DS 2021 Jelly Analyses

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15/12/2021

Loading In Packages and Data

```
library(patchwork)
library(car)
library(performance)
library(DHARMa)
library(fitdistrplus)
library(gamlss)
library(tidyverse)

polyp_data <- read_csv("/Users/marabohm/Github/Jelly-Data/data/ds2021_polyp_data.csv")</pre>
```

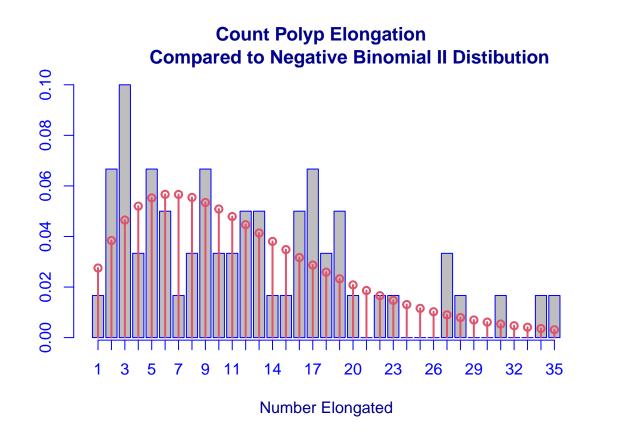
Cleaning the Data

Polyp Elongation

Step 1: Fitting Distributions for Elongation Data

```
fitDist(num_elongated, data = polyp_clean, type = "counts", try.gamlss = T)
## |
```

```
##
## Family: c("NBII", "Negative Binomial type II")
## Fitting method: "nlminb"
##
## Call: gamlssML(formula = y, family = DIST[i])
##
## Mu Coefficients:
## [1] 2.504
## Sigma Coefficients:
## [1] 1.662
##
    Degrees of Freedom for the fit: 2 Residual Deg. of Freedom
##
                                                                  58
                        410.587
  Global Deviance:
##
                        414.587
               AIC:
##
               SBC:
                        418.776
# best fit: Negative Binomial type II (AIC = 414.587)
# visualizing this fit
histDist(polyp_clean$num_elongated, "NBII", density = T, main = "Count Polyp Elongation
         Compared to Negative Binomial II Distibution",
    xlab = "Number Elongated")
```



Step 2: Building the Model WITH Total As A Random Effect

```
mod_WITHtotal_elongation <- gamlss(num_elongated ~ treatment * collection_day +
    re(random = ~1 | jar_code) + re(random = ~1 | total_num), family = NBII(),
    method = RS(), data = polyp_clean, control = gamlss.control(n.cyc = 200))</pre>
```

Step 3: Building the Model WITHOUT Total As A Random Effect

```
mod_NOtotal_elongation <- gamlss(num_elongated ~ treatment * collection_day +
    re(random = ~1 | jar_code), family = NBII(), method = RS(), data = polyp_clean,
    control = gamlss.control(n.cyc = 200))</pre>
```

Step 4: Comparing The With and Without Total Models Using GAIC

Step 5: Models Are Effectively The Same - Summarizing With Total Model

```
summary(mod_WITHtotal_elongation)
```

```
## Family: c("NBII", "Negative Binomial type II")
##
## Call: gamlss(formula = num_elongated ~ treatment * collection_day +
      re(random = ~1 | jar_code) + re(random = ~1 | total_num),
##
      family = NBII(), data = polyp_clean, method = RS(),
##
      control = gamlss.control(n.cyc = 200))
##
##
## Fitting method: RS()
##
## Mu link function: log
## Mu Coefficients:
##
                                     Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                                      1.09720 0.28047
                                                          3.912 0.000269 ***
## treatmentCaffeine
                                     -0.17935
                                                0.38941 -0.461 0.647033
## treatmentEstradiol
                                      0.03055 0.37398 0.082 0.935219
## treatmentCombination
                                      0.11280 0.36307
                                                          0.311 0.757292
## collection day
                                      0.31578
                                                0.07282
                                                          4.336 6.74e-05 ***
## treatmentCaffeine:collection_day
                                      0.11929 0.09911
                                                          1.204 0.234253
## treatmentEstradiol:collection day
                                      0.10750 0.09556
                                                          1.125 0.265833
## treatmentCombination:collection_day 0.14295
                                                0.09252
                                                          1.545 0.128455
```

```
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## -----
## Sigma link function: log
## Sigma Coefficients:
          Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) -1.4610 0.9872 -1.48
##
## ----
## NOTE: Additive smoothing terms exist in the formulas:
## i) Std. Error for smoothers are for the linear effect only.
## ii) Std. Error for the linear terms maybe are not accurate.
## -----
## No. of observations in the fit: 60
## Degrees of Freedom for the fit: 8.35727
##
      Residual Deg. of Freedom: 51.64273
##
                  at cycle: 43
##
## Global Deviance:
                 316.6155
##
          AIC:
                 333.33
           SBC:
                 350.833
```

