_{k} a_{k}] + \sum_{j \neq j \neq j \neq j} [\Psi(\bar{q}), a_{j}^{\dagger}, a_{j}^{\dagger}, a_{j}^{\dagger}, a_{j}^{\dagger}, a_{j}^{\dagger}] =$$

$$= \sum_{k} \sum_{k} \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} \sum_{j \in j} \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}$$

AND THE RESERVE

Teraz uwzględning, ie 2916> = 1 e that the liter powyżezo równowie równowane jest alladowi

Zastopując opseratory zespodowyni współczymilani otrymowy

it
$$\frac{3\alpha_n}{3\epsilon} = \epsilon k^{\epsilon} \alpha_n + \frac{9}{2} \sum_{j = j = j \neq k} \alpha_{j} \cdot \alpha_{j} \cdot \alpha_{j} \cdot \alpha_{j}$$

$$k = j \cdot (j \cdot j)$$

$$i \frac{\pm}{\epsilon} \frac{\partial \alpha_{k}}{\partial x} = k^{2} \times k + \frac{9}{\epsilon} \sum_{\substack{j = j = j, \\ k \ge j + j \ge j}} \alpha_{j} = \alpha_{j} = \alpha_{j}$$

Uprowadzany bezwyniarany was = = to i rownomia wzyskują formę

Debelsiotywania dollar 2003 egowe

$$\angle j_{\alpha}j_{\alpha}|V|j_{\beta}j_{\alpha}\rangle = \frac{1}{L^{2}} \int \int dx dx' e^{\frac{i2\pi j_{\alpha}x}{L}} - \frac{i2\pi j_{\alpha}x'}{L} V(|x-x'|)e^{\frac{i2\pi j_{\alpha}x'}{L}} = \frac{i2\pi j_{\alpha}x'}{L}$$

$$e^{i2\pi(j_{3}-j_{4})\times} = e^{i2\pi(j_{3}-j_{4})\times'} = \left(\cos\left(2\pi(j_{3}-j_{4})\times\right) + i\sin\left(2\pi(j_{3}-j_{4})\times\right)\right) \left(\cos\left(2\pi(j_{3}-j_{4})\times'\right) + i\sin\left(2\pi(j_{3}-j_{4})\times'\right)\right)$$

$$[\mathcal{V}(\bar{q}),H] = \sum_{u} \varepsilon_{u}^{i} [\mathcal{V}(\bar{q}),\alpha^{\dagger}\alpha_{u}] + \sum_{i \neq j \neq j} \widehat{C}_{j \neq j \neq j \neq j} [\mathcal{V}(\bar{q}),\alpha^{\dagger}_{j \neq i}\alpha_{j \neq i}\alpha_{j \neq i}\alpha_{j \neq i}] = 0$$

Wise mozerny reprise

Zastepując operatory sespalonymi wept i prawinsyje swienne i 30 = k' du + \$27 \ Cjinjijo dji aje ajs

Ibliczarie średniej i fluttucji na podstawie danych z cołoj ewduje Gradia po clasie 2+> = { } f(t) elt 2 evaluji moray obliczona średnie B Z No>1, < No>2... i flutureje LANDA, = A NOD2,... Indelsy 1,2,... spisuje ledyjne posediał y crask (nówny) strugosii) non letine jest podictora cerduja. Dla Weriangi Racholci szér (< 5No>)2 = < (N-<N>)2 > = < NE> - < N>2 desti prediction cyto us, to section 2 cety evologi: (No) = 1 Z < No); Trushing obliesejé voriongé alla calej ewalnyi (RANOS)2 = < No > - < No >2 LNos juiz ablicagling they oboliczyć < No2) zapisny dla dewolnego posedniale (20No);) + < No); = < No); $< N_0^2 > = \frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^{m} < N_0^2 >_i = \frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^{m} ((< 0 N_0 >_i)^2 + < N_0 >_i)$ 25 No> = \[\frac{1}{m} \frac{5}{2} \left(200) \frac{2}{i} + (No) \frac{2}{i} \right) - \frac{1}{m^2} \left(\frac{5}{2} \left(No) \frac{2}{i} \right)^2 \right)

(いつつからな+ 13つか)子+ -20でかること