Polyp Ruffling

Step 1: Fitting Distributions for Ruffling Data

```
fitDist(num_ruffled, data = polyp_clean, type = "counts", try.gamlss = T)
# best fit: Negative Binomial type II (AIC = 444.109)

# model was having difficulty converging with NBII, so tried some
# other fits:

descdist(polyp_clean$num_ruffled)

# Cullen and Frey plot indicates Lognormal, Gamma and Weibull
# distributions may be a good fit, so we compare to each other using
# Generalized AIC:

b_NB2 <- histDist(polyp_clean$num_ruffled, "NBII", density = T)

b_1N0 <- histDist(polyp_clean$num_ruffled, "LOGNO", density = T)

b_GA <- histDist(polyp_clean$num_ruffled, "GA", density = T)

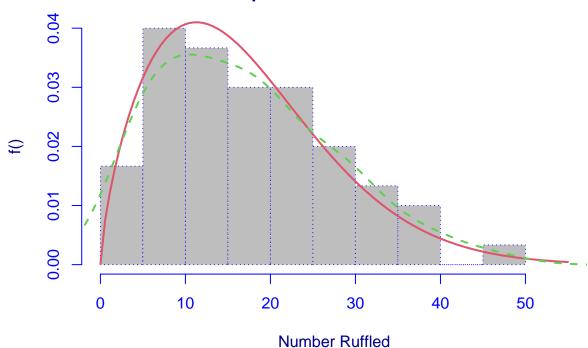
b_WEI <- histDist(polyp_clean$num_ruffled, "WEI", density = T)</pre>
```

GAIC(b_1NO, b_GA, b_WEI, b_NB2)

```
## df AIC
## b_WEI 2 442.8371
## b_NB2 2 444.1095
## b_GA 2 444.1204
## b_1N0 2 451.8062
```

best fit: Weibull Distribution (AIC = 442.837)

Count Polyp Ruffling Compared to Weibull Distribution



```
##
## Family: c("WEI", "Weibull")
## Fitting method: "nlminb"
##
## Call: gamlssML(formula = polyp_clean$num_ruffled, family = "WEI")
##
## Mu Coefficients:
## [1] 2.947
## Sigma Coefficients:
```

```
## [1] 0.529
##
## Degrees of Freedom for the fit: 2 Residual Deg. of Freedom 58
## Global Deviance: 438.837
## AIC: 442.837
## SBC: 447.026
```

Step 2: Building the Model WITH Total As A Random Effect

```
mod_WITHtotal_ruffled <- gamlss(num_ruffled ~ treatment * collection_day +
    re(random = ~1 | jar_code) + re(random = ~1 | total_num), family = WEI(),
    data = polyp_clean, control = gamlss.control(n.cyc = 60))</pre>
```

Step 3: Building the Model WITHOUT Total As A Random Effect

```
mod_NOtotal_ruffled <- gamlss(num_elongated ~ treatment * collection_day +
    re(random = ~1 | jar_code), family = WEI(), data = polyp_clean, control = gamlss.control(n.cyc = 20)</pre>
```

Step 4: Comparing The With and Without Total Models Using GAIC

Step 5: Models Are Effectively The Same - Summarizing With Total Model

```
summary(mod_WITHtotal_ruffled)
## Family: c("WEI", "Weibull")
##
## Call: gamlss(formula = num_ruffled ~ treatment * collection_day +
      re(random = ~1 | jar_code) + re(random = ~1 | total_num),
##
##
      family = WEI(), data = polyp_clean, control = gamlss.control(n.cyc = 60))
##
## Fitting method: RS()
##
## Mu link function: log
## Mu Coefficients:
                                   Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
##
## (Intercept)
                                   1.231058   0.161918   7.603   1.25e-09 ***
                                   0.471997 0.207627 2.273 0.0278 *
## treatmentCaffeine
```

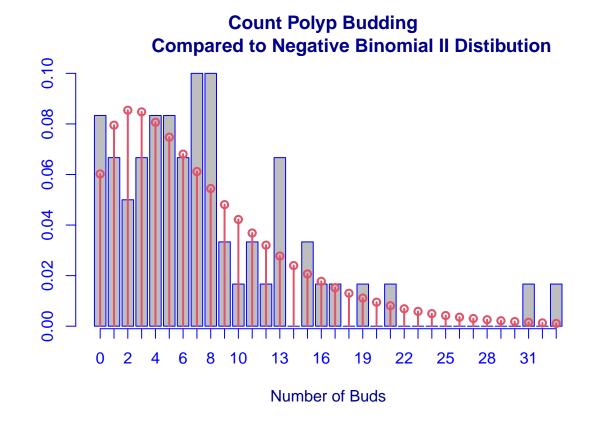
```
## treatmentEstradiol
                          0.103466 0.224071 0.462
                                              0.6465
## treatmentCombination
                          ## collection day
                          ## treatmentCaffeine:collection_day -0.063279 0.064249 -0.985
                                              0.3299
## treatmentEstradiol:collection_day -0.008946
                                 0.070142 -0.128
                                              0.8991
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1
## -----
## Sigma link function: log
## Sigma Coefficients:
         Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 1.5480 0.1053 14.7 <2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1
## -----
## NOTE: Additive smoothing terms exist in the formulas:
## i) Std. Error for smoothers are for the linear effect only.
## ii) Std. Error for the linear terms maybe are not accurate.
## -----
## No. of observations in the fit: 60
## Degrees of Freedom for the fit: 14.64746
##
     Residual Deg. of Freedom: 45.35254
                at cycle: 3
##
## Global Deviance:
               319.673
                348.9679
         AIC:
         SBC:
               379.6448
```

Polyp Asexual Budding

Mu Coefficients:

Step 1: Fitting Distributions for Buds Data

```
## [1] 2.041
## Sigma Coefficients:
       1.575
##
##
   Degrees of Freedom for the fit: 2 Residual Deg. of Freedom
## Global Deviance:
                        368.321
##
               AIC:
                        372.321
                        376.509
               SBC:
##
# best fit: Negative Binomial type II (AIC = 372.321)
# visualizing this fit
histDist(polyp_clean$num_asexual_buds, "NBII", density = T, main = "Count Polyp Budding
         Compared to Negative Binomial II Distibution",
   xlab = "Number of Buds")
```



Step 2: Building the Model WITH Total As A Random Effect

```
mod_WITHtotal_buds <- gamlss(num_asexual_buds ~ treatment * collection_day +
    re(random = ~1 | jar_code) + re(random = ~1 | total_num), family = NBII(),
    data = polyp_clean, control = gamlss.control(n.cyc = 250))</pre>
```

Step 3: Building the Model WITHOUT Total As A Random Effect

```
mod_NOtotal_buds <- gamlss(num_elongated ~ treatment * collection_day +
    re(random = ~1 | jar_code), family = NBII(), data = polyp_clean, control = gamlss.control(n.cyc = 2</pre>
```

Step 4: Comparing The With and Without Total Models Using GAIC

Step 5: Summarizing the Better WITH Total Model

```
summary(mod_WITHtotal_buds)
## Family: c("NBII", "Negative Binomial type II")
##
## Call: gamlss(formula = num_asexual_buds ~ treatment * collection_day +
     re(random = ~1 | jar_code) + re(random = ~1 | total_num),
##
##
     family = NBII(), data = polyp_clean, control = gamlss.control(n.cyc = 250))
##
##
## Fitting method: RS()
##
## -----
## Mu link function: log
## Mu Coefficients:
##
                                Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                                -0.54561 0.44010 -1.240 0.22097
## treatmentCaffeine
                                 0.79621
                                          0.54887
                                                  1.451 0.15326
## treatmentEstradiol
                                          0.57850
                                                  0.307 0.76017
                                 0.17758
## treatmentCombination
                                 1.66274
                                          0.50878
                                                  3.268 0.00198 **
## collection_day
                                 0.60862
                                          0.10430
                                                  5.835 4.2e-07 ***
## treatmentCaffeine:collection_day
                                -0.08091
                                          0.13120 -0.617
                                                        0.54027
                                          0.13640
## treatmentEstradiol:collection_day
                                 0.06207
                                                  0.455 0.65108
## treatmentCombination:collection_day -0.26110
                                          0.12315 -2.120 0.03908 *
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1
## -----
## Sigma link function: log
## Sigma Coefficients:
##
            Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
             -2.526
                        2.645 -0.955
## (Intercept)
##
```

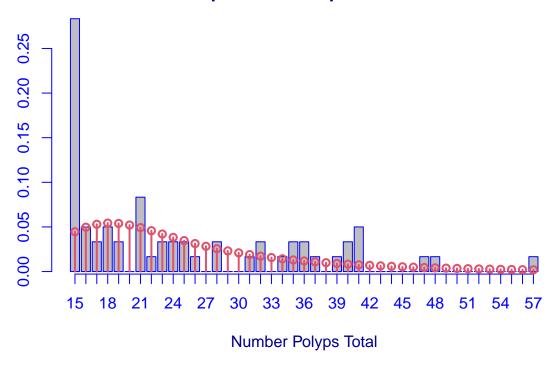
```
## NOTE: Additive smoothing terms exist in the formulas:
## i) Std. Error for smoothers are for the linear effect only.
## ii) Std. Error for the linear terms maybe are not accurate.
## ------
## No. of observations in the fit: 60
## Degrees of Freedom for the fit: 11.04057
      Residual Deg. of Freedom: 48.95943
##
                  at cycle: 8
##
## Global Deviance:
                  271.739
##
                 293.8201
           AIC:
           SBC:
                  316.9429
```

Polyp Total Number

Step 1: Fitting Distributions for Total Data

```
fitDist(total_num, data = polyp_clean, type = "counts", try.gamlss = T)
##
     Τ
     system is computationally singular: reciprocal condition number = 9.17006e-23
##
##
                                                                                    |-----
## Family: c("DEL", "Delaporte")
## Fitting method: "nlminb"
## Call: gamlssML(formula = y, family = DIST[i])
## Mu Coefficients:
## [1] 3.208
## Sigma Coefficients:
## [1] 0.2898
## Nu Coefficients:
## [1] 0.5139
## Degrees of Freedom for the fit: 3 Residual Deg. of Freedom
## Global Deviance:
                       430.754
                       436.754
##
              AIC:
##
              SBC:
                       443.038
# best fit: delaporte (AIC = 436.754)
# visualizing this fit
histDist(polyp_clean$total_num, "DEL", density = T, main = "Count Polyp Total
        Compared to Delaporte Distribution",
   xlab = "Number Polyps Total")
```

Count Polyp Total Compared to Delaporte Distribution



Step 2: Building the Model

```
mod_total <- gamlss(total_num ~ treatment * collection_day + re(random = ~1 |
    jar_code), family = DEL(), data = polyp_clean, control = gamlss.control(n.cyc = 60))</pre>
```

Step 3: Summarizing the Model

```
## Mu Coefficients:
##
                              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                              -0.011063 0.522953 -0.021
## treatmentCaffeine
                                                     0.9832
## treatmentEstradiol
                              0.005354 0.469892
                                              0.011
                                                     0.9910
                              0.048451 0.429514
## treatmentCombination
                                              0.113 0.9106
## collection day
                              0.223758 0.084778
                                              2.639 0.0111 *
                            0.050239
                                      0.128599 0.391
## treatmentCaffeine:collection day
                                                     0.6977
## treatmentEstradiol:collection_day -0.005437
                                      0.111598 -0.049
                                                     0.9613
## treatmentCombination:collection_day 0.069381 0.105428 0.658 0.5135
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1
## -----
## Sigma link function: log
## Sigma Coefficients:
           Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) -36.04 12909.94 -0.003 0.998
##
## -----
## Nu link function: logit
## Nu Coefficients:
           Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 0 12910
##
## -----
## NOTE: Additive smoothing terms exist in the formulas:
## i) Std. Error for smoothers are for the linear effect only.
## ii) Std. Error for the linear terms may not be reliable.
## -----
## No. of observations in the fit: 60
## Degrees of Freedom for the fit: 12.73762
##
      Residual Deg. of Freedom: 47.26238
##
                   at cycle: 5
## Global Deviance:
                  318.8629
##
          AIC:
                  344.3381
           SBC:
                  371.0151
## ***********************
```

Is There A Difference Between Caffeine and Combo in Ruffling?

Step 1: Reordering Ruffling Data To Compare to Caffeine

Step 2: Building the Reordered Ruffled Model

```
mod_WITHtotal_ruffled_reordered <- gamlss(num_ruffled ~ treatment * collection_day +
    re(random = ~1 | jar_code) + re(random = ~1 | total_num), family = WEI(),
    data = comparisons_data, control = gamlss.control(n.cyc = 250))</pre>
```

Step 3: Summarizing the Model

```
summary(mod_WITHtotal_ruffled_reordered)
```

```
## Family: c("WEI", "Weibull")
## Call: gamlss(formula = num_ruffled ~ treatment * collection_day +
     re(random = ~1 | jar code) + re(random = ~1 | total num),
     family = WEI(), data = comparisons_data, control = gamlss.control(n.cyc = 250))
##
##
##
## Fitting method: RS()
## -----
## Mu link function: log
## Mu Coefficients:
                              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
                              ## (Intercept)
## treatmentCombination
                              0.031960 0.204865 0.156 0.8767
                             -0.471997 0.207627 -2.273 0.0278 *
## treatmentControl
                             -0.368531 0.204012 -1.806 0.0775 .
## treatmentEstradiol
## collection_day
                              0.378951 0.039966 9.482 2.48e-12 ***
## treatmentCombination:collection_day 0.007854 0.063151
                                              0.124
                                                     0.9016
                                              0.985
## treatmentControl:collection_day
                              0.063279
                                      0.064249
                                                     0.3299
## treatmentEstradiol:collection day
                              0.054333
                                      0.062840
                                              0.865
                                                    0.3918
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## ------
## Sigma link function: log
## Sigma Coefficients:
           Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 1.5480 0.1053 14.7 <2e-16 ***
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## -----
## NOTE: Additive smoothing terms exist in the formulas:
## i) Std. Error for smoothers are for the linear effect only.
## ii) Std. Error for the linear terms maybe are not accurate.
## -----
## No. of observations in the fit: 60
## Degrees of Freedom for the fit: 14.64746
```

What About A Difference Between Caffeine and Combo in Budding?

Step 1: Building the Reordered Budding Model

```
mod_WITHtotal_budding_reordered <- gamlss(num_asexual_buds ~ treatment *
    collection_day + re(random = ~1 | jar_code) + re(random = ~1 | total_num),
    family = NBII(), data = comparisons_data, control = gamlss.control(n.cyc = 250))</pre>
```

Step 3: Summarizing the Model

```
summary(mod_WITHtotal_budding_reordered)
```

```
## Family: c("NBII", "Negative Binomial type II")
##
## Call: gamlss(formula = num_asexual_buds ~ treatment * collection_day +
##
      re(random = ~1 | jar_code) + re(random = ~1 | total_num),
##
      family = NBII(), data = comparisons_data, control = gamlss.control(n.cyc = 250))
##
## Fitting method: RS()
## Mu link function: log
## Mu Coefficients:
                                 Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
                                  0.25060 0.32458 0.772 0.4438
## (Intercept)
                                  0.86654
## treatmentCombination
                                            0.41179
                                                    2.104
                                                           0.0405 *
                                 -0.79621 0.54887 -1.451 0.1533
## treatmentControl
                                                           0.2176
## treatmentEstradiol
                                 -0.61863 0.49533 -1.249
## collection day
                                  0.52771
                                            0.07878
                                                     6.698 1.95e-08 ***
## treatmentCombination:collection_day -0.18018
                                            0.10232 -1.761 0.0845 .
## treatmentControl:collection day 0.08091
                                            0.13120 0.617 0.5403
## treatmentEstradiol:collection_day 0.14298 0.11771 1.215 0.2303
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Sigma link function: log
```

```
## Sigma Coefficients:
          Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) -2.526 2.645 -0.955 0.344
##
## -----
## NOTE: Additive smoothing terms exist in the formulas:
## i) Std. Error for smoothers are for the linear effect only.
## ii) Std. Error for the linear terms maybe are not accurate.
## -----
## No. of observations in the fit: 60
## Degrees of Freedom for the fit: 11.04057
##
      Residual Deg. of Freedom: 48.95943
##
                 at cycle: 8
##
## Global Deviance:
                271.739
##
          AIC:
                293.8201
##
          SBC:
                 316.9429
